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THIS MANUAL MUST BE LEFT WITH THE OWNER FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation.

AWARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer (or equivalent) or service agency.

Failure to follow safety warnings and these instructions exactly could result in property damage, dangerous operation, serious injury, or death.

Any additions, changes, or conversions required in order for the appliance to satisfactorily meet the application needs must be made by a licensed professional HVAC installer (or equivalent) using factory-specified parts.

Do not use this system if any part has been under water. A flood-damaged appliance is extremely dangerous. Immediately call a licensed professional HVAC service technician (or equivalent) to inspect the system and to replace all controls and electrical parts that have been wet, or to replace the system, if deemed necessary.

INSTALLATION/OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

VPA Low Ambient Heat Pump

VRF SYSTEMS OUTDOOR UNITS 507793-03 11/2018

Do not change the settings of any protection devices installed in the outdoor unit. If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted or forcibly operated, fire or explosion may occur.

Do not use parts other than those specified by Lennox or fire and/or explosion may occur.

A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

These units must be installed as part of a matched system as specified in the Product Specifications (EHB) bulletin.

General

The VPA low ambient heat pump outdoor units are matched with up to 53 indoor units to create a VRF (variable refrigerant flow) system that uses HFC-410A refrigerant.

Refer to the Product Specification bulletin (EHB) for the proper use of these low ambient heat pump units with matching indoor units, branch pipes, line sets and controls.

Shipping and Packing List

Check the components for shipping damage. If you find any damage, immediately contact the last carrier. Package 1 of 1 contains the following:

1 - Assembled VPA low ambient heat pump outdoor unit

1 - Piping accessory package

1 - Outdoor unit installation and operations instruction

Safety Requirements

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR EXPLOSION HAZARD.

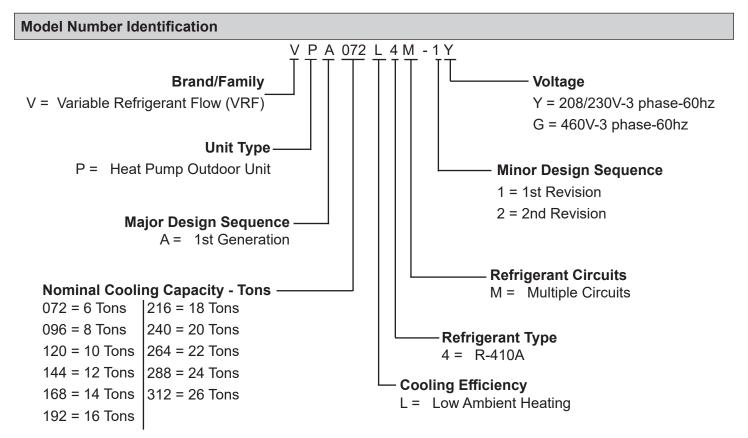
Do not touch the unit or the controller if your hands are wet.

Do not operate appliances with an open flame near the unit.

Do not replace a fuse with a fuse of a different rating. Do not attempt to bypass a fuse.

Do not insert your hands, tools or any other item into the air intake or air outlet at either the indoor or outdoor unit.

Do not allow children to operate the system.



NOTE - Lennox VRF and Lennox Mini-Split products are similar in appearance to each other. Refer to the unit's model number to determine if the unit is a VRF (V) or Mini-Split (M) unit. It is not possible to mix the two types of equipment on any system.

System Piping

A CAUTION

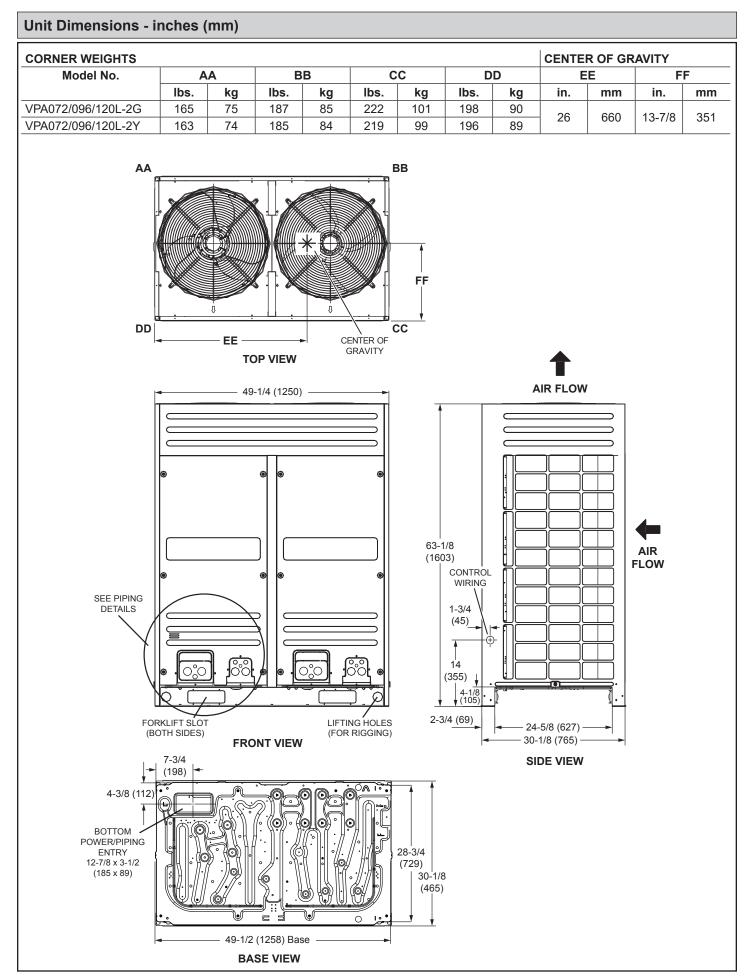
VRF system piping is customized for each installation. The Lennox VRF Selection Software (LVSS) piping report is an engineered design that must be followed. The piping diagram or diagrams included within the LVSS report have been prepared based on the information provided to the Lennox VRF applications department.

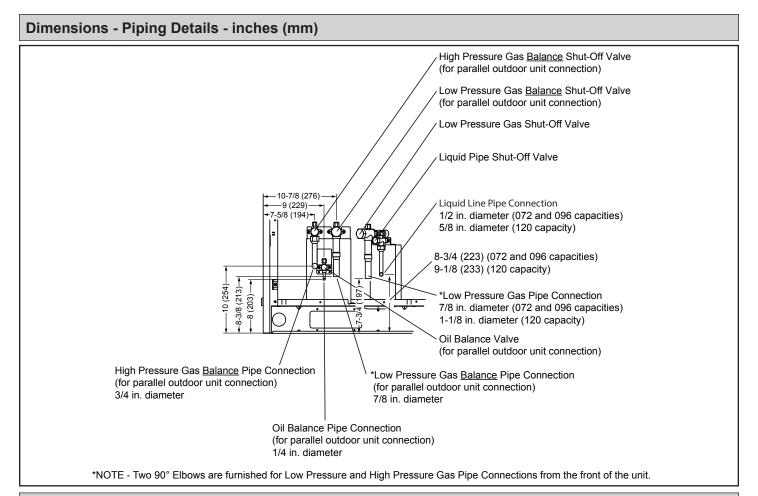
When the indicated lengths change from the figures stated within the report, it is imperative that prior to the commencement of the refrigerant pipe work installation, Lennox VRF applications department are informed of these proposed changes.

A CAUTION

Upon receipt of this new information the Lennox VRF applications department will confirm any changes that may be applicable to this installation. If changes are required, a new piping diagram will be produced and will supersede all other previously provided documents.

Failure to provide this information regarding changes to the original design may lead to insufficient capacity, equipment failure, warranty being made void and the refusal to commission the system.





Unit Placement Considerations

AWARNING

Use the provided and specified components when installing equipment. Failure to do so may result in unit falling, water leaking or electrical shocks, causing personal injury or equipment or property damage.

Check stability of unit support. If support is not capable of carrying weight of the unit, unit may fall causing personal injury or equipment damage.

Safely dispose of packing materials, which include nails, wood and other sharp objects, as well as plastic wrapping. Children playing with plastic wrap or bags risk the danger of suffocation.

IMPORTANT!

Exhaust vents from dryers, water heaters and furnaces should be directed away from the outdoor unit. Prolonged exposure to exhaust gases and the chemicals contained within them may cause condensation to form on the steel cabinet and other metal components of the outdoor unit. This will diminish unit performance and longevity.

Outdoor Unit Positioning Considerations

In addition to clearances, the following items should be considered when setting the outdoor unit:

- 2007 EPA Noise Policy. Observe local code adoptions/enforcement as consideration should be used when selecting an outdoor units permanent placement. Sound data for each unit can be found in the Product Specifications Document.
- Glass has a very high level of sound transmission.
 When possible, do not install the unit directly outside a window.
- Avoid installing the unit in areas exposed to extreme voltage variations (such as factories).
- Install unit level.
- Allow sufficient space around unit for proper operation and maintenance.
- Install the outdoor unit a minimum of 3 feet away from any antenna, power cord (line), radio, telephone, security system, or intercom. Electrical interference and radio frequencies from any of these sources may affect operation.
- Coating Outdoor Coils is recommended in applications installed in coastal regions less than 30 miles inland.

Lifting the Unit

- Do not hold the air inlet grille while lifting the unit. This could result in damage to the cabinet.
- Do not touch the fan blades with your hands or other objects while lifting the unit.

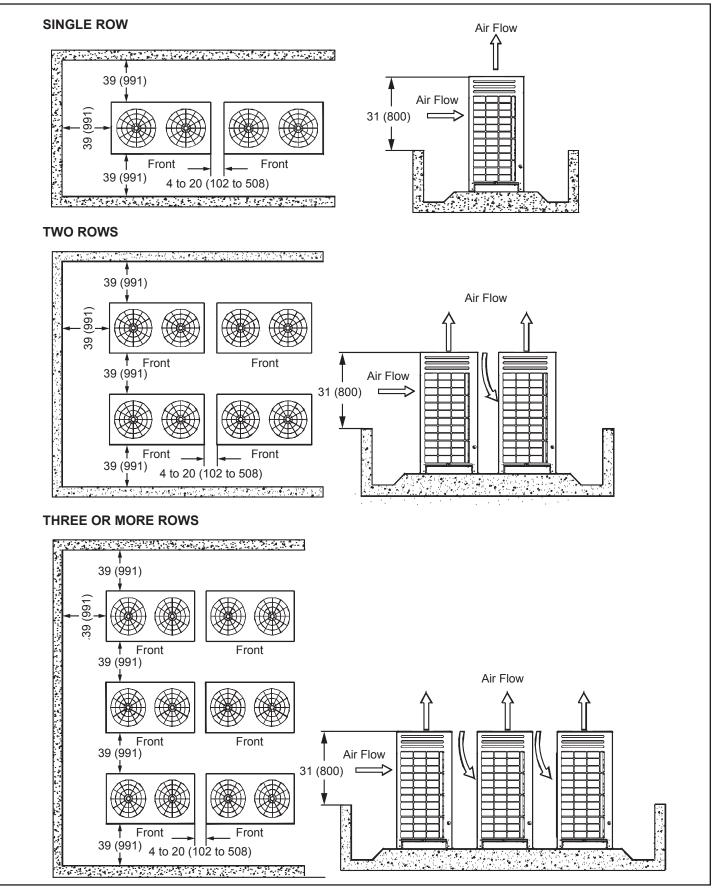


Figure 1. Installation Clearances - inches (mm)

Drawings in this manual are for illustrative purposes and should not be used as a template for fabricating field-supplied accessories or apparatuses. Consider the environment in which this unit is being installed and make necessary adjustments to ensure safe operation. Local codes prevail.

Vertical Clearances

- Obstructions must be 32 in. (813 mm) below the top of the outdoor unit or a field supplied air discharge duct is required.
- If the outdoor unit is LOWER than surrounding obstacles, add a field-supplied duct onto the outdoor unit's exhaust hood to facilitate heat dissipation.

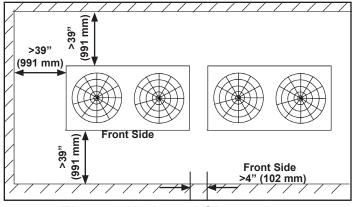


Figure 2. Horizontal Obstructions

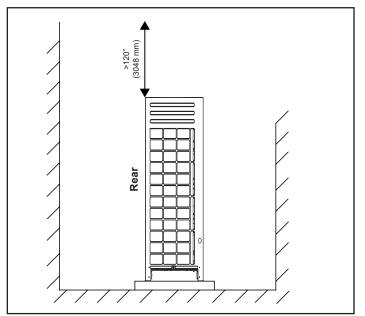


Figure 3. Vertical Obstructions

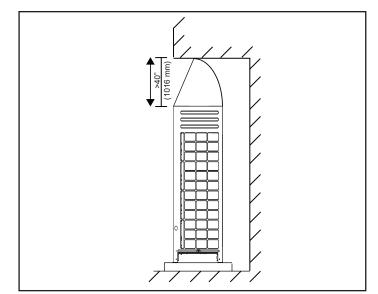


Figure 4. Ducted Air Discharge Around Obstructions

Cold Climate Considerations

▲ CAUTION

When operating the heat pump in a low outdoor ambient temperature, be sure to follow the instructions described below.

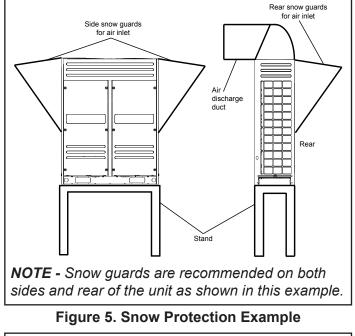
- To prevent exposure to wind, install the outdoor unit with its air inlet side facing the wall.

- Never install the outdoor unit at a site where the air inlet side may be exposed directly to wind.
- In heavy snowfall areas, select an installation site where the snow will not affect the unit.

Snow and Ice Protection

- Install the unit high enough above the ground or roof to allow adequate drainage of defrost water and prevent ice or snow build-up.
- Carefully consider how to manage defrost and condensate water disposal to prevent ice from creating hazardous conditions near walkways and egresses.
- Use heated tape on condensate drain line.
- Locate unit so winter prevailing winds do not blow directly on to the outdoor unit.
- In heavy snow areas, do not locate the unit where drifting will occur. The unit base should be elevated above the depth of average snows. See figure 5.

- Locate unit away from overhanging roof lines which would allow water or ice to drop on, or in front of, coil or into unit.
- There must be unobstructed air flow around the air inlet and the air outlet.
- The unit must not be installed in areas where a flammable gas leak may occur.
- Install snow guards to prevent snow fall from entering air inlet and outlet. See figure 5.



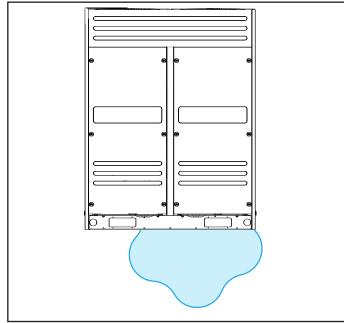


Figure 6. Avoid Ice Hazard

Wind baffles are not required for the outdoor units. However, in order to maximize reliability and performance, the following best practices should be followed. If unit coil cannot be installed away from prevailing winter winds, some method of protecting the coil is recommended. Minimum clearances from wind barrier must be observed at all times. Common application examples are:

• Construct a wind barrier. Size barrier at least the same height and width as outdoor unit. Install a barrier 39 inches (991 mm) minimum from the sides of the unit in the direction of prevailing winds as illustrated in figure 7.

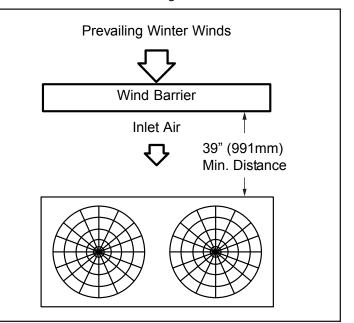


Figure 7. Wind Barrier

- Install the outdoor unit in a mechanical enclosure. See figure 8.
 - Provide additional heating to enclosure if necessary to maintain proper ambient temperature.
 - Duct discharge air if there isn't sufficient clearance above the unit.

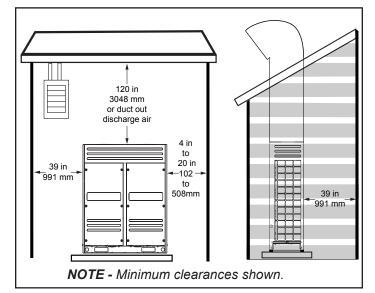


Figure 8. Mechanical Enclosure

Buried Refrigerant Pipe Protection

- All refrigerant lines must be insulated regardless of if it is buried.
- In addition to insulating each line of piping, buried lines must rest inside a **sealed**, **watertight** conduit.
- The conduit must be designed so it cannot collect and retain water.

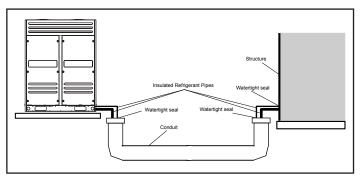


Figure 9. Buried Refrigerant Pipe Protection

Condensate Pipe Protection

 Use heated tape to protect condensate piping from freezing and/or rupturing.

NOTE - Separate power supply is required for heated tape.

Base Pan Heater

• Factory-installed base pan heater. No field connections required.

NOTE - Base pan heater operates during heating mode when outdoor temperatures are below 36°F. The base pan heater stops operation when outdoor temperatures are above 39°F.

Air Discharge Duct

- Before installing the air duct, remove the two fan guards from the top of the unit.
- Duct each outdoor unit separately. Do not use a combined plenum as this may result in air being not discharged directly to the outside.
- Only one bend is allowed in the air duct.
- Duct louvers will reduce air volume, cooling and heating capacity and efficiency. Louvers are not recommended; but, if they are required by the job, the louver angle should be no larger than 15°.
- It may be necessary to install a flexible connector between the unit and the duct to reduce vibration noise.

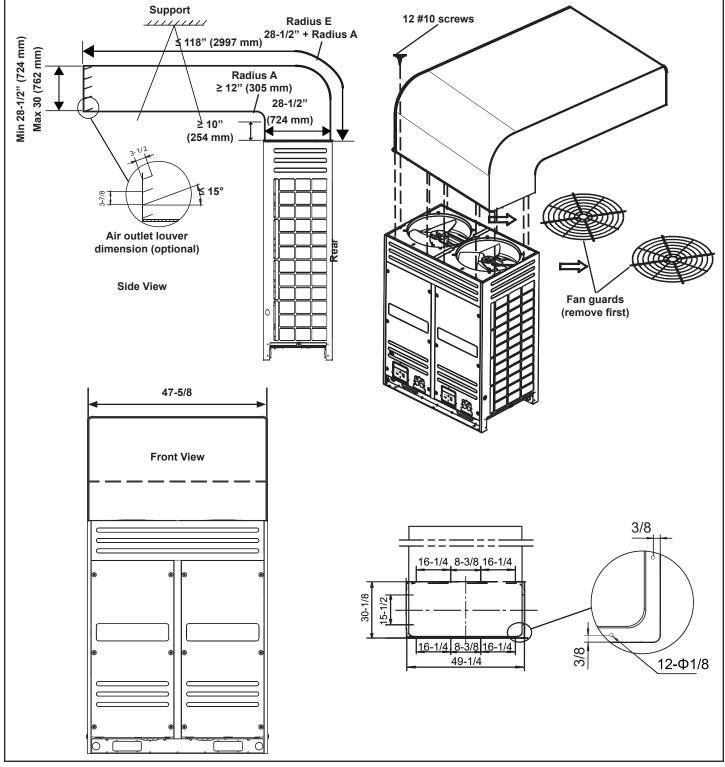


Figure 10. Air Discharge Duct (Front or Rear Connection)

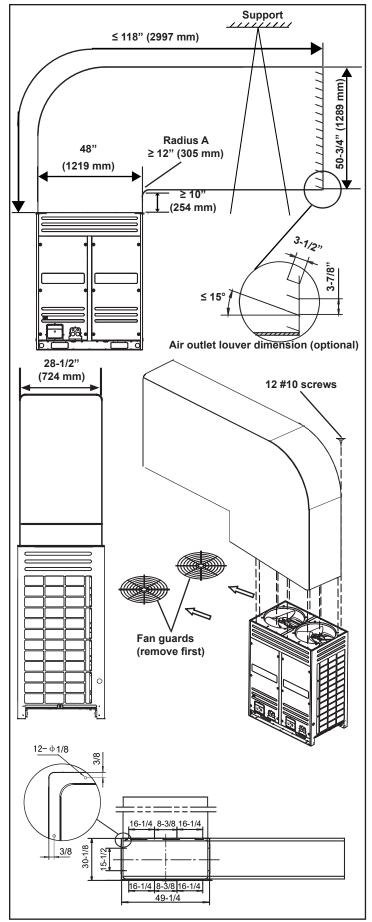
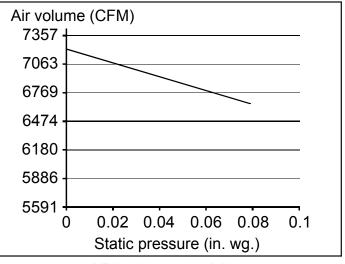
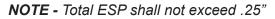


Figure 11. Air Discharge Duct (Side Connection)

Discharge Duct Pressure Curve



VPA072, 096, and 120



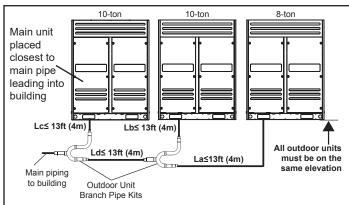
ACAUTION

In order to avoid injury, take proper precaution when lifting heavy objects. Take care when using a sling to lift the unit for

installation. The unit center of gravity is not at its physical center.

Main/Sub Outdoor Unit Placement

- A VRF system consisting of more than two outdoor units, must be placed in order from the largest to the smallest capacity. See figure 12.
- The largest capacity outdoor unit must be installed closest to the main pipe leading into the building. See figure 12.
- The largest capacity outdoor unit address is the main unit, while the others are the sub units. See figure 12.
- All the outdoor units manifolded together should be installed at the same elevation.



NOTE - All the outdoor units manifolded together should be installed at the same elevation.

Figure 12. Main/Sub Unit Placement (28-Ton System Example)

Installation

Slab or Roof Mounting

Install the unit a minimum of 8 inches (203 mm) above the roof or ground surface to avoid ice build-up around the unit. Locate the unit above a load-bearing wall or area of the roof that can adequately support the unit. Consult local codes for rooftop applications.

- Use a field supplied slab or suitably sized steelwork to construct a base for locating the condensing unit. All support work should be verified by a qualified engineer.
- If the unit coil cannot be installed away from prevailing winter winds, a wind barrier should be constructed. Size barrier at least the same height and width as outdoor unit. Install barrier 12 inches (305 mm) minimum from the sides of the unit in the direction of prevailing winds.

IMPORTANT!

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil. This will cause the rubber to swell when it comes into contact with oil. The rubber will then bubble and could cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

Securing Outdoor Unit to Slab or Frame

Use lag bolts at all four corners to secure the unit to the field-provided slab or frame. Isolation material can is used to control vibration or sound transmission, lag bolt must extend through material to the slab or frame. See figure 13.

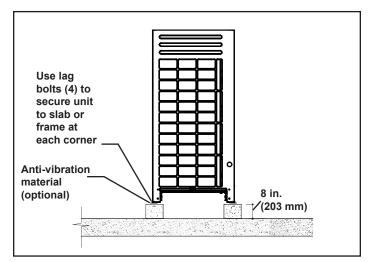


Figure 13. Securing Outdoor Unit to Slab or Frame

Refrigerant Piping Connections

Refrigerant leaks are unlikely; however, if a refrigerant leak occurs, open a door or windows to dilute the refrigerant in the room. Turn off the unit and all other appliances that may cause a spark. Call a licensed professional HVAC technician (or equivalent) to repair the leak.

Use only R-410A refrigerant to charge this system. Use of other refrigerant or gas will damage the equipment.

Do not allow air or other contaminants to enter system during installation of refrigerant piping. Contaminants will result in lower system capacity and abnormally high operating pressures and may result in system failure or explosion. Insulate all refrigerant piping.

Refrigerant pipes may be very hot during unit operation. Do not allow contact between wiring and bare copper pipes.

After refrigerant piping connections have been completed, check the system for leaks per commissioning instructions.

- Both liquid and gas (vapor) lines must be individually insulated.
- Field piping consists of two field-provided copper refrigerant lines connected to the outdoor unit. These lines carry the liquid and vapor refrigerant to and from the indoor unit(s).
- Refrigerant piping and wiring connections can be brought into the outdoor unit through openings provided in the front, side(s), pipe and underside (recommended) of the unit.
- Refrigerant piping must be connected using branch pipe kits.
- The following restrictions apply to each VPA system:
 - Total refrigerant pipe length 3280 ft. (1000 m)
 - Longest pipe length actual) 574 ft. (175 m)
 - Level difference between indoor units 98 ft. (30 m)
 - Piping length from the first branch pipe to the farthest indoor unit 132/295 ft. (40/90 m)
- For each branch pipe, allow 19-1/4" (488 mm) of equivalent length.
- When the outdoor unit is installed 66 feet (20 m) or more above the indoor units, install an oil return trap every 33 feet (10 m) in the main gas pipe. See figure 14 for trap specifications.

• When the outdoor unit is 132 feet (40 m) or more below the indoor units, increase the diameter of the liquid line pipe from the outdoor unit to the first branch pipe by one size.

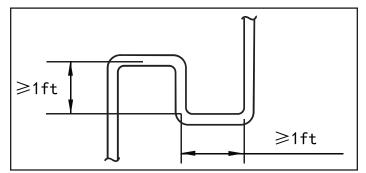


Figure 14. Oil Return Trap

- To extend the length from the first branch pipe to the farthest indoor unit beyond 132 ft. (40 m) and up to 295 ft. (90 m), the following three conditions must be met.
 - Increase diameter of the main pipe between the first and the last branch pipes. If the diameter of the pipe is the same as the main outdoor pipe, then it does not need to be increased. Ex: If 132 ft.<L5+L7+L10+L11 ≤ 295 ft., increase the diameter of all the pipes by one size.
 - The length from the indoor unit to the nearest branch pipe must be 132 ft. (40 m) or less. Ex: a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m ≤ 132 ft.
 - The difference between [the distance from the outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit] and [the distance from the outdoor unit to the nearest indoor unit] is ≤132 ft. Ex: (L1+L5+L7+L10+L11+j) - (L1+L5+L6+m) ≤ 132 ft.

IMPORTANT!

The compressor in this unit contains PVE oil (Polyvinylether). PVE oil is formulated for hydrofluorocarbon (HFC) refrigerants, such as R-410a, which this system contains. While it may have some miscibility properties with mineralbased oil and POE oil (Polyolester), you should not mix PVE oil with any other type of refrigerant oil.

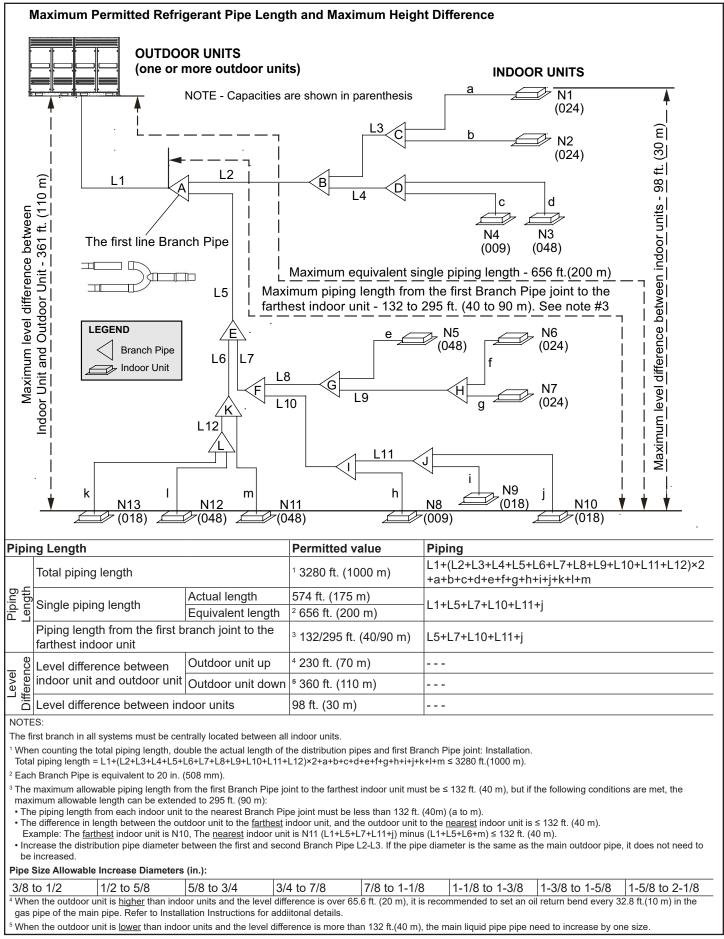


Figure 15. Typical Refrigerant Piping Diagram 1

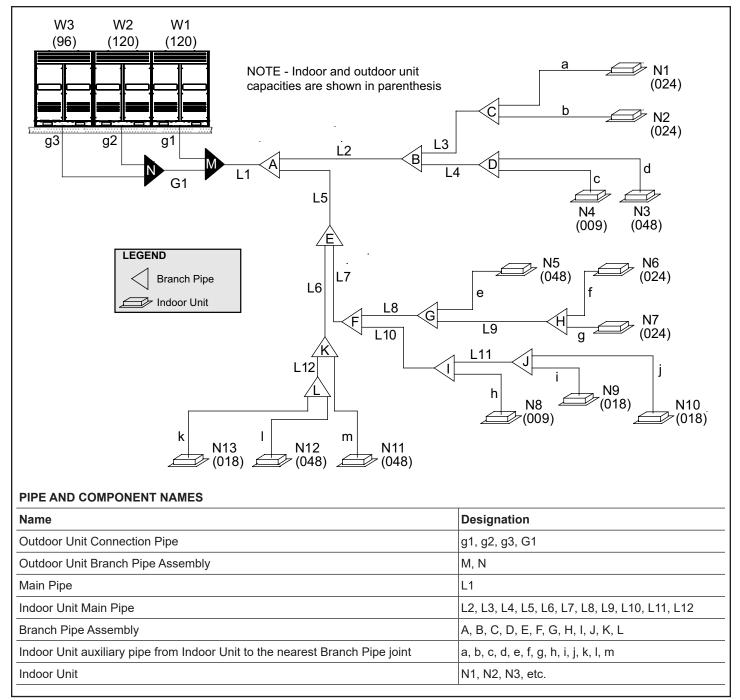


Figure 16. Typical Refrigerant Piping Diagram 2

OUTDOOR UNIT MAIN PIPE SELECTION (L1)

	Main Pipe Diameter (in.)						
Outdoor Unit Size	Equivalent length of all liquid pipes is <u>less</u> than 295 ft. (90 m)		First Branch	Equivalent length of all liquid pipes is <u>more</u> than 295 ft. (90 m)		First Branch	
	Low Pressure Gas Pipe	Liquid Pipe	Pipe Assembly	Low Pressure Gas Pipe	Liquid Pipe	Pipe Assembly	
072	7/8	3/8	V8IDBP02	7/8	1/2	V8IDBP02	
096	7/8	3/8	V8IDBP02	1-1/8	1/2	V8IDBP03	
120	1-1/8	1/2	V8IDBP03	1-1/8	5/8	V8IDBP03	
144	1-1/8	1/2	V8IDBP03	1-1/8	5/8	V8IDBP03	
168-216	1-1/8	5/8	V8IDBP03	1-3/8	3/4	V8IDBP04	
240	1-1/8	5/8	V8IDBP03	1-3/8	3/4	V8IDBP04	
264-312	1-3/8	3/4	V8IDBP04	1-3/8	7/8	V8IDBP04	

Note - The Main Pipe (L1) can be selected from the Outdoor Unit Main Pipe Selection table or the Indoor Unit Main Pipe Selection table, the larger size must be used.

INDOOR UNIT MAIN PIPE SELECTION (L1 to L12)

Indoor Unit	Indoor Unit Main	Pipe Diameter (in.)	Branch Pipe
Total Capacity (kBtuh)	Gas Pipe	Liquid Pipe	Assembly
A < 056	5/8	3/8	V8IDBP01
056 ≤ A < 078	3/4	3/8	V8IDBP01
078 ≤ A < 112	7/8	3/8	V8IDBP02
112 ≤ A < 156	1-1/8	1/2	V8IDBP03
156 ≤ A < 224	1-1/8	5/8	V8IDBP03
224 ≤ A < 314	1-3/8	3/4	V8IDBP04
314 ≤ A < 460	1-5/8	3/4	V8IDBP05
≤ 460	1-5/8	7/8	V8IDBP05

OUTDOOR UNIT PIPE SELECTION (g1, g2, g3, G1)

Dino	Outdoor Unit	Pipe Diameter (in.)	
Pipe	Size	Low Pressure Gas Pipe	Liquid Pipe
a1 a2 a2	6 or 8 ton	7/8	1/2
g1, g2, g3	10	1-1/8	5/8
G1		1-3/8	3/4

OUTDOOR UNIT BRANCH PIPE ASSEMBLY SELECTION (M, N)

Outdoor Unit Quantity	Parallel Connection with Branch Pipes
2 units	M use V8ODBP02HP
3 units	M + N use V8ODBP03HP

INDOOR UNIT AUXILIARY PIPE SELECTION

(From Indoor Unit To The Nearest Branch Joint (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m)

	Pipe Diameter (in.)					
Indoor Unit Capacity (kBtuh)	Pipe length from indoor unit to nearest branch joint					
	Pipe length <u>less</u> than 33 ft (10 m)		Pipe length <u>more</u> than 33 ft (10 m)			
	Gas Pipe	Liquid Pipe	Gas Pipe	Gas Pipe		
A<18	1/2	1/4	5/8	3/8		
18≤A<54	5/8	3/8	3/4	1/2		

Name	Gas Side Joints (inch)	Liquid Side Joints (inch)	Insulation Material (furnished)
V8IDBP01	00:3/4 00:3/4 00:3/4 00:3/4 00:3/4 00:3/4 00:3/4	10:1/4 10:3/8 00:3/8 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2	(2 sets)
V8IDBP02	00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8	10:1/4 10:3/8 10:3/8 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2 00:1/2	(2 sets)
V8IDBP03	10:3/4 10:3/4 10:3/4 10:7/8 00:1-1/8 00:1-1/8 00:1-1/8 10:1-1/8 10:1-1/8	10:1/4 10:3/8 (10:1/2) 00:5/8 00:5/8 00:5/8 10:3/8 10:3/8 00:5/8 10:3/4	(2 sets)
V8IDBP04	00:1-3/4 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8 00:1-3/8	10:3/8 10:1/2 10:1/2 (10:5/8) 00:3/4 00:3/4 00:3/4 10:3/4 10:3/4	(2 sets)
V8IDBP05	D:1-3/8 D:1-5/8 D:1-5/8 D:1-5/8 D:1-3/4 D:1-3/4	00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8 00:7/8	(2 sets)

Figure 17. Indoor Unit Branch Pipe Kits

- The seal on the unit refrigerant piping connections should remain in place until the last possible moment. This will prevent dust or water from getting into the refrigerant piping before it is connected.
- Flow the pipework with dry (oxygen-free) nitrogen (2.9 psig or 3 CFH) during brazing to avoid oxidation which may block the refrigerant piping.
- Do not use anti-oxidants when brazing.
- Do not use flux when brazing copper-to-copper piping. Use phosphor copper brazing filler alloy (BCuP) which does not require flux. Flux has a harmful effect on refrigerant pipe.
- Use a wet cloth to insulate the shut-off valve during brazing.
- Use dedicated gauges and hoses with R-410A equipment.

Pressure Test

- Follow the pressure test specifications in table 1 for pressure test.
- Use oxygen-free nitrogen to pressure test to 647 psig and hold for 1 hour.

Evacuate System

- Follow the Lennox pressure test specifications in table 1 and the triple evacuation process described on this page to pressure test and evacuate the system.
- Use a vacuum pump capable of evacuating to lower than 500 Microns (0.5 Torr).
- Do not open any of the outdoor unit shut-off valves (possible max 5 valves). The outdoor unit does not need to be evacuated.
- Evacuate the system to 500 Microns (0.5 Torr), or below, for 4 hours.

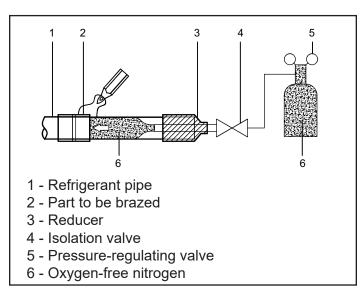


Figure 18. Brazing Best Practices

IMPORTANT!

Use only oxygen-free nitrogen (OFN).

Table 1. Pressure Test Specifications

1	3 bar	44 psig	minimum of 10 minutes
2	15 bar	220 psig	minimum of 10 minutes
3	32 bar	470 psig	minimum of 10 minutes
4	45 bar	650 psig	1 hour. Stress test to prove the integrity of the complete installation.
5	32 bar	470 psig	24 hours. Lower system pressure test, after confirmation No. 4 was successfully completed.

Triple Evacuation Procedure

A Micron or Torr gauge must be used for this procedure.

- 1. Discharge the oxygen-free nitrogen and evacuate the system to a reading of 8000 Microns (8 Torr) using all service valves.
- 2. Break the vacuum by allowing nitrogen into the three inter-connecting pipework port connections (low pressure gas pipe, high pressure gas pipe and liquid line pipe) until a positive pressure is achieved.
- 3. Evacuate the system to a reading of 5000 Microns (5 Torr).
- 4. Break the vacuum by allowing nitrogen into the three inter-connecting pipework port connections (low pressure gas pipe, high pressure gas pipe and liquid line pipe) until a positive pressure is achieved
- 5. Evacuate the system to a minimum reading of 500 Microns (0.5 Torr).
- 6. For a moisture free system, ensure the vacuum is held without movement for a minimum of 4 hours.
- 7. If pressure loss is detected, carry out steps 2 through 6 until no pressure loss is observed.

Additional Refrigerant Charge

- 1. Include 6.7 lbs. of refrigerant for each condensing unit in the system.
- 2. Calculate the additional refrigerant charge using the diameter and length of the liquid pipe (only) using Table 2 below.
- 3. Calculate the additional refrigerant charge for each liquid line branch pipe kit.
- If the ratio of VMDB or V33B Indoor unit capacity exceeds 80% of all indoor units, use Table 3 to determine the additional refrigerant charge to add.
- 5. Total all calculations.
- 6. Add the calculated additional refrigerant to the system.

Condensing Unit Calculation

Include 6.7 lbs. of refrigerant for each condensing unit in the system.

Liquid Line Length Calculation

Calculate additional refrigerant charge using the diameter and length of the liquid pipe.

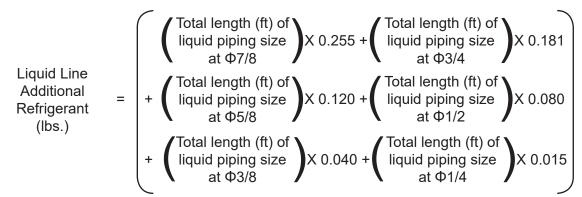
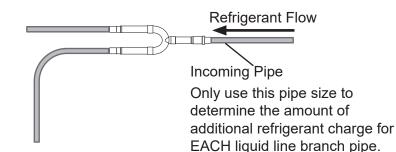


Table 2. Liquid Line Calculation

Branch Pipe Kit Calculation

Add 1.60 ft. (488 mm) per EACH liquid line branch pipe (incoming pipe size only) for additional charge calculation.

Example: The branch pipe kit has an incoming pipe size of 7/8" and outgoing pipe sizes of 3/8" and 5/8". Use only the incoming pipe size of 7/8" to calculate the additional refrigerant charge for this branch pipe kit.



Indoor Unit Calculation

If the ratio of VMDB **or** V33B Indoor unit capacity exceeds 80% of all indoor units, use Table 3 to determine the additional refrigerant charge to add.

Outdoor Unit Module	Pounds of additional refrigerant if ratio of VMDB Indoor units exceeds 80% of all indoor units.	Pounds of additional refrigerant if ratio of V33B indoor units exceeds 80% of all indoor units.
V*A072L4M	5.29	7.05
V*A096L4M	5.29	9.70
V*A120L4M	7.05	10.58
V*A144L4M	8.82	10.58
V*A168L4M	9.70	18.52
V*A192L4M	10.58	21.16
V*A216L4M	10.58	21.16
V*A240L4M	10.58	21.16
V*A264L4M	10.58	21.16
V*A288L4M	10.58	21.16
V*A312L4M	10.58	21.16
V*A336L4M	10.58	21.16

Table 3, VMDB or V33B Indoor Unit Capacit	ty Ratio over 80% of All Indoor Units Additional Charge Amount
	ty Natio over 00 /0 of All indoor office Additional offarge Amount

Refrigerant Discharge

For systems containing more than 110 lb (50 kg) of R410A refrigerant, pressure-relief devices and fusible plugs shall discharge to the atmosphere at a location not less than 15 ft (4.57 m) above the adjoining

ground level and not less than 20 ft (6.1 m) from any window, ventilation opening, or exit in any building. Local codes may lower this charge limit and shall be investigated by the design engineer.

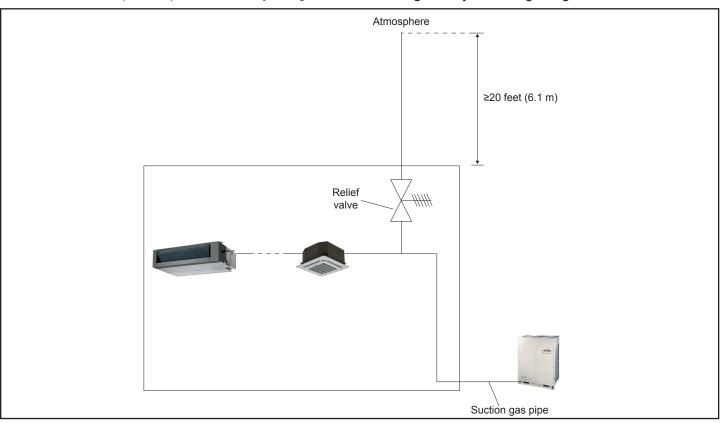


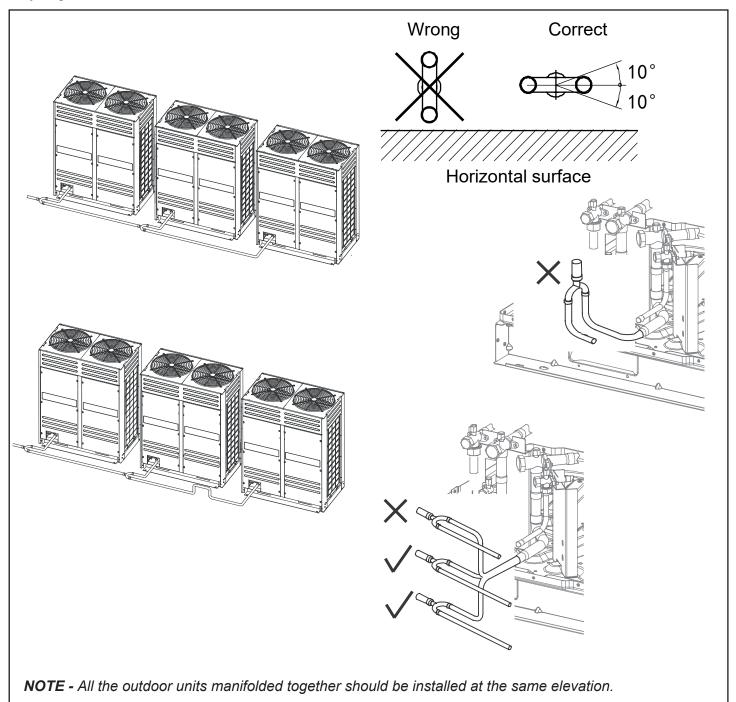
Figure 19. Refrigerant Discharge

Connecting Manifolded Units

- See the instruction manual included with the branch pipe kit for detailed connection information.
- Connect the branch pipes between outdoor units so that they are horizontal level ±10°.
- Do not install outdoor unit branch pipes vertically.
- Do not allow pipe to block outdoor unit access panels.
- Install a reverse trap if needed.

NOTE - Outdoor unit is shipped for bottom pipe entry. For front pipe entry installation, use parts in accessory bag.

- Branch kits include pipes with graduated diameters. The piping can be cut to suit the installation needs. Use a pipe cutter designed for refrigeration tubing. Discard unused pipe.
- Refer to the Lennox VRF Selection Software (LVSS) pipe sizing diagram to obtain the correct inlet and outlet sizes for the installation.
- Keep all components sealed until brazing.



Internal valve layouts are the same in both heat recovery and heat pump units, it is their function that is different. Pay close attention when making final piping connections. Heat Pump internal valve layouts are described below. See the Heat Recovery installation manual for heat pump internal valve information.

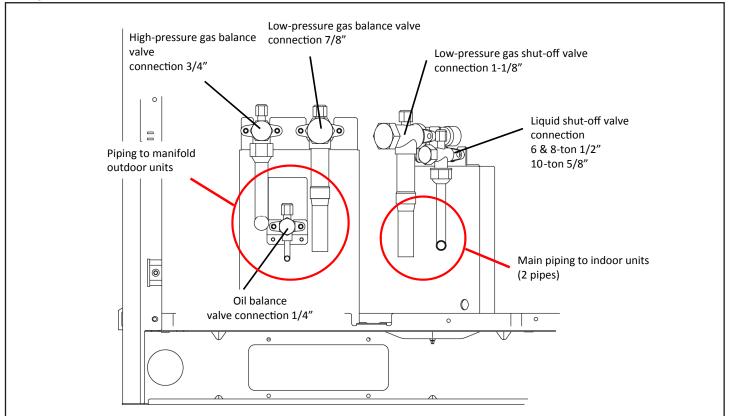


Figure 21. Heat Pump Internal Valve Layout

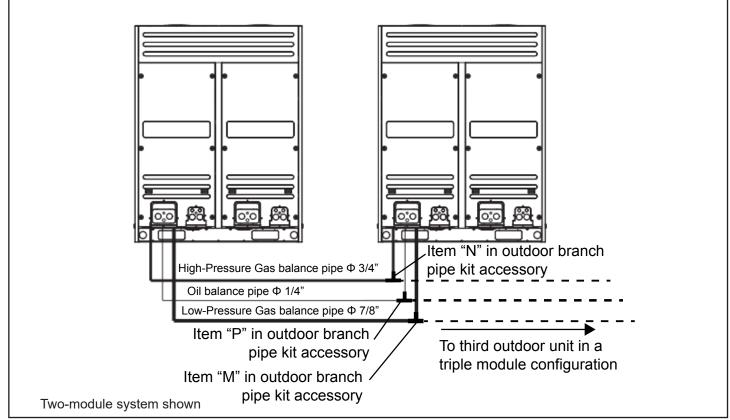
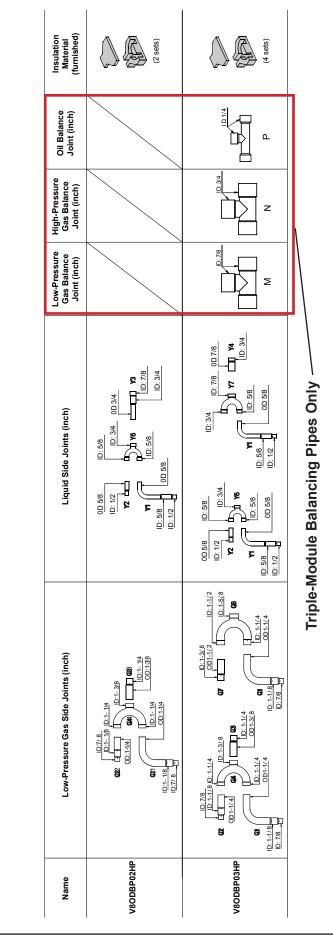


Figure 22. Balancing Pipe Sizes for Manifolded Outdoor Units



Refer to the pipe sizing diagram in the system calculation and selection report to determine pipe sizes. See figures 15 and 16 for manual calculations.

Branch pipe kits are used to complete the piping for connecting outdoor units. T-shape connectors are used for balancing pipes only. U-shaped connectors are combined in the field to connect refrigerant piping for the structure. See figure 22.

Figure 23. Outdoor Unit Branch Pipe Kits

Wiring Connections

AWARNING

Isolate the power supply before accessing unit electrical terminals.

Install unit so that unit disconnect is accessible. Follow all local and national codes, as well as this installation instruction, during installation. Do NOT overload electrical circuit, as this may lead to failure and possible fire.

Use specified wiring and cable to make electrical connections. Clamp cables securely and make sure that connections are tight to avoid strain on wiring. Insecure wiring connections may result in equipment failure and risk of fire.

Wiring must be installed so that all cover plates can be securely closed.

ACAUTION

This unit must be properly grounded and protected by a circuit breaker. The ground wire for the unit must not be connected to a gas or water pipe, a lightning conductor or a telephone ground wire.

Do not connect power wires to the outdoor unit until all other wiring and piping connections have been completed.

Install all wiring at least 3 feet away from televisions, radios or other electronic devices in order to avoid the possibility of interference with the unit operation.

Separate power wiring supplies must be provided for the outdoor unit and indoor unit(s).

Do not cross-connect refrigerant piping or signal wires between VRF systems. Each VRF system must be piped and wired separately.

Each indoor unit must have its own electrical disconnect.

Do not run signal wire and power wire in the same conduit; keep distance between the two conduits per local codes. (Make sure to set address of outdoor unit in case of parallel multioutdoor units. NOTE - Each outdoor unit requires a separate power supply protected by a suitably sized circuit breaker.

- 1. Select the appropriate electrical inlet into the outdoor unit. Local and national codes apply.
- Locate the terminal strip in the outdoor unit control box. Connect the power wiring (sized per NEC/ CEC and local codes) and communications cable (3-conductor, shielded cable) per figure 24. Refer to unit nameplate for rated voltage.

IMPORTANT!

DO NOT adjust DIP switch settings. Settings may only be adjusted by a trained technician as part of the commissioning procedures.

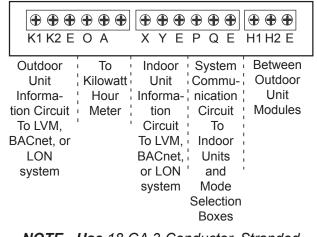
Take care when making final power and control cable connections. Cross connection will result in damage to unit's main board.

Only apply power to the system after performing all of the pre-commissioning steps.



208/230V 60Hz 3Ph or 460V 60Hz 3Ph Power Supply

Communication Terminal Strip



NOTE - Use 18 GA 3-Conductor, Stranded, Shielded Communication Cable

Figure 24. Wiring Terminals

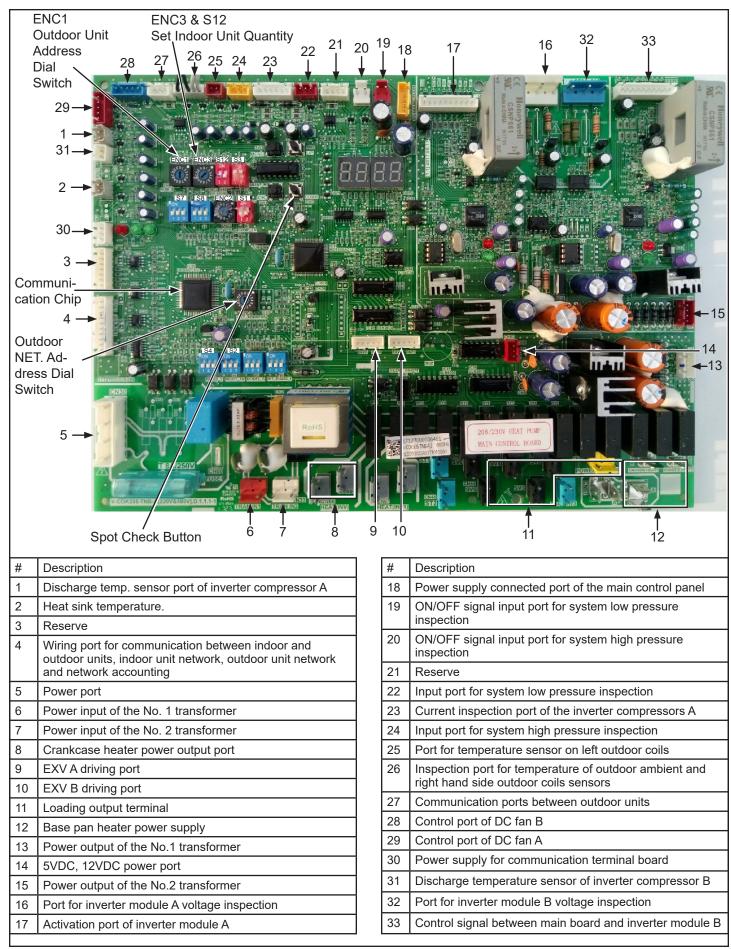


Figure 25. VPA072L, VPA096L, & VPA120L Main Board

Model No.		VPA072L		VPA096L		VPA120L	
Line voltage data - 60 hz - 3 phase		208/230V	460V	208/230V	460V	208/230V	460V
¹ Maximum C	Overcurrent Protection (amps)	70	35	90	40	90	45
² Minimum circuit ampacity		54.7	27.6	67	32.1	68.2	34.4
Compressor	No. of compressors	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Rated load amps (Standard)	22	11	29	13	30	14
	Rated load amps (Low temperature)	20+19	10+9	25+25	12+11	26+25	13+12
Outdoor Fan	Motor type	DC	DC	DC	DC	DC	DC
Motor	No. of motors	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Full load amps	4.1+4.1	1.8+1.8	4.1+4.1	1.8+1.8	4.1+4.1	1.8+1.8
	Input - W	750+750	750+750	750+750	750+750	750+750	750+750
	Output - W	600+600	600+600	600+600	600+600	600+600	600+600

Table 3. VPA Electrical Data

NOTES:

In multiple module systems each outdoor unit requires a separate electrical connection.

Incoming voltage must not be above or below these voltage ranges: 208/230V - 191V minimum, 247V maximum; 460V - 423V minimum , 497V maximum. 2% Maximum line voltage tolerance between phases.

¹ HACR type circuit breaker or fuse.

² Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

DIP Switch Functions

S1 Starting Delay Setting

	<u> </u>
S1 ON 12	Starting delay is 10 minutes
S1 ON 1 2	Starting delay is 12 minutes (Default factory setting)

S2 Nighttime Selection

S2	Do n
ON	Lenn
123	adjus

Do not adjust without guidance of the Lennox VRF technical support. Incorrect adjustments will affect system performance.

S3 Night Silent Mode Setting



Do not adjust without guidance of the Lennox VRF technical support. Incorrect adjustments will affect system performance.

S4 Static Pressure Setting

ON 54 1 2 3	Static pressure mode is 0 WG (Default factory setting)
S4 ON 123	Static pressure mode is low pressure (Reserve position, used for customized unit)
S4 ON 123	Static pressure mode is medium pressure (Reserve position, used for customized unit)
S4 ON 1 2 3	Static pressure mode is high pressure (Reserve position, used for customized unit)

S5 Controller Priority Setting

	, <u> </u>
S5 ON 123	Heating priority mode (Default factory setting)
S5 ON 1 2 3	Cooling priority mode
S5 ON 123	Priority mode (VIP priority or Vote priority)
S5 ON 123	Only respond to heating mode
S5 ON 1 2 3	Only respond to cooling mode

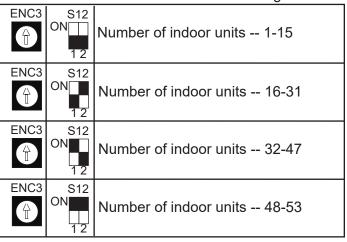
S6 Unit Addressing Setting

S6 ON 123	Automatically assign outdoor and indoor unit addresses
S6 ON 1 2 3	Manually assign indoor unit addresses using wireless remote control. (Default factory setting)
S6 ON 123	Reset all unit addresses

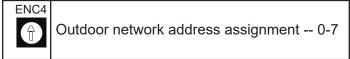
ENC 1 Outdoor Unit Address Setting

	U	
ENC1	1 Outdoor unit address assignment	
	0 - Main unit	
	1 -2 Sub units	

ENC 3 and S12 Indoor Unit Address Setting



ENC 4 Outdoor Unit Network Address Setting



NOTE - Dip switch handle location is shown as a solid black box in the tables.

SW2 Query Instructions

# Displayed	Parameter description	Parameter value*
0	Outdoor unit address	0,1, 2
1	Outdoor unit capacity	6, 8,10 tons
2	Modular outdoor unit quantity	Available for main unit
3	Operation mode	0, 2, 3, 4
4	Total capacity of outdoor unit	Capacity requirement
5	Cooling capacity	Sub unit only displays capacity of main mode
6	Heating capacity	Sub unit only displays capacity of main mode
7	T4 ambient temperature revision of cooling capacity	
8	T4 ambient temperature revision of heating capacity	
9	The outdoor unit actual operation capacity	Capacity requirement
10	Speed of fan A	0, 1,, 14, 15
11	Speed of fan B	0, 1,, 14, 15
12	T2 average temperature	Actual value
13	T2B average temperature	Actual value
14	Left hand side condenser temperature sensor – T3	Actual value
15	Right hand side condenser temperature sensor – T5	Actual value
16	T4 outdoor ambient temperature	Actual value
17	Discharge temperature of inverter compressor A	Actual value
18	Discharge temperature of inverter compressor B	Actual value
19	Inverter module temperature	Actual value
20	Saturated temperature corresponding to the discharge pressure	Actual value + 30
21	Minimum discharge superheat	Actual value
22	Current of inverter compressor A	Actual value
23	Current of inverter compressor B	Actual value
24	State of the evaporator or condenser	0, 1, 2
25	Opening of EXV A	Actual value ÷ 8
26	Opening of EXV B	Actual value ÷ 8
27	High pressure	Actual value x 10
28	Quantity of Indoor units	That can communicate with indoor units
29	Quantity of Indoor units in cooling	Actual value
30	Quantity of Indoor units in heating	Actual value
31	Reserve	
32	Noise control mode	0, 1, 2, 3
33	Static pressure mode	0, 1, 2, 3
34	Reserve	
35	Reserve	
36	Reserve	
37	Last alarm code	If no alarm code, displays 888
38	Remove fault number of times	
39	Low pressure	Actual value x 10
40		Check end

*Units of temperature are shown as °C, units of pressure are shown as MPa.

NOTES - Normal display: When in standby mode, the left position displays the address of the outdoor unit and the right position displays the quantity of indoor units that can communicate with the outdoor unit.

When the compressor is operating, the LED display shows the rotation frequency of the compressor.

Operation mode: 0-OFF; 2-Cooling; 3-Heating; 4-Forced cooling; 5-Mixed cooling; 6-Mixed Heating.

Fan speed: 0-Stop; 1~15: Speed increase gradually, (15 is the maximum speed).

EXV opening: Pulse count=Actual value ÷ 8; State of the evaporator or condenser: 0-All condenser; 1-Left evaporator/right condenser; 2-All evaporator.

Night noise control mode: 0-Night silent mode; 1-Silent mode; 2-Silent silent mode ; 3-None silent mode.

Static pressure mode: 0-Static pressure is 0 WG; 1-Low static pressure; 2-Medium static pressure; 3-High static pressure.

Main Control Board Buttons Functions and Definitions

Button	Definition
SW1	ОК
SW2	Down
SW3	Menu
SW4	Up

- Press SW3 (Menu) to enter Main Menu and show "n1", press SW4 (UP) and SW2 (Down) to switch the Main Menu item.
- Press SW3 (Menu) to back to normal display.
- Press SW1 (OK) to enter the Main Menu item, n2 for example. Then press SW4 (UP) and SW2 (Down) to switch the Sub Menu item. Press SW3 (Menu) to back to Main Menu.
- Press SW1 (OK) to activate the function.

Main Menu	Sub Menu	Function
n1	n12	Force cooling ¹
n2	n26	Service mode ¹
n2	n27	Vacuum mode ¹
n3	n31	Query history error code

¹ Only Shows on main outdoor unit.

- Force Cooling. System will be forced to operate cooling, and all indoor units will be forced to operate cooling as well.
- Service mode. System will not detect indoor unit quantity last for 4 hours, during the period, outdoor unit will never show H7 error even an indoor unit is offline. System will automatically exit service mode after 4 hours.
- Vacuum mode. All the valves in the system the outdoor unit valves, Mode Selection box valves, and indoor unit valves will be opened. This function is for vacuuming the system.
- Query history error code. You can query the last 10 error code, and press SW4 (UP) and SW2 (Down) to check the error code back and forth.
- **Exit function.** Press button SW1 (OK) and hold for 5 seconds or you can re-energize the system to exit current function.

Electrical Installation for Indoor and Outdoor Units

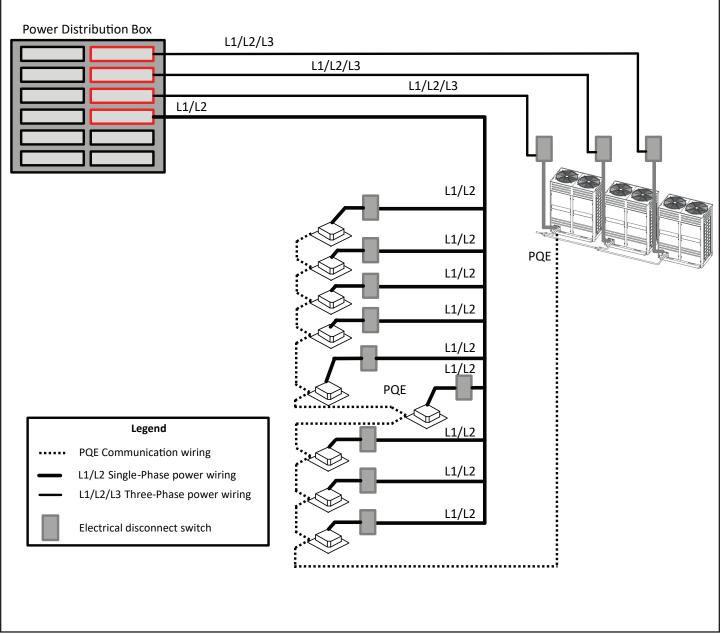


Figure 26. VPA Typical Power Wiring

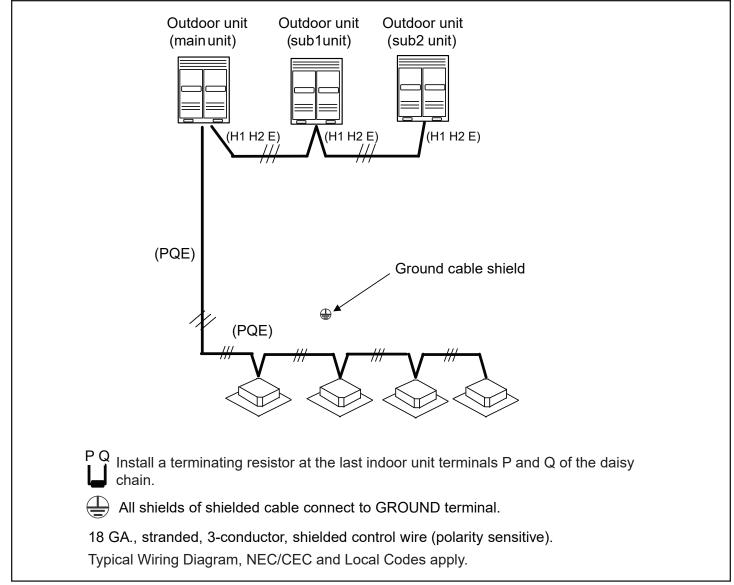


Figure 27. VPA Typical Control Wiring

Trial Run

Before operation, remove the six (6) pieces of PE foam which are used at the rear of the unit for protecting the outdoor coils. Be careful not to damage the fin; otherwise, the heat exchange performance may be affected. Also remove the PE foam which is used inside the front right hand side panel adjacent to the compressor.

Precautions Before Start Up

- Confirm that refrigeration piping and communication wiring of the indoor and outdoor units have been connected to the same refrigeration system.
- Check and confirm that incoming voltage must not be above or below these voltage ranges: 208/230V - 191V minimum, 247V maximum; 460V - 423V minimum , 497V maximum. 2% Maximum line voltage tolerance between phases.
- Check and confirm that the power wire and control wire are correctly connected.
- Check whether wired controller is properly connected.
- Before power up, confirm there is no short circuit to ground.

- Check whether all units have passed nitrogen pressure test for 24 hours at recommended pressure rating.
- Confirm whether the system has been evacuated.
- Calculate the additional refrigerant charge for each system according to the actual length of liquid pipe and add as necessary.
- Have system plan, system piping diagram and control wiring diagrams on hand for reference.
- Record the setting address code on the system plan.
- Turn on power to outdoor unit for 12 hours for crank case heater to warm the oil in the compressor.
- Ensure all necessary service valves are open.
- All dial codes and DIP switches of indoor and outdoor unit have been set according to the technical requirement of product, see the indoor unit manual for information about the indoor unit.

Identify Name of Each System

 To clearly identify the connected systems between two or more indoor units and outdoor unit, select names for every system and record them on the nameplate on the outdoor electric control box cover. Technical Support 1-844-GET-VRF1 (1-844-438-8731) vrftechsupport@lennoxind.com www.LennoxVRF.com

Download the app from the Apple App Store or the Google Play store.

