Technical Publications

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#### RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer or service agency.

## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

SW	036 ( з том)
SW	<b>060</b> (5 TON)
SW	120 (10 TON)
SW	240 (20 TON)

WATER SOURCE HEAT PUMP UNITS 506671-01 12/2011 Supersedes 1/2011

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SW 036 & 060 Parts Arrangement											









#### SW 036 & 060 Dimensions



Llnit		Corner Wei	ght - Ibs. (kg)	Center of Gravity - in. (mm)			
Unit	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF	
036	239 (108)	249 (113)	265 (120)	253 (115)	39-3/4 (1010)	28-3/4 (730)	
060	244 (110)	255 (115)	272 (123)	259 (117)	39-3/4 (1010)	28-3/4 (730)	

Weight with all options installed.

#### SW 120 Dimensions OUTDOOR AIR HOOD (Factory Installed Option) 8-11/16 | (221) | 1 4-1/4 (108) ECONOMIZER DAMPERS вв 🕇 AA (Factory Installed Option) 40 (1016) --3/8 4 ₹ ≣ Ξ (314) 15 (381) 5-5/8 FILTERS BOTTOM (143) RETURN AIR OPENING -1-3 X 12 (76 X 305) BOTTOM WATER ENTRY 18 (457) INDOOR COIL 12-3/8 (314) 28 (711) 20 (508) SUPPLY AIR OPENINGS IIL WATER TO REFRIGERANT BLOWER CENTER OF GRAVITY ШL ፲ ÛÜ (102) BOTTOM POWER ENTRY BOTTOM POWER ENTRY 5 x 8 inches (127 x 203 mm) E 10 Ο -Ο DD cc CHARGE (102) COMPENSATORS COMPRESSORS (2) (2) FF **TOP VIEW BASE SECTION TOP VIEW** OUTDOOR AIR HOOD (With Economizer) OUTDOOR AIR HOOD or Outdoor Air Dampers) 115V OUTLET (FACTORY-INSTALLED INSIDE UNIT; FIELD WIRING REQUIRED) ECONOMIZER DAMPERS (Factory Installed Option) 15-3/4 (400) 90-1/4 (2292) 13-3/8 CIRCUIT BREAKER COVER (340) FILTERS INDOOR COIL BLOWERS 51-3/8 (1305) 47-7/8 (1216) UU 5-3/8 (137) = 5-1/4 3-1/2 (89) 31-3/16 (792) (133) FORKLIFT SLOTS CONDENSATE 77-5/16 (1964) DRAIN 1-1/2 92-1/8 (2340) (38) LIFTING HOLES (For Rigging Front and Back) FORKLIFT FORKLIFT SLOTS SIDE VIEW **FRONT VIEW** Corner Weight - Ibs. (kg) Center of Gravity - in. (mm) AA BΒ CC DD EE FF 474 (215) 473 (215) 41 (1041 38-3/4 (984) 416 (189) 417 (189)

Weight with all options installed.



Weight	with a	all oi	otions	installed
vvoigni	VVILII C		5110113	motaneu.

#### **Shipping and Packing List**

#### Package 1 of 1 contains:

#### 1- Assembled unit

Check unit for shipping damage. Receiving party should contact last carrier immediately if shipping damage is found.

#### General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

#### Requirements

The unit is ETL certified for outdoor installations only at the clearances to combustible materials listed on unit nameplate and in figures 1 and 2.







## 

Danger of sharp metallic edges. Can cause injury. Take care when servicing unit to avoid accidental contact with sharp edges.

Installation of heat pumps must conform with standards in National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) "Standard for Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems NFPA No. 90A," "Standard for Installation of Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air conditioning Systems NFPA No. 90B," local municipal building codes and manufacturer's installation instructions.

The National Electric Code (ANSI/NFPA No. 70-1984) is available from:

National Fire Protection Association 1 Batterymarch Park PO Box 9101 Quincy, MA 02269-9101

The unit is ETL certified as a heat pump with cooling and with or without auxiliary electric heat for non-residential use only at the clearances to combustible materials as listed on the unit nameplate and in figures 1 and 2.

Installation of ETL certified units must conform with current standard C273.5 "Installation Requirements for Heat Pumps" and applicable local codes. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

Use of this unit as a construction heater or air conditioner is not recommended during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

If this unit has been used for heating or cooling of buildings or structures under construction, the following conditions must be met or the warranty will be void:

- A room thermostat must control the unit. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating or cooling is not allowed.
- A pre-filter must be installed at the entry to the return air duct.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the unit.
- Return air temperature range between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be replaced and pre-filter must be removed upon construction completion.
- The unit components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coil must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- The unit operating conditions (including airflow, cooling operation, and heating operation) must be verified according to these installation instructions.

## **A**WARNING



Electric shock hazard and danger of explosion. Can cause injury, death or product or property damage. Turn off electrical power to unit before performing any maintenance or servicing operations on the unit.

## 

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

#### **Unit Support**

In downflow discharge installations, install the unit on a non-combustible surface only.

NOTE - Securely fasten roof frame to roof per local codes.

#### **Downflow Discharge Application**

#### Roof Mounting with S1 / S6 / S7CURB

- 1- The S1 / S6 / S7CURB roof mounting frame must be installed, flashed and sealed in accordance with the instructions provided with the frame.
- 2- The S1 / S6 / S7CURB roof mounting frame should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3- Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit; supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.

#### Installer's Roof Mounting Frame

Many types of roof frames can be used to install the unit depending upon different roof structures. Items to keep in mind when using the building frame or supports are:

- 1- The base is fully enclosed and insulated, so an enclosed frame is not required.
- 2- The frames or supports must be constructed with non-combustible materials and should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3- Frame or supports must be high enough to prevent any form of moisture from entering unit. Recommended minimum frame height is 14" (356mm).
- 4- Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit. Supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.

5- Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

NOTE-When installing a unit on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, an S1 / S6 / S7CURB roof mounting frame is required.

#### **Duct Connection**

All exterior ducts, joints and openings in roof or building walls must be insulated and weather-proofed with flashing and sealing compounds in accordance with applicable codes. Any duct passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated.

## 

In downflow applications, do not drill or punch holes in base of unit. Leaking in roof may occur if unit base is punctured.

#### **Rigging Unit For Lifting**

Rig unit for lifting by attaching four cables to holes in unit base rail. See figure 3.

- 1- Detach wooden base protection before rigging.
- 2- Connect rigging to the unit base using both holes in each corner.
- 3- All panels must be in place for rigging.
- 4- Place field-provided H-style pick in place just above top edge of unit. Frame must be of adequate strength and length. (H-style pick prevents damage to unit.)



FIGURE 3

#### **Condensate Drains**

Remove cap and make drain connection to the 1" N.P.T. drain coupling provided on unit. A trap must be installed between drain connection and an open vent for proper condensate removal. See figure 4. Always route condensate line to a drain; condensate can damage roofing material. The condensate line must be vented. Check local codes concerning condensate disposal. Refer to dimensions in the front of this manual for condensate drain location.



FIGURE 4

#### Water Supply Connections

Supply and return water connections are to be made with black iron pipe suitable for use in water systems. Lines must enter the unit through the opening in the base. Field-provided dielectric unions and flexible steel braided hose should be installed between the black iron pipe and the supply and return water connections. See dimensions in the front of this manual.

- Remove two-piece cover and install black iron pipes through openings in base. Extend pipes 3-6in. (76-152mm) above the opening. Use the following diameter black iron pipe with NPT male threads:
  - 036 1" diameter 060 - 1-1/4" diameter

  - 120 1-1/2" diameter
  - 240 2" diameter
- 2- Install the field-provided dielectric unions and flexible steel braided hoses between the black iron pipe and unit water in/out connections.
- 3- Apply a thread sealing compound to threaded connections. Use only thread sealing compounds compatible with water systems. Make sure hoses are not kinked; this may indicate incorrect black iron pipe height.
- 4- Cut half-round openings in the cover to fit around the black iron pipe. See figure 5. Secure two-piece cover to flanges and apply mastic sealant around openings.

IMPORTANT - Make sure flexible steel hoses are not kinked. Kinked hoses may increase pressure drop and reduce system performance.

Verify air vents are closed and that three-way water inlet/outlet valves are in bypass position before pressure testing the building system with air to avoid a false-positive leak check. See figure 6, 7, or 8. Do not pressurize the hose kits with more than 300 psi.



FIGURE 5







#### FIGURE 8

#### Water Bypass Loop

The water bypass loop is used to flush the water system without routing water through the rooftop unit components. Units are shipped with three-way water in/out valves in the bypass position. Refer to figure 9 for water flow path. This prevents dirt and debris buildup in the strainers and other components. Before placing unit in service, bleed air from water lines (next section).

IMPORTANT - Make sure the three-way valves are completely open (see figure 10). If the valves are not fully open the amount of water entering the water-to-refrigerant coil may be reduced. Reduced water supply to the coil could severely limit unit cooling performance. Reduced water flow could also cause the water to freeze. Coils damaged due to freezing water are not covered under warranty.

#### **Bleed Air From Water Lines**

- 1- Turn off all power to unit before bleeding lines.
- 2- Turn the three-way water inlet valve to main loop position. If running water is not heard circulating, make sure the main system pump is running.
- 3- Slowly open the manual air vent bleed port(s). When the venting stops, close the air vent and turn the three-way water outlet valve to main loop position. The water will now be routed as shown in figure 10.
- 4- Measure the differential pressure across the automatic flow regulator using a PT gauge set. See figure 11. A minimum differential of 2.0 PSI is required for proper flow.









#### **Factory-Installed Economizer**

#### A-Economizer

The A56 (EM1) economizer board controls economizer operation and provides potentiometers to control minimum damper position and enthalpy control adjustments. The economizer board is positioned on the A55 (M1) main control board in the unit control box. See the Integrated Modular Control Guide for economizer operation and adjustments.

#### **Factory-Installed Intake Hood**

#### 036 & 060 Units

Intake hood is shipped folded down over the horizontal supply air opening. Secure hood into place as follows:

- 1- Remove shipping screws securing sides of hood to unit.
- 2- Pivot hood as shown in figure 12 and secure sides of hood to unit mullions with two sheet metal screws on each side.

#### 120 & 240 Units

Outdoor air hood is shipped folded down over the horizontal supply air opening. Install hood as follows:

- 1- Remove left side from hood top panel.
- 2- Remove and retain screws securing hood to unit.
- 3- Lift (rotate) the bottom of the hood top panel and attach left side to hood top panel. See figure 12.
- Secure sides of hood to unit mullions with retained screws.
- 5- Caulk hinge opening on each end of air hood.
- 6- 240 Units Only Remove two support brackets from hood top panel flange. See figure 13. Install as shown in figure 14.



**FIGURE 12** 



**FIGURE 13** 



#### 240 Units With Hood Filter Option

Outdoor air hood is shipped folded down over the horizontal supply air opening. The intake hood filters and support brackets are shipped unassembled in the blower compartment. Install as follows:

- 1- Remove left side from hood top panel.
- 2- Remove and retain screws securing hood to unit.
- 3- Lift (rotate) the bottom of the hood top panel and attach left side to hood top panel. See figure 12.
- 4- Secure sides of hood to unit mullions with retained screws.
- 5- Caulk hinge opening on each end of air hood.
- 6- Install back filter bracket on unit division panel as shown in figure 16.
- Secure side seals to the hood sides as shown in figure 17.
- 8- Install longer front filter bracket on hood top as shown in figures 15 and 16. Insert four filters.
- 9- Slide fifth filter into back filter bracket and hold in place at the top of the opening with the shorter front bracket. Align holes on hood with bracket holes and secure filter bracket with sheet metal screws.





FIGURE 17

#### **Electrical Connections**

#### POWER SUPPLY

Do not apply power or close disconnect switch until installation is complete. Refer to start-up directions. Refer closely to unit wiring diagram.

Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

- 1- 230/460/575 volt units are factory wired. For 208V supply, disconnect the orange wire (230V) at control power transformer(s). Reconnect the red wire (208V). Tape the exposed end of the 230V orange wire.
- 2- Route power through the bottom power entry area and connect to line side of unit disconnect or circuit breaker. If unit does not contain optional controls package, connect power wiring to TB13 terminal block. See unit wiring diagram.
- 3- Units With Optional 120v GFCI Outlet -Route and connect separate 120v wiring to GFCI outlets which do not have factory-installed wiring.

#### **CONTROL WIRING**

#### A-Thermostat Location

Room thermostat mounts vertically on a standard 2" X 4" handy box or on any non-conductive flat surface.

Locate thermostat approximately 5 feet (1524mm) above the floor in an area with good air circulation at average temperature. Avoid locating the room thermostat where it might be affected by:

-drafts or dead spots behind doors and in corners

- -hot or cold air from ducts
- -radiant heat from sun or appliances

-concealed pipes and chimneys

#### **B-Wire Routing**

Route thermostat cable or wires from subbase through knockout or bottom power entry area provided in unit. Use 18 AWG wire for all applications using remotely installed electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.

IMPORTANT - Unless field thermostat wires are rated for maximum unit voltage, they must be routed away from line voltage wiring.

#### **C-Wiring Connections**

This unit is equipped with a series of integrated modular control (IMC) boards which control unit function. Refer to the IMC manual provided with each unit.

The IMC will operate the unit from a thermostat, zone sensor, zoning system or the FS1-1 (A138) controller based on the System Mode selected in ECTO 6.01. The default System Mode (option 0) is the thermostat mode.

1- **Default** Thermostat Mode ECTO 6.01 Option 0 -The IMC will operate two stages of heating and cooling based on thermostat demands. Install thermostat assembly in accordance with instructions provided with thermostat. See figure 18 for field wiring and wiring diagrams on unit.

IMPORTANT-Terminal connections at the wall plate or subbase must be made securely. Loose control wire connections may result in intermittent operation.

Note - Install sensor and make communication wiring connections as shown in literature provided with sensor.



2- Zone Sensor Mode ECTO 6.01 Option 1, 2, or 3-The IMC will operate up to four stages of heating and cooling based on the IMC internal setpoints and the temperature from the A2 zone sensor. An optional Network Control Panel (NCP) can also be used to provide setpoints. A thermostat or return air sensor can be used as a back-up mode. Refer to the IMC manual provided with each unit to change ECTO options. See figure 19 for field wiring.



**FIGURE 19** 

**Blower Operation and Adjustments** 

## **AIMPORTANT**

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

#### A-Blower Operation

Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

- 1- Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in **ON** position, blowers will operate continuously.
- 2- With fan switch in **AUTO** position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in **OFF** position.

In zone sensor applications the blower will cycle with demand (default). For continuous blower operation change ECTO 6.17 to option 1. Refer to the IMC manual.

#### **B-Blower Access**

- 1- Remove screws on either side of blower assembly sliding base. See figure 20, 21, or 22.
- 2- Pull base toward outside of unit.

#### C-Determining Unit CFM (with wet coil)

- 1- Run blower with a cooling demand. Measure the indoor blower shaft RPM. Air filters must be in place when measurements are taken.
- 2- With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return).
- 3- Referring to tables 2 through 5, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM.
- 4- Constant Air Volume (CAV) Supply Air Blowers -The blower RPM can be adjusted at the motor pulley. Loosen Allen screw and turn adjustable pulley clockwise to increase CFM. Turn counterclockwise to decrease CFM. See figure 20, 21, or 22. Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in table 1.

#### TABLE 1 MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

Belt	Minimum Turns Open	Maximum Turns Open				
A Section	No minimum	5				
B Section	1*	6				

\*No minimum number of turns open when B belt is used on pulleys 6" O.D. or larger.





**FIGURE 22** 

#### **D-Blower Belt Adjustment**

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulley are aligned as shown in figure 23.

Adjust belt tension as shown in figure 20, 21, or 22.



#### E-Check Belt Tension

Overtensioning belts shortens belt and bearing life. Check belt tension as follows:

- 1- Measure span length X. See figure 24.
- 2- Apply perpendicular force to center of span (X) with enough pressure to deflect belt 1/64" for every inch of span length or 0.4mm per 25.4mm of span length.

Example: Deflection distance of a 40" span would be 40/64" or 5/8".

Example: Deflection distance of a 1016mm span would be 16mm.

3- Measure belt deflection force. For a used belt, the deflection force should be 5 lbs. (35kPa). A new belt deflection force should be 7 lbs. (48kPa).

A force below these values indicates an undertensioned belt. A force above these values indicates an overtensioned belt.



#### **F-Field-Furnished Blower Drives**

Use tables 2 through 5 to determine BHP and RPM required. Reference table 6 to determine the CAV drive numbers and table 7 through 9 to determine the CAV manufacturer's model number.

Air				E	EXTERNA	L STATI	C PRESS	URE - In	ches Wat	er Gauge	9		
Volume cfm	Drive No.	0.10		0.	20	0.3	30	0.	40	0.	50	0.	60
900		507	0.32	577	0.35	650	0.37	728	0.39	802	0.41	867	0.44
1000		525	0.34	593	0.37	665	0.39	740	0.41	813	0.43	876	0.46
1100		543	0.36	611	0.39	682	0.41	754	0.43	825	0.45	887	0.49
1200	-	562	0.38	630	0.41	700	0.43	770	0.45	839	0.48	899	0.52
1300		583	0.40	651	0.43	720	0.45	788	0.47	854	0.51	912	0.55
1400	5	606	0.43	674	0.45	740	0.47	806	0.51	871	0.55	926	0.59
1500		630	0.45	697	0.48	762	0.50	826	0.54	888	0.59	941	0.63
1600		657	0.48	722	0.51	784	0.54	847	0.58	906	0.63	957	0.67
1700		685	0.52	748	0.55	808	0.58	869	0.62	925	0.68	974	0.72
1800		714	0.56	773	0.58	831	0.62	891	0.67	944	0.73	992	0.78
1900		743	0.60	799	0.63	855	0.67	913	0.73	965	0.79	1012	0.83
2000		771	0.64	824	0.67	880	0.72	936	0.79	986	0.85	1034	0.90
2100		798	0.68	849	0.72	905	0.79	960	0.86	1009	0.92	1057	0.96
2200		823	0.73	875	0.79	932	0.86	986	0.93	1034	0.98	1081	1.02
2300	1	849	0.79	903	0.86	961	0.94	1012	1.01	1060	1.06	1107	1.09
2400	1	876	0.86	934	0.94	991	1.03	1049	1.09	1086	1.13	1132	1.16
2500		907	0.94	968	1.04	1022	1.12	1069	1.16	1113	1.20	1159	1.23

#### TABLE 2 SW 036 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

NOTE - Blower Table Includes Resistance For Base Unit With Wet Indoor Coil And Air Filters In Place.

Δir				E	EXTERNA	L STATI	C PRESS	URE - In	ches Wa	ter Gauge	e		
Volume	Drive	0.	70	0.80		0.	90	1	.0	1.1	10	1.	20
cfm	No.	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
900		919	0.46	968	0.48	1018	0.51						
1000		928	0.49	976	0.51	1027	0.54	1082	0.57	1138	0.60		
1100		938	0.52	985	0.54	1037	0.57	1093	0.60	1149	0.64	1207	0.67
1200		949	0.55	996	0.57	1049	0.60	1105	0.64	1162	0.67	1220	0.71
1300		960	0.58	1008	0.61	1061	0.64	1117	0.68	1175	0.71	1233	0.75
1400	1	974	0.62	1022	0.65	1075	0.68	1132	0.72	1189	0.75	1248	0.79
1500		988	0.67	1037	0.70	1092	0.73	1149	0.77	1206	0.80	1265	0.84
1600		1004	0.71	1054	0.75	1110	0.78	1168	0.82	1226	0.86	1285	0.89
1700		1021	0.76	1073	0.80	1130	0.84	1189	0.88	1248	0.92	1307	0.96
1800		1041	0.82	1094	0.86	1151	0.90	1211	0.94	1270	0.98	1329	1.02
1900		1062	0.87	1115	0.91	1172	0.95	1232	1.00	1291	1.04	1351	1.08
2000		1084	0.93	1137	0.97	1194	1.01	1252	1.05	1312	1.09	1371	1.13
2100		1107	1.00	1160	1.03	1216	1.07	1274	1.11	1333	1.15	1393	1.19
2200	Field	1131	1.06	1183	1.09	1239	1.13	1296	1.17	1355	1.21	1414	1.25
2300	Fur-	1155	1.12	1207	1.16	1262	1.19	1319	1.23	1377	1.27	1436	1.30
2400	maneu	1181	1.19	1232	1.22	1286	1.25	1343	1.29	1400	1.32	1459	1.36
2500	1	1207	1.26	1257	1.29	1311	1.32	1366	1.35	1423	1.38	1481	1.42

NOTE - italics - field furnished.

#### TABLE 3 SW 060 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

NOTE - Blower Table Includes Resistance	For Base Unit With Wet Indoor	Coil And Air Filters In Place.
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A :		EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE - Inches Water Gauge												
Air Volume cfm	Drive No.	0.	10	0.	20	0.3	30	0.4	40	0.	50	0.0	60	
		RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	
900		507	0.32	577	0.35	650	0.37	728	0.39	802	0.41	867	0.44	
1000		525	0.34	593	0.37	665	0.39	740	0.41	813	0.43	876	0.46	
1100		543	0.36	611	0.39	682	0.41	754	0.43	825	0.45	887	0.49	
1200		562	0.38	630	0.41	700	0.43	770	0.45	839	0.48	899	0.52	
1300	Field	583	0.40	651	0.43	720	0.45	788	0.47	854	0.51	912	0.55	
1400	Fur-	606	0.43	674	0.45	740	0.47	806	0.51	871	0.55	926	0.59	
1500	nisned	630	0.45	697	0.48	762	0.50	826	0.54	888	0.59	941	0.63	
1600		657	0.48	722	0.51	784	0.54	847	0.58	906	0.63	957	0.67	
1700		685	0.52	748	0.55	808	0.58	869	0.62	925	0.68	974	0.72	
1800		714	0.56	773	0.58	831	0.62	891	0.67	944	0.73	992	0.78	
1900		743	0.60	799	0.63	855	0.67	913	0.73	965	0.79	1012	0.83	
2000		771	0.64	824	0.67	880	0.72	936	0.79	986	0.85	1034	0.90	
2100		798	0.68	849	0.72	905	0.79	960	0.86	1009	0.92	1057	0.96	
2200		823	0.73	875	0.79	932	0.86	986	0.93	1034	0.98	1081	1.02	
2300		849	0.79	903	0.86	961	0.94	1012	1.01	1060	1.06	1107	1.09	
2400	-	876	0.86	934	0.94	991	1.03	1040	1.09	1086	1.13	1132	1.16	
2500		907	0.94	968	1.04	1022	1.12	1069	1.16	1113	1.20	1159	1.23	

Air		EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE - Inches Water Gauge												
Volume	Drive	0.	70	0.	80	0.90 1.0 1.10		10	1.:	20				
cfm	No.	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	
900		919	0.46	968	0.48	1018	0.51							
1000		928	0.49	976	0.51	1027	0.54	1082	0.57	1138	0.60			
1100		938	0.52	985	0.54	1037	0.57	1093	0.60	1149	0.64	1207	0.67	
1200		949	0.55	996	0.57	1049	0.60	1105	0.64	1162	0.67	1220	0.71	
1300		960	0.58	1008	0.61	1061	0.64	1117	0.68	1175	0.71	1233	0.75	
1400	1	974	0.62	1022	0.65	1075	0.68	1132	0.72	1189	0.75	1248	0.79	
1500		988	0.67	1037	0.70	1092	0.73	1149	0.77	1206	0.80	1265	0.84	
1600		1004	0.71	1054	0.75	1110	0.78	1168	0.82	1226	0.86	1285	0.89	
1700		1021	0.76	1073	0.80	1130	0.84	1189	0.88	1248	0.92	1307	0.96	
1800		1041	0.82	1094	0.86	1151	0.90	1211	0.94	1270	0.98	1329	1.02	
1900		1062	0.87	1115	0.91	1172	0.95	1232	1.00	1291	1.04	1351	1.08	
2000		1084	0.93	1137	0.97	1194	1.01	1252	1.05	1312	1.09	1371	1.13	
2100		1107	1.00	1160	1.03	1216	1.07	1274	1.11	1333	1.15	1393	1.19	
2200	Field	1131	1.06	1183	1.09	1239	1.13	1296	1.17	1355	1.21	1414	1.25	
2300	⊢ur- nished	1155	1.12	1207	1.16	1262	1.19	1319	1.23	1377	1.27	1436	1.30	
2400		1181	1.19	1232	1.22	1286	1.25	1343	1.29	1400	1.32	1459	1.36	
2500		1207	1.26	1257	1.29	1311	1.32	1366	1.35	1423	1.38	1481	1.42	

NOTE - italics - field furnished.

#### TABLE 4 SW 120 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

A !					EXT	ERNAL	STATIC	PRESS	URE - I	nches V	Vater Ga	auge			
Air Volume	Drive No.	ve 0.10		0.20		0.30		0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70	
		RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
3000		538	0.67	567	0.79	597	0.93	627	1.06	658	1.18	689	1.30	720	1.41
3200		554	0.79	583	0.92	612	1.05	643	1.18	673	1.31	704	1.42	735	1.53
3400		570	0.92	599	1.05	629	1.18	659	1.31	690	1.44	721	1.55	752	1.66
3600	Field	588	1.06	616	1.19	646	1.32	677	1.45	708	1.58	739	1.69	769	1.80
3800	Fur-	606	1.21	635	1.34	665	1.48	696	1.61	727	1.73	758	1.85	788	1.95
4000	maneu	626	1.37	655	1.50	685	1.64	716	1.77	747	1.90	778	2.01	808	2.10
4200		647	1.54	676	1.68	707	1.82	738	1.95	769	2.07	799	2.18	828	2.27
4400		669	1.72	699	1.87	730	2.01	761	2.14	791	2.25	820	2.35	849	2.44
4600	1	693	1.92	724	2.07	755	2.21	785	2.34	814	2.45	842	2.54	871	2.62
4800		718	2.14	749	2.29	780	2.43	809	2.54	837	2.64	865	2.73	893	2.81

#### NOTE - Blower Table Includes Resistance For Base Unit With Wet Indoor Coil And Air Filters In Place.

				E	EXTERNA	AL STATI	C PRESS	URE - In	ches Wat	ter Gaug	e		
Air Volume	Drive No.	0.80		0.90		1.	1.00		1.10		20	1.20	
Cini		RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
3000		751	1.50	782	1.58	815	1.67	849	1.76	884	1.87	922	1.99
3200		766	1.62	797	1.71	830	1.79	863	1.89	899	2.00	936	2.12
3400		782	1.75	814	1.84	846	1.93	879	2.03	914	2.13	951	2.25
3600		800	1.89	831	1.98	863	2.07	896	2.17	931	2.28	967	2.39
3800	1	818	2.04	849	2.13	881	2.22	913	2.32	948	2.42	983	2.53
4000		837	2.20	868	2.28	899	2.38	932	2.47	965	2.57	1000	2.68
4200		857	2.36	887	2.45	918	2.54	950	2.63	983	2.73	1018	2.84
4400		878	2.53	908	2.61	938	2.70	969	2.79	1002	2.89	1036	2.99
4600		899	2.71	928	2.79	958	2.87	989	2.96	1021	3.06	1054	3.16
4800	*	920	2.88	949	2.96	979	3.04	1009	3.13	1041	3.22	1073	3.32

\*NOTE - *italics* - field furnished.

Δir			EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE - Inches Water Gauge												
Volume	Drive No.	0.	10	0.:	20	0.	30	0.	40	0.	50	0.	60	0.	70
cfm		RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
6000		372	1.04	422	1.29	463	1.54	502	1.73	539	1.95	571	2.17	604	2.35
6200		381	1.08	429	1.36	470	1.62	508	1.82	544	2.05	576	2.28	609	2.46
6400		390	1.14	437	1.44	477	1.71	515	1.92	550	2.16	582	2.39	614	2.57
6600		399	1.20	444	1.53	484	1.80	521	2.02	556	2.28	587	2.51	620	2.68
6800		408	1.27	452	1.62	491	1.89	528	2.13	562	2.40	593	2.63	625	2.80
7000		417	1.35	460	1.71	498	1.99	535	2.24	568	2.52	599	2.74	631	2.91
7200		426	1.45	467	1.82	505	2.10	541	2.36	574	2.65	606	2.86	638	3.02
7400	Field	435	1.55	475	1.93	513	2.22	548	2.49	580	2.77	612	2.98	644	3.14
7600	Field Fur-	444	1.67	483	2.05	520	2.34	555	2.62	587	2.90	618	3.10	650	3.26
7800	nished	452	1.80	491	2.18	528	2.47	562	2.75	594	3.02	625	3.22	657	3.38
8000		461	1.93	500	2.31	536	2.61	570	2.89	601	3.15	632	3.35	664	3.51
8200		470	2.08	508	2.45	544	2.75	577	3.03	608	3.29	639	3.47	671	3.63
8400		479	2.23	516	2.60	552	2.90	585	3.18	615	3.42	646	3.60	678	3.76
8600		488	2.39	525	2.76	560	3.05	592	3.33	623	3.56	653	3.74	685	3.89
8800		498	2.56	533	2.91	568	3.21	600	3.48	630	3.70	661	3.87	692	4.02
9000		507	2.73	542	3.08	576	3.37	608	3.63	638	3.85	668	4.01	699	4.16
9200		516	2.91	551	3.25	584	3.53	616	3.78	645	3.99	676	4.15	707	4.29
9400	2	526	3.09	560	3.42	593	3.69	623	3.94	653	4.13	683	4.28	714	4.43
9600		535	3.27	569	3.59	601	3.86	631	4.10	661	4.28	691	4.42	721	4.56

# TABLE 5 SW 240 BLOWER PERFORMANCE NOTE - Blower Table Includes Resistance For Base Unit With Wet Indoor Coil And Air Filters In Place.

TABLE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

#### TABLE CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE

NOTE - Blower Table Includes Resistance For Base Unit Wet Indoor Coil And Air Filters In Place.

				E			C PRESS	URE - In	ches Wat	ter Gaug	e		
Air Volume	Drive No.	0.	80	0.	90	1.	00	1.	10	1.	20	1.	20
cim		RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
6000		636	2.53	670	2.72	706	2.91	743	3.11	779	3.30	816	3.50
6200		641	2.64	676	2.82	712	3.02	749	3.22	785	3.42	822	3.62
6400		647	2.74	682	2.93	718	3.14	755	3.34	792	3.54	828	3.75
6600		653	2.85	688	3.04	725	3.25	762	3.46	798	3.67	835	3.87
6800	2	659	2.96	694	3.15	731	3.37	768	3.58	805	3.80	842	4.01
7000		665	3.08	700	3.27	737	3.48	775	3.70	812	3.92	848	4.14
7200		671	3.19	707	3.39	744	3.60	781	3.83	818	4.05	855	4.27
7400		677	3.31	713	3.50	750	3.72	788	3.94	825	4.17	861	4.39
7600		684	3.43	719	3.62	756	3.84	794	4.06	831	4.29	868	4.51
7800		690	3.55	726	3.74	763	3.96	800	4.18	837	4.40	874	4.62
8000		697	3.67	732	3.87	769	4.08	806	4.30	843	4.52	880	4.74
8200		704	3.80	739	3.99	775	4.20	812	4.42	849	4.64	886	4.86
8400		711	3.93	746	4.11	782	4.32	819	4.54	855	4.76	892	4.98
8600	Field	718	4.06	752	4.24	788	4.44	825	4.66	862	4.88	898	5.10
8800	nished	725	4.19	759	4.37	795	4.57	831	4.78	868	5.00	904	5.21
9000		732	4.32	766	4.50	802	4.69	838	4.90	874	5.12	911	5.33
9200		739	4.45	773	4.63	808	4.82	844	5.03	881	5.24	917	5.46
9400		746	4.58	780	4.76	815	4.95	851	5.15	887	5.36	923	5.58
9600		753	4.72	787	4.89	822	5.08	858	5.28	894	5.49	930	5.70

NOTE - italics - field furnished.

#### TABLE 6 CAV FACTORY INSTALLED DRIVE KIT SPECIFICATIONS

	Мо	tor	RPM Range				
Unit	hp	kw	Drive 1	Drive 2	Drive 5		
036	1.5	1.1	765/1075	NA	564/847		
060	1.5	1.1	765/1075	NA	NA		
120	3	2.2	660/900	NA	NA		
240	5	3.7	NA	520/685	NA		

In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

TABLE 7
SW 036 & 060 CAV MANUFACTURER'S NUMBERS

	DRIVE COMPONENTS						
	ADJUSTABL	E SHEAVE	FIXED SH	EAVE	BELTS		
Drive No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	
1	1VP40 X 7/8	79J0301	AK61 X 1	100244-20	AX44	12L2601	
5	1VP34 X 7/8	31K6901	AK64 X 1	12L2501	AX44	12L2601	

#### TABLE 8 SW 120 CAV MANUFACTURER'S NUMBERS

		DRIVE COMPONENTS						
	ADJUSTABLE SHEAVE		FIXED SH	EAVE	BELTS			
Drive No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.		
1	1VP40 X 7/8	79J0301	BK77 X 1	49K4001	BX57	78L5301		

## TABLE 9 SW 240 CAV MANUFACTURER'S NUMBERS

		DRIVE COMPONENTS										
Drive	ADJUSTABLE SHEAVE		FIXED SHEAVE		BE	LTS	SPLIT BUSHING					
No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.	Supplier No.	OEM Part No.				
2	1VP44 X 1-1/8	100239-07	BK110H	100788-06	BX68	88K3401	H-1-7/16	49M6201				

#### **Cooling Start-Up**

IMPORTANT-The crankcase heater must be energized for 24 hours before attempting to start compressor. Set thermostat so there is no demand to prevent compressors from cycling.

#### **A-Preliminary Checks**

- 1- Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field- and factory-installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5- Make sure filters are in place before start-up.
- 6- Make sure the three-way manual valves are in the main loop position. If not, refer to *Bleed Air From Water Lines* section to place valves in main loop position.

#### **B-Start-Up**

1- Initiate first and second cooling demand according to instructions provided with thermostat.

#### 2- 036 & 060 Units-

First-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 1. On units with an economizer, when outdoor air is acceptable, a first-stage demand will energize the economizer; a second-stage demand will energize compressor 1.

The water flow control valve is energized open when compressor 1 starts. Water is allowed to flow through the water-to-refrigerant coil.

#### 120 & 240 Units-

First-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 1. Second-stage thermostat demand will

energize compressor 2. On units with an economizer, when outdoor air is acceptable, a first-stage demand will energize the economizer; a second-stage demand will energize compressor 1.

The B39 stage 1 water flow control valve opens when compressor 1 starts. B42 stage 2 flow control valve opens when compressor 2 starts. When flow control valves open, water flows to the appropriate section of the water-to-refrigerant coil.

- 120 and 240 units contain two refrigerant circuits and two stages of cooling. See figure 25.
- 4- Each refrigerant circuit is separately charged with R410A refrigerant. See unit nameplate for correct amount of charge.
- 5- See the following figures for refrigerant circuit routing:

3, 5, & 10 Ton Units	Cooling Mode	Figure 26
20 Ton Units	Cooling Mode	Figure 27
3, 5, & 10 Ton Units	Heating Mode	Figure 28
20 Ton Units	Heating Mode	Figure 29

6- Refer to Cooling Operation and Adjustment section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.





FIGURE 26



**FIGURE 27** 



**FIGURE 28** 



**FIGURE 29** 

#### C-Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

- 1- Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- 2- Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise, and blower rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 3- Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4- Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of S48 disconnect or TB13 terminal strip. Do not reverse wires at blower contactor.
- 5- Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

#### **D-R410A Refrigerant**

Units charged with R410A refrigerant operate at much higher pressures than R22. The expansion valve and liquid line drier provided with the unit are approved for use with R410A. Do not replace them with components designed for use with R22.

R410A refrigerant is stored in a pink cylinder.

## **AIMPORTANT**

Mineral oils are not compatible with R410A. If oil must be added, it must be a polyol ester oil.

Manifold gauge sets used with systems charged with R410A refrigerant must be capable of handling the higher system operating pressures. The gauges should be rated for use with pressures of 0-800 on the high side and a low side of 30" vacuum to 250 psi with dampened speed to 500 psi. Gauge hoses must be rated for use at up to 800 psi of pressure with a 4000 psi burst rating.

#### **E-Refrigerant Charge and Check**

## WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires charge, <u>reclaim the</u> <u>charge</u>, <u>evacuate the system</u>, and <u>add required</u> <u>nameplate charge</u>.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1- Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2- Check each system separately with all stages operating.
- 3- Use a thermometer to accurately measure the entering water temperature at the strainer. See figure 33.
- 4- Apply the water temperature to appropriate table 10 through 17 to determine normal operating pressures.
- 5- Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Minor variations in these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Significant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem exists with some component in the system. **Correct any system problems before proceeding.**
- 6- If discharge pressure is high, remove refrigerant from the system. If discharge pressure is low, add refrigerant to the system.
  - Add or remove charge in increments.
  - Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 7- Operate the unit in heating mode until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes).
- 8- Apply the water temperature to appropriate table 10 through 17 to determine normal operating pressures. Use steps 5 and 6 to adjust refrigerant.

SW 036 COOLING OPERATING PRESSURES					
Entering Water Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig			
59°F	245	140			
77°F	312	144			
86°F	339	148			

TABLE 10 SW 036 COOLING OPERATING PRESSURES

TABLE 11
SW 036 HEATING OPERATING PRESSURES

Entering Water Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
32°F	291	77
50°F	321	106
68°F	352	137

TABLE 12
SW 060 COOLING OPERATING PRESSURES

Entering Water Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
59°F	260	135
77°F	328	140
86°F	357	144

#### TABLE 13 SW 060 HEATING OPERATING PRESSURES

Entering Water Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
32°F	312	75
50°F	342	103
68°F	377	139

TABLE 14 SW 120 COOLING OPERATING PRESSURES

	CIRC	UIT 1	CIRC	UIT 2
Entering Water Temp	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig
59°F	245	136	254	136
77°F	322	134	322	137
86°F	365	135	364	138

TABLE 15 SW 120 HEATING OPERATING PRESSURES

	CIRCUIT 1		CIRCUIT 2	
Entering Water Temp	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig
32°F	300	75	285	74
50°F	332	105	313	103
68°F	360	134	337	130

TABLE 16 SW 240 COOLING OPERATING PRESSURES

	CIRCUIT 1		CIRCUIT 2	
Entering Water Temp	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig
59°F	231	127	250	131
77°F	312	132	306	140
86°F	353	135	346	142

TABLE 17
W 240 HEATING OPERATING PRESSURES

	CIRCUIT 1		CIRCUIT 2	
Entering Water Temp	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig	Dis <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suc <u>+</u> 5 psig
32°F	282	70	271	68
50°F	335	97	324	96
68°F	355	123	342	122

#### **F-Compressor Controls**

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit.

1- High Pressure Switch (S4, S7)

The compressor circuit is protected by a high pressure switch which opens at 640 psig  $\pm$  10 psig (4413 kPa  $\pm$  70 kPa) and automatically resets at 475 psig  $\pm$  20 psig (3275kPa  $\pm$  138 kPa).

2- Low Pressure Switch (S87, S88)

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch. Switch opens at 40  $psig \pm 5 psig$  (276  $\pm$  34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90  $psig \pm 5 psig$  (621 kPa  $\pm$  34 kPa).

3- Crankcase Heater (HR1, HR2)

Units have compressors which contain a belly band compressor oil heater which must be on 24 hours before running compressors. Energize by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand, to prevent compressor from cycling, and apply power to unit.

4- Freezestats (S49, S50)

Switches de-energize compressors when indoor coil temperature falls below  $29^{\circ}F(-2^{\circ}C)$  to prevent indoor coil freeze-up. Switches reset when indoor coil temperature reaches  $58^{\circ}F(15^{\circ}C)$ .

5- Crankcase Heater Thermostat (S40, S162) Switches de-energize crankcase heaters when discharge temperature rises above 94°F (34.4°C). Switch opens to energize crankcase heaters when discharge temperature drops below 74°F (23.2°C).

#### Water Circuit Operation

When the compressor is energized the water flow control valve will de-energize and spring-return open allowing water flow. When the compressor de-energizes, the valve is actuated closed, stopping the flow of water. The valve opens in 10-15 seconds and closes in 30-40 seconds. The automatic flow regulator manages the water flow to the water-to-refrigerant coil. No g.p.m. adjustment is required.

#### **Freeze Protection**

Consult with local and national governing bodies when determining the water mixture used in the water-to-refrigerant coil. Appropriate mixtures must be used to prevent personal injury, product, or property damage.

Each unit is equipped with a factory-installed S116 antifreeze controller to prevent damage to the refrigerant to water coil. See figure 30. The controller is set to initiate water compartment electric heat when compartment temperature drops to 42°F (10°F above the freezing point of water) and to circulate water if compartment temperature continues to drop to 37°F (5°F above the freezing point of water). When compartment temperature rises to 42°F water circulation is discontinued. If compartment temperature continues to rise electric heat will de-energize at 47°F. See figure 31. Controller is located on the right side of the controls hat section above compressor(s). The controller sensor is located in the water compartment.



FIGURE 30



**FIGURE 31** 

#### Antifreeze / Water Mixture

Controller is factory-set for 100% water mixture. When an antifreeze/water mixture is used, controller settings may be adjusted. See table 18 for antifreeze/water mixture freezing points. Antifreeze type and mixture will affect capacity and pressure drop.

TABLE 18	
ANTIFREEZE MIXTURE FREEZING TEMPERAT	URES

% By Volume	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%
Propylene Glycol	32°F	26°F	18°F	7°F	-8°F	-29°F
Ethylene Glycol	32°F	23°F	14°F	2°F	-13°F	-36°F
Methanol	32°F	20°F	0°F	-15°F	-40°F	-65°F

#### **Determining Setpoints**

Set stage 1 to initiate a minimum of 10°F above the antifreeze/water mixture freezing point. Set stage 2 to initiate a minimum of 5°F above the antifreeze/water mixture freezing point.

For example, the freezing point of a 10% mixture of ethylene glycol and water is 23°F. Stage 1 initiation of electric heat should be no less than 33°F (S1 - DIF1 or 38°F - 5°F = ON at 33°F). Stage 2 initiation of water circulation should be no less than 28°F (S2 - DIF2 or 33°F - 5°F = ON at 28°F).

Important - Setting the temperature too close to the freezing temperature of the antifreeze/water mixture could result in serious unit damage.

#### Adjusting Setpoints

Use the controller SET and UP/DOWN arrow keys to adjust settings. See figure 30. The menus are sequential in the following order:

Fahrenheit / Celsius S1 (Stage 1 temperature) DIF1 (Stage 1 differential) H1 (Stage 1 htg./clg. mode) S2 (Stage 2 temperature) DIF2 (Stage 2 differential) H1 (Stage 2 htg./clg. mode)

Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to adjust the setting and the SET key to save the change and advance to the next selection. If no keys are pressed for 30 seconds the switch will save any changes and return to the main display screen.

- Press the SET key once to access the Fahrenheit / Celsius mode. F should be displayed. If not, use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to toggle from C to F.
- 2- Press the SET key again to access Stage 1 Temperature. S1 will blink and the screen will display the current temperature setting (47°F). Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to adjust the temperature.

- 3- Press the SET key again to access Stage 1 Differential. DIF1 will blink and the screen will display the current setting (5°F). Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to change the temperature.
- 4- Press the SET key again to access Stage 1 Heating / Cooling mode. H1 should be displayed. If C1 is displayed, press the UP/DOWN arrow keys to change the setting to H1.
- 5- Press the SET key again to access Stage 2 temperature. S2 will blink and display the current temperature setting (42°F). Use the UP/DOWN arrows to change the temperature
- 6- Press the SET key again to access Stage 2 Differential. DIF2 will blink and the screen will display the current setting (5°F). Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to change the temperature.
- 7- Press the SET key again to access Stage 2 Heating / Cooling mode. H2 should be displayed. If C2 is displayed, press the UP/DOWN arrow keys to change the setting to H2.

#### Water Quality Guidelines

#### Water Conditioning

The water-to-refrigerant coil requires varying degrees of protection depending on water quality. Water quality varies from location to location and is unique to each site. Water typically contains impurities and hardness that must be removed. The required treatment will depend on the water quality as well as the system type. If water impurities exceed the maximum allowable levels shown in table 19, the potential for serious corrosion or scaling exists.

TABLE 19
ALLOWABLE WATER QUALITY LEVELS

	Condition	Acceptable Level	
рН		7 to 9.0	
Total Hardness (Calcium and Magnesium)		Should not exceed 350 ppm	
Iron Oxides	6	Less than 1 ppm	
Iron Bacteria		No level allowable	
Ammonia, Ammonium Hydroxide		0.5 ppm maximum	
Corrosion	Ammonium chloride, Ammonium	0.5 ppm maximum	
	Nitrate Ammonium Sulfate	0.5 ppm maximum	
Hydrogen Sulfide		No level allowable	

#### Maintenance

Water quality should be checked periodically to maintain acceptable water quality levels. If the water-to-refrigerant coil becomes contaminated with dirt or scaling, the coil will have to be back-flushed and cleaned with chemicals that will remove the scale. This service should be performed by an experienced water treatment specialist.

#### Service

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

## 

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

#### A-Filters

Units are equipped with the following filters:

036/060 Units: Four 16 X 20 X 2" (406 X 508 X 51mm) 120 Units - Six 16 X 25 X 2" (406 X 635 X 51mm) 240 Units: Twelve 20 X 20 X 2" (508 X 508 X 51mm)

Filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary with filters of like kind and size. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See figure 32.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

Check and replace or clean economizer filters as needed.

#### **B-Lubrication**

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

#### **C-Evaporator Coil**

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleaner. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.

#### **D-Supply Air Blower Wheel**

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.



**FIGURE 32** 

#### **E-Strainer**

Clean the strainer of debris after initial unit startup and every 6 months after unit start-up.

1- Route the water flow through the bypass circuit. See figure 6 for 3 and 5 ton units, figure 7 for 10 ton units

and figure 8 for 20 ton units. Turn the three-way valve levers to the bypass position as shown.

- 2- Remove the hose end cap. See figure 33.
- 3- Open the hose end drain valve and drain the fluid into an approved container. Dispose of fluid properly.

NOTE - If fluid isn't draining, open the manual air vents on the automatic flow regulators.

- 4- Unscrew the removable cap from the strainer body and remove the mesh strainer. Clean the mesh strainer and reinstall.
- 5- Replace removable cap and hose end cap. Close the hose end drain valve and manual air vents if opened.
- 6- To place the water system valves in the main loop position follow procedure in *Bleed Air From Water Lines* section.

## 

Product contains fiberglass wool.

Disturbing the insulation in this product during installation, maintenance, or repair will expose you to fiberglass wool. Breathing this may cause lung cancer. (Fiberglass wool is known to the State of California to cause cancer.)

Fiberglass wool may also cause respiratory, skin, and eye irritation.

To reduce exposure to this substance or for further information, consult material safety data sheets available from address shown below, or contact your supervisor.

> P.O. Box 799900 Dallas, TX 75379-9900



FIGURE 33

### **START-UP REPORT**

Job Name:	Inspections and Checks
Store NoStart-Up Date:	Damage? Yes No R410A 🗆
Address:	If yes, reported to:
City:	ate:
Start-Up Contractor:	Verify factory and field-installed accessories.
Technician:	Check electrical connections. Tighten if necessary.
Model No :	Supply voltage: L1-L2L1-L3L2-L3
	If unit contains a 208-230/240 volt transformer:
Serial No.:	Check primary transformer tap
RTU No.: Catalog No.:	Transformer secondary voltage:

#### **Cooling Checks**

Compressor Rotation 🗌 Am			ıbient TempReturn Air Temp.			Supply Air Temp			
	Compr. Amps		Compressor Volts			Pressures		CC Heater Amps	
	L1	L2	L3	L1-L2	L1-L3	L2-L3	Disch.	Suct.	L1
1									
2									

Water-To-Refrigerant Coil Checks						
Fluid type:Water and Propylene Glycol  Water and Ethylene Glycol  Water and Methanol  %						
Stage 1 Pressure Differential	Stage 2 Pressure Differential					
Water Inlet Temperature	Water Outlet Temperature	Water Temperature Differential				
Strainer cleaner installed?	•	•				

Blower Checks					
Blower Rota					
Pulley/Belt	t Alignmen				
Set Screw	s Tight	Belt Tension			
Nameplate Amps: Volts:					
Motor	Amps			Volts	
L1			L1-L2		
L2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		L1-L3		
L3			L2-L3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Control Type						
Accessory Checks						
Power Exhaust Amps						
1	2	None				
Economizer Operation						
Min. Pos.	Motor travel full o	pen/close 🗌				

Notes:\_\_\_