

UNIT INFORMATION

LGM SERIES
13 to 25 ton
45.7 to 88 kW

Service Literature

100024
Revised 08/2021

LGM156U through 300U

The LGM156H, 180, 210, 240 and 300 units are configured to order units (CTO) with a wide selection of factory installed options.

The LGM156 \ 300 is available in 169,000 to 480,000 Btuh. See SPECIFICATIONS-GAS HEAT for more detail per model.

Gas heat sections are designed with aluminized steel tube heat exchangers with stainless steel as an option.

Cooling capacities range from 13 to 25 tons (45.7 to 88 kW).

LGM156 and 180 utilize three compressors and four condenser fans, while LGM210, 240 and 300 utilize four compressors and six condenser fans.

Multi-Stage Air Volume MSAV® blower option is available. The VFD-driven blower will operate at lower speeds when demand is low and increase to higher speeds when demand is high.

Variable speed VAV system is available as an option which enables supply duct static measurement to control blower CFM and discharge air temperature to control cooling stages.

All LGM units are designed to accept any of several different energy management thermostat control systems with minimum field wiring. Factory- or field-provided control options connect to the unit through Smartwire connectors. When “plugged in” the controls become an integral part of the unit wiring.

The CORE Control System is designed to accelerate equipment install and service. Standard with all Model L™ rooftop units, control system integrates key technologies that lower installation costs, drive system efficiency, and protect your investments.

The CORE Unit Controller is a microprocessor-based controller that provides flexible control of all unit functions.

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.



WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier.

WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

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OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item Description	Catalog Number	Unit Model No					
		156	180	210	240	300	
COOLING SYSTEM							
Condensate Drain Trap	PVC	22H54	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
	Copper	76W27	X	X	X	X	X
Corrosion Protection	Factory		O	O	O	O	O
Drain Pan Overflow Switch	21Z07		OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Refrigerant Type	R-410A		O	O	O	O	O
Service Valves (not for Humiditrol™+ equipped units)	Factory		O	O	O	O	O
HEATING SYSTEM							
Bottom Gas Piping Kit	85M31		OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Combustion Air Intake Extensions (order two)	89L97		X	X	X	X	X
Gas Heat Input	Low - 169,000 Btuh	Factory	O	O	O		
	Standard - 260,000 Btuh	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	Medium - 360,000 Btuh	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	High - 480,000 Btuh	Factory		O	O	O	O
Low Temperature Vestibule Heater	208/230V-3ph	22H58	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
	460V-3ph	22H59	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
	575V-3ph	22V43	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
LPG/Propane Conversion Kits (Order 2 kits)	Low Heat	14N28	X	X	X		
	Standard Heat	14N28	X	X	X	X	X
	Medium Heat	14N29	X	X	X	X	X
	High Heat	14N30		X	X	X	X
Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger	Factory		O	O	O	O	O
Vertical Vent Extension Kit (Order two kits)	42W16		X	X	X	X	X
BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR							
Blower Option							
	SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume) - With VFD Bypass Control	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume) - Without VFD Bypass Control	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	VAV (Variable Air Volume) - Without VFD Bypass Control	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
Motors	Belt Drive (standard efficiency) - 2 hp	Factory	O				
	Belt Drive (standard efficiency) - 3 hp	Factory	O	O	O		
	Belt Drive (standard efficiency) - 5 hp	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	Belt Drive (standard efficiency) - 7.5 hp	Factory		O	O	O	O
	Belt Drive (standard efficiency) - 10 hp	Factory				O	O
Drive Kits See Blower Data Tables for usage and selection	Kit #1 535-725 rpm	Factory	O	O	O		
	Kit #2 710-965 rpm	Factory	O	O	O		
	Kit #3 685-856 rpm	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	Kit #4 850-1045 rpm	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	Kit #5 945-1185 rpm	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
	Kit #6 850-1045 rpm	Factory		O	O	O	O
	Kit #7 945-1185 rpm	Factory		O	O	O	O
	Kit #8 1045-1285 rpm	Factory		O	O	O	O
	Kit #10 1045-1285 rpm	Factory				O	O
	Kit #11 1135-1365 rpm	Factory				O	O
	Blower Belt Auto-Tensioner	Factory	O	O	O	O	O

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed

O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed)

X = Field Installed

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item Description	Catalog Number	Unit Model No				
		156	180	210	240	300
CONTROLS						
Blower Proving Switch	21Z10	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Commercial Controls	LonTalk® Module - For Lennox® CORE Control System	54W27	OX	OX	OX	OX
	Novar® LSE	Factory	O	O	O	O
	L Connection® Building Automation System	- - -	X	X	X	X
Dirty Filter Switch	53W68	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Fresh Air Tempering	21Z08	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply or Return (Power board and one sensor)	83W40	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply and Return (Power board and two sensors)	83W41	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
INDOOR AIR QUALITY						
Air Filters						
Healthy Climate® High Efficiency Air Filters 24 x 24 x 2 in.	MERV 8 (Order 6)	54W67	OX	OX	OX	OX
	MERV 13 (Order 6)	52W40	OX	OX	OX	OX
	MERV 16 (Order 6)	21U42	OX	OX	OX	OX
Replacement Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame 24 x 24 x 2 in. (includes non-pleated filter media)	(Order 6)	44N61	X	X	X	X
Indoor Air Quality (CO₂) Sensors						
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with LCD display	77N39	X	X	X	X	X
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover, no display	87N53	X	X	X	X	X
Sensor - Black plastic case with LCD display, rated for plenum mounting	87N52	X	X	X	X	X
Sensor - Wall-mount, black plastic case, no display, rated for plenum mounting	87N54	X	X	X	X	X
CO ₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflow applications	85L43	X	X	X	X	X
Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-plenum rated CO ₂ sensors (87N53 or 77N39)	90N43	X	X	X	X	X
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI)						
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI) Kit	21U37	OX	OX	OX		
	21U38				OX	
	21U39					OX
UVC Germicidal Light Kit						
¹ Healthy Climate® UVC Light Kit (110/230v-1ph)	21A94	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Step-Down Transformer	460V primary, 230V secondary	10H20	X	X	X	X
	575V primary, 230V secondary	10H21	X	X	X	X
ELECTRICAL						
Voltage 60 Hz	208/230V - 3 phase	Factory	O	O	O	O
	460V - 3 phase	Factory	O	O	O	O
	575V - 3 phase	Factory	O	O	O	O
HACR Circuit Breakers		Factory	O	O	O	O
² Short-Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 100kA (includes Phase/Voltage Detection)		Factory	O	O	O	O
Disconnect Switch (see Disconnect Table for usage, page 39)	80 amp		OX	OX	OX	OX
	150 amp		OX	OX	OX	OX
	250 amp					OX
GFI Service Outlets	15 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V, 575V)	74M70	OX	OX	OX	OX
	15 amp factory-wired and powered (208/230V, 460V, 575V)	Factory	O	O	O	O
	20 amp non-powered, field-wired (575V only)	67E01	OX	OX	OX	OX
Weatherproof Cover for GFI		10C89	X	X	X	X

¹ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V and 575V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s).

² Disconnect Switch not available with higher SCCR option.

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

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OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item Description	Catalog Number	Unit Model No				
		156	180	210	240	300
ECONOMIZER						
High Performance Economizer (Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards AMCA Class 1A Certified)						
High Performance Economizer Downflow or Horizontal - Includes Outdoor Air Hood. NOTE - Order Downflow or Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers separately.	22J18	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Economizer Controls						
Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24)	Order 2 21Z09	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Sensible Control	Sensor is Furnished Factory	O	O	O	O	O
Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24)	21Z09	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Global Control	Sensor Field Provided Factory	O	O	O	O	O
Building Pressure Control	13J77	X	X	X	X	X
Outdoor Air CFM Control	13J76	X	X	X	X	X
Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hood (required with economizer)						
Downflow Barometric Relief Dampers	54W78	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers	16K99	X	X	X	X	X
OUTDOOR AIR						
Outdoor Air Dampers With Outdoor Air Hood						
Motorized	22J27	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
Manual	13U05	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
¹ POWER EXHAUST (DOWNFLOW APPLICATIONS ONLY)						
Standard Static, SCCR Rated	208/230V 22H90	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
	460V 22H91	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
	575V 22V34	OX	OX	OX	OX	OX
HUMIDITROL™+ HOT GAS REHEAT OPTION - SZVAV MODELS ONLY						
Humiditrol+ Dehumidification Option	Factory	O	O	O	O	O
CABINET						
Combination Coil/Hail Guards	13T12	X	X	X	X	X

¹ Field installed Power Exhaust requires Economizer with Outdoor Air Hood and Downflow Barometric Relief Dampers with Exhaust Hood. Must be ordered separately.

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

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OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES

Item Description	Catalog Number	Unit Model No				
		156	180	210	240	300
ROOF CURBS						
Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow						
8 in. height	11F58	X	X	X	X	X
14 in. height	11F59	X	X	X	X	X
18 in. height	11F60	X	X	X	X	X
24 in. height	11F61	X	X	X	X	X
Adjustable Pitch Curb						
14 in. height	43W26	X	X	X	X	X
Standard Roof Curbs, Horizontal - Requires Horizontal Return Air Panel Kit						
26 in. height - slab applications	11T89	X	X	X	X	
30 in. height - slab applications	11T90					X
37 in. height - rooftop applications	11T96	X	X	X	X	
41 in. height - rooftop applications	11T97					X
Insulation Kit For Standard Horizontal Roof Curbs						
for 26 in. height curb	73K32	X	X	X	X	
for 30 in. height curb	73K33					X
for 37 in. height curb	73K34	X	X	X	X	
for 41 in. height curb	73K35					X
Horizontal Return Air Panel Kit						
Required for Horizontal Applications with Roof Curb	87M00	X	X	X	X	X
CEILING DIFFUSERS						
Step-Down - Order one	RTD11-185S	13K63	X	X		
	RTD11-275S	13K64			X	X
Flush - Order one	FD11-185S	13K58	X	X		
	FD11-275S	13K59			X	X
Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order one	C1DIFF33C-1	12X68	X	X		
	C1DIFF34C-1	12X70			X	X

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering optional accessories if a field installed option is available.

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SPECIFICATIONS

13 TON

General Data		Nominal Tonnage	13 Ton	13 Ton	
		Model Number	LGM156U4M	LGM156U4V	
		Efficiency Type	Ultra-High	Ultra-High	
		Blower Type	SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume)	VAV (Variable Air Volume)	
Cooling Performance	Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh		154,000	154,000	
	¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh		150,000	150,000	
	¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm		4250	4250	
	Total Unit Power - kW		12.5	12.5	
	¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)		19.0	18.5	
	¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)		12.0	12.0	
Refrigerant Charge	Refrigerant Type		R-410A	R-410A	
Without Reheat	Circuit 1		16 lbs. 12 oz.	16 lbs. 12 oz.	
		Circuit 2	9 lbs. 9 oz.	9 lbs. 9 oz.	
		Circuit 3	9 lbs. 8 oz.	9 lbs. 8 oz.	
	With Reheat	Circuit 1		21 lbs. 3 oz.	---
		Circuit 2		12 lbs. 8 oz.	---
		Circuit 3		9 lbs. 8 oz.	---
Gas Heating Options Available		See page 26			
Compressor Type (number)		Variable Capacity Scroll (1) Fixed Capacity Scroll (2)			
Outdoor Coils	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		55.2	55.2	
	Tube diameter - in.		3/8	3/8	
	Number of rows		2	2	
	Fins per inch		20	20	
Outdoor Coil Fans	Motor - (No.) horsepower		(4) 1/3 ECM	(4) 1/3 ECM	
	Motor rpm		450-1075	450-1075	
	Total Motor watts		155 - 1150	155 - 1150	
	Diameter - (No.) in.		(4) 24	(4) 24	
	Number of blades		3	3	
	Total Air volume - cfm		16,000	16,000	
Indoor Coils	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		21.40	21.40	
	Tube diameter - in.		3/8	3/8	
	Number of rows		3	3	
	Fins per inch		14	14	
	Drain connection - No. and size		(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT	
	Expansion device type	Balance port TXV, removable head			
² Indoor Blower and Drive Selection	Nominal motor output		2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hp		
	Max. usable motor output (US)		2.3 hp, 3.45 hp, 5.75 hp		
	Motor - Drive kit number		2 hp		
			Kit 1 535-725 rpm		
		Kit 2 710-965 rpm			
		3 hp			
		Kit 1 535-725 rpm			
	Kit 2 710-965 rpm				
	5 hp				
	Kit 3 - 685-856 rpm				
	Kit 4 850-1045 rpm				
	Kit 5 945-1185 rpm				
	Blower wheel nominal D x W - in.		(2) 15 x 15 in.	(2) 15 x 15 in.	
Filters	Type of filter	Fiberglass, disposable			
	Number and size - in.	(6) 24 x 24 x 2			
Electrical characteristics		208/230V, 460V, or 575V - 60 hz -3 phase			

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

NOTE – Blower motor service factor = 1.0.

SPECIFICATIONS

15 TON | 17.5 TON

General Data		Nominal Tonnage	15 Ton	15 Ton	17.5 Ton	17.5 Ton	
		Model Number	LGM180U4M	LGM180U4V	LGM210U4M	LGM210U4V	
		Efficiency Type	Ultra-High	Ultra-High	Ultra-High	Ultra-High	
		Blower Type	SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume)	VAV (Variable Air Volume)	SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume)	VAV (Variable Air Volume)	
Cooling Performance	Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh		176,000	176,000	206,000	206,000	
	¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh		172,000	172,000	200,000	200,000	
	¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm		5250	5250	5400	5400	
	Total Unit Power - kW		14.3	14.3	16.7	16.7	
	¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)		19.0	17.5	18.8	18.0	
	¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)		12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	
Refrigerant Charge		Refrigerant Type	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	
	Without Reheat	Circuit 1	19 lbs. 14 oz.	19 lbs. 14 oz.	10 lbs. 8 oz.	10 lbs. 8 oz.	
		Circuit 2	10 lbs. 15 oz.	10 lbs. 15 oz.	9 lbs. 10 oz.	9 lbs. 10 oz.	
		Circuit 3	10 lbs. 6 oz.	10 lbs. 6 oz.	9 lbs. 10 oz.	9 lbs. 10 oz.	
		Circuit 4	---	---	9 lbs. 12 oz.	9 lbs. 12 oz.	
	With Reheat	Circuit 1	22 lbs. 2 oz.	---	10 lbs. 8 oz.	---	
		Circuit 2	12 lbs. 6 oz.	---	11 lbs. 0 oz.	---	
		Circuit 3	10 lbs. 6 oz.	---	9 lbs. 10 oz.	---	
		Circuit 4	---	---	9 lbs. 12 oz.	---	
Gas Heating Options Available		See page 26					
Compressor Type (number)		Variable Capacity Scroll (1) Fixed Capacity Scroll (2)		Variable Capacity Scroll (1) Fixed Capacity Scroll (3)			
Outdoor Coils (Fin/Tube)	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2	
	Tube diameter - in.		3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	
	Number of rows		2	2	2	2	
	Fins per inch		20	20	20	20	
Outdoor Coil Fans	Motor - (No.) horsepower		(4) 1/3 ECM	(4) 1/3 ECM	(6) 1/3 ECM	(6) 1/3 ECM	
	Motor rpm		280-1075	280-1075	640-950	640-950	
	Total Motor watts		150 -1350	150 -1350	290 -1250	290 -1250	
	Diameter - (No.) in.		(4) 24	(4) 24	(6) 24	(6) 24	
	Number of blades		3	3	3	3	
	Total Air volume - cfm		16,000	16,000	18,600	18,600	
Indoor Coils	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		21.40	21.40	21.40	21.40	
	Tube diameter - in.		3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8	
	Number of rows		3	3	4	4	
	Fins per inch		14	14	14	14	
	Drain connection - No. and size		(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT	
	Expansion device type		Balance port TXV, removable head				
² Indoor Blower and Drive Selection	Nominal motor output		3 hp, 5 hp, 7.5 hp				
	Max. usable motor output (US)		3.45 hp, 5.75 hp, 8.62 hp				
	Motor - Drive kit number			Kit 1 535-725 rpm			
				Kit 2 710-965 rpm			
				5 hp			
				Kit 3 685-856 rpm			
				Kit 4 850-1045 rpm			
				Kit 5 945-1185 rpm			
				7.5 hp			
				Kit 6 850-1045 rpm			
		Kit 7 945-1185 rpm					
		Kit 8 1045-1285 rpm					
	Blower wheel nominal D x W - in.		(2) 15 x 15				
Filters	Type of filter		Fiberglass, disposable				
	Number and size - in.		(6) 24 x 24 x 2				
Electrical characteristics			208/230V, 460V, or 575V - 60 hz -3 phase				

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.
¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.
² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.
 NOTE – Blower motor service factor = 1.0.

SPECIFICATIONS

20 TON | 25 TON

General Data		Nominal Tonnage	20 Ton	20 Ton	25 Ton	25 Ton
Model Number			LGM240U4M	LGM240U4V	LGM300U4M	LGM300U4V
Efficiency Type			Ultra-High	Ultra-High	Ultra-High	Ultra-High
Blower Type			SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume)	VAV (Variable Air Volume)	SZVAV (Single Zone Variable Air Volume)	VAV (Variable Air Volume)
Cooling Performance	Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh		235,000	235,000	277,000	277,000
	¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh		228,000	228,000	270,000	270,000
	¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm		6000	6000	7400	7400
	Total Unit Power - kW		19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
	¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)		18.4	17.5	17.5	16.5
	¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)		12.0	12.0	10.6	10.6
Refrigerant Charge	Refrigerant Type		R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A
	Without Reheat	Circuit 1	12 lbs. 2 oz.	12 lbs. 2 oz.	12 lbs. 8 oz.	12 lbs. 8 oz.
		Circuit 2	12 lbs. 7 oz.	12 lbs. 7 oz.	11 lbs. 8 oz.	11 lbs. 8 oz.
		Circuit 3	12 lbs. 0 oz.	12 lbs. 0 oz.	14 lbs. 8 oz.	14 lbs. 8 oz.
		Circuit 4	12 lbs. 10 oz.	12 lbs. 10 oz.	11 lbs. 8 oz.	11 lbs. 8 oz.
	With Reheat	Circuit 1	13 lbs. 4 oz.	---	17 lbs. 2 oz.	---
		Circuit 2	13 lbs. 12 oz.	---	17 lbs. 5 oz.	---
		Circuit 3	12 lbs. 0 oz.	---	14 lbs. 8 oz.	---
		Circuit 4	12 lbs. 10 oz.	---	11 lbs. 8 oz.	---
	Gas Heating Options Available			See page 26		
Compressor Type (number)			Variable Capacity Scroll (1) Fixed Capacity Scroll (3)			
Outdoor Coils (Fin/Tube)	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		55.2	55.2	55.2	55.2
	Tube diameter - in.		3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8
	Number of rows		3	3	3	3
	Fins per inch		20	20	20	20
Outdoor Coil Fans	Motor - (No.) horsepower		(6) 1/3 ECM	(6) 1/3 ECM	(6) 1/3 ECM	(6) 1/3 ECM
	Motor rpm		450 - 950	450 - 950	515 - 1000	515 - 1000
	Total Motor watts		130 -1530	130 -1530	180 - 1730	180 - 1730
	Diameter - (No.) in.		(6) 24	(6) 24	(6) 24	(6) 24
	Number of blades		3	3	3	3
	Total Air volume - cfm		18,000	18,000	18,300	18,300
Indoor Coils	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		21.40	21.40	21.40	21.40
	Tube diameter - in.		3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8
	Number of rows		4	4	4	4
	Fins per inch		14	14	14	14
	Drain connection - No. and size		(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT	(1) 1 in. FPT
Expansion device type			Balance port TXV, removable head			
² Indoor Blower and Drive Selection	Nominal motor output		5 hp, 7.5 hp, 10 hp			
	Max. usable motor output (US)		5.75 hp, 8.62 hp, 11.5 hp			
	Motor - Drive kit number		5 hp Kit 3 685-856 rpm Kit 4 850-1045 rpm Kit 5 945-1185 rpm 7.5 hp Kit 6 850-1045 rpm Kit 7 945-1185 rpm Kit 8 1045-1285 rpm 10 hp Kit 7 945-1185 rpm Kit 10 1045-1285 rpm Kit 11 1135-1365 rpm			
	Blower wheel nominal D x W - in.		(2) 15 x 15			
Filters	Type of filter		Fiberglass, disposable			
	Number and size - in.		(6) 24 x 24 x 2			
Electrical characteristics			208/230V, 460V, or 575V - 60 Hz -3 phase			

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

NOTE - Blower motor service factor = 1.0.

SPECIFICATIONS - GAS HEAT

Usage Data		Model Number	LGM156 LGM180 LGM210	LGM156 LGM180 LGM210 LGM240 LGM300	LGM180 LGM210 LGM240 LGM300	
		Heat Input Type	Low (L)	Standard (S)	Medium (M)	High (H)
		Number of Gas Heat Stages	1	2	2	2
Gas Heating Performance (Two-Stage)	Input - Btuh	First Stage	169,000	169,000	234,000	312,000
		Second Stage	N/A	260,000	360,000	480,000
	Output - Btuh	First Stage	135,000	---	---	---
		Second Stage	N/A	208,000	288,000	384,000
¹ Gas Heating Performance (Four-Stage)	Input - Btuh	First Stage	N/A	84,500	117,000	156,000
		Second Stage	N/A	169,000	234,000	312,000
		Third Stage	N/A	214,000	297,000	396,000
		Fourth Stage	N/A	260,000	360,000	480,000
	Output - Btuh	First Stage	135,000	---	---	---
		Second Stage	N/A	---	---	---
		Third Stage	N/A	---	---	---
		Fourth Stage	N/A	208,000	288,000	384,000
Temperature Rise Range - °F		15 - 45	15 - 45	30 - 60	40 - 70	
Thermal Efficiency		80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	
Gas Supply Connections		1 in. npt	1 in. npt	1 in. npt	1 in. npt	
Recommended Gas Supply Pressure - in. w.g.	Natural	7	7	7	7	
	LPG/Propane	11	11	11	11	

¹ Four-stage gas heating is enabled when room sensor, Discharge Air Control, or fresh air tempering mode is selected. (Available when using the CS8500 thermostat or when connected to Building Automation Systems using BACnet, LonTalk, or S-Bus protocols)

HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE

Units may be installed at altitudes up to 2000 feet above sea level without any modification.

At altitudes above 2000 feet, units must be derated to match gas manifold pressures shown in table below.

At altitudes above 4500 feet unit must be derated 2% for each 1000 feet above sea level.

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

TWO-STAGE

Gas Heat Type (Two-Stage)	Altitude - ft.	Gas Manifold Pressure - in. w.g.		Input Rate Natural Gas or LPG/Propane - Btuh	
		Natural Gas	LPG/Propane Gas	First Stage	Second Stage
Low (L)		No adjustment required			
Standard (S)	2001 - 4500	3.4	9.6	169,000	249,000
Medium (M)	2001 - 4500	3.4	9.6	234,000	345,000
High (H)	2001 - 4500	3.4	9.6	312,000	460,000

FOUR-STAGE

¹ Gas Heat Type (Four-Stage)	Altitude - ft.	Gas Manifold Pressure - in. w.g.		Input Rate Natural Gas or LPG/Propane - Btuh			
		Natural Gas	LPG/Propane Gas	First Stage	Second Stage	Third Stage	Fourth Stage
Low (L)		No adjustment required					
Standard (S)	2001 - 4500	3.4	9.6	84,000	169,000	209,000	249,000
Medium (M)	2001 - 4500	3.4	9.6	117,000	234,000	289,000	345,000
High (H)	2001 - 4500	3.4	9.6	156,000	312,000	386,000	460,000

¹ Four-Stage Gas Heating is field configured.

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL & AIR FILTERS IN PLACE FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 - Wet indoor coil air resistance of selected unit.
- 2 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, Economizer, etc.)
- 3 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (heat section, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Then determine from blower table blower motor output and drive required.

See page 34 for wet coil and option/accessory air resistance data.

See page 34 for factory installed drive kit specifications.

MINIMUM AIR VOLUME REQUIRED FOR DIFFERENT GAS HEAT SIZES

Low (L), Standard (S) and Medium Heat (M) - 4500 cfm minimum

High Heat (H) - 5125 cfm minimum

Air Volume cfm	TOTAL STATIC PRESSURE - Inches Water Gauge (Pa)																									
	0.20		0.40		0.60		0.80		1.00		1.20		1.40		1.60		1.80		2.00		2.20		2.40		2.60	
	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP
2750	385	0.30	505	0.50	600	0.70	680	0.90	755	1.10	820	1.30	885	1.50	950	1.70	1005	1.90	1065	2.10	1120	2.30	1175	2.50	1230	2.70
3000	395	0.35	515	0.55	610	0.75	685	1.00	760	1.20	825	1.45	885	1.70	950	1.85	1005	2.05	1065	2.25	1120	2.45	1175	2.65	1230	2.85
3250	405	0.40	520	0.60	615	0.85	695	1.10	765	1.30	830	1.60	890	1.85	955	2.05	1010	2.25	1070	2.45	1125	2.65	1180	2.85	1235	3.05
3500	415	0.45	530	0.70	620	0.95	700	1.20	775	1.45	840	1.75	900	2.00	960	2.20	1015	2.40	1075	2.60	1130	2.80	1185	3.00	1240	3.20
3750	425	0.50	540	0.75	630	1.05	710	1.30	780	1.60	845	1.85	905	2.10	965	2.30	1020	2.50	1080	2.70	1135	2.90	1190	3.10	1245	3.30
4000	435	0.55	545	0.85	635	1.10	715	1.40	785	1.70	850	2.00	910	2.25	970	2.45	1025	2.65	1085	2.85	1140	3.05	1195	3.25	1250	3.45
4250	445	0.60	555	0.90	645	1.25	725	1.55	795	1.85	855	2.15	915	2.40	975	2.60	1030	2.80	1090	3.00	1145	3.20	1200	3.40	1255	3.60
4500	455	0.70	565	1.00	655	1.35	730	1.65	800	2.00	865	2.35	925	2.60	985	2.80	1040	3.00	1100	3.20	1155	3.40	1210	3.60	1265	3.80
4750	470	0.75	575	1.10	660	1.45	740	1.80	810	2.15	870	2.50	930	2.75	990	3.00	1045	3.20	1105	3.40	1160	3.60	1215	3.80	1270	4.00
5000	480	0.85	585	1.25	670	1.60	750	1.95	815	2.30	880	2.70	940	3.00	1000	3.25	1055	3.45	1115	3.65	1170	3.85	1225	4.05	1280	4.25
5250	495	0.95	595	1.35	680	1.70	755	2.15	825	2.50	890	2.90	945	3.20	1000	3.45	1055	3.65	1110	3.85	1165	4.05	1220	4.25	1275	4.45
5500	505	1.05	605	1.45	690	1.85	765	2.25	835	2.65	895	3.05	950	3.40	1005	3.65	1060	3.85	1115	4.05	1170	4.25	1225	4.45	1280	4.65
5750	520	1.15	615	1.60	700	2.00	775	2.45	840	2.85	905	3.25	960	3.60	1015	3.80	1070	4.00	1125	4.20	1180	4.40	1235	4.60	1290	4.80
6000	530	1.30	630	1.75	710	2.15	785	2.60	850	3.05	910	3.45	970	3.90	1025	4.10	1080	4.30	1135	4.50	1190	4.70	1245	4.90	1300	5.10
6250	545	1.40	640	1.90	720	2.35	795	2.80	860	3.25	920	3.70	975	4.15	1030	4.35	1090	4.55	1145	4.75	1200	4.95	1255	5.15	1310	5.35
6500	560	1.55	650	2.05	730	2.50	805	3.00	870	3.45	930	3.95	985	4.40	1040	4.60	1100	4.80	1155	5.00	1210	5.20	1265	5.40	1320	5.60
6750	570	1.70	665	2.20	745	2.70	815	3.20	880	3.70	940	4.20	995	4.65	1045	4.85	1105	5.05	1160	5.25	1215	5.45	1270	5.65	1330	5.85
7000	585	1.85	675	2.35	755	2.90	825	3.40	890	3.95	950	4.45	1005	4.90	1055	5.10	1115	5.30	1170	5.50	1225	5.70	1280	5.90	1340	6.10
7250	600	2.00	690	2.60	765	3.10	835	3.65	900	4.15	955	4.65	1010	5.05	1060	5.25	1115	5.45	1170	5.65	1225	5.85	1280	6.05	1340	6.25
7500	615	2.20	700	2.75	775	3.30	845	3.85	910	4.45	965	4.95	1020	5.30	1070	5.50	1125	5.70	1180	5.90	1235	6.10	1290	6.30	1350	6.50
7750	630	2.40	715	3.00	790	3.55	855	4.10	920	4.70	975	5.25	1030	5.60	1080	5.80	1135	6.00	1190	6.20	1245	6.40	1300	6.60	1360	6.80
8000	640	2.55	725	3.20	800	3.80	865	4.35	930	4.95	985	5.50	1040	5.90	1090	6.10	1145	6.30	1200	6.50	1255	6.70	1310	6.90	1370	7.10
8250	655	2.80	740	3.40	810	4.00	880	4.65	940	5.25	995	5.85	1050	6.20	1100	6.40	1155	6.60	1210	6.80	1265	7.00	1320	7.20	1380	7.40
8500	670	3.00	750	3.65	825	4.30	890	4.90	950	5.55	1005	6.15	1060	6.50	1110	6.70	1165	6.90	1220	7.10	1275	7.30	1330	7.50	1390	7.70
8750	685	3.25	765	3.90	835	4.55	900	5.20	960	5.85	1015	6.45	1070	6.80	1120	7.00	1175	7.20	1230	7.40	1285	7.60	1340	7.80	1400	8.00
9000	700	3.50	780	4.20	850	4.85	915	5.50	970	6.15	1025	6.80	1080	7.15	1130	7.35	1185	7.55	1240	7.75	1295	7.95	1350	8.15	1410	8.35
9250	715	3.75	790	4.45	860	5.15	925	5.85	985	6.50	1040	7.20	1095	7.50	1145	7.70	1200	7.90	1255	8.10	1310	8.30	1365	8.50	1425	8.70
9500	730	4.00	805	4.75	875	5.45	935	6.15	995	6.90	1050	7.60	1105	7.85	1155	8.05	1210	8.25	1265	8.45	1320	8.65	1375	8.85	1435	9.05
9750	745	4.30	820	5.05	885	5.75	950	6.55	1005	7.20	1060	7.95	1110	8.15	1160	8.35	1215	8.55	1270	8.75	1325	8.95	1380	9.15	1440	9.35
10,000	760	4.60	835	5.40	900	6.15	960	6.85	1015	7.60	1070	8.35	1120	8.45	1170	8.65	1225	8.85	1280	9.05	1335	9.25	1390	9.45	1450	9.65
10,250	775	4.90	845	5.65	910	6.45	970	7.20	1030	8.00	1080	8.75	1135	9.05	1180	9.25	1235	9.45	1290	9.65	1340	9.85	1400	10.05	1460	10.25
10,500	790	5.20	860	6.00	925	6.85	985	7.65	1040	8.40	1095	9.20	1145	9.55	1190	9.75	1245	9.95	1300	10.15	1355	10.35	1410	10.55	1475	10.75
10,750	805	5.55	875	6.40	940	7.25	1000	8.05	1055	8.85	1105	9.65	1155	9.95	1200	10.15	1255	10.35	1310	10.55	1360	10.75	1420	10.95	1485	11.15
11,000	820	5.90	890	6.80	950	7.60	1010	8.45	1065	9.30	1115	10.05	1165	10.35	1210	10.55	1265	10.75	1320	10.95	1370	11.15	1430	11.35	1495	11.55

BLOWER DATA

FACTORY INSTALLED BELT DRIVE KIT SPECIFICATIONS

Motor Efficiency	Nominal hp	Maximum hp	Drive Kit Number	RPM Range
Standard	2	2.30	1	535 - 725
Standard	2	2.30	2	710 - 965
Standard	3	3.45	1	535 - 725
Standard	3	3.45	2	710 - 965
Standard	5	5.75	3	685 - 856
Standard	5	5.75	4	850 - 1045
Standard	5	5.75	5	945 - 1185
Standard	7.5	8.63	6	850 - 1045
Standard	7.5	8.63	7	945 - 1185
Standard	7.5	8.63	8	1045 - 1285
Standard	10	11.50	7	945 - 1185
Standard	10	11.50	10	1045 - 1285
Standard	10	11.50	11	1135 - 1365

NOTE - Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

NOTE - Blower motor service factor = 1.0.

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE

Air Volume cfm	Wet Indoor Coil		Humiditrol™+ Reheat Coil	Gas Heat Exchanger			Economizer	Filters			Horizontal Roof Curb	
	156, 180	210, 240, 300		Low/ Standard Heat	Medium Heat	High Heat		MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16	156 thru 240	300
	in. w.g.	in. w.g.	in. w.g.	in. w.g.	in. w.g.	in. w.g.	in. w.g.				in. w.g.	in. w.g.
2750	.01	.02	.01	.02	.04	.05	---	.01	.03	0.06	.03	-
3000	.01	.02	.01	.03	.04	.05	---	.01	.03	0.06	.04	-
3250	.01	.03	.01	.03	.05	.06	---	.01	.04	0.07	.04	.01
3500	.01	.03	.02	.03	.05	.06	---	.01	.04	0.08	.05	.01
3750	.01	.03	.02	.04	.06	.07	---	.01	.04	0.08	.05	.01
4000	.02	.04	.02	.04	.06	.07	---	.01	.04	0.09	.06	.02
4250	.02	.04	.02	.04	.06	.08	---	.01	.05	0.10	.07	.02
4500	.02	.05	.02	.05	.07	.09	---	.01	.05	0.10	.07	.02
4750	.02	.05	.02	.05	.08	.10	---	.02	.05	0.11	.08	.03
5000	.02	.05	.02	.05	.09	.11	---	.02	.06	0.12	.08	.03
5250	.02	.06	.03	.06	.10	.12	---	.02	.06	0.12	.09	.04
5500	.02	.07	.03	.06	.10	.13	---	.02	.06	0.13	.10	.04
5750	.03	.07	.03	.06	.11	.14	---	.02	.07	0.14	.11	.05
6000	.03	.08	.03	.07	.12	.15	---	.03	.07	0.14	.11	.06
6250	.03	.08	.03	.07	.12	.16	.01	.03	.07	0.15	.12	.07
6500	.03	.09	.04	.08	.13	.17	.02	.03	.08	0.16	.13	.08
6750	.04	.10	.04	.08	.14	.18	.03	.03	.08	0.17	.14	.08
7000	.04	.10	.04	.09	.15	.19	.04	.04	.08	0.17	.15	.09
7250	.04	.11	.04	.09	.16	.20	.05	.04	.09	0.18	.16	.10
7500	.05	.12	.05	.10	.17	.21	.06	.04	.09	0.19	.17	.11
8000	.05	.13	.05	.11	.19	.24	.09	.05	.10	0.21	.19	.13
8500	.06	.15	.05	.12	.20	.26	.11	.05	.10	0.22	.21	.15
9000	.07	.16	.06	.13	.23	.29	.14	.06	.11	0.24	.24	.17
9500	.08	.18	.07	.14	.25	.32	.16	.07	.12	0.25	.26	.19
10,000	.08	.20	.07	.16	.27	.35	.19	.07	.12	0.27	.29	.21
10,500	.09	.22	.08	.17	.30	.38	.22	.08	.13	0.29	.31	.24
11,000	.11	.24	.08	.18	.31	.40	.25	.09	.14	0.30	.34	.27

BLOWER DATA

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure	Air Volume Exhausted
in. w.g.	cfm
0.00	8630
0.05	8210
0.10	7725
0.15	7110
0.20	6470
0.25	5790
0.30	5060
0.35	4300
0.40	3510
0.45	2690
0.50	1840

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air Volume cfm	Step-Down Diffuser						Flush Diffuser	
	RTD11-185S			RTD11-275S			FD11-185S	FD11-275S
	2 Ends Open	1 Side/2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	2 Ends Open	1 Side/2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open		
5000	0.51	0.44	0.39	---	---	---	0.27	---
5200	0.56	0.48	0.42	---	---	---	0.30	---
5400	0.61	0.52	0.45	---	---	---	0.33	---
5600	0.66	0.56	0.48	---	---	---	0.36	---
5800	0.71	0.59	0.51	---	---	---	0.39	---
6000	0.76	0.63	0.55	0.36	0.31	0.27	0.42	0.29
6200	0.80	0.68	0.59	---	---	---	0.46	---
6400	0.86	0.72	0.63	---	---	---	0.50	---
6500	---	---	---	0.42	0.36	0.31	---	0.34
6600	0.92	0.77	0.67	---	---	---	0.54	---
6800	0.99	0.83	0.72	---	---	---	0.58	---
7000	1.03	0.87	0.76	0.49	0.41	0.36	0.62	0.40
7200	1.09	0.92	0.80	---	---	---	0.66	---
7400	1.15	0.97	0.84	---	---	---	0.70	---
7500	---	---	---	0.51	0.46	0.41	---	0.45
7600	1.20	1.02	0.88	---	---	---	0.74	---
8000	---	---	---	0.59	0.49	0.43	---	0.50
8500	---	---	---	0.69	0.58	0.50	---	0.57
9000	---	---	---	0.79	0.67	0.58	---	0.66
9500	---	---	---	0.89	0.75	0.65	---	0.74
10,000	---	---	---	1.00	0.84	0.73	---	0.81
10,500	---	---	---	1.10	0.92	0.80	---	0.89
11,000	---	---	---	1.21	1.01	0.88	---	0.96

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA - ft.

Model No.	Air Volume cfm	¹ Effective Throw Range - ft.		Model No.	Air Volume cfm	¹ Effective Throw Range - ft.	
		RTD11-185S Step-Down	FD11-185S Flush			RTD11-275S Step-Down	FD11-275S Flush
156 180	5600	39 - 49	28 - 37	210 240 300	7200	33 - 38	26 - 35
	5800	42 - 51	29 - 38		7400	35 - 40	28 - 37
	6000	44 - 54	40 - 50		7600	36 - 41	29 - 38
	6200	45 - 55	42 - 51		7800	38 - 43	40 - 50
	6400	46 - 55	43 - 52		8000	39 - 44	42 - 51
	6600	47 - 56	45 - 56		8200	41 - 46	43 - 52
					8400	43 - 49	44 - 54
					8600	44 - 50	46 - 57
					8800	47 - 55	48 - 59

¹ Throw is the horizontal or vertical distance an airstream travels on leaving the outlet or diffuser before the maximum velocity is reduced to 50 ft. per minute. Four sides open.

ELECTRICAL DATA

13 TON

Model No.		LGM156U4								
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V-3ph			460V-3ph			575V-3ph		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	13.3			5.9			4.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps	21			11			12		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	14.5			6.3			6		
	Locked Rotor Amps	98			55			41		
Compressor 3	Rated Load Amps	14.5			6.3			6		
	Locked Rotor Amps	98			55			41		
Outdoor Fan Motors (4)	Full Load Amps (total)	2.8 (11.2)			1.4 (5.6)			1.1 (4.4)		
Power Exhaust (2) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps (total)	2.4 (4.8)			1.3 (2.6)			1 (2)		
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15			15			20		
Indoor Blower Motor	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5
	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	70	80	90	35	35	40	30	30	30
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	80	80	90	35	35	40	30	30	35
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	65	68	75	30	31	34	26	27	29
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	70	73	80	32	34	37	28	29	31

ELECTRICAL DATA

15 TON

Model No.		LGM180U4								
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V-3ph			460V-3ph			575V-3ph		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	15.7			6.8			5.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps	21			11			12		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	16			7.8			5.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps	110			52			38.9		
Compressor 3	Rated Load Amps	16			7.8			5.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps	110			52			38.9		
Outdoor Fan Motors (4)	Full Load Amps (total)	2.8 (11.2)			1.4 (5.6)			1.1 (4.4)		
Power Exhaust (2) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps (total)	2.4 (4.8)			1.3 (2.6)			1 (2)		
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15			15			20		
Indoor Blower Motor	Horsepower	3	5	7.5	3	5	7.5	3	5	7.5
	Full Load Amps	10.6	16.7	24.2	4.8	7.6	11	3.9	6.1	9
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	80	90	110	40	45	50	30	35	40
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	90	100	110	45	45	50	30	35	40
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	74	80	90	35	38	42	27	30	33
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	79	85	94	38	41	45	29	32	35

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL DATA

17.5 TON

Model No.		LGM210U4								
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V-3ph			460V-3ph			575V-3ph		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	13.3			5.9			4.8		
	Locked Rotor Amps	21			11			12		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	14.5			6.3			6		
	Locked Rotor Amps	98			55			41		
Compressor 3	Rated Load Amps	14.5			6.3			6		
	Locked Rotor Amps	98			55			41		
Compressor 4	Rated Load Amps	14.5			6.3			6		
	Locked Rotor Amps	98			55			41		
Outdoor Fan Motors (6)	Full Load Amps (total)	2.8 (16.8)			1.8 (8.4)			1.1 (6.6)		
Power Exhaust (2) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps (total)	2.4 (4.8)			1.3 (2.6)			1 (2)		
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15			15			20		
Indoor Blower Motor	Horsepower	3	5	7.5	3	5	7.5	3	5	7.5
	Full Load Amps	10.6	16.7	24.2	4.8	7.6	11	3.9	6.1	9
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	100	110	125	45	50	50	40	40	45
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	100	110	125	45	50	60	40	45	50
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	88	95	104	40	43	47	35	38	41
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	93	100	109	43	46	50	37	40	43

ELECTRICAL DATA

20 TON

Model No.		LGM240U4								
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V-3ph			460V-3ph			575V-3ph		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	16.8			7.8			6.2		
	Locked Rotor Amps	21			11			12		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	13.2			6.3			4.9		
	Locked Rotor Amps	93			60			41		
Compressor 3	Rated Load Amps	13.2			6.3			4.9		
	Locked Rotor Amps	93			60			41		
Compressor 4	Rated Load Amps	13.2			6.3			4.9		
	Locked Rotor Amps	93			60			41		
Outdoor Fan Motors (6)	Full Load Amps (total)	2.8 (16.8)			1.4 (8.4)			1.1 (6.6)		
Power Exhaust (2) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps (total)	2.4 (4.8)			1.3 (2.6)			1 (2)		
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15			15			20		
Indoor Blower Motor	Horsepower	5	7.5	10	5	7.5	10	5	7.5	10
	Full Load Amps	16.7	24.2	30.8	7.6	11	14	6.1	9	11
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	110	125	125	50	50	60	40	45	50
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	110	125	125	50	60	60	40	45	50
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	95	104	112	45	49	53	36	39	42
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	99	109	117	48	52	56	38	41	44

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL DATA

25 TON

Model No.		LGM300U4								
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V-3ph			460V-3ph			575V-3ph		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	16.8			8.9			7.1		
	Locked Rotor Amps	21			11			12		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	19.6			8.2			6.6		
	Locked Rotor Amps	136			66.1			55.3		
Compressor 3	Rated Load Amps	22.4			10.6			7.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps	149			75			54		
Compressor 4	Rated Load Amps	22.4			10.6			7.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps	149			75			54		
Outdoor Fan Motors (6)	Full Load Amps (total)	2.8 (16.8)			1.4 (8.4)			1.1 (6.6)		
Power Exhaust (2) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps (total)	2.4 (4.8)			1.3 (2.6)			1 (2)		
Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps)		15			15			20		
Indoor Blower Motor	Horsepower	5	7.5	10	5	7.5	10	5	7.5	10
	Full Load Amps	16.7	24.2	30.8	7.6	11	14	6.1	9	11
² Maximum Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Unit Only	125	150	150	60	70	70	50	50	60
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	150	150	150	70	70	80	50	50	60
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Unit Only	121	129	137	57	61	65	44	47	50
	With (2) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	126	134	142	60	64	67	46	49	52

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

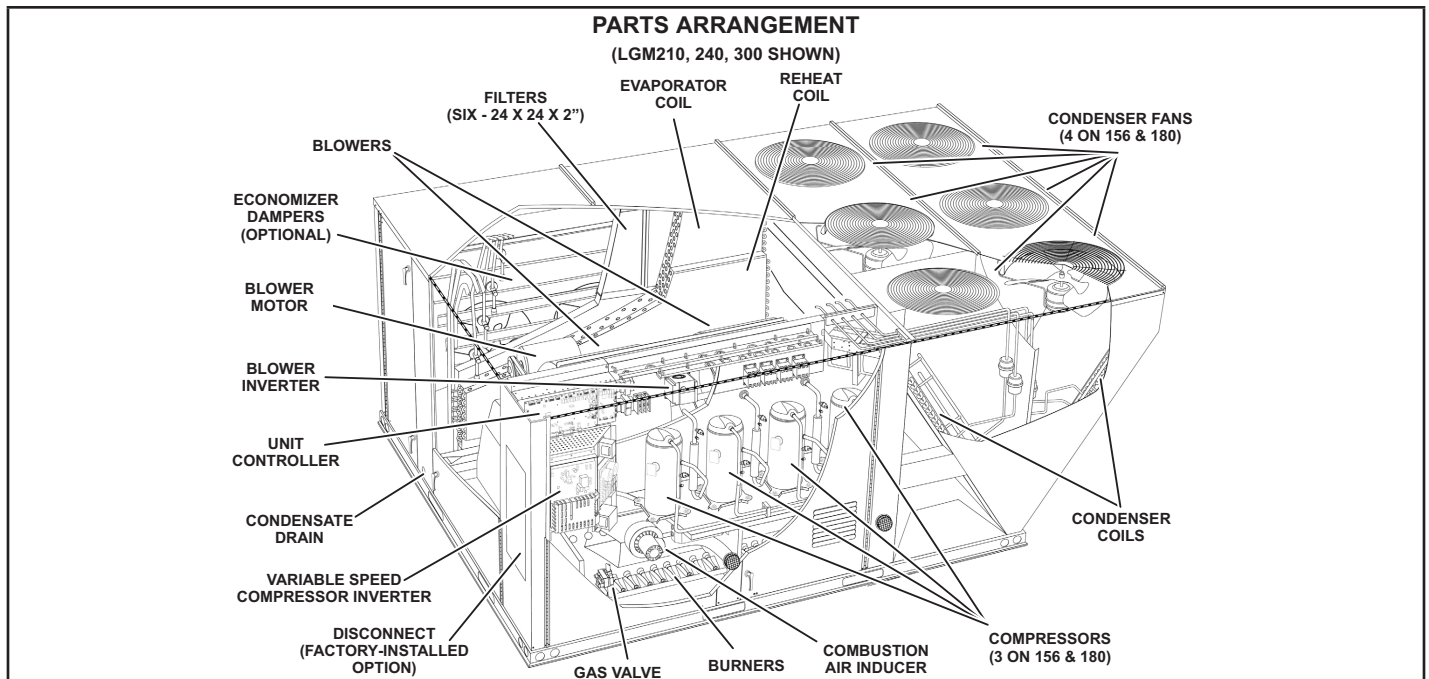


FIGURE 1

I-UNIT COMPONENTS

⚠ CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

wear gloves and protective clothing. All 13 through 25 ton (45.7 through 88 kW) units are configure to order units (CTO). Unit components are shown in figures 1. All units come standard with hinged unit panels. The unit panels may be held open with the door rod located inside the unit. All L1, L2 and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components

**ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD)
Precautions and Procedures**

⚠ CAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

Control box components are shown in figure 3. The control box is located in the upper portion of the compressor compartment.

1-Disconnect Switch S48

Units with higher SCCR rating may be equipped with an disconnect switch S48. Other factory or field installed optional circuit breakers may be used, such as CB10. S48 and CB10 are toggle or twist-style switches, which can be used by the service technician to disconnect power to the unit.

2-Control Transformer T1

All use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted in the control box. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit breaker (CB8). The 208/230 (Y) voltage transformers use two primary voltage taps as shown in figure 2, while 460 (G) and 575 (J) voltage transformers use a single primary voltage tap.

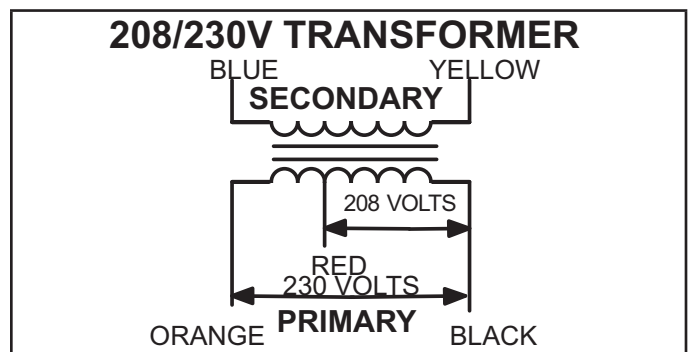


FIGURE 2

3-Contactor Transformer T18

T18 is a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer used in all LGM 13 to 25 ton units. Transformer T18 is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit breaker (CB18). T18 is identical to transformer T1. The transformer supplies 24VAC power to the contactors.

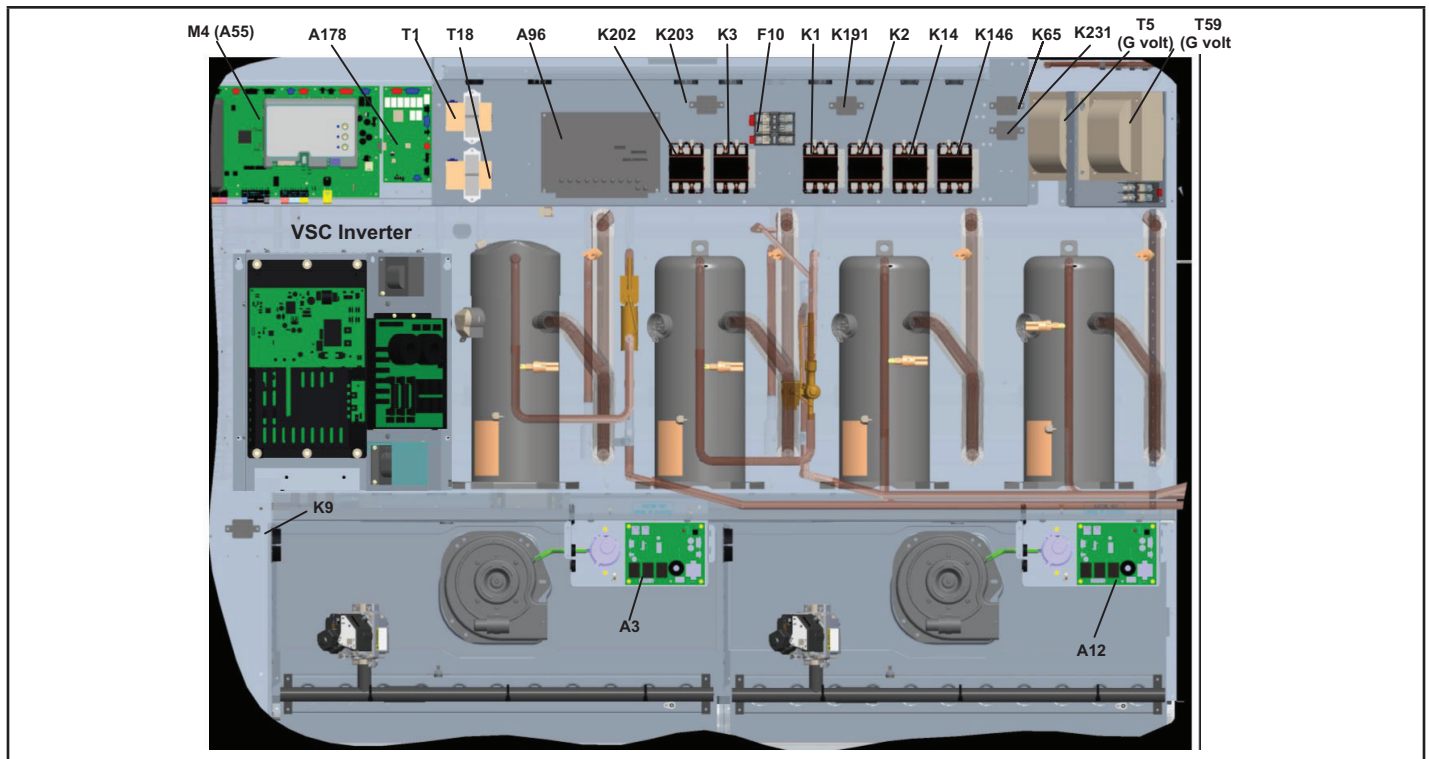


FIGURE 3

4-Terminal Block TB13

TB13 terminal block distributes line voltage power to the line voltage items in the unit.

5-Outdoor Fan Motor Fuse Block & Fuses F10 Power Exhaust Fan Motor Fuse Block and Fuses F6.

STD SCCR 240V, 300V and higher rated SCCR units have three line voltage fuses F10 provide overcurrent protection to all condenser fans. Two line voltage fuses F6 provide overcurrent protection to the two optional power exhaust fans. The fuses are rated at 30A in all 208/230V units but 10A in the 208/230V 240U and 300U models.

6-Compressor Contactor K1, K2, K14, K146

K1, K2, K14: All units
 K146: 210, 240, 300

All compressor contactors are three-pole-double-break contactors with 24VAC coils. K1 and K2 (energized by A55) energizes compressors B1 and B2 in response to first stage cool demand. In 180 units K14 (energized by A178) energizes B13 in response to second stage cool demand. In 210, 240 and 300 units K14 and K146 (energized by A178) energize compressors B13 and B20 in response to second stage cool demand.

7-Blower Contactor K3

Blower contactor K3, used in all units, is a three-pole-double-break contactor with a 24VAC coil used to energize the indoor blower motor B3 in response to blower demand. K3 is energized by Unit Controller (A55). Optional Staged-Blower units which are not equipped with a bypass option will not have a K3.

8-Ultraviolet Germicidal Lamp (UVC) Transformer T49

UVC transformer T49 is used by units of all voltages except 208/230V and 575V which are equipped with a UVC. The auto voltage to 230VAC transformer is installed in the control box. The transformer has an output rating of 0.5 amps. T49 transformer supplies 230VAC power to the UVC lamp.

9-Burner Controls A3 & A12

Units have two burner controls. A3 controls gas heat section one and A12 controls gas heat section two. The first gas heat section and the second gas heat section burner controls are identical. Both burner controls are factory set and are not adjustable. The control makes three attempts at ignition and then locks out the system if ignition is not obtained after the third trial. Reset after lockout requires only breaking and remaking thermostat demand. The control shuts off gas flow immediately in the event of a gas or power failure. Upon restoration of gas and power, the control will restart the ignition sequence and continue until flame is established or system locks out. For a more detailed description see the Gas Heat Components section.

10-Power Exhaust Relay K65 & K231 (PED units)

Power exhaust relays K65 and K231 are N.O. DPDT relays with a 24VAC coil. The relay are used in units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 and K231 are energized by the A55 Unit Controller, after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable in ECTO). When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized and when K231 closes B11 is energized.

11-Variable Frequency Drive A96 (optional)

Staged-Blower units are equipped with a VFD which alters the supply power frequency and voltage to the blower motor. Blower speed is staged depending on the compressor stages, heating demand, ventilation demand, or smoke alarm. The amount of airflow for each stage is preset from the factory. Airflow can be adjusted by changing ECTO parameters in the A55 Unit Controller. The VFD is located below the Unit Controller.

12-VFD Power To Motor Contactor K202 (optional)

Contactor is used in Staged-Blower units equipped with a VFD bypass option. The three-pole 40 amp contactor with a 24VAC coil is energized by the A55 Unit Controller. K202 allows power from the VFD to the B3 blower motor in response to blower demand.

13-Inverter Start Forward Rotation Relay K203 (optional)

Relay is used in optional Staged-Blower units and is a three-pole double-throw relay with a 24VAC coil. K203 is energized by the A55 Unit Controller and provides input to the A96 VFD to start blower forward rotation. K203 also deenergizes K3 allowing A96 to control B3 blower.

14-Unit Controller A55

The Unit Controller provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters and USB verification and profile sharing. Refer to the Unit Controller guide provided with the unit. Thermostat wires are connected to J297 on the Unit Controller.

15-Compressor 3 & 4 Controller A59 & A178

The compressor 3 & 4 control module A59 controls two additional compressor stages. A59 includes all inputs and outputs required for compressor and fan control, compressor stage diagnostics and low ambient control. The M3 unit controller is only compatible with L-Connection sensors provided with the unit or purchased separately as specified in the Product Specification. Tables 1 through 4 show thermistor and pressure transducer readings.

Temperature Sensors

The return air (RT16) and discharge air (RT6) duct probes and the outdoor air (RT17) are all two wire thermistors. The resistance vs. temperature table is shown below:

TABLE 1
Resistance vs. Temperature

Temp. °F (°C)	Resistance +/-2%	Temperature °F (°C)	Resistance +/-2%	Temp. °F (°C)	Resistance +/-2%
-40 (-40)	335,671	40 (4.4)	26,106	90 (32.2)	7,332
-20 (-28.9)	164,959	50 (10)	19,904	100 (37.8)	5,826
0 (-17.8)	85,323	60 (15.6)	15,313	120 (48.9)	3,756
20 (-6.7)	46,218	70 (21.1)	11,884	130 (54.4)	3,047
30 (-1.1)	34,566	80 (26.7)	9,298		

Room Sensors

Room sensor (A2) is a two-wire thermistor with 1k series resistor.

TABLE 2
Two-Wire Thermistor

Temp. °F (°C)	Resistance +/-2%	Temperature °F (°C)	Resistance +/-2%	Temp. °F (°C)	Resistance +/-2%
40 (4.4)	27,102	60 (15.6)	16,313	80 (26.7)	10,299
45 (7.2)	23,764	65 (18.3)	14,474	85 (29.4)	9,249
50 (10)	20,898	70 (21.1)	12,882	90 (32.2)	8,529
55 (12.8)	18,433	75 (23.9)	11,498		

Carbon Dioxide Sensor

The indoor carbondioxide sensor (A63) is an analog sensor with a 0-10VDC output over a carbon dioxide range of 0-2000 ppm as shown in the following table. The sensor is powered with 24VAC

TABLE 3
Carbon Dioxide Range

Carbon Dioxide PPM	DCV	Carbon Dioxide PPM	DC Voltage	Carbon Dioxide PPM	DC Voltage	Carbon Dioxide PPM	DCV
0	0	600	3	1200	6	1800	9
200	1	800	4	1400	7	2000	10
400	2	1000	5	1600	8		

VAV Supply Static Sensor

The supply duct differential static pressure sensor (A30) is an analog sensor with a 0-10VDC output over a range of 0-5"w.c as shown in the following table. The sensor is powered with 24VAC.

TABLE 4
Static Pressure

Pressure "w.c.	DCV	Pressure "w.c.	DC Voltage	Pressure "w.c.	DC Voltage	Pressure "w.c.	DCV
0	0	1.5	3	3	6	4.5	9
0.5	1	2	4	3.5	7	5	10
1	2	2.5	5	4	8		

Relative Humidity Sensor - Optional

The indoor relative humidity sensor (A91) is an analog sensor with a 0-10VDC output over a relative humidity range of 0-100% relative humidity. The sensor is powered with 24VAC.

Enthalpy Sensor - Optional

The optional enthalpy sensors (A7 and A63) used with the economizer have an output of 4-20mA. The sensor is powered with 18VAC provided by M3 unit control.

Economizer Differential Pressure Sensor - Optional

Rooftop units installed with Smart Airflow™ will have a Pressure Transducer (PT5) present in the economizer. PT5 requires 5VDC power supply (P266-5 and {P266-6) and gives 0.25 VDC to 4 VDC output (P266-4) corresponding to 0" water column and 2" water column respectively. For all practical purposes the output should be less than 1.2" water column if not an error code is stored and service alarm output is turned on.

16-Second-Stage Power Exhaust Relay K231 (Staged-Blower units equipped with power exhaust)

The second power exhaust fan is controlled by K231. A133 will enable K231 only when the blower reaches 70% of full speed (adjustable ECTO). This prevents a negative building pressure when the blower is operating in low speed. Refer to the Unit Controller manual and ECTO labels on the unit.

17-Outdoor Fan Transformers T5, T59 (460V units)

All 460 (G) voltage units use transformer T5 and T59. The auto voltage to 230VAC transformers are mounted in the control box. The transformers have an output rating of 0.5A. T5 transformer supplies 230 VAC power to outdoor fans B4, B5 and B21. T59 transformer supplies 230V to outdoor fans B22, B23 and B24.

18-Fuse F61 (Higher SCCR units only)

Fuse F61 is used on units with higher SCCR rating. F61 provides overcurrent protection to compressor and other cooling components. F61 and S48 are located inside a sheet metal enclosure in the unit left front corner mullion.

19-Blower Motor Overload Relay S42

The relay (S42) is connected in line with the blower motor to monitor the current flow to the motor. When the relay senses an overload condition, a set of normally closed contacts open to de-energize pin #1 in plug P299 of the A55 Unit Controller. A55 de-energizes all outputs. Units will be equipped with a relay manufactured by Telemecanique figure 4 or Siemens figure 5.

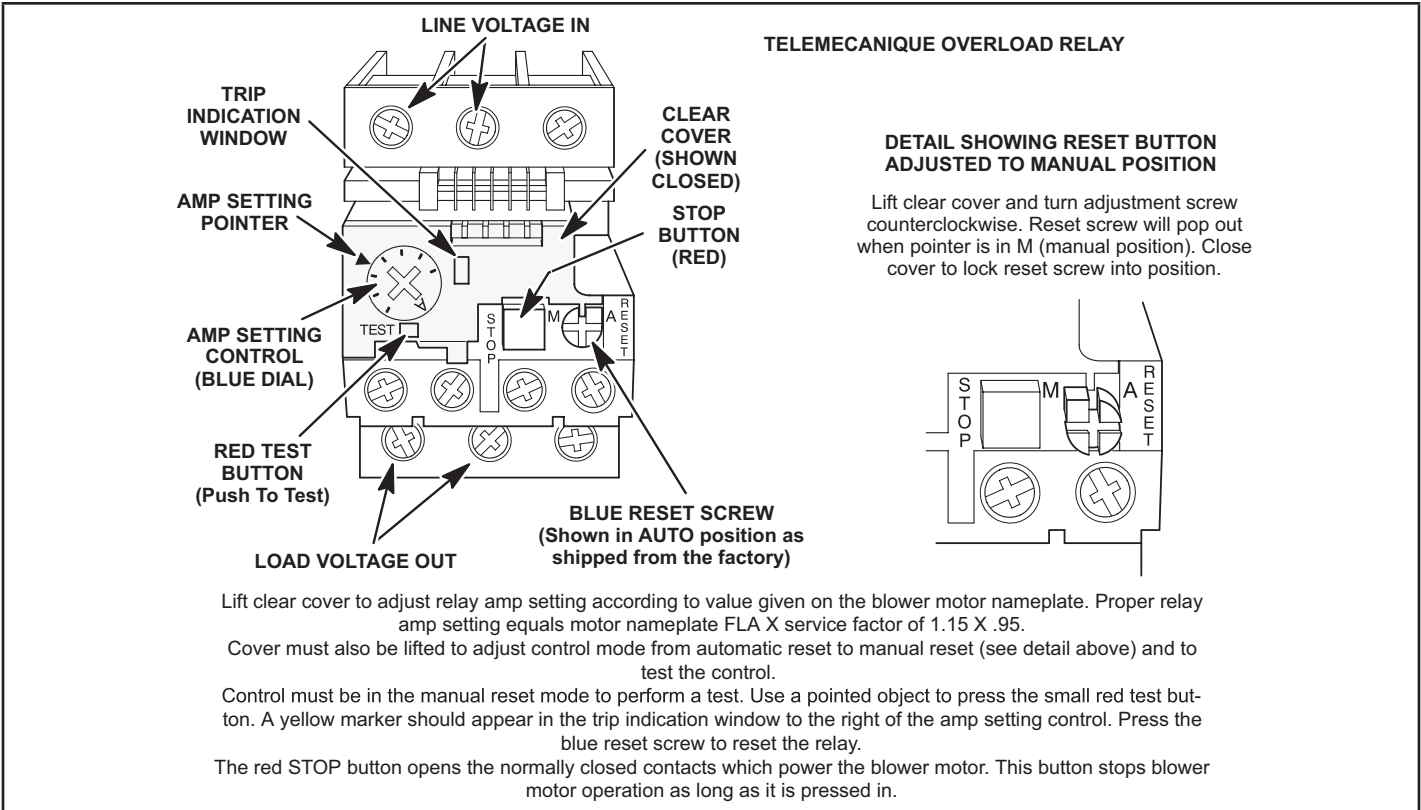


FIGURE 4

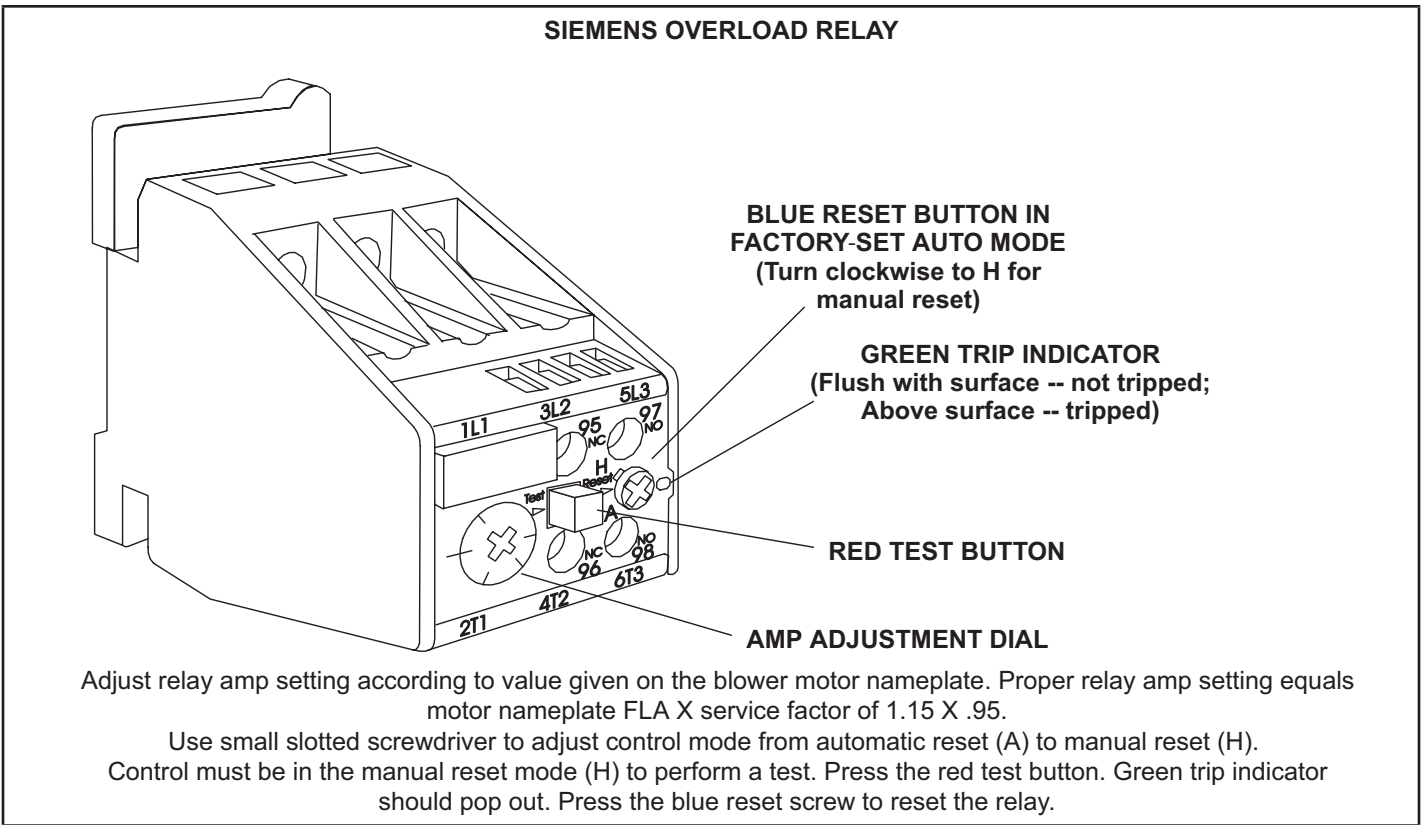


FIGURE 5

Compressor Detail
LGM156/300 B1, B2, B13
LGM210/300 B20

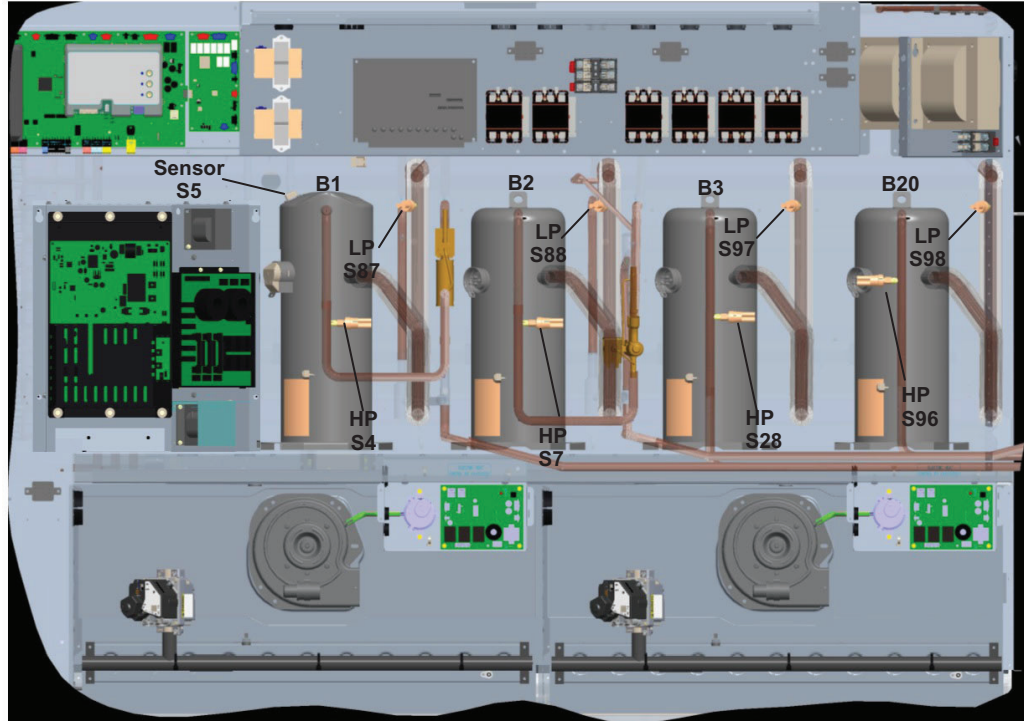
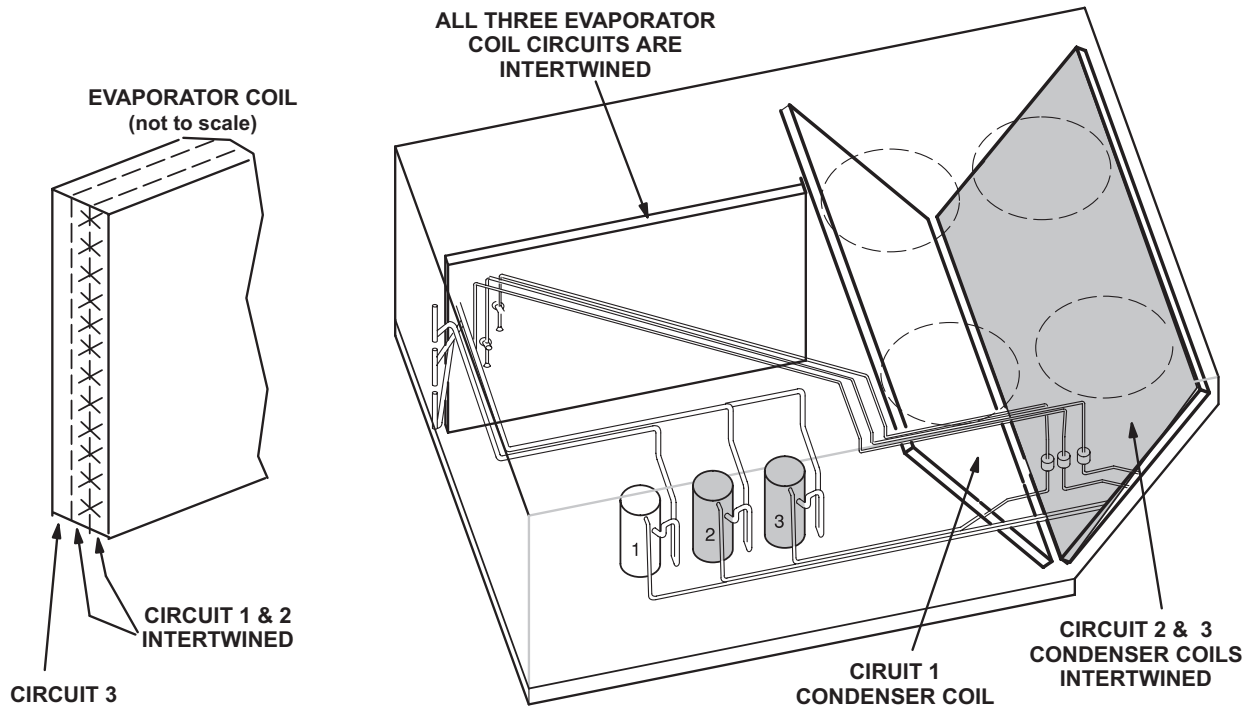


FIGURE 6

156, 180 REFRIGERANT CIRCUITS



210, 240, 300 REFRIGERANT CIRCUITS

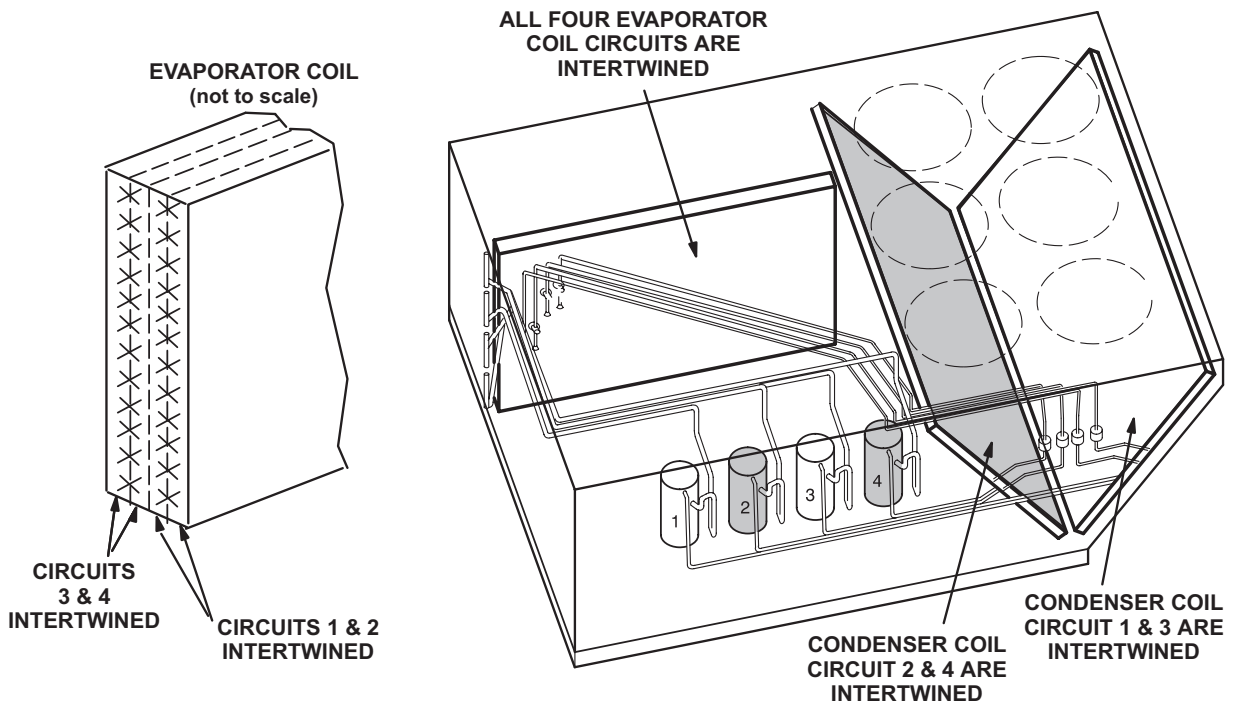


FIGURE 7

B-Cooling Components

Model L ultra high efficiency units use independent cooling circuits consisting of one compressor, one condenser coil, and one evaporator coil per circuit. See figures 7 and 6.

Four draw-through type condenser fans are used in LGM156, 180 units and six draw-through type condenser fans are used in LGM210, 240 and 300 units.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or field-installed economizer. All units use an intertwined evaporator. Each evaporator uses a thermostatic expansion valve as the primary expansion device. Each evaporator is also equipped with enhanced fins and rifled tubing. In all units each compressor is protected by a crankcase heater, high pressure switch and low pressure switch.

1-Compressors B1, B2, B13, B20

All units use scroll compressors. LGM156 and 180 use 3 compressors and LGM210, 240 and 300 use four compressors. Compressor capacity may vary from stage to stage. In all cases, the capacity of each compressor is added to reach the total capacity of the unit. See "SPECIFICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications.

WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

Each compressor is energized by a corresponding compressor contactor.

NOTE-Refer to the wiring diagram section for specific unit operation.

If a compressor replacement is necessary, call 1-800-453-6669.

IMPORTANT

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system rises above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

2-Crankcase Heaters HR1, HR2, HR5 & HR11

All LGM units use insertion type heaters. Heater HR1 is installed around compressor B1, heater HR2 compressor B2, HR5 compressor B13 and HR11 compressor B20.

3-High Pressure Switches S4, S7, S28, S96

S4 all units

S7 all units

S28 all units

S96 210, 240, 300

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise. All units are equipped with this switch. The switch is located in the compressor discharge line and is wired in series with the compressor contactor coil through A55 unit controller or A178 compressor 3 and 4 controller. See figure 6.

S4 and S7 are wired in series with B1 and B2 compressor contactors and S28 and S96 are wired in series with B13 and B20 compressor contactors.

When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 10 psig (4413 ± 69 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the respective compressor(s) is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate). When discharge pressure drops to 475 ± 20 psig (3275 ± 138 kPa) the pressure switch will close re-energizing the compressor(s).

Main control A55 has a three-strike counter before locking out. This means the control allows three high pressure trips per one thermostat demand. The control can be reset by breaking and remaking the thermostat demand or manually resetting the control.

4-Low Pressure Switches S87, S88, S97, S98

S87 all units

S88 all units

S97 210, 240, 300

S98 all units

The low pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.O. switch (held N.C. by refrigerant pressure) which opens on a pressure drop. All units are equipped with this switch. The switch is located in the compressor suction line. See figure 6.

S87 and S88 (compressor one and two) and S98 (compressor three) and S97 (compressor 4) are wired in series with the contactor coils through the A55 Unit Controller

The Unit Controller A55 governs the low pressure switches by shunting the switches during start up until pressure is stabilized. After the shunt period, the control has a three-strike counter, during a single thermostat demand, before the compressor(s) is locked out. The control is reset by breaking and remaking the thermostat demand or manually resetting the control.

When suction pressure drops to $40 + 5$ psig (276 ± 34 kPa), (indicating low pressure), the switch opens and the compressor(s) is de-energized. The switch automatically resets when pressure in the suction line rises to $90 + 5$ psig (620 ± 34 kPa).

5-Service Valve (optional)

Units may be equipped with service valves located in the discharge and liquid lines. The service valves are manually operated valves used for service operation.

6-Filter Drier (all units)

Units have a filter drier located in the liquid line of each refrigerant circuit at the exit of each condenser coil. The drier removes contaminants and moisture from the system.

7-Condenser Fans B4, B5, B21, B22 (all units) B23, B24 (210, 240, 300)

See SPECIFICATIONS tables at the front of this manual for specifications of condenser fans used in all units. All condenser fans used have single-phase motors. The fan assembly may be removed for servicing and cleaning.

8-High Temperature Sensor S5

S5 is a high temperature sensor installed in variable speed compressor B1 only. The sensor is wired in series with high pressure switch S4. When opened due to high temperature the compressor is de-energized.

9-Temperature Thermistor RT42/57

Temperature thermistors are located on specific points for each refrigeration circuit. Temperature thermistors provide continuous temperature input to the unit controller for proper cooling operation as well as system protection. Controller logic will de-energize compressors for each refrigeration circuit when evaporator coil temperature falls below 32°F (0°C) to prevent evaporator freeze-up

C-Blower Compartment

The blower compartment is located between the evaporator coil and the compressor / control section on the opposite side of the condenser coil. The blower assembly is accessed by disconnecting the blower motor wiring (and all other plugs) and removing the screws on either side of the sliding base. The base pulls out as shown in figure 9.

1-Blower Wheels

All units have two 15 in. x 15 in. (381 mm x 381 mm) blower wheels. Both wheels are driven by one motor.

2-Indoor Blower Motor B3

All units use three-phase single-speed blower motors. CFM adjustments are made by adjusting the motor pulley (sheave). Motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings. All motor specifications are listed in the SPECIFICATIONS (table of contents) in the front of this manual. Units may be equipped with motors manufactured by various manufacturers, therefore electrical FLA and LRA specifications will vary. See unit rating plate for information specific to your unit.

OPERATION / ADJUSTMENT

Supply Air Staged Units - The blower rotation will always be correct on units equipped with an inverter. Checking blower rotation is not a valid method of determining voltage phasing for incoming power.

Supply Air Staged Units and Units Equipped With Optional Voltage or Phase Detection - The Unit Controller checks the incoming power during start-up. If the voltage or phase is incorrect, the Unit Controller will display an alarm and the unit will not start.

A-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use this mobile service app (the QR is located in the control area) menu:

SERVICE > TEST > BLOWER

Instructions provided with the thermostat may also be used to initiate blower only (G) demand. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

- 1 - Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in ON position, blowers will operate continuously.
- 2 - With fan switch in **AUTO** position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in **OFF** position.

IMPORTANT

Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower* rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

1-Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower* rotation on unit start-up.

2-Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise and blower* rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower* rotation is not correct:

3-Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.

4-Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of S48 disconnect or TB13 terminal strip. Do not reverse wires at blower contactor.

5-Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

*Supply air inverter blower motors should rotate in the correct direction; verify scroll compressor rotation separately. Contact technical support if the blower is rotating incorrectly.

⚠ IMPORTANT

- 1-Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2-Inspect all electrical wiring, both field- and factory-installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3-Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4-Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5-Make sure filters are new and in place before start-up.

B-Blower Access

- 1 - Disconnect jack/plug connector to blower motor. Also disconnect jack/plug connector heating limit switches on gas units.
- 2 - Remove screws on either side of blower assembly sliding base. See figure 9.
- 3 - Pull base toward outside of unit.

C-Determining Unit CFM

IMPORTANT - Multi-staged supply air units are factory-set to run the blower at full speed when there is a blower (G) demand without a heating or cooling demand. Refer to the field-provided, design specified CFM for all modes of operation. Use the following procedure to adjust motor pulley to deliver the highest CFM called for in the design spec. See Inverter Start-Up section to set blower CFM for all modes once the motor pulley is set.

- 1 - The following measurements must be made with a dry indoor coil. Run blower (G demand) without a cooling demand. Measure the indoor blower shaft RPM. Air filters must be in place when measurements are taken.

Note - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 2 - With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in figure 8.
- 3 - Accessories. Use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM.
- 4 - The blower RPM can be adjusted at the motor pulley. Loosen Allen screw and turn adjustable pulley clockwise to increase CFM. Turn counterclockwise to decrease CFM. See figure 9. Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in table 5.

TABLE 5

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

Belt	Min Turns Open	Max Turns Open
A Section	No Min	5
B Section	1*	6

*No minimum number of turns open when B belt is used on pulleys 6" O.D. or larger.

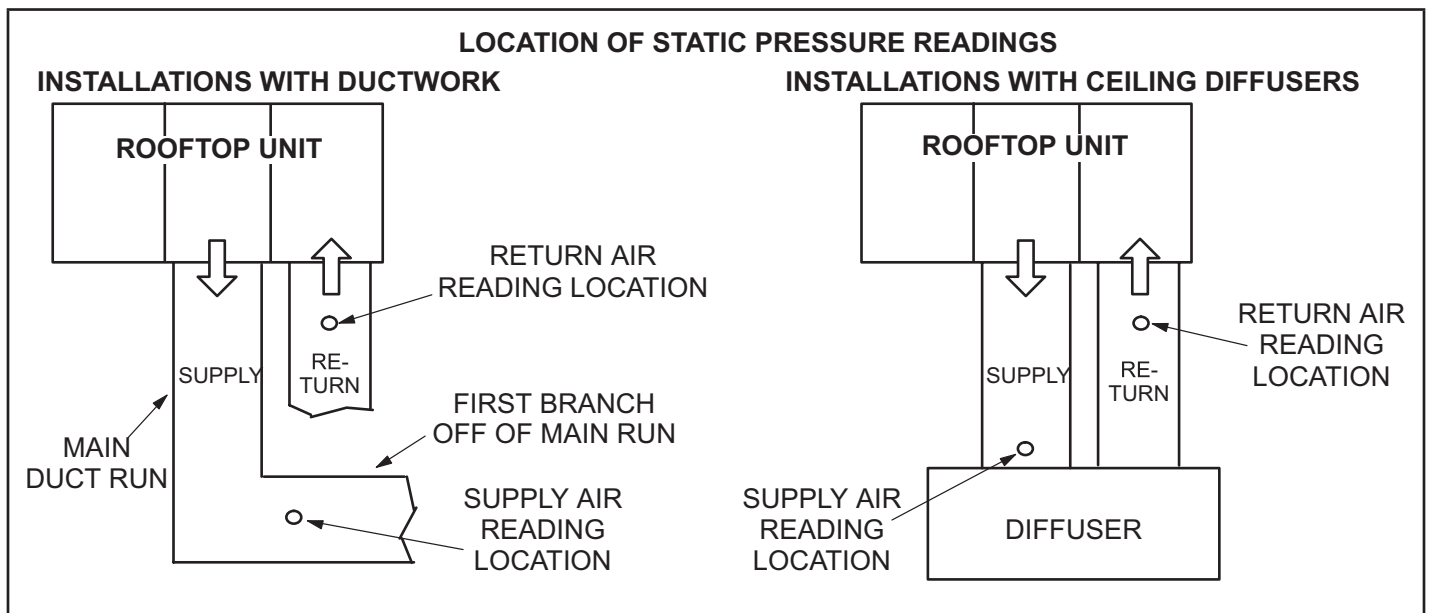


FIGURE 8

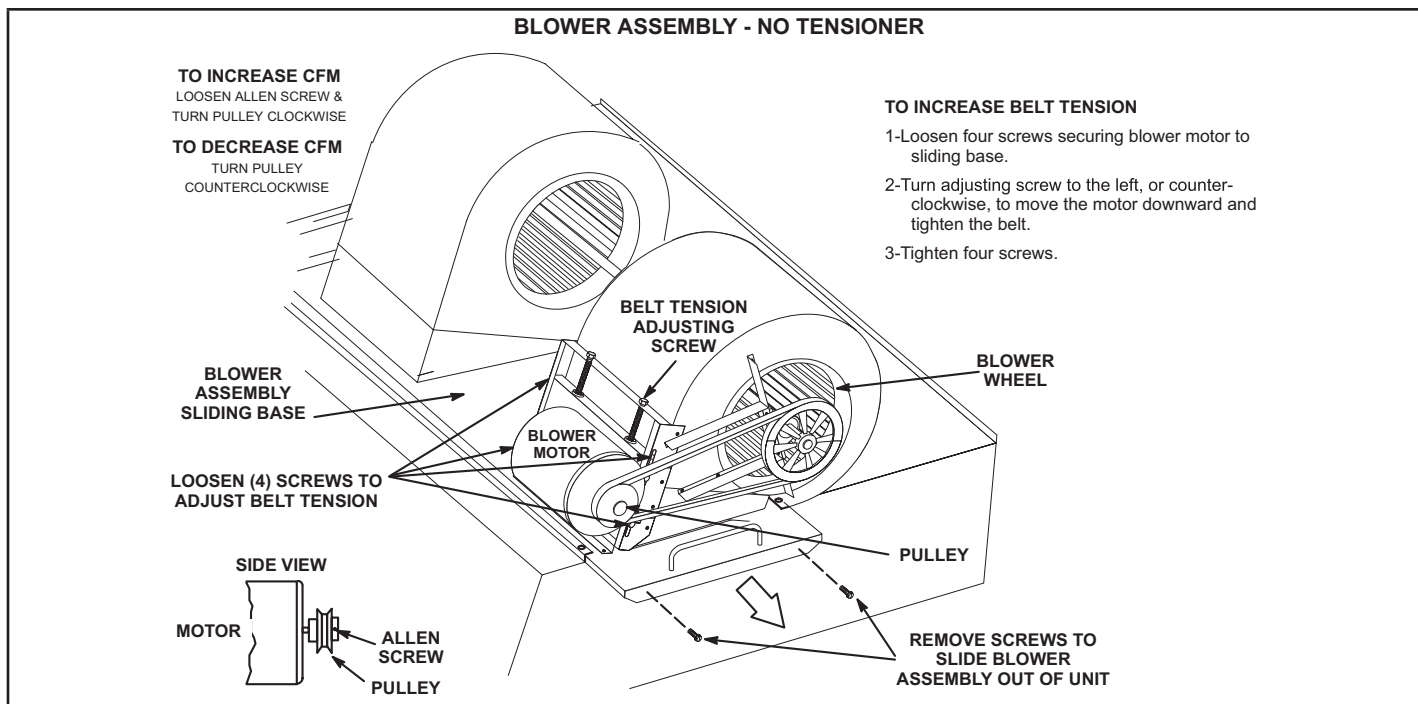


FIGURE 9

D-Blower Belt Adjustment

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat into pulley grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulley are aligned. See figure 10 for blowers not equipped with a tensioner and figure 11 for units equipped with an optional belt tensioner.

Blowers Without Belt Tensioner

- 1 - Loosen four screws securing blower motor to sliding base. See figure 9.
- 2 - *To increase belt tension -*

Turn belt tension adjusting screw to the left, or counterclockwise, to tighten the belt. This increases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.

To loosen belt tension -

Turn the adjusting screw to the right, or clockwise to loosen belt tension.

- 3 - Tighten four screws securing blower motor to sliding base once adjustments have been made.

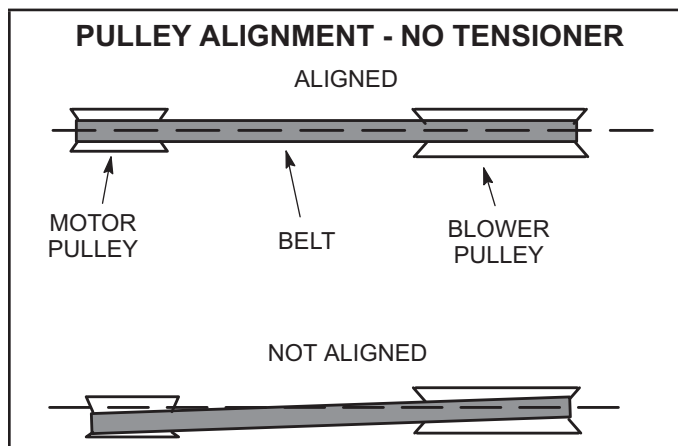


FIGURE 10

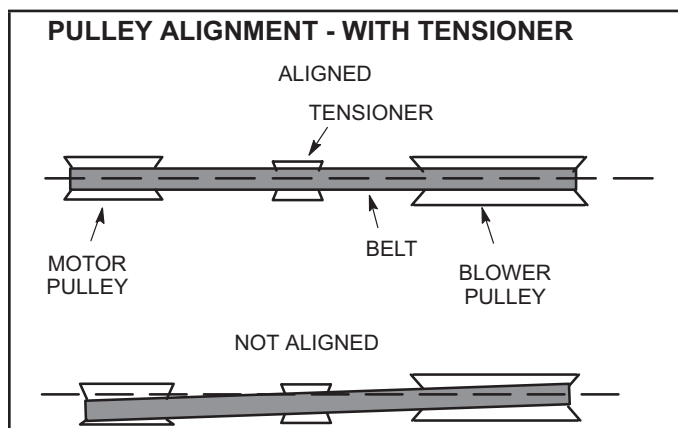


FIGURE 11

PULLEY ALIGNMENT - WITH TENSIONER

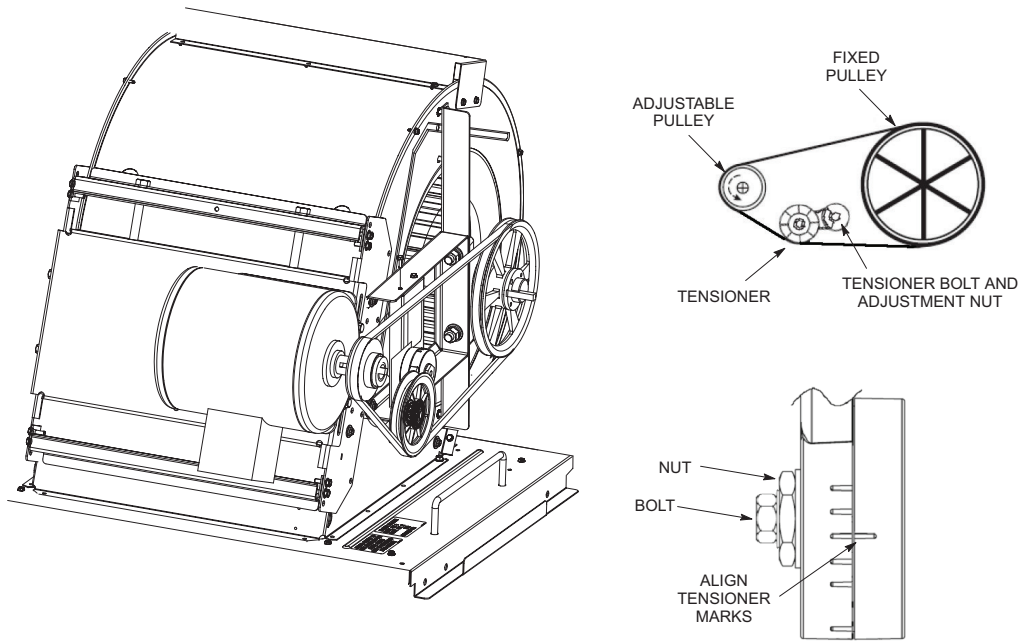


FIGURE 12

Blowers Equipped With Belt Tensioner

- 1 - Loosen the bolt in the center of the tensioner. See figure 12.
- 2 - Place belt over all three pulleys.
- 3 - Using a 15/16" wrench, turn the tensioner nut until marks align as shown in figure 12.
- 4 - Hold the tensioner with marks aligned and tighten the bolt to 23 ft.lbs. using the 9/16" wrench.

E-Check Belt Tension

Overtensioning belts shortens belt and bearing life. Check belt tension as follows:

- 1 - Measure span length X. See figure 13.
- 2 - Apply perpendicular force to center of span (X) with enough pressure to deflect belt 1/64" for every inch of span length or 1.5mm per 100mm of span length.

Example: Deflection distance of a 40" span would be 40/64" or 5/8".

Example: Deflection distance of a 400mm span would be 6mm.

- 3 - Measure belt deflection force. For a used belt, the deflection force should be 5 lbs. (35kPa) . A new belt deflection force should be 7 lbs. (48kPa).

A force below these values indicates an undertensioned belt. A force above these values indicates an overtensioned belt.

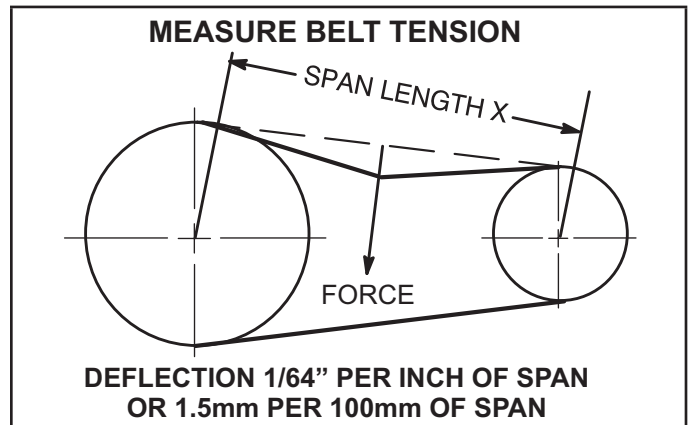


FIGURE 13

F-Field-Furnished Blower Drives

See BLOWER DATA tables for blower drives.

D-GAS HEAT COMPONENTS

See SPECIFICATIONS tables or unit nameplate for Btuh capacities. Units are equipped with two identical gas heat sections (gas heat section one and gas heat section two) see figure 14. Flexible pipe will feed supply gas to both sections. If for service the flexible connection must be broken, hand tighten then turn additional 1/4" with a wrench for metal to metal seal (do not overtighten).

NOTE - Do not use thread sealing compound on flex pipe flare connections.

1-Control Box Components A3, A12, A55

⚠ WARNING



Shock hazard. Disconnect power before servicing. Integrated control is not field repairable. If control is inoperable, simply replace entire control. Can cause injury or death. Unsafe operation will result if repair is attempted.

Burner Ignition Control A3, A12

The ignition controls are located in the heat section areas (figure 14) below the compressors. The controls are manufactured UTEC. See table 6 for LED codes.

The ignition control provides three main functions: gas valve control, ignition and flame sensing. The unit will usually ignite on the first attempt; however, the ignition attempt sequence provides three trials for ignition before locking out. The lockout time for the control is 5 minutes.

After lockout, the ignition control automatically resets and provides three more attempts at ignition. Manual reset after lockout requires breaking and remaking power to the ignition control. See figure 15 for a normal ignition sequence and figure 16 for the ignition attempt sequence with retries (nominal timings given for simplicity). Specific timings for the ignition controls are shown in figure 17.

TABLE 6

UTEC	
LED Flashes	Indicates
Slow Flash	Control ok, no call for heat
Fast Flash	Control ok, call for heat present.
Steady Off	Internal control fault or no power
Steady On Failure	Control internal failure
1 Flash	Rollout switch open
2 Flashes	Limit open or lockout from too many tries during a single heat demand
3 Flashes	Pressure switch open with inducer on/ open during 5 minute inducer off time.
4 Flashes	Ignition lockout from no flame detected or from too many flame losses.
5 Flashes	Flame sensed out of sequence
6 Flashes	Pressure switch closed with inducer off
7 Flashes	Gas valve relay failure
8 Flashes	Lockout due to too many pressure switch openings during one heat demand

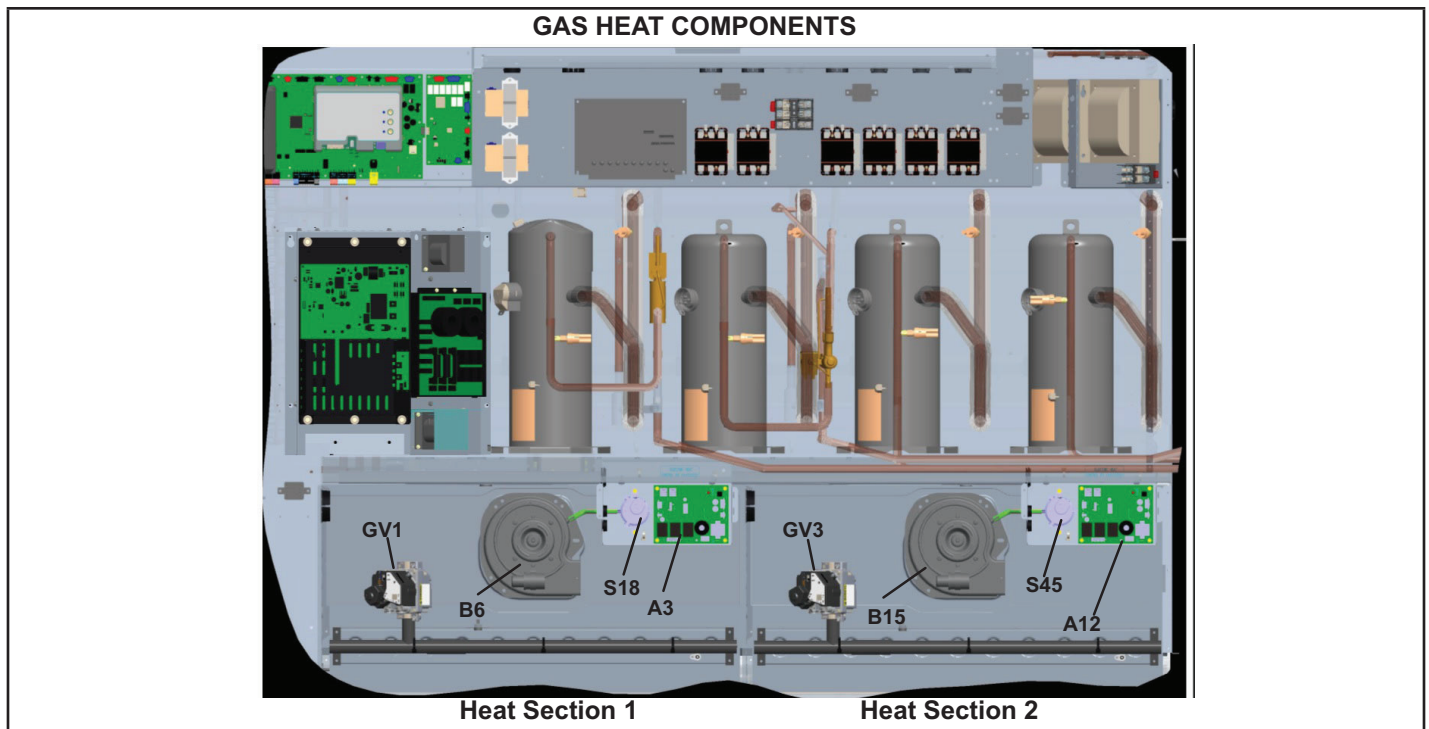


FIGURE 14

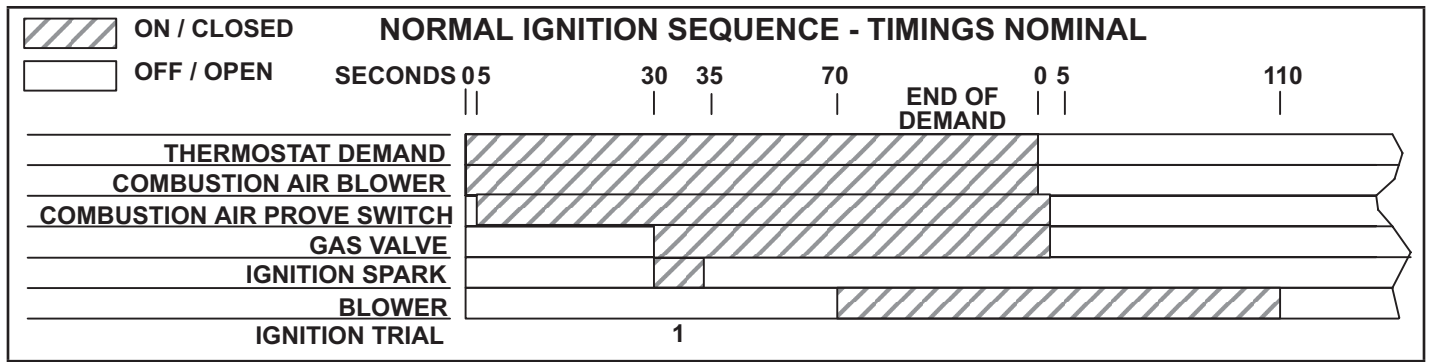


FIGURE 15

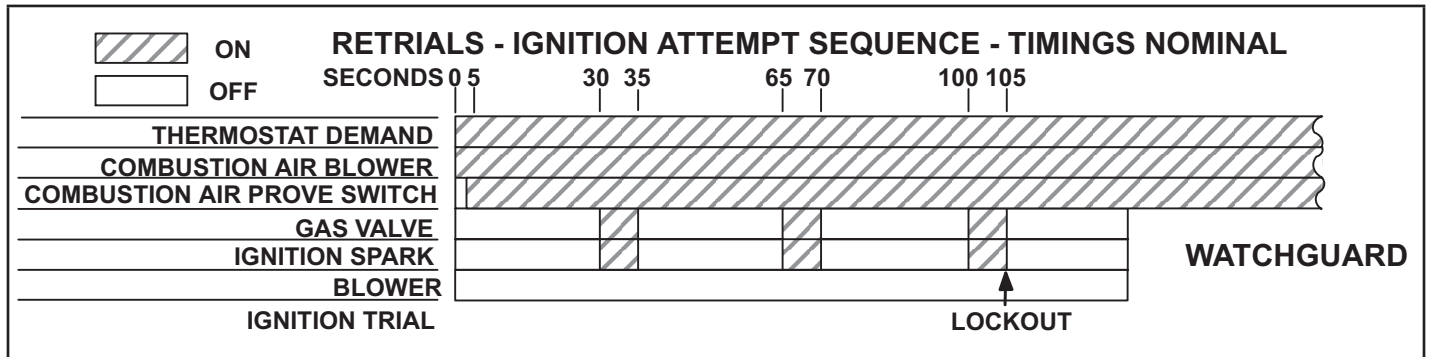


FIGURE 16

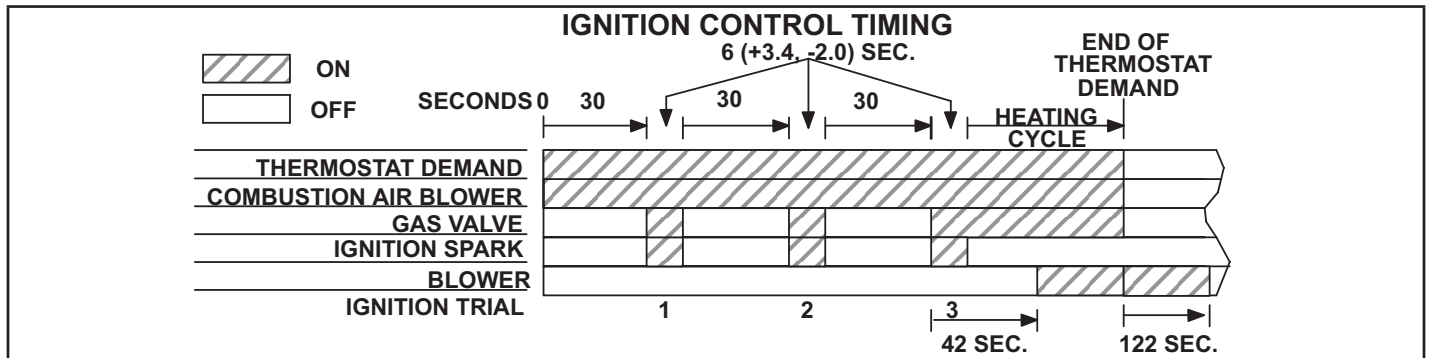


FIGURE 17

Flame rectification sensing is used on all units. Loss of flame during a heating cycle is indicated by an absence of flame signal (0 microamps). If this happens, the control will immediately restart the ignition sequence and then lock out if ignition is not gained after the third trial. See System Service Checks section for flame current measurement.

The control shuts off gas flow immediately in the event of a power failure. Upon restoration of gas and power, the control will restart the ignition sequence and continue until flame is established or system locks out.

On a heating demand, the ignition control is energized by the A55 Unit Controller. The ignition control then allows 30 to 40 seconds for the combustion air blower to vent exhaust gases

from the burners. When the combustion air blower is purging the exhaust gases, the combustion air prove switch is closing proving that the combustion air blower is operating before allowing the ignition control to energize. When the combustion air prove switch is closed and the delay is over, the ignition control activates gas valve, the spark electrode and the flame sensing electrode. Sparking stops immediately after flame is sensed. The combustion air blower continues to operate throughout the heating demand. If the flame fails or if the burners do not ignite, the ignition control will attempt to ignite the burners up to two more times. If ignition cannot be obtained after the third attempt, the control will lock out. The ignition control is not adjustable.

2-Heat Exchanger (Figure 18)

Units use aluminized steel inshot burners with matching tubular aluminized (stainless steel is an option) steel heat exchangers and two-stage redundant gas valves. LGM156/300 uses two eleven-tube/burners for high heat, two six-tube/burners for standard or low heat and two nine-tube/ burners for medium heat. Burners in all units use a burner venturi to mix gas and air for proper combustion. Combustion takes place at each tube entrance.

As hot combustion gases are drawn upward through each tube by the combustion air blower, exhaust gases are drawn out the top and fresh air/gas mixture is drawn in at the bottom. Heat is transferred to the air stream from all surfaces of the heat exchanger tubes. The supply air blowers, controlled by the Unit Controller A55, force air across all surfaces of the tubes to extract the heat of combustion. The shape of the tubes ensures maximum heat exchange. The gas valves accomplish staging by allowing more or less gas to the burners as called for by heating demand.

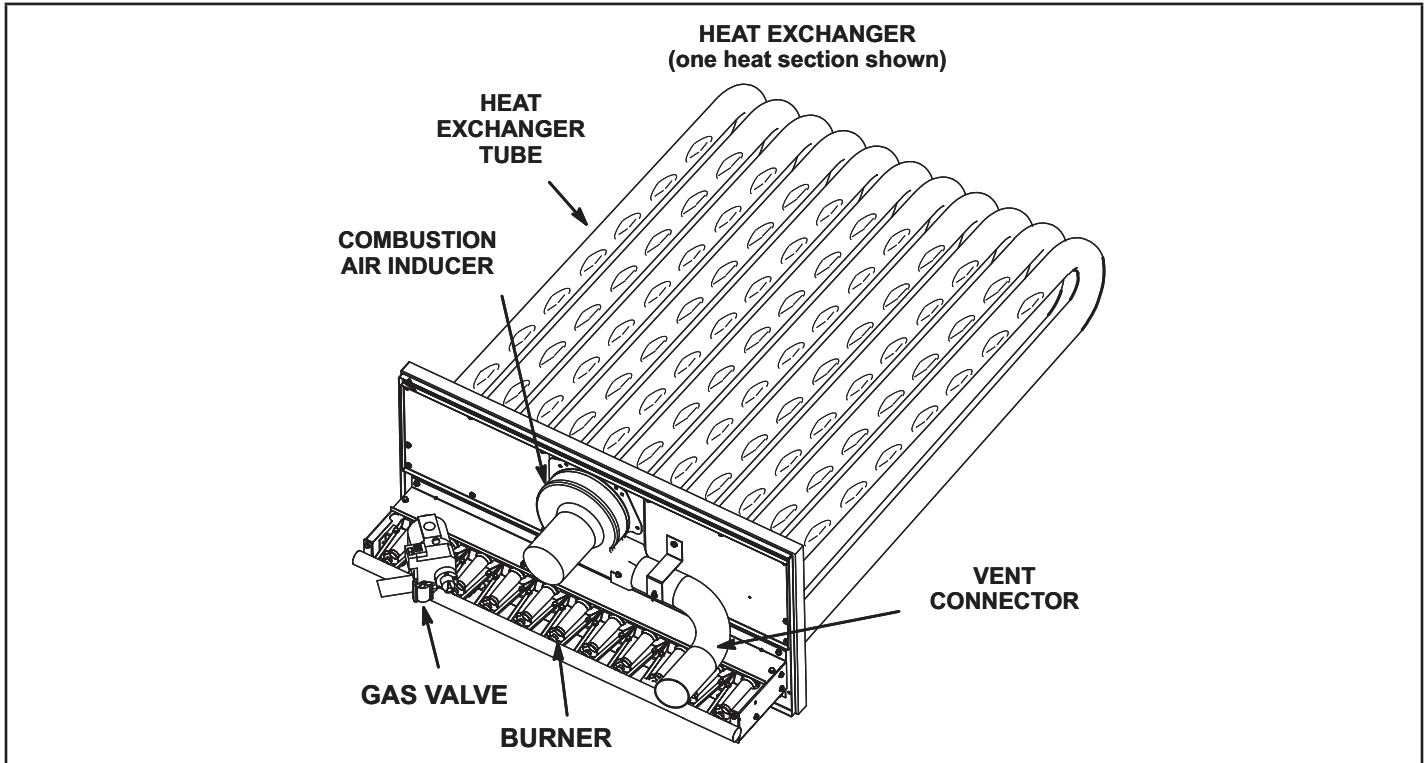


FIGURE 18

3-Burner Assembly (Figure 19)

The burners are controlled by the spark electrode, flame sensing electrode, gas valve and combustion air blower. The spark electrode, flame sensing electrode and gas valve are directly controlled by ignition control. Ignition control and combustion air blower is controlled by Unit Controller A55.

Burners

All units use inshot burners (see figures 19 and 20). Burners are factory set and do not require adjustment. A peep hole with cover is furnished in the heating access panel for flame viewing. Always operate the unit with the access panel in place.

Burners can be removed individually for service. Burner maintenance and service is detailed in the SERVICE CHECKS section of this manual.

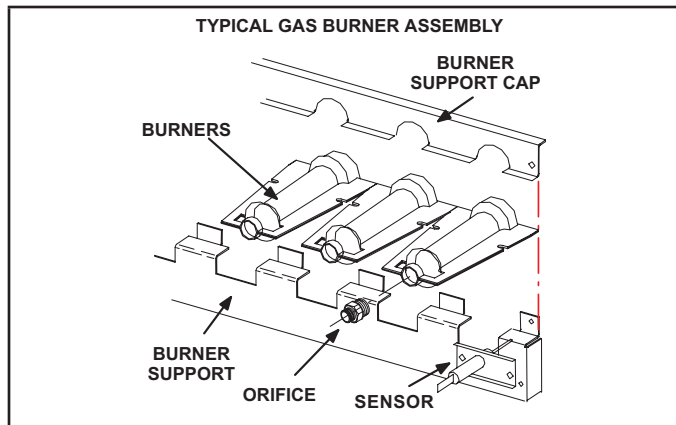


FIGURE 19

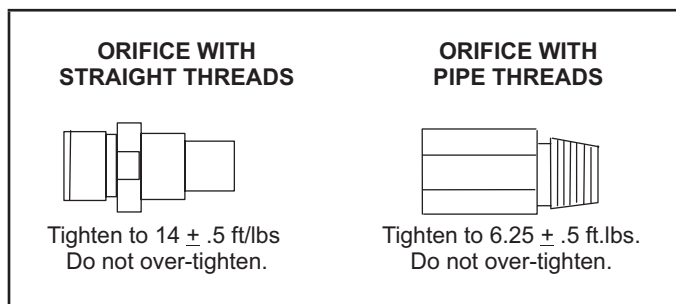


FIGURE 20

Orifice

Each burner uses an orifice (two types figure 20) which is precisely matched to the burner input. Install only the orifices with the same threads. The orifice is threaded into the burner manifold. The burner is supported by the orifice and will easily slide off for service.

NOTE-Do not use thread sealing compound on the orifices. Using thread sealing compound may plug the orifices.

Each orifice and burner are sized specifically to the unit. Refer to Repair Parts Listing for correct sizing information.

NOTE- In primary and secondary high temperature limits S10 and S99 the ignition circuits in both gas heat sections one and two are immediately de-energized when terminals 1-3 open and the indoor blower motor is immediately energized when terminals 1-2 close. This is the primary and secondary safety shut-down function of the unit.

4-Primary High Temperature Limits S10 & S99

S10 is the primary high temperature limit for gas heat section one and S99 is the primary high temperature limit for gas heat section two.

In LGM156/300 units, S10 and S99 are located on the drip shield behind the blower housing. In this location S10 and S99 also serve as secondary limits. See figure 21.

Primary limit S10 is wired to the Unit Controller A55 which energizes burner 1 control (A3), while primary limit S99 is wired to the A55 Unit Controller which energizes burner 2 control (A12). Its N.C. contacts open to de-energize the ignition control when excessive temperature is reached in the blower compartment. At the same time, the N.O. contacts of S10 and S99 close energizing the blower relay coil K3 through control A55. If either limit trips the blower will be energized. Limits settings are factory set and cannot be adjusted. If limit must be replaced same type and set point must be used. See Repair Parts Handbook.

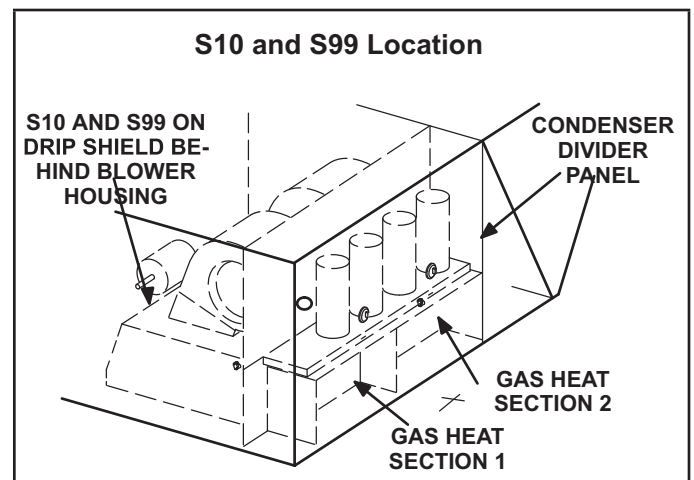


FIGURE 21

5-Flame Rollout Limits S47, S69

Flame rollout limits S47 on first heat section and S69 on second heat section are SPST N.C. high temperature limits located just above the burner air intake opening in the burner enclosures (see figure18). Both switches are wired to the A55 Unit Controller. When S47 or S69 senses flame rollout (indicating a blockage in the combustion air passages), the corresponding flame rollout limit trips and the ignition control immediately closes the gas valve. Limit S47 and S69 in standard heat units are factory preset to open at 250F + 12F (121.1C + 6.7C) on a temperature rise, while on high heat units both limits open at 270F + 12F (132.2C + 6.7C) on a temperature rise. All flame rollout limits are manual reset.

6-Combustion Air Prove Switches S18, S45

Prove switches S18 (first heat section) and S45 (second heat section) are located below the compressors. Each has its own control box. Both are identical SPST N.O. switches and monitor combustion air inducer operation. Switch S18 and S45 are wired to the A55 Unit Controller.

The switch closes on a negative pressure fall. This negative pressure fall and switch actuation allows the ignition sequence to continue (proves, by closing, that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the gas valve to open.) The combustion air prove switch is factory set and not adjustable. The switch will automatically open on a pressure rise (less negative pressure). Table 7 shows prove switch settings.

TABLE 7

S18 & S45 Prove Switch Settings

Close“ w.c. (Pa)	Open “ w.c. (Pa)
0.25 + 5 (62.3+12.4)	0.10+5 (24.8+12.4)

7-Combustion Air Inducers B6 & B15

Combustion air blowers B6 on the first heat section and B15 on the second heat section, are identical blowers which provide fresh air to the corresponding burners while clearing the combustion chamber of exhaust gases. The blowers begin operating immediately upon receiving a thermostat demand and are de-energized immediately when thermostat demand is satisfied.

Both combustion air blowers use a 208/230 or 460V singlephase PSC motor and a 4.81in. x 1.25in. (122mm x 32mm) blower wheel. All motors operate at 3200 or 3450 RPM and are equipped with auto-reset overload protection. Blowers are supplied by various manufacturers. Ratings may vary by manufacturer. Specific blower electrical ratings can be found on the unit rating plate.

All combustion air blower motors are sealed and cannot be oiled. The blower cannot be adjusted but can be disassembled for cleaning.

8-Combustion Air Motor Capacitors C3 & C11

The combustion air blower motors in all LGM units require run capacitors. Capacitor C3 is connected to combustion air blower B6 and C11 is connected to combustion air blower B15. Both capacitors are rated at 3 or 4 MFD for 208/230 CAB and 4 MFD for 460V CAB. 9-Gas Valves GV1 & GV3 Gas valves GV1 and GV3 are identical. The gas valves are two-stage redundant valves. Units are equipped with valves manufactured by Honeywell. On both valves first stage (low fire) is quick opening (on and off in less than 3 seconds). On the Honeywell second stage is quick opening.

On a call for first stage heat (low fire), the valve is energized by the ignition control simultaneously with the spark electrode. On a call for second stage heat (high fire), the second stage operator is energized directly from A55 (GV1, GV3). The Honeywell valve is adjustable for both low fire and high fire. A manual shut-off knob is provided on the valve for shut-off. Manual shut-off knob immediately closes both stages without delay. Figure 22 shows gas valve components.

Table 8 shows factory gas valve regulation for LGM series units. Optional factory installed gas valves for single stage heat only, are available for the LGM156, 180 and 210. Gas valves are wired without W2 eliminating two stage heat.

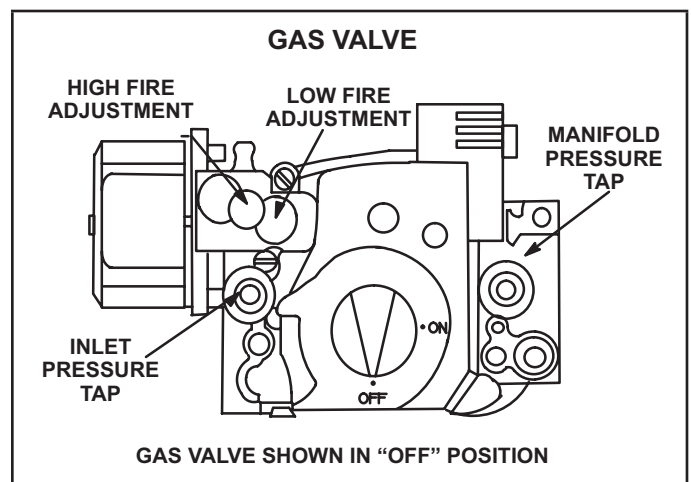


FIGURE 22

TABLE 8

GAS VALVE REGULATION FOR LGM UNITS

Operating Pressure (outlet) Factory Setting			
Natural		LP	
Low	High	Low	High
1.6+0.2"WC 398+50Pa	3.7+0.3"WC 920+75Pa	5.5+0.3"WC 1368+75Pa	10.5+0.5"WC 2611+7124Pa

The maximum inlet pressure is 13.0" WC (3232PA)

10-Spark Electrodes

An electrode assembly is used for ignition spark. Two identical electrodes are used (one for each gas heat section). The electrode is mounted through holes on the left-most end of the burner support. The electrode tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the adjacent burner. The electrode assembly is fastened to burner supports and can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners. During ignition, spark travels through the spark electrode (figure 23) and ignites the left burner. Flame travels from burner to burner until all are lit. The spark electrode is connected to the ignition control by a 8 mm silicone-insulated stranded high voltage wire. The wire uses 1/4" (6.35 mm) female quick connect on the electrode end and female spark plug-type terminal on the ignition control end.

NOTE- IN ORDER TO MAXIMIZE SPARK ENERGY TO ELECTRODE, HIGH VOLTAGE WIRE SHOULD TOUCH UNIT CABINET AS LITTLE AS POSSIBLE.

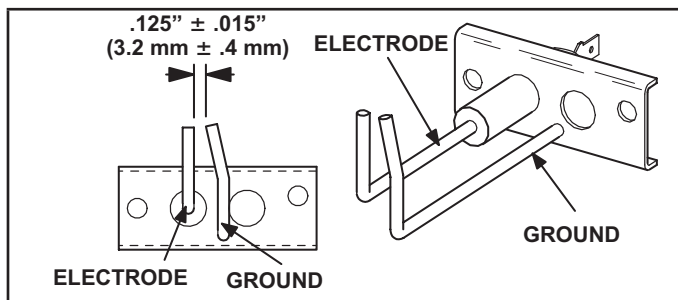


FIGURE 23

11-Flame Sensors

A flame sensor is located on the right side of each burner support. The sensor is mounted through a hole in the burner support and the tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the right most burner. The sensor assembly is fastened to burner supports and can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners.

When flame is sensed by the flame sensor (indicated by microamp signal through the flame) sparking stops immediately. During operation, flame is sensed by current passed along the ground electrode (located on the spark electrode), through the flame and into the sensing electrode. The ignition control allows the gas valve to stay open as long as a flame signal (current passed through the flame) is sensed.

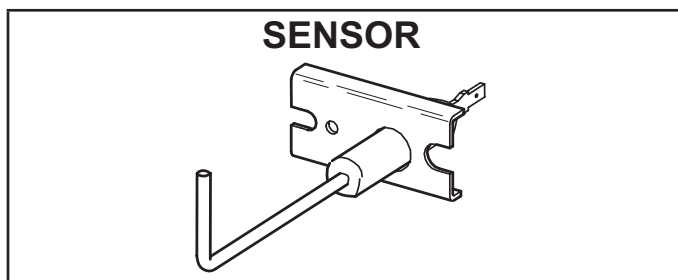


FIGURE 24

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame.

III-CHARGING

A-Refrigerant Charge and Check - Fin/Tube Coil

NOTE- Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system and add required nameplate charge.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system. If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

IMPORTANT - Charge unit in normal cooling mode.

- 1 - Attach gauge manifolds to discharge and suction lines. With the economizer disabled, operate the unit in cooling mode at high speed using the following mobile service app (the QR code is in the unit control area) menu path:
SERVICE>TEST>COOL>COOL 4
- 2 - Use a thermometer to accurately measure the outdoor ambient temperature.
- 3 - Apply the outdoor temperature to tables 9 through 18 to determine normal operating pressures. Pressures are listed for sea level applications at 80°F dry bulb and 67°F wet bulb return air.
- 4 - Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Minor variations in these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Significant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem exists with some component in the system. Correct any system problems before proceeding.
- 5 - If discharge pressure is high, remove refrigerant from the system. If discharge pressure is low, add refrigerant to the system.
 - Add or remove charge in increments.
 - Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 - Use the following approach method along with the normal operating pressures to confirm readings.

TABLE 9

156 Std. Compressor 1 Frequency 56Hz - 581014-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	228	127	256	131	258	140
75°F	267	130	295	134	298	148
85°F	309	133	337	136	340	153
95°F	352	135	383	139	387	156
105°F	403	139	432	142	433	159
115°F	457	142	485	145	486	162

TABLE 10

156 Reheat Compressor 1 Frequency 56Hz - 581015-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	230	123	274	127	260	140
75°F	267	126	313	129	299	144
85°F	309	129	353	132	341	147
95°F	355	133	398	135	385	150
105°F	404	135	447	137	432	153
115°F	463	139	507	140	485	156

TABLE 11

180 Std. Compressor 1 Frequency 56Hz - 581016-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	232	123	276	131	279	141
75°F	267	129	313	133	315	147
85°F	311	132	360	136	362	151
95°F	357	135	406	138	408	154
105°F	403	137	456	141	455	158
115°F	456	140	511	144	510	161

TABLE 12

180 Reheat Compressor 1 Frequency 56Hz - 581017-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	233	122	291	129	267	132
75°F	270	127	330	131	307	138
85°F	313	129	373	133	348	143
95°F	360	134	430	137	398	147
105°F	411	136	472	139	441	149
115°F	469	139	531	142	495	152

TABLE 13

210 Std. Compressor 1 Frequency 48Hz - 581018-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3		Circuit 4	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	245	125	255	127	253	139	259	140
75°F	283	127	294	130	290	143	299	146
85°F	323	129	336	133	330	146	343	149
95°F	368	131	386	136	376	148	393	151
105°F	418	134	435	139	425	152	440	153
115°F	472	137	489	142	479	154	496	155

TABLE 14

210 Reheat Compressor 1 Frequency 48Hz - 581019-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3		Circuit 4	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	245	127	267	126	241	120	264	141
75°F	279	130	303	129	279	129	301	146
85°F	317	133	344	132	318	136	342	149
95°F	367	136	393	134	365	143	391	152
105°F	407	139	438	138	409	147	438	155
115°F	461	143	492	141	462	151	493	159

TABLE 15

240 Std. Compressor 1 Frequency 62Hz - 581020-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3		Circuit 4	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	250	117	261	124	252	129	267	139
75°F	289	121	301	128	292	136	310	146
85°F	331	124	348	131	334	140	355	151
95°F	374	126	393	134	379	142	400	154
105°F	425	130	450	138	430	145	456	158
115°F	481	133	507	141	484	148	514	161

TABLE 16

240 Reheat Compressor 1 Frequency 62Hz - 581021-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3		Circuit 4	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	263	122	296	126	239	126	273	140
75°F	304	126	336	126	276	133	312	144
85°F	348	129	384	128	318	138	357	148
95°F	387	129	405	129	373	140	389	148
105°F	442	133	464	133	424	144	440	151
115°F	500	137	523	136	477	147	497	152

TABLE 17

300 Std. Compressor 1 Frequency 68Hz - 581022-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3		Circuit 4	
	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig	Dis. ±10 psig	Suc. ±5 psig
65°F	260	115	260	118	272	117	269	119
75°F	301	118	304	124	316	126	314	130
85°F	345	121	350	127	362	133	360	138
95°F	387	126	407	130	403	138	412	145
105°F	437	128	460	134	455	141	466	149
115°F	490	131	519	137	510	144	522	154

TABLE 18

300 Reheat Compressor 1 Frequency 68Hz - 581023-01

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Circuit 1		Circuit 2		Circuit 3		Circuit 4	
	Dis. ± 10 psig	Suc. ± 5 psig	Dis. ± 10 psig	Suc. ± 5 psig	Dis. ± 10 psig	Suc. ± 5 psig	Dis. ± 10 psig	Suc. ± 5 psig
65°F	274	121	295	120	259	114	275	120
75°F	316	124	339	122	301	123	317	128
85°F	363	126	387	124	346	131	362	135
95°F	415	129	442	127	395	137	414	141
105°F	469	132	497	130	447	142	464	144
115°F	525	136	558	133	502	145	519	147

E-Charge Verification - Approach Method - AHRI Testing (Fin/Tube Coil)

- Using the same thermometer, compare liquid temperature to outdoor ambient temperature.
Approach Temperature = Liquid temperature (at condenser outlet) minus ambient temperature.
- Approach temperature should match values in table 19. An approach temperature greater than value shown indicates an undercharge. An approach temperature less than value shown indicates an overcharge.
- The approach method is not valid for grossly over or undercharged systems. Use tables 9 through 18 as a guide for typical operating pressures.

TABLE 19

APPROACH TEMPERATURES - FIN/TUBE COIL

Unit	Liquid Temp. Minus Ambient Temp.			
	1st Stage	2nd Stage	3rd Stage	4th Stage
156 Std.	3.0°F ± 1 (1.7°C ± 0.5)	6.0°F ± 1 (3.3°C ± 0.5)	6.5°F ± 1 (3.6°C ± 0.5)	NA
156 Reheat	1.7°F ± 1 (0.9°C ± 0.5)	1.7°F ± 1 (0.9°C ± 0.5)	2.7°F ± 1 (1.5°C ± 0.5)	NA
180 Std.	2.5°F ± 1 (1.4°C ± 0.5)	5.0°F ± 1 (2.8°C ± 0.5)	5.5°F ± 1 (3.1°C ± 0.5)	NA
180 Reheat	1.0°F ± 1 (0.6°C ± 0.5)	2.8°F ± 1 (1.6°C ± 0.5)	4.8°F ± 1 (2.7°C ± 0.5)	NA
210 Std.	1.0°F ± 1 (0.6°C ± 0.5)	5.5°F ± 1 (3.1°C ± 0.5)	3.0°F ± 1 (1.7°C ± 0.5)	6.0°F ± 1 (3.3°C ± 0.5)
210 Reheat	2.5°F ± 1 (1.4°C ± 0.5)	3.7°F ± 1 (2.1°C ± 0.5)	6.0°F ± 1 (3.3°C ± 0.5)	4.3°F ± 1 (2.4°C ± 0.5)
240 Std.	3.5°F ± 1 (1.9°C ± 0.5)	8.3°F ± 1 (4.6°C ± 0.5)	4.7°F ± 1 (2.6°C ± 0.5)	7.5°F ± 1 (4.2°C ± 0.5)
240 Reheat	1.9°F ± 1 (1.1°C ± 0.5)	3.8°F ± 1 (2.1°C ± 0.5)	2.2°F ± 1 (1.2°C ± 0.5)	5.4°F ± 1 (3.0°C ± 0.5)
300 Std.	1.5°F ± 1 (0.8°C ± 0.5)	5.5°F ± 1 (3.1°C ± 0.5)	4.0°F ± 1 (2.2°C ± 0.5)	6.5°F ± 1 (3.6°C ± 0.5)
300 Reheat	2.8°F ± 1 (1.5°C ± 0.5)	4.2°F ± 1 (2.3°C ± 0.5)	3.8°F ± 1 (2.1°C ± 0.5)	5.4°F ± 1 (3.0°C ± 0.5)

IV-STARTUP - OPERATION

Refer to startup directions and to the unit wiring diagram when servicing. See unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit control box cover.
- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- Check voltage. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.
- Inspect and adjust blower belt (see section on Blower Compartment - Blower Belt Adjustment).

B-Cooling Startup See figure 7 for unit refrigerant circuits


NOTE-Crankcase heaters must be energized 24 hours before attempting to start compressor. Set thermostat so that there is no demand to prevent compressor from cycling.

Apply power to unit.

- Initiate first and second stage cooling demands according to instructions provided with thermostat.
- First-stage thermostat demand will energize indoor blower in Low Cooling CFM. Second-stage thermostat demand will energize indoor blower in High Cooling CFM. Both demands energize compressor 1 (variable speed compressor). The remaining compressors will be energized to modulate the discharge air temperature.
- 156, 180-**
Units contain three refrigerant circuits or systems.
210, 240, 300 -
Units contain four refrigerant circuits or systems.
- Each refrigerant circuit is separately charged with R410A refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- Refer to the Refrigerant Check and Charge section to check refrigerant charge.

C-Heating Startup

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

⚠ WARNING	
	Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

⚠ WARNING	
	Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. If overheating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

⚠ WARNING	
This unit is equipped with an automatic spark ignition system. Do not attempt to light manually.	

In case of a safety shutdown, move thermostat switch to **OFF** and return the thermostat switch to **HEAT** to reset ignition control.

Placing Furnace In Operation

Gas Valve Operation for Honeywell VR8205Q/VR8305Q (figure 25)

- 1 - Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2 - Turn off all electrical power to appliance.
- 3 - This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- 4 - Open or remove the heat section access panel.

- 5 - Turn the knob on the gas valve clockwise to **"OFF"**. Do not force.
- 6 - Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, **STOP!** Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.

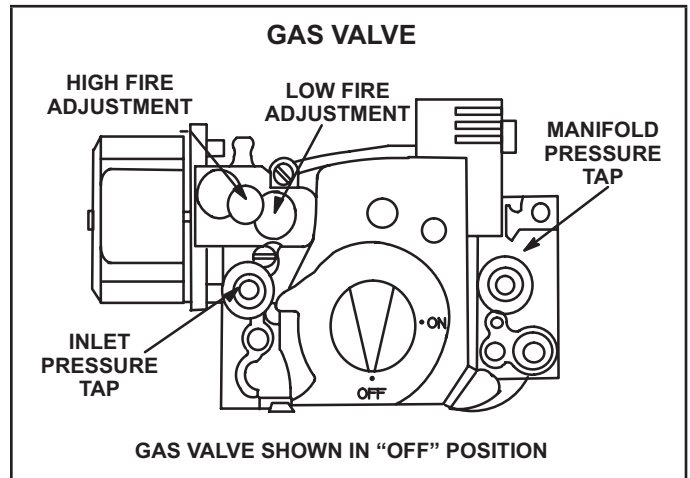


FIGURE 25

- 7 - Turn the knob on the gas valve counterclockwise to **"ON"**. Do not force.
- 8 - Close or replace the heat section access panel.
- 9 - Turn on all electrical power to appliance.
- 10 - Set thermostat to desired setting.
- 11 - The combustion air inducer will start. The burners will light within 40 seconds.
- 12 - If the appliance does not light the first time (gas line not fully purged), it will attempt up to two more ignitions before locking out.
- 13 - If lockout occurs, repeat steps 1 through 10.
- 14 - If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Appliance

- 1 - If using an electromechanical thermostat, set to the lowest setting.
- 2 - Before performing any service, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 3 - Open or remove the heat section access panel.
- 4 - Turn the knob on the gas valve clockwise to **"OFF"**. Do not force.

D-Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off power to the unit. Close manual and main gas valves.

V- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

A-Heating System Service Checks

All LGM units are ETL/CSA design certified without modification.

Before checking piping, check with gas company or authorities having jurisdiction for local code requirements. Refer to the LGM Installation, Operation and Maintenance instruction for more information.

1-Gas Piping

Gas supply piping must not allow more than 0.5"W.C. (124.3 Pa) drop in pressure between the gas meter and the unit. Supply gas pipe must not be smaller than the unit gas connection. Refer to installation instructions for details.

2-Testing Gas Piping

NOTE-In case emergency shutdown is required, turn off the main manual shut-off valve and disconnect the main power to the unit. These controls should be properly labeled by the installer.

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. **Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig [14"W.C. (3481 Pa)].** See figure 26.

When checking piping connection for gas leaks, use the preferred means. Common kitchen detergents can cause harmful corrosion on various metals used in gas piping. The use of specialty Gas Leak Detector is strongly recommended. It is available through under part number 31B2001. See CORP 8411-L10, for further details.

Do not use matches, candles, flame or any other source of ignition to check for gas leaks.

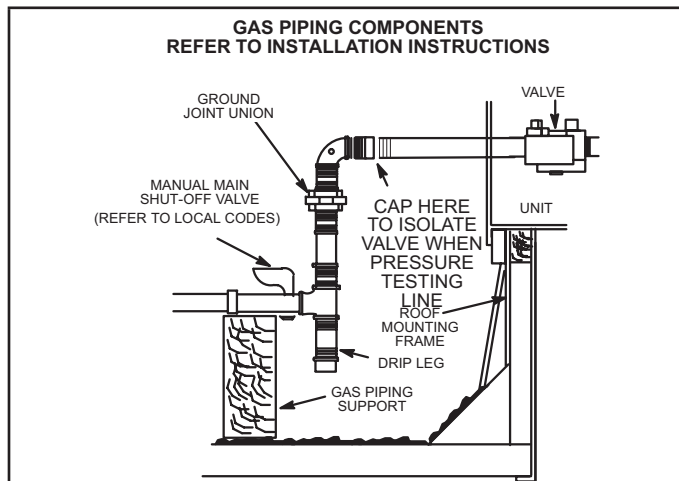


FIGURE 26

3-Testing Gas Supply Pressure

When testing gas supply pressure, connect test gauge to the inlet pressure tap located on unit gas valve GV1 and or GV3. Test supply gas pressure with unit firing at maximum rate (both stages energized).

Make sure the reading falls within the range of the following values. Low pressure may result in erratic operation or "underfire." High pressure can result in permanent damage to the gas valve or "overfire." See table 20 for supply pressures.

On multiple unit installations, each unit should be checked separately while operating at maximum rate, beginning with the one closest to the supply gas main and progressing to the one furthest from the main. Multiple units should also be tested with and without the other units operating. Supply pressure must fall within the range listed in the previous paragraph.

4-Check and Adjust Manifold Pressure

After line pressure has been checked and adjusted, check manifold pressure. Move test gauge to the outlet pressure tap located on unit gas valve GV1 and or GV3. See figure 25 for location of pressure tap on the gas valve.

The manifold pressure is factory set and should not require adjustment. If manifold pressure is incorrect and no other source of improper manifold pressure can be found, the valve must be replaced. See figure 25 for location of gas valve (manifold pressure) adjustment screw.

All gas valves are factory regulated. The gas valve should completely and immediately cycle off in the event of gas or power failure. The manual shut-off knob can be used to immediately shut off gas supply.

CAUTION

For safety, connect a shut-off valve between the manometer and the gas tap to permit shut off of gas pressure to the manometer.

Manifold Adjustment Procedure

- 1 - Connect test gauge to the outlet pressure tap on the gas valve. Start the unit (call for second stage heat) and allow five minutes for the unit to reach steady state.
- 2 - While waiting for the unit to stabilize, notice the flame. The flame should be stable without flashback and should not lift from the burner heads. Natural gas should burn basically blue with some clear streaks. L.P. gas should burn mostly blue with some clear yellow streaks.
- 3 - After allowing the unit to stabilize for five minutes, record the manifold pressure and compare to the values given in table 20.

CAUTION

Disconnect heating demand as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained.

TABLE 20

Manifold Pressure "W.C.				Supply Pressure "W.C.	
Natural		LP/Propane		Natural	Propane
Low	High	Low	High	4.7-10.5	10.8-13.5
1.6± 0.2	3.7±0.3	5.5± 0.3	10.5± 0.5		

Combustion gases

Flue products must be analyzed and compared to the unit specifications. Problems detected during the inspection may make it necessary to temporarily shut down the furnace until the items can be repaired or replaced.

5-Proper Gas Flow

To check for proper gas flow to burners, determine Btuh input from unit rating plate or the gas heating capacity in the SPECIFICATIONS tables. Divide this input rating by the Btuh per cubic foot of available gas. Result is the number of cubic feet per hour required. Determine the flow of gas through gas meter for two minutes and multiply by 30 to get hourly flow of gas to the burners.

NOTE - To obtain accurate reading, shut off all other gas appliances connected to meter.

6-Inshot Burner

Burners are factory set for maximum air and cannot be adjusted. Always operate unit with access panel in place. A peep hole is furnished in the heating access panel for flame viewing. Natural gas should burn basically blue with some clear streaks. L.P. gas should burn mostly blue with some clear yellow streaks.

Figure 27 shows how to remove burner assembly.

- 1 - Turn off power to unit and shut off gas supply.
- 2 - Remove screws holding the burner support cap.
- 3 - Slide each burner off its orifice.
- 4 - Clean and reassemble (reverse steps 1-3).
- 5 - Be sure to secure all wires and check plumbing.
- 6 - Turn on power to unit. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit and operate unit in heating mode. Check burner flames. They should be blue with yellow streaks.

7-Spark Electrode Gap

The spark electrode assembly can be removed for inspection by removing two screws securing the electrode assembly and sliding it out of unit.

For proper unit operation, electrodes must be positioned and gapped correctly.

Spark gap may be checked with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. Disconnect power to the unit and remove electrode assembly. The gap should be between 0.125" ± 0.015" (3.2 mm ± .4 mm). See figure 23.

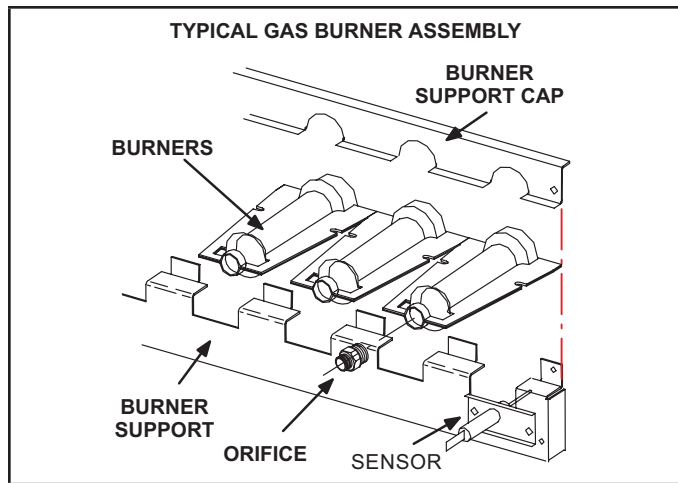


FIGURE 27

8-Heat Exchanger

To Access or Remove Heat Exchanger From Unit:

- 1 - Turn off gas and electric power.
- 2 - Remove access panel(s) and unit center mullion.
- 3 - Remove gas valve, manifold assembly and burners.
- 4 - Remove combustion air inducer and flue box. Pay careful attention to the order in which gaskets and orifice are removed.
- 5 - Support heat exchanger (to prevent it from falling when final screws are removed.)
- 6 - Remove screws supporting heat exchanger.
- 7 - To install heat exchanger, reverse procedure. Be sure to secure all wires and check plumbing and burner plate for airtight seal. Screws must be torqued to 35 in.-lbs. to ensure proper operation.

9-Flame Sensing

Flame current is an electrical current which passes from the ignition control through the sensor electrode during unit operation.

The current passes from the sensor through the flame to the ground electrode (located on the flame electrode) to complete a safety circuit. The electrodes should be located so the tips are at least 1/2" (12.7 mm) inside the flame envelope. Do not bend electrodes. To measure flame current, follow the procedure on the following page:

NOTE-Electrodes are not field adjustable. Any alterations to the electrode may create a hazardous condition that can cause property or personal injury.

- 1 - Disconnect power to unit.
- 2 - Remove lead from sensing electrode and install a 0-50DC microamp meter in series between the sensing electrode and the sensing lead.
- 3 - Reconnect power and adjust thermostat for heating demand.
- 4 - When flame is established, compare reading to table 21. Do not bend electrodes.
- 5 - Disconnect power to unit before disconnecting meter. Make sure sensor wire is securely reconnected before reconnecting power to unit.

TABLE 21		
Manufacturer	Nominal Signal Microamps	Drop Out
UTECH	0.5 - 1.0	0.09

NOTE-If the meter scale reads 0, the leads are reversed. Disconnect power and reconnect leads for proper polarity.

10-Combustion Air Inducer

The combustion air inducer is factory set and is not field adjustable. However, operation should be monitored to ensure proper operation. The combustion air inducer is used to draw fresh air into the combustion chamber while simultaneously expelling exhaust gases. The inducer operates throughout the heating cycle.


On a heating demand, the ignition control is energized by the A55 Unit Controller. The ignition control then allows 30 to 40 seconds for the combustion air inducer to vent exhaust gases from the burners. When the combustion air inducer is purging the exhaust gases, the combustion air prove switch is closing proving that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the ignition control to energize.

When the combustion air prove switch is closed and the delay is over, the ignition control activates the first stage operator of the gas valve (low fire), the spark and the flame sensing electrode. Sparking stops immediately after flame is sensed.

B-Cooling System Service Checks

LGM units are factory charged and require no further adjustment; however, charge should be checked periodically using the approach method. The approach method compares actual liquid temperature with the outdoor ambient temperature. See section III- CHARGING.

VI-MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING	
	Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

A-Filters

LGM units use six 24 X 24 X 2" fiberglass throw-away type filters. Filters may be accessed through the economizer / filter access door. Filters should be checked monthly (or more frequently in severe use) and cleaned or replaced regularly. Take note of the "AIR FLOW DIRECTION" marking on the filter frame when re-installing.

B-Lubrication

All motors and blower wheels used in LGM units are lubricated; no further lubrication is required.

C-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

D-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleanser. Check condensate drain pan and line, if necessary. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet. Check connecting lines and coil for evidence of oil and refrigerant leaks.

E-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with detergent or commercial coil cleaner and inspect monthly during the cooling season. Check connecting lines and coil for evidence of oil and refrigerant leaks.

F-Electrical

- 1 - Check all wiring for loose connections.
- 2 - Check for correct voltage at unit (unit operating).
- 3 - Check amp-draw on both condenser fan motor and blower motor.

Fan Motor Rating Plate ____ Actual _____

Indoor Blower Motor Rating Plate ____ Actual _____

VII-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory or field installed to the LGM units.

A-Roof Curbs

When installing the LGM units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the hybrid C1CUR-B70C-1 8-in height, C1CURB71C-1 14-in height, C1CUR-B72C-01 18-in height and C1CURB73C-1 24-in roof mounting frame is used. The assembled hybrid mounting frame is shown in figure 28. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame **MUST** be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system **MUST** be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in figure 29. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment. For horizontal discharge applications, use the standard C1URB14C-1 26-in or C1CURB16C-1 37-in height roof mounting frame. This frame converts unit from down-flow to horizontal air flow. The 37 inch horizontal frame meets National Roofing Code requirements. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the LGM units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they **MUST** be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units **MUST** be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

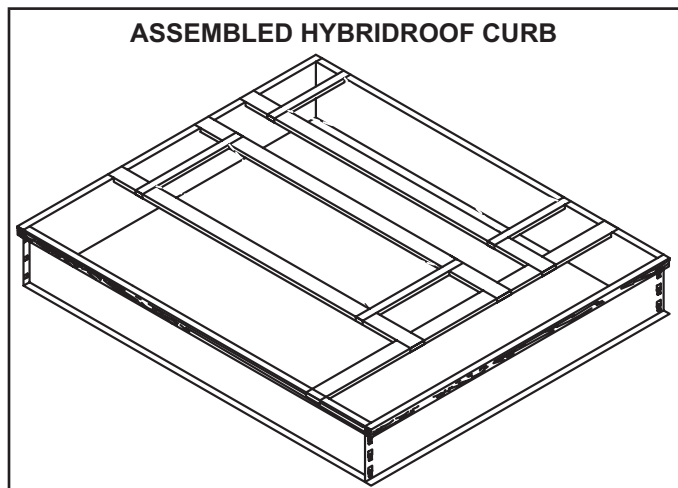


FIGURE 28

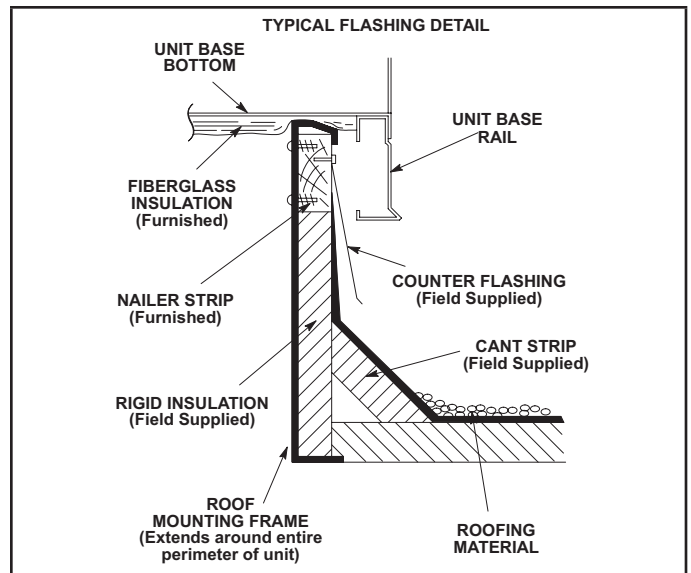


FIGURE 29

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitions C1DIFF33C-1 and C1DIFF34C-1 are available for use with LGM series units utilizing optional C1CURB roof curbs. Transition must be installed in the roof curb before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

C-C1DAMP10 & E1DAMP20 Outdoor Air Dampers

C1DAMP10C and E1DAMP20C (figure 30) consist of a set of dampers which may be manually or motor operated to allow up to 25 percent outside air into the system at all times (see figure 30). Either air damper can be installed in LGM units. Washable filter supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to reinstallation. Filter Handicoater is R.P. Products coating no. 418 and is available as Part No. P-8-5069.

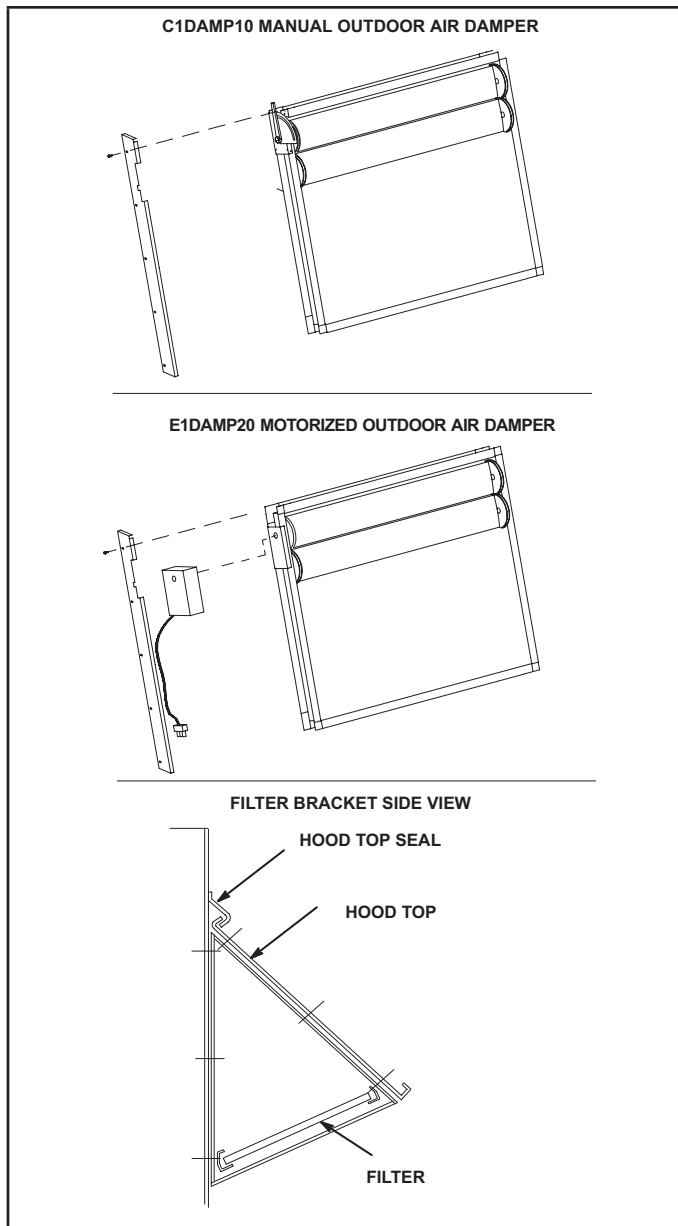


FIGURE 30

D-Supply and Return Diffusers

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD11 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD11 are available for use with all LGM units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

E-E1ECON15C-2 Standard and E1ECON17C-1

High Performance Economizer (Field or Factory Installed)

The optional economizer can be used with downflow and horizontal air discharge applications. The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when temperature and/or humidity is suitable. An economizer hood is furnished with the economizer.

NOTE - Gravity exhaust dampers are required with power exhaust.

The economizer is controlled by the A55 Unit Controller. The economizer will operate in one of four modes. Each mode requires a different A55 Unit Controller DIP switch setting. Each mode also requires different sensors.

The following is a brief description. See economizer installation instruction for more detail.

1-"TMP" MODE (SENSIBLE TEMPERATURE)

In the "TMP" mode, the IMC uses input from the factory installed RT6 Supply Air Sensor, RT16 Return Air Sensor and RT17 Outdoor Air Sensor to determine suitability of outside air and economizer damper operation. When outdoor sensible temperature is less than return air sensible temperature, outdoor air is used for cooling. This may be supplemented by mechanical cooling to meet comfort demands. This application does not require additional optional sensors.

2-"ODE" MODE (OUTDOOR ENTHALPY)

The "ODE" or outdoor enthalpy mode requires a field-provided and -installed Honeywell C7400 enthalpy sensor (16K96). The sensor monitors outdoor air temperature and humidity (enthalpy). When outdoor air enthalpy is below the enthalpy control setpoint, the economizer modulates to allow outdoor air for free cooling.

3-"DIF" MODE (DIFFERENTIAL ENTHALPY)

The "DIF" or differential enthalpy mode requires two field-provided and -installed Honeywell C7400 enthalpy sensors (16K97). One sensor is installed in the outside air opening and the other sensor is installed in the return air opening. When the outdoor air enthalpy is below the return air enthalpy, the economizer opens to bring in outdoor air for free cooling.

4-"GLO" MODE (GLOBAL)

Global Mode - The "GLO" or global mode is used with an energy management system which includes a global control feature. Global control is used when multiple units (in one location) respond to a single outdoor air sensor. Each energy management system uses a specific type of outdoor sensor which is installed and wired by the controls contractor. Motorized Outdoor Air Damper - The "GLO" mode is also used when a motorized outdoor air damper is installed in the system.

Motorized Outdoor Air Damper - The "GLO" mode is also used when a motorized outdoor air damper is installed in the system.

NOTE - All economizer modes of operation will modulate dampers to 55F (13C) supply air.

F-Gravity Exhaust Dampers

C1DAMP50C dampers (figure 31) are used in downflow and LAGEDH are used in horizontal air discharge applications. LAGEDH gravity exhaust dampers are installed in the return air plenum. The dampers must be used any time an economizer or power exhaust fans are applied to LGM series units. An exhaust hood is furnished with the gravity exhaust damper.

Gravity exhaust dampers allow exhaust air to be discharged from the system when an economizer and/or power exhaust is operating. Gravity exhaust dampers also prevent outdoor air infiltration during unit off cycle. See installation instructions for more detail.

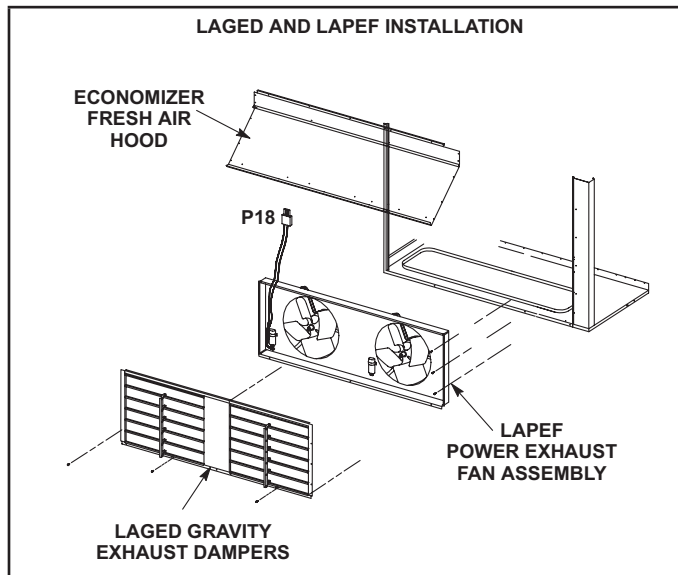


FIGURE 31

G-C1PWRE10 Power Exhaust Fans

C1PWRE10 power exhaust fans are used in downflow applications only. C1PWRE10 fans require optional downflow gravity exhaust dampers and E1ECON15 economizers. Power exhaust fans provide exhaust air pressure relief and also run when return air dampers are closed and supply air blowers are operating. Figure 31 shows the location of the power exhaust fans. See installation instructions for more detail.

H-Optional Cold Weather Kit (Canada only)

Electric heater is available to automatically control the minimum temperature in the gas burner compartment. Heater is C.G.A. certified to allow cold weather operation of unit down to -60° F (-50° C).

The kit includes the following parts:

- 1 - The strip heater (HR6) is located as close as possible to the gas valve. The strip heater is rated at 500 Watts (line voltage).
- 2 - A thermostat mounting box is installed on the vestibule of the heating compartment. Included in the box are the following thermostat switches:
 - a. Thermostat switch (S59) is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a temperature drop. The switch is wired in series with 24v power and the combustion air blower switch. When the temperature drops below -30° F (-35° C) the switch opens and the gas heat section is de-energized. The switch automatically resets when the heating compartment temperature reaches -10° F (-12° C).
 - b. Thermostat switch (S60) is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a temperature rise. The switch is wired in series with K125 coil. When the temperature rises above 20° F (-7° C) the switch opens and the electric heater is de-energized through K125. The switch automatically resets when the heating compartment temperature reaches -10° F (23.3° C).
 - c. Thermostat switch (S61) is an auto-reset SPST N.O. switch which closes on a temperature drop. The switch is wired in series with K125 coil. When temperature drops below 20° F (-7° C) the switch closes and electric heater is energized through K125. The switch automatically opens when heating compartment temperature reaches 76° F (24° C).

I-Control Systems

The A55 Unit Controller provides all control function for the rooftop unit. Default operation requires a standard room thermostat or direct digital controller (DDC). The A55 can also control the unit from a zone temperature sensor. The A55 Unit Controller is a network controller when daisy-chained to the L Connection® Network Control System. For ease of configuration, the A55 can be connected to a PC with Unit Controller PC software installed.

J-Smoke Detectors A171, A172, A173

Photoelectric smoke detectors are a factory- and field-installed option. The smoke detectors can be installed in the supply air section (A172), return air section (A171), or in both the supply and return air section. Smoke detection control module (A173) is located below the control panel. Wiring for the smoke detectors are shown on the temperature control section (C) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

K-Blower Proving Switch S52

The blower proving switch monitors blower operation and locks out the unit in case of blower failure. The switch is N.O. and closes at .15" W.C. (3.3 Pa) The switch is mounted on the middle left corner of the blower support panel. Wiring for the blower proving switch is shown on the temperature control section (C) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

L-Dirty Filter Switch S27

The dirty filter switch senses static pressure increase indicating a dirty filter condition. The switch is N.O. and closes at 1" W.C. (248.6 Pa) The switch is mounted on the top corner of the economizer. Wiring for the dirty filter switch is shown on the temperature control section (C) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

M-LP / Propane Kit

Units require two (one for each gas heat section) natural to LP/propane kit. The kit includes one gas valve, eleven burner orifices and three stickers. For more detail refer to the natural to LP gas changeover kit installation instructions.

N-Indoor Air Quality (CO2) Sensor A63

The indoor air quality sensor monitors CO2 levels and reports the levels to the A55 Unit Controller. The board adjusts the economizer dampers according to the CO2 levels. The sensor is mounted next to the indoor thermostat or in the return air duct. Refer to the indoor air quality sensor installation instructions for proper adjustment. Wiring for the indoor air quality switch is shown on the temperature control section (C) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

O-Optional UVC Lights

The Healthy Climate® germicidal light emits ultraviolet (UVC) energy that has been proven effective in reducing microbial life forms (viruses, bacteria, yeasts and molds) in the air. UVC germicidal lamps greatly reduce the growth and proliferation of mold and other bio-aerosols (bacteria and viruses) on illuminated surfaces. Germicidal lamps are NOT intended to be used for removal of active mold growth. Existing mold growth must be appropriately removed PRIOR to installation of the germicidal lamp. Refer closely to UVC light installation instruction warnings when servicing units.

P-Drain Pan Overflow Switch S149 (optional)

The overflow switch is used to interrupt cooling operation when excessive condensate collects in the drain pan. The N.C. overflow switch is connected to the M2 Unit Controller (A55) through DI-3. When the switch opens, the Unit Controller will shut off the unit. After a five-minute time out, the Unit Controller will verify the overflow switch position and restart the unit (if the switch has closed). The Unit Controller has a three-strike counter before the unit locks out. This means the Unit Controller will allow the overflow switch to open three times per thermostat demand. If the unit locks out, a reset of the Unit Controller is required after the switch has closed to restore unit operation.

VIII-FACTORY-INSTALLED Hot Gas Re-Heat

General

Hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valves, L14 and L30, route hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See figure 32 for 156 and 180 reheat refrigerant routing, figure 33 for 156 and 180 normal cooling refrigerant routing, figure 34 for 210, 240, and 300 reheat refrigerant routing and figure 35 for 210, 240, and 300 normal cooling refrigerant routing.

L14 and L30 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valves

When Unit Controller (P298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions require dehumidification, reheat valves L14 and L30 are energized (Unit Controller J394-1 or J394-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

Reheat Setpoint

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing mobile service app Settings - Control menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output. The reheat setpoint can also be adjusted using an optional Network Control Panel (NCP). Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at *Settings - Control* menu.

A91 Humidity Sensor

Relative humidity should correspond to the sensor (A91) output voltage listed in table 22. For example: if indoor air relative humidity is 80% + 3%, the humidity sensor output should read 8.00VDC. Check the sensor output annually for accuracy. Keep the air intake openings on the sensor clean and free of obstructions and debris.

TABLE 22

Relative Humidity (%RH \pm 3%)	Sensor Output (VDC)
20	2.00
30	3.00
40	4.00
50	5.00
60	6.00
70	7.00
80	8.00
90	9.00

Check-Out

Test hot gas reheat operation using the following procedure.

- 1 - Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2 - Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3 - Use mobile service app (the QR is located in the control area) menu path to select:

SERVICE > TEST > DEHUMIDIFIER

The blower, compressor 1 and compressor 2 (reheat) should be operating. Reheat mode will appear on the mobile service app display.

- 4 - Deselect:

SERVICE > TEST > DEHUMIDIFIER

Compressor 1 and 2 (reheat) should de-energize, blower should still be energized.

Default Reheat Operation

Reheat will operate as shown in table 23 once this condition is met:

- 1 - System must NOT be operating in heating mode.

IMPORTANT - Free cooling does not operate during reheat.

For other reheat control options, refer to the Unit Controller manual.

Additional Cooling Stages

Units are shipped from the factory to provide two stages of cooling. Compressors are not de-energized when unit operation changes from cooling to reheat or from reheat to cooling. Instead, L14 and L30 reheat valves are energized (reheat) or de-energized (cooling).

NOTE - Another thermostat staging option is available which allows both compressors to be energized during free cooling. See Unit Controller manual for details.

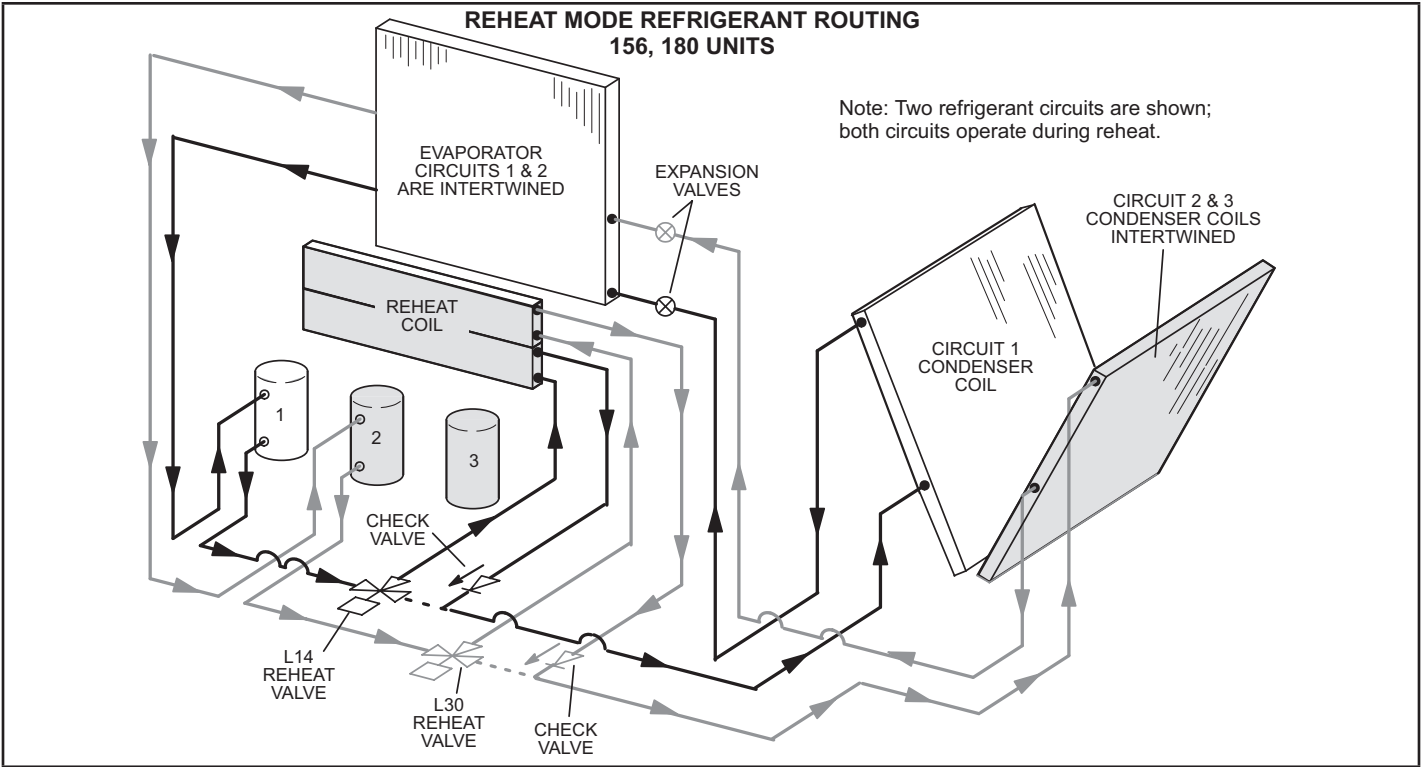


FIGURE 32

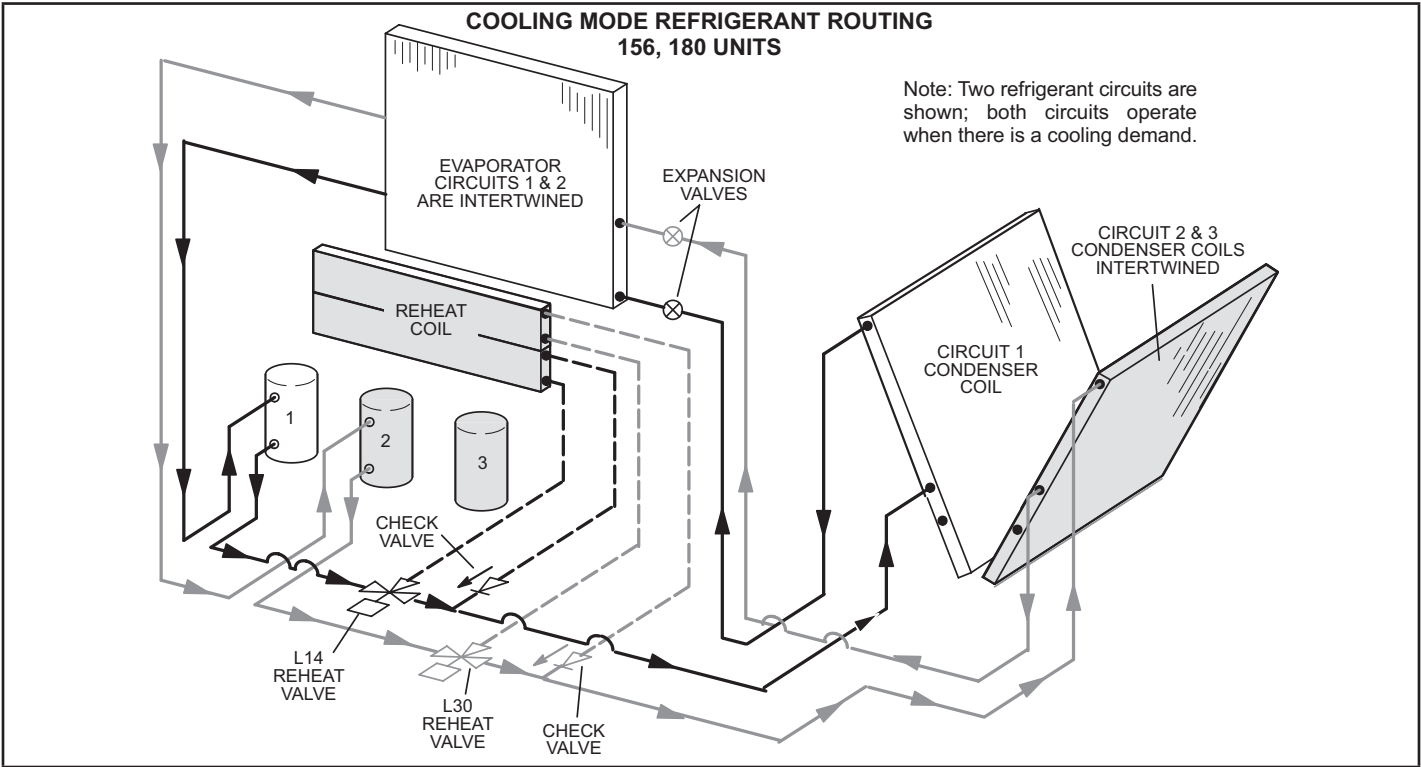


FIGURE 33

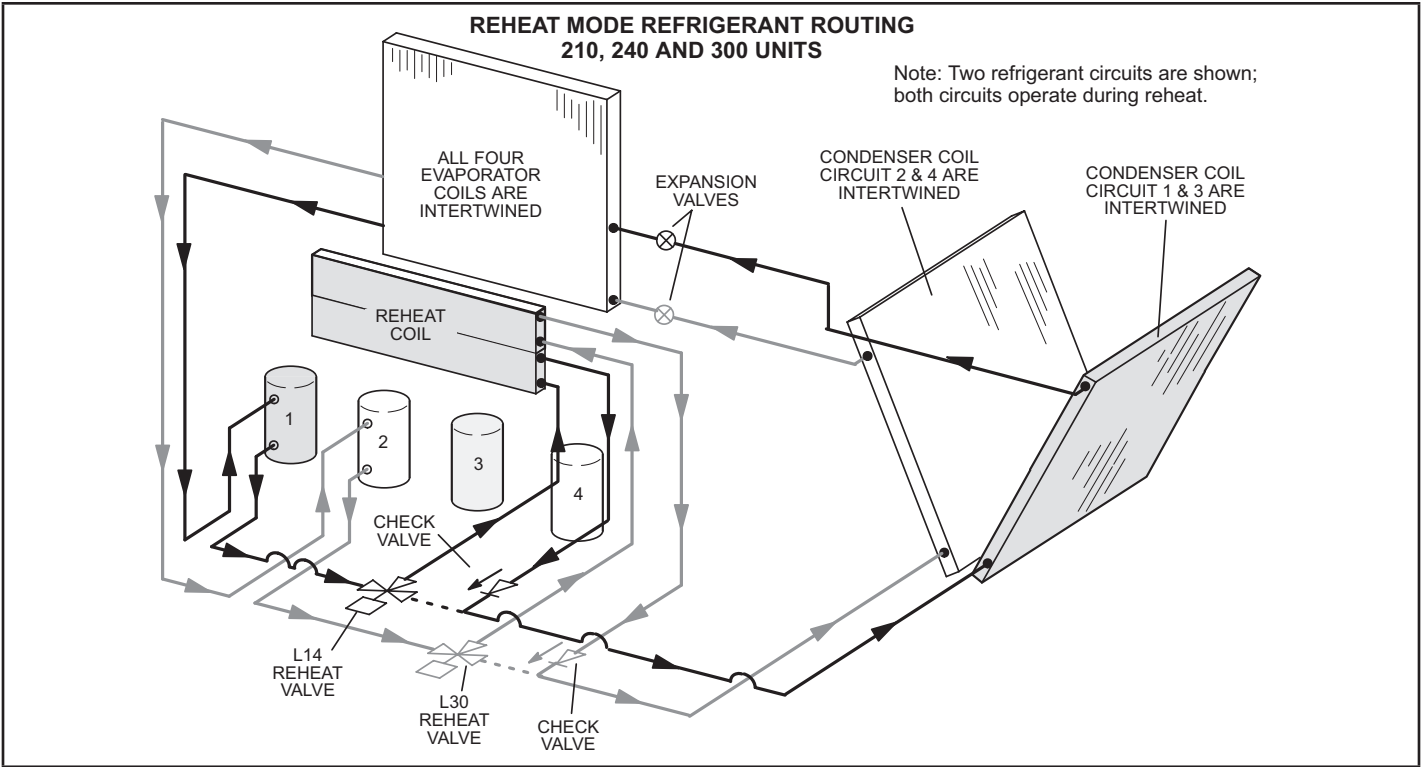


FIGURE 34

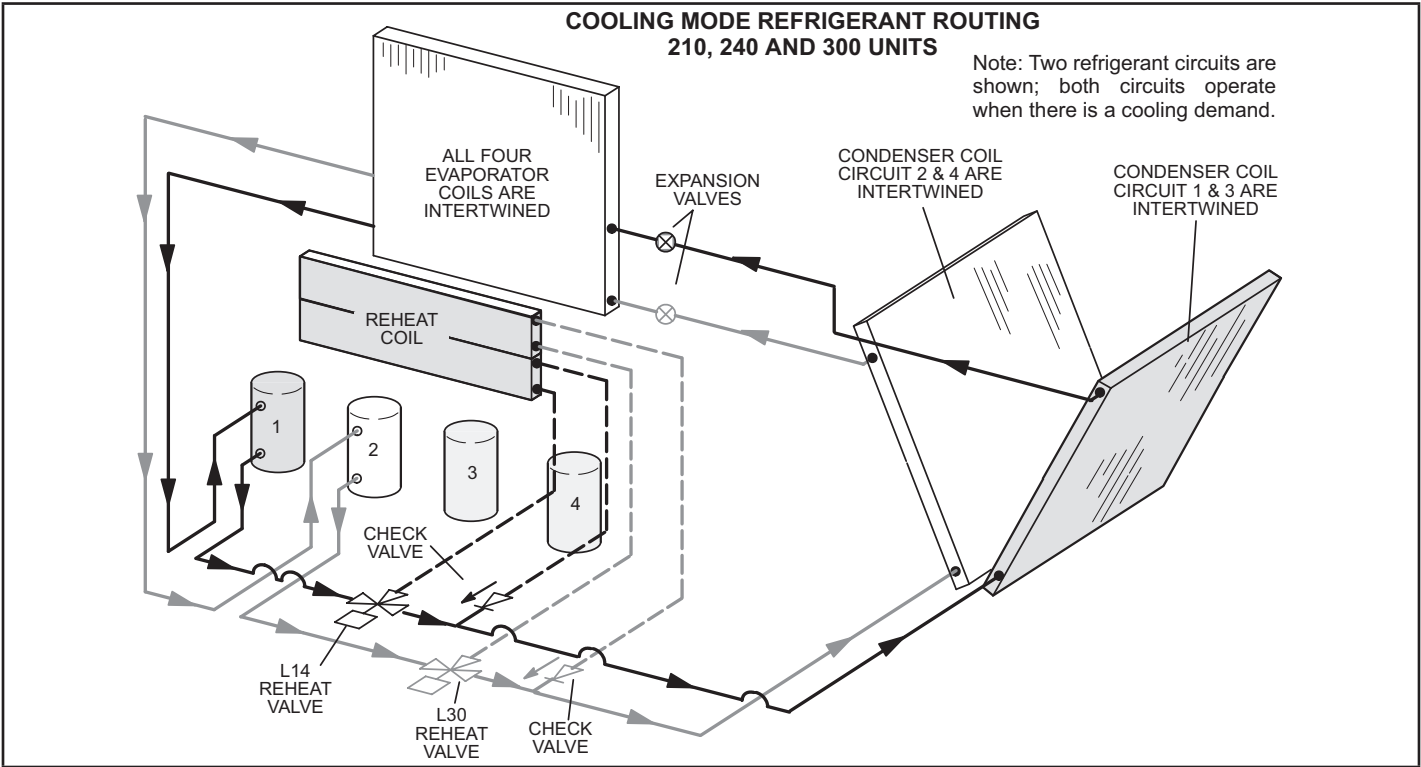


FIGURE 35

TABLE 23
REHEAT OPERATION

Thermostat Mode With 24V Humidistat	
Humidity Demands	Operation
24V Demand for Dehumidification only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor 1 reheat on • Compressor 1 operates at 100% • Reheat valve is energized • Remaining compressors are off • Blower and outdoor fans modulate to maintain indoor coil and discharge air temperatures
24V Demand for Dehumidification only is still present after Five Minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor 1 & 2 reheat on • Compressor 1 operates at 100% • Reheat valves are energized • Remaining compressor(s) is/are off • Blower and outdoor fans modulate to maintain indoor coil and discharge air temperatures
Thermostat Mode with Zone Relative Humidity (RH) Sensor	
Zone humidity is greater than Setpoint +2%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor 1 reheat on • Compressor 1 modulates to maintain zone RH • Reheat valve is energized • Remaining compressors are off • Blower and outdoor fans modulate to maintain indoor coil and discharge air temperatures
Zone humidity is greater than Setpoint +2% OR Zone humidity is greater than Setpoint for 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compressor 1 & 2 reheat on • Compressor 1 modulates to maintain zone RH • Reheat valves are energized • Remaining compressor(s) is/are off • Blower and outdoor fans modulate to maintain indoor coil and discharge air temperatures

IX--Multi-Staged Blower

A-Design Specifications

Use the “Blower CFM Design Specifications” table attached to the unit (table 18 in the installation instructions) to fill in test and balance values when setting up the unit. If only high and low cooling design specifications are provided, set the medium cooling CFM at the high or low cooling design spec or any CFM between.

B-Set Maximum CFM

Use attached table to determine highest blower CFM for appropriate unit. Adjust the blower pulley to deliver that amount of CFM with only the blower operating. See D terminating Unit CFM in the Blower Operation and Adjustment section.

C-Set Blower Speeds

1. Use the following mobile service app menu to enter the blower design specified CFM into the Unit Controller. Make sure blower CFM is within limitations shown in table 24 or 25 . Refer to the Unit Controller manual provided with unit.

RTU MENU > RTU OPTIONS > BLOWER > SPEED

- 2 - Enter the following design specifications as shown in the attached table (table18 in the installation instructions).

Blower / Heat CFM

Cooling High CFM

Cooling Low CFM

Vent CFM

- 3 - Adjust the blower RPM to deliver the target CFM based on the measured static pressure using the blower table.
- 4 - Measure the static pressure again and apply the static pressure and RPM to the blower tables to determine adjusted CFM.
- 5 - Repeat adjustments until design CFM is reached.

D-Set Damper Minimum Position

To maintain required minimum ventilation air volumes when the unit is in the occupied mode, two minimum damper positions must be set.

The Unit Controller will open the damper to “Min OCP Blwr High” when blower CFM is at or ABOVE the “midpoint” CFM.

The Unit Controller will open the dampers to “Min OCP Blwr Low” when blower CFM is BELOW a “midpoint” CFM.

The Unit Controller will calculate the “midpoint” CFM.

*Available blower speeds vary by unit and thermostat stages.

Set Minimum Position 1

Use the following mobile service app menu to set “Min OCP Blwr High” for the blower CFM above the “midpoint” CFM. When navigating into this menu, the Unit Controller will run damper calibration and allow damper position adjustment.

RTU MENU > SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > DAMPER

Tap “Next” to skip tabs and complete damper position calibration until “Damper Calibration Blower Speed High” tab appears.

Measure the intake air CFM. If the CFM is lower than the design specified CFM for ventilation air, use the Unit Controller to increase the damper percent open. If the CFM is higher than specified, decrease the damper percent open.

NOTE - *Intake air CFM can also be determined using the outdoor air temperature, return air temperature and mixed air temperature. Refer to the economizer or outdoor air damper installation instructions.*

Set Minimum Position 2

Use the following mobile service app menu in the Unit Controller to set “Min OCP Blwr Low” for the blower CFM below the “midpoint” CFM. When navigating into this menu, the Unit Controller will run damper calibration and allow damper position adjustment.

RTU MENU > SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > DAMPER

Tap “Next” to skip tabs and complete damper position calibration until “Damper Calibration Blower Speed High” tab appears. Measure the intake air CFM. If the CFM is lower than the design specified CFM for ventilation air, use the Unit Controller to increase the damper percent open. If the CFM is higher than specified, decrease the damper percent open.

Note - *Intake air CFM can also be determined using the outdoor air temperature, return air temperature and mixed air temperature. Refer to the economizer or outdoor air damper installation instructions.*

E-Inverter Bypass Option

The supply air inverter is factory-set to by-pass the inverter manually. To by-pass the inverter and operate the blower in the constant air volume mode, use the following Unit Controller menu and set to “engaged”:

SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > BLOWER > VFD BYPASS

To configure the unit to by-pass the inverter automatically, use the following Unit Controller menu.

SETUP > INSTALL

Press SAVE until the menu reads:

CONFIGURATION ID 1

Change the 6th character position to A for automatic by-pass option.

Press SAVE

Caution - *Units not equipped with an inverter will have the 6th character set to N, indicating the inverter is not by-passed. The blower motor could be damaged and/or result in product or property damage if the setting is changed to automatic or manual.*

TABLE 24
HEATING, VENTILATION & SMOKE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM CFM

Unit			Heating CFM			Vent CFM			Smoke CFM		
Model	Speed	Heat Code	Min	Default	Max	Min	Default	Max	Min	Default	Max
LGM156U	Low, Std, Med	L, S, M	4500	5200	6250	800	1150	*	1950	5200	6250
LGM180U	Low, Std, Med	L, S, M	4500	6000	7200	800	1325	*	2250	6000	7200
LGM180U	High	H	5125								
LGM210U	Low, Std, Med	L, S, M	4500	7000	8400	800	1550	*	2625	7000	8400
LGM210U	High	H	5125								
LGM240U	Low, Std, Med	L, S, M	4500	8000	9600	800	1750	*	3000	8000	9600
LGM240U	High	H	5125								
LGM300U	Low, Std, Med	L, S, M	4500	10000	12000	800	2200	*	3750	10000	12000
LGM300U	High	H	5125								
LCM156U	All	N, E, J, K, L, P	5200	5200	6250	800	1150	*	1950	5200	6250
LCM180U	All	N, E, J, K, L, P	6000	6000	7200	800	1325	*	2250	6000	7200
LCM210U	All	N, E, J, K, L, P	6000	7000	8400	800	1550	*	2625	7000	8400
LCM240U	All	N, E, J, K, L, P	6000	8000	9600	800	1750	*	3000	8000	9600
LCM300U	All	N, E, J, K, L, P	6000	10000	12000	800	2200	*	3750	10000	12000

*Use highest value between Heating and Cooling High CFM Max.

TABLE 25
COOLING MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM CFM

Model	Cooling Low CFM			Cooling High CFM		
	Default	Min	Max	Default	Min	Max
156U	1150	800	*	4550	3250	6240
180U	1325	800	*	5250	3750	7200
210U	1550	800	*	6125	4375	8400
240U	1750	800	*	7000	5000	9600
300U	2200	800	*	8750	6250	12000

*Use Cooling High CFM Max.

X-VAV System

Units contain a supply air blower equipped with a variable frequency drive A96 (VFD) which varies supply air CFM. The supply air VFD (A96) is located in the control area. See figure 37.

A-Start-Up

- 1 - A pressure transducer (A30) is shipped in a box in the blower compartment. Install the transducer according to manufacturer's instructions.

Note - Make sure the transducer is installed in the main duct at least 2/3 of the distance away from the unit.

- 2 - Two twisted pairs of shielded cable must be used to connect the pressure transducer. See figure 36. J/ P378 connector is hanging in the control box.
- 3 - Open all zone dampers and/or boxes.
- 4 - Locate the A55 Unit Controller. Refer to figure 37.
- 5 - Use the mobile service app to calibrate the blower CFM. Select this menu to start the blower:

SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER

The mobile app will display the percent of blower speed. Adjust blower speed percentage to meet design airflow specifications. Allow blower speed to stabilize.

- 6 - Press NEXT and follow the instructions to calibrate static pressure. If the static pressure meets the design specification, press NEXT again to set the setpoint. If the static pressure does not meet the design specification, adjust the pressure and press NEXT to set the setpoint.
- 7 - Record new setpoints in table 26.
- 8 - If the desired CFM cannot be met with current pulley setup, refer to the Blower Operation and Adjustments section to adjust CFM.

TABLE 26

RECORD ADJUSTED SETPOINTS

Parameter	Setpoint Description	Setpoint "w.c.	Display Setting
386	Smoke		
387	Ventilation		
388	Heating		
389	Cooling		

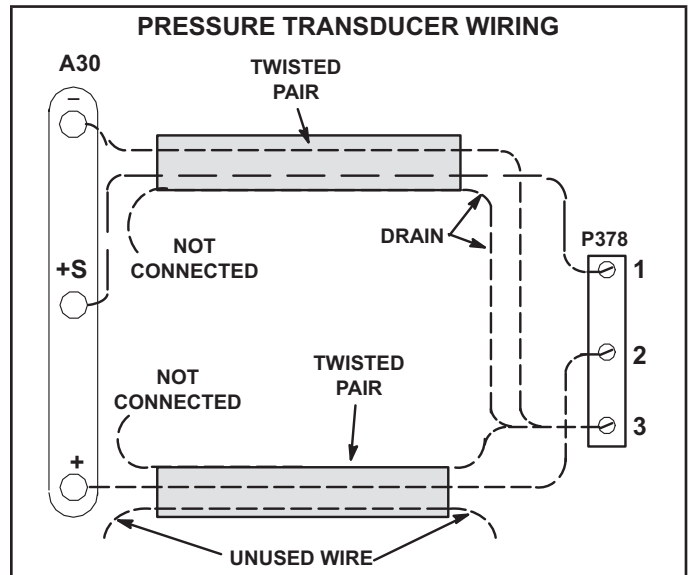


FIGURE 36

Note - The Unit Controller will lock-out the unit for 5 minutes if static pressure exceeds 2.0" w.c. for 20 seconds. The Unit Controller will permanently shut down the unit after three occurrences. See mobile service app parameters 110, 42, and 43 to adjust default values.

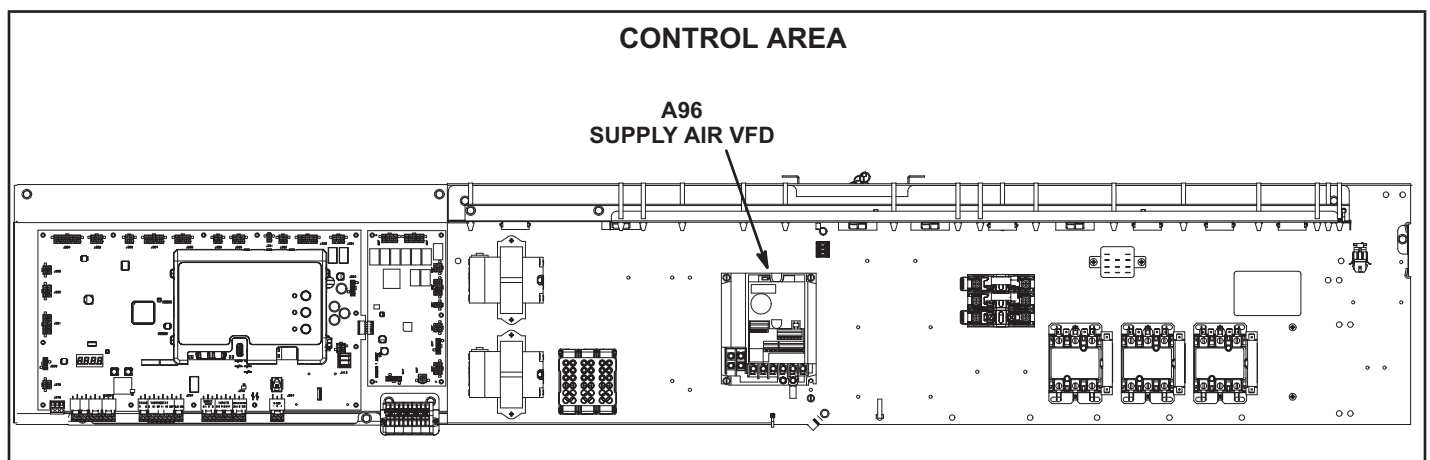


Figure 37

B-Unit Operation

Use the mobile app to check unit mechanical operation. See the Service - Test section of the Unit Controller manual.

C-Manual Supply Air VFD Bypass

IMPORTANT - All dampers must be open to prevent damage to duct work and dampers.

Note - This section does not apply to units equipped with optional automatic VFD bypass. That option will automatically change from multi-stage air volume to constant air volume operation in the event of VFD failure.

Manually change blower operation to constant air volume as follows:

- 1 - Disconnect all power to unit and **WAIT AT LEAST 10 MINUTES** before opening the VFD cover.

⚠ WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD.

STOP! Before you continue, make sure that power to the VFD has been off for at least 10 minutes. The capacitor in the VFD holds high voltage power for up to 10 minutes after power has been disconnected.

- 2 - Locate P246 and P247 connectors near the VFD. See figure 38.
- 3 - Disconnect P246 from P246 (power in to VFD) and P247 from P247 (power out to blower). See figure 39.
- 4 - Connect P246 to P247. See figure 40.

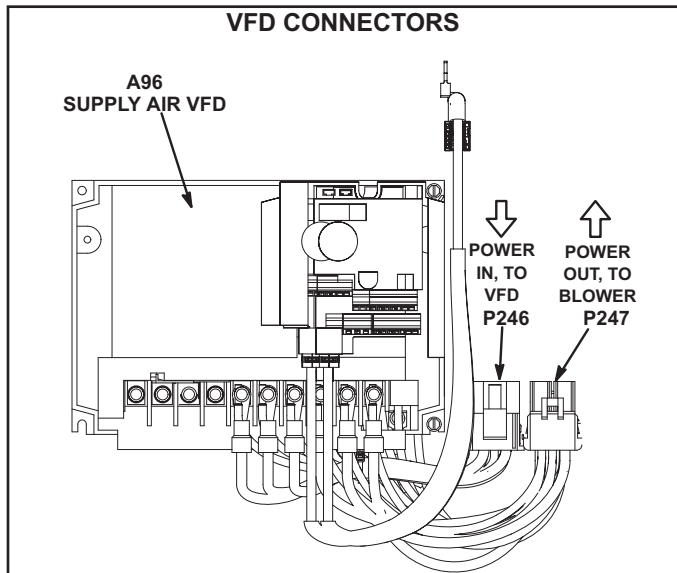


FIGURE 38

- 5 - Restore power to unit. Blower will operate in constant air volume (CAV) mode.

Note - The indoor blower motor will start as soon as the main unit power is restored. In manual bypass, the blower will run regardless of thermostat signals until main unit power is turned off. Manual bypass is meant for emergency operation only and not long-term usage.

- 6 - Check the indoor blower motor nameplate for full load amperage (FLA) value. Measure the amp readings from the indoor blower motor operating in bypass mode. If measured amps are higher than nameplate FLA value, decrease the CFM by opening (turning counterclockwise) the motor pulley. See figure 9. Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in table 5.

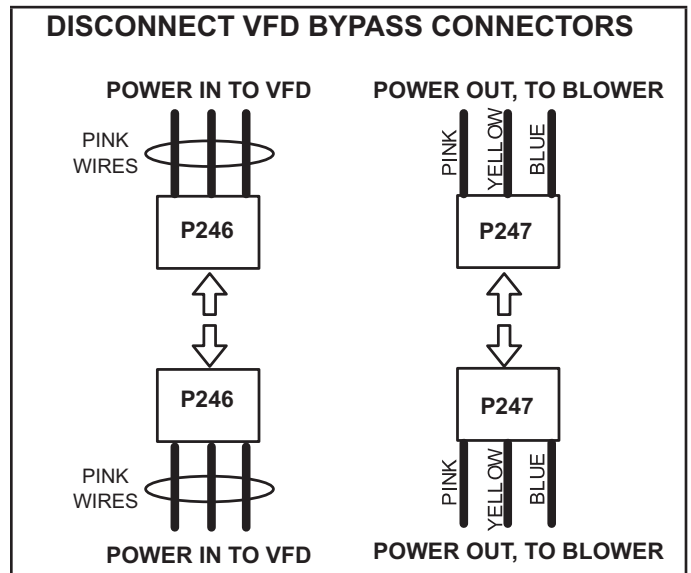


FIGURE 39

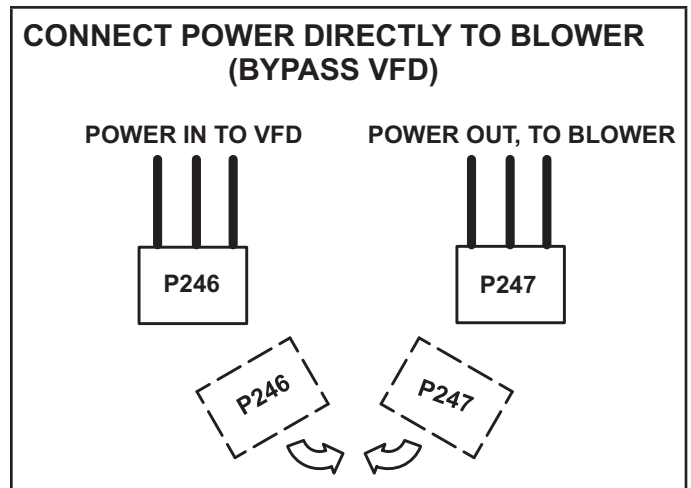
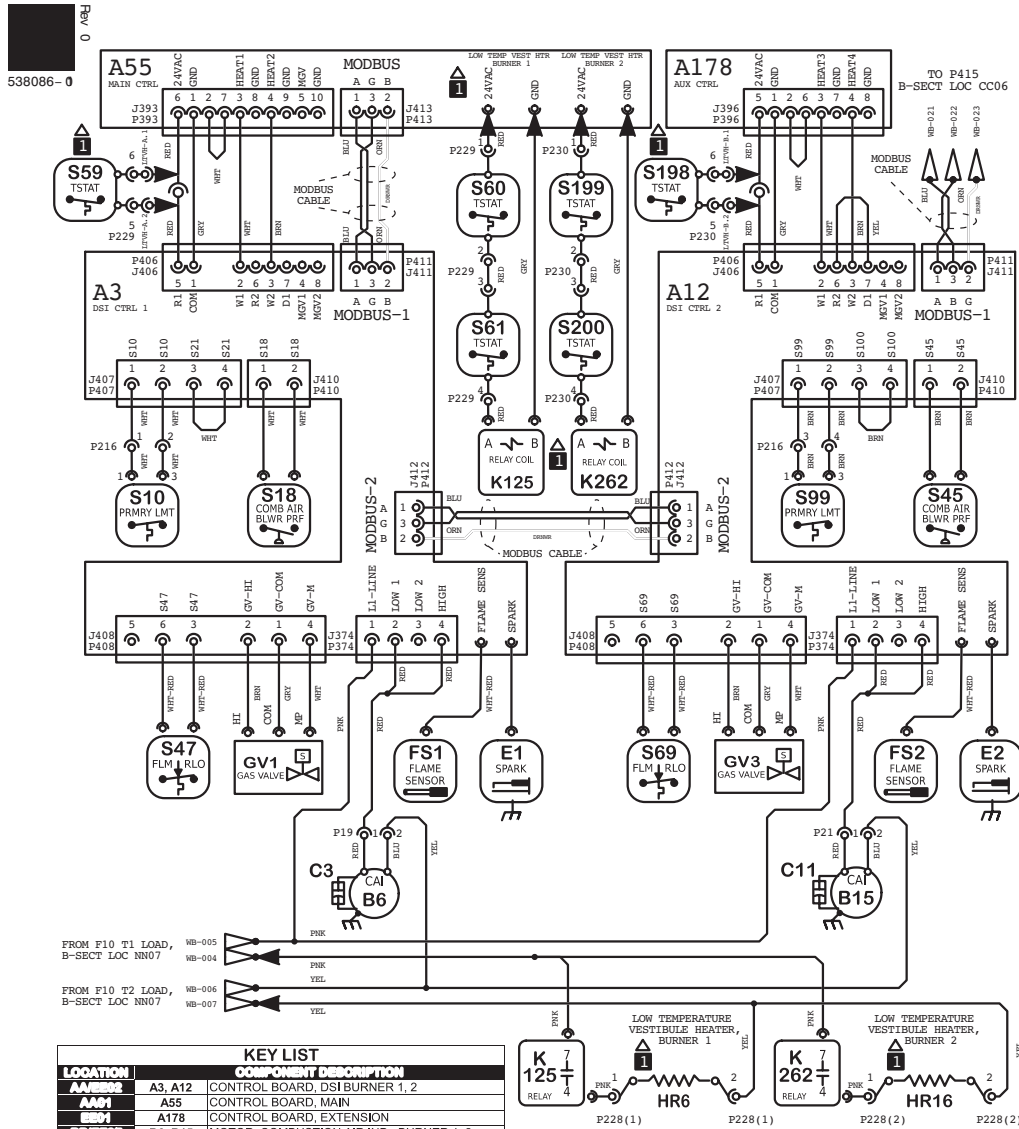


FIGURE 40

XI-Wiring Diagrams and Sequence of Operation

GAS HEAT DIAGRAM



LOCATION	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION
A3, A12	CONTROL BOARD, DSI BURNER 1, 2
A55	CONTROL BOARD, MAIN
A178	CONTROL BOARD, EXTENSION
B6, B15	MOTOR, COMBUSTION AIR IND., BURNER 1, 2
C3, C11	CAPACITOR, CAI MOTOR 1, 2
E1, E2	IGNITER, SPARK, BURNER 1, 2
FS1, FS2	SENSOR, FLAME, BURNER 1, 2
GV1, GV2	VALVE, GAS, BURNER 1, 2
HR6, HR16	HEATER, -50C LOW TEMP VEST, BURNER 1, 2
K125, K262	RELAY, LOW TEMP VEST HEATER, BURNER 1, 2
K125, K262	RELAY, LOW TEMP VEST HEATER, BURNER 1, 2
S10, S99	LIMIT, PRIMARY, BURNER 1, 2
S18, S45	SWITCH, COMB AIR BLWR PRF. BURNER 1, 2
S47, S69	SWITCH, FLAME ROLL-OUT, BURNER 1, 2
S59, S198	TSTAT, OPEN -20F, CLOSE -10F, BURNER 1, 2
S60, S199	TSTAT, OPEN 20F, CLOSE -10F, BURNER 1, 2
S61, S200	TSTAT, OPEN 50F, CLOSE 20F, BURNER 1, 2

NOTES
 1 -50C LOW TEMPERATURE VESTIBULE HEATER - OPTIONAL

← DENOTES OPTIONAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING

Model: LGM Series RTU - Gas Heat
 Input Heat Capacity 169k - 480k Btuh
 Voltage: 208-240/3/60 (Y), 460/3/60 (G)
 Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538086-01 Rev: 0

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HEATING	COOLING	COOLING	ACCS	ACCS
SECTION A	SECTION B	SECTION C	SECTION D	SECTION D

WIRING DIAGRAM FLOW

Sequence of Operation Gas Heat LGM156/300

First Stage Heat:

- 1 - Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 2 - 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S10, the combustion air blower B6 is energized.
- 3 - After the combustion air blower B6 has reached full speed, the combustion air proving switch (S18) contacts close. The A55 routes 24VAC through N.C. burner 1 flame rollout switch S47 and the closed contacts of the combustion air proving switch (S18) to energize the ignition module A3. After a 30 second delay A3 energizes the gas valve GV1 on low fire.
- 4 - As steps 2, 3 and 4 occur, A55 proves N.C. primary gas heat limit S99 and the combustion air blower B15 is energized.
- 5 - After the combustion air blower B15 has reached full speed, the combustion air proving switch (S45) contacts close. The A55 routes 24VAC through N.C. burner 2 flame rollout switch S69 and the closed contacts of the combustion air proving switch (S45) to energize the ignition module A12. After a 30 second delay A12 energizes gas valve GV3 on low fire.

Second Stage Heat:

- 6 - With first stage heat operating, an additional heating demand initiates W2 in the thermostat.
- 7 - A second stage heating demand is received by A55.
- 8 - A55 will energize the corresponding gas valves GV1 and GV3 on high fire.

Optional Low Ambient Kit

(C.G.A. -50°C Low Ambient Kit):

- 9 - When heat section temperature drops below -20°F, S59 opens and de-energized A3 and A12 ignition controls. At the same temperature, S60 closes and energizes K125. K125-1 contacts close energizing HR6 Cold Weather Kit electric heat.
- 10 - When heat section temperature rises to 10°F, S59 closes allowing power to A3 and A12 ignition controls. At the same temperature, S60 opens and deenergizes K125. K125-1 contacts open de-energizing HR6 Cold Weather Kit electric heat.
- 11 - If heat section temperature rises above 50°F, S61 will open and de-energize K125. K125-1 contacts will open and de-energize HR6 Cold Weather Kit electric heat. If heat section temperature drops to 20°F, S61 will close and allow power to K125.

End of Second Stage Heat:

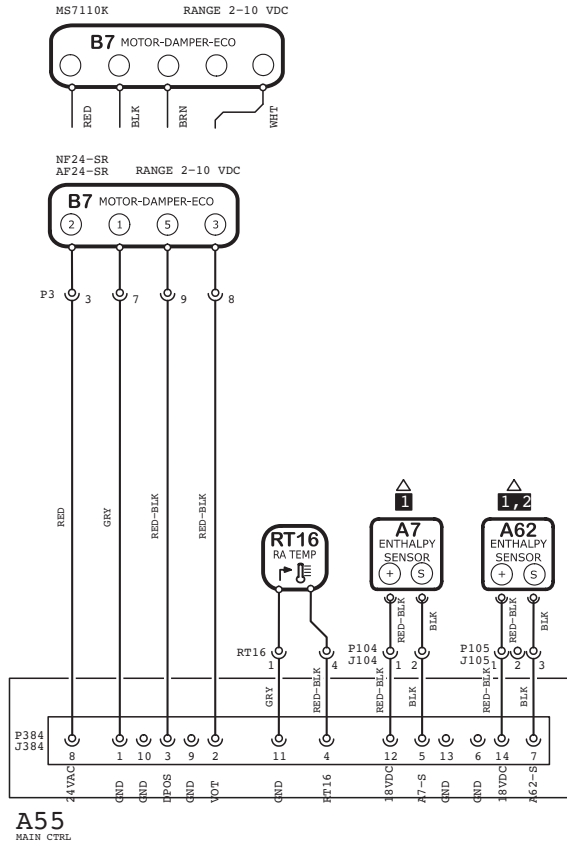
- 12 - Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W2 is deenergized.
- 13 - High fire on GV1 and GV3 are de-energized by the A55.

End of First Stage Heat:

- 14 - Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 is deenergized.
- 15 - Ignition module A3 is de-energized by A55 in turn de-energizing GV1. Combustion blower air blower B6 is also de-energized. At the same instant, ignition module A12 is de-energized by A55 in turn de-energizing GV3. B6 combustion air blower is also de-energized.

Economizer

Rev 0
538072-01



A55
MAIN CTRL

NOTES	
1	A7 AND A62 NOT USED FOR SENSIBLE TEMPERATURE CONTROL
2	FOR UNIT DIFFERENTIAL ENTHALPY CONTROL, ADD A62 RETURN AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR

KEY LIST		
LOCATION		COMPONENT DESCRIPTION
CC05	A7	SENSOR, SOLID STATE ENTHALPY
AA06	A55	CONTROL BOARD, MAIN
DD05	A62	SENSOR, ENTHALPY INDOOR
BB02	B7	MOTOR, DAMPER ECONOMIZER
CC05	RT16	SENSOR, RETURN AIR TEMP

Model: LCM, LGM Series RTU
Economizer & Motorized OAD
Voltage: All Voltages
Supersedes: N/A

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HTG SEC A CLG SEC B CLG SEC B3 ACCS SEC C ACCS SEC D
WIRING DIAGRAM FLOW

Form No:
538072-01

Rev:0

Sequence of Operation LGM/LCM156 & 180U

- 1 - Line voltage from TB13 energizes transformer T1 and T18. Transformer T1 and T18 provides 24VAC power to the main controller A55. The transformers also provide 24VAC power to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls and thermostat

ECONOMIZER OPERATION

- 2 - The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 and K231 with 24VAC at 50% (travel) outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 3 - N.O. K65-1, K65-2, K231-01 and K231-02 close, energizing exhaust fan motors B10 and B11.

1ST STAGE COOLING

- 4 - First stage cooling demand energizes Y1 and G in the thermostat. G energizes blower, if blower is not already running (see step 3).
- 5 - 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. low pressure switch S87 , high pressure switch S4 and high temperature limits S5 compressor contactor K1 is energized.
- 6 - N.O. contacts K1-1 close energizing compressor B1.
- 7 - A178 energizes outdoor fans B21 and B22.
- 8 - Relay K191 opens de-energizing compressor 1 crankcase heater HR1.

2ND STAGE COOLING

- 9 - Second stage cooling demand energizes Y2.
- 10 - After A55 proves N.C. low pressure switch S88 and S98, and N.C. high pressure switch S7 and 228, contactors K1 and K14 are energized.
- 11 - N.O. K2 closes energizing compressor B2 and de-energizing crankcase heater HR2.
- 12 - N.O. K14 closes energizing compressor B13, de-energizing HR5.
- 13 - A178 energizes outdoor fans B4 and B5.

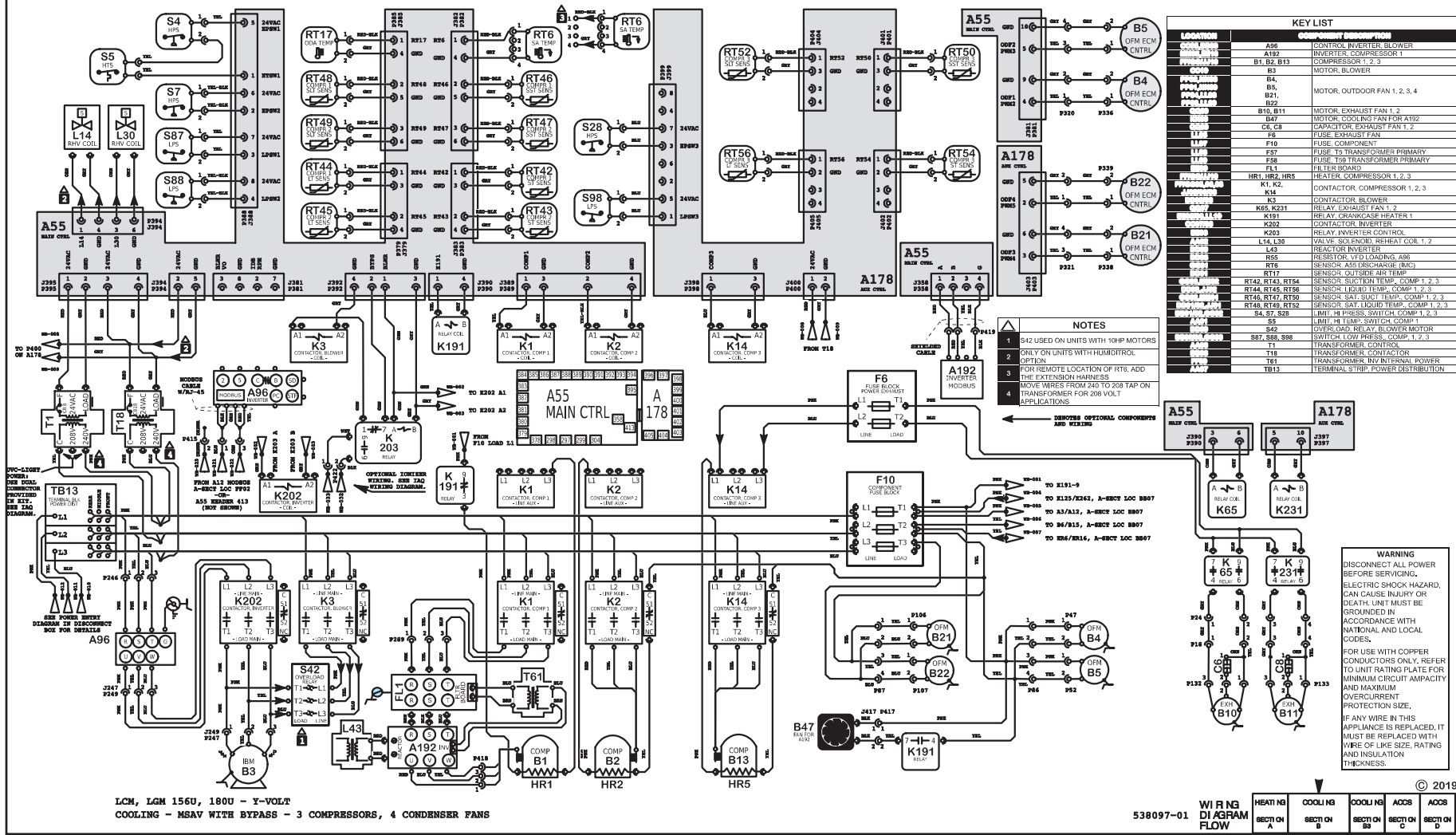
BLOWER OPERATION *With By Pass*

- 1 - Control inverter A96 energizes contactor K202 and main control A55 energizes relay 203.
- 2 - K203-1 N.C. contacts open to de-energize K3 relay coil. K3 contacts open to interrupt power to B3 blower motor through K3 N.O. relay contacts.
- 3 - K202 contacts close to allow power to B3 blower motor from A96.

BLOWER OPERATION *No By-Pass*

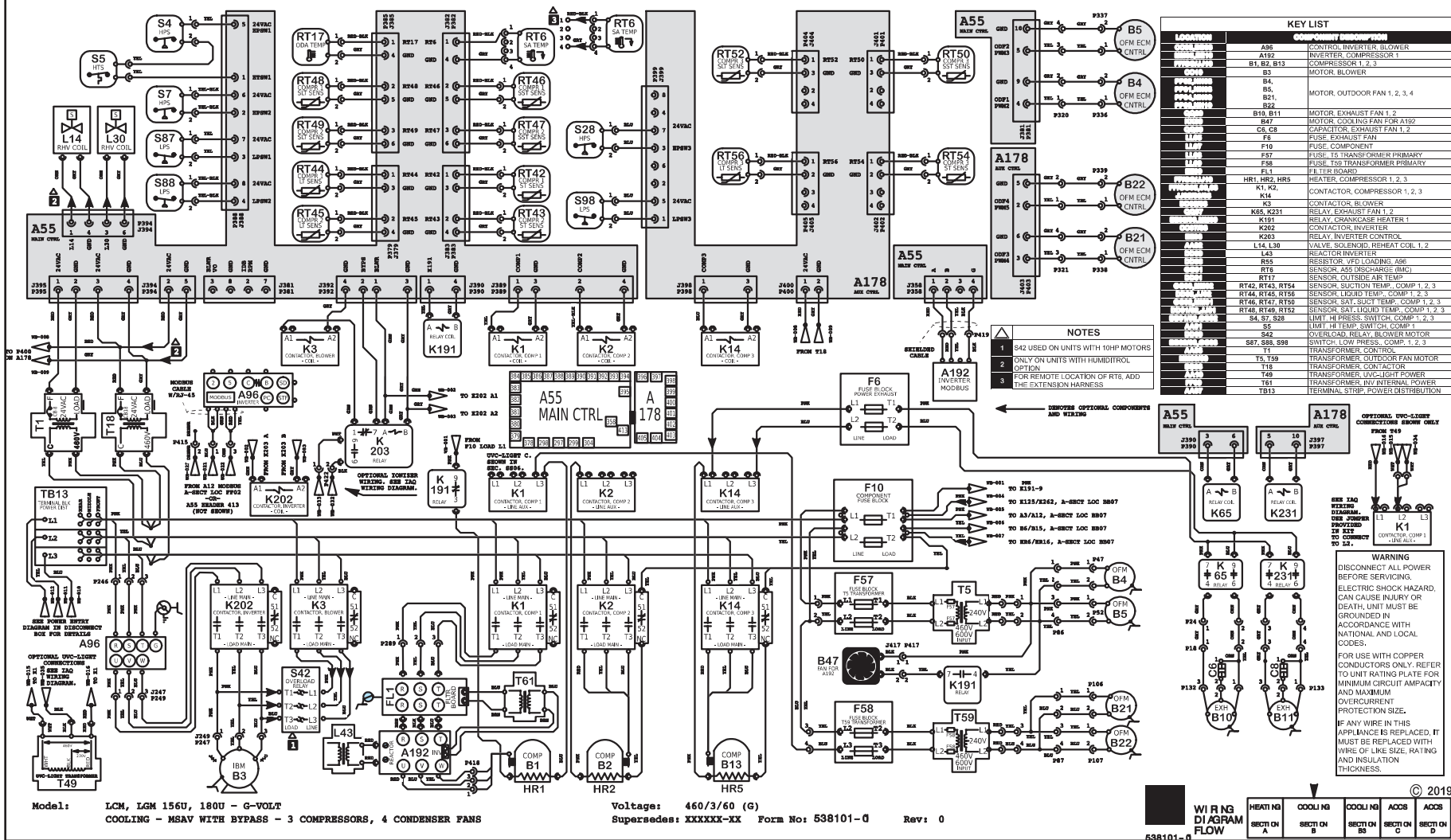
- 1 - Control inverter A96 energizes B3 on a G demand.

LGM/LCM156U/180U Y Voltage With By-Pass



KEY LIST	
(Component Location)	
A56	CONTROL INVERTER, BLOWER
A192	INVERTER, COMPRESSOR 1
B1, B2, B3	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
B3	MOTOR, BLOWER
B4, B5, B21, B22	MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4
B10, B11	MOTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B12	MOTOR, COOLING FAN FOR A192
C6, C8	CAPACITOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F5	FUSE, EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE, COMPONENT
F37	FUSE, TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F38	FUSE, TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F11	FL1
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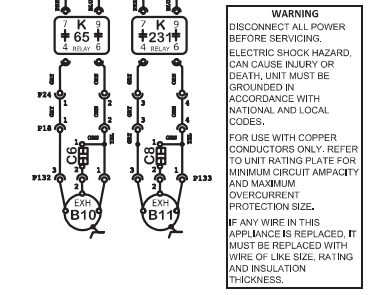
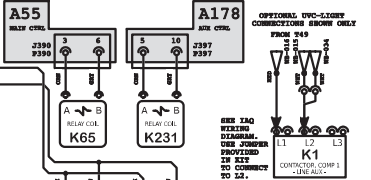
LGM/LCM156U/180U G Voltage With By-Pass



KEY LIST	
LOCATION	COMPONENT DESCRIPTION
A96	CONTROL INVERTER BLOWER
A192	INVERTER TRANSFORMER 1
B1, B2, B3	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
B4	MOTOR BLOWER
B5	MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4
B21	
B22	
B10, B11	MOTOR EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B41	MOTOR COOLING FAN FOR A192
C2, C3	CAPACITOR EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F6	FUSE EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE COMPONENT
F57	FUSE T5 TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F58	FUSE T59 TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F11	FILTRBOARD
HR1, HR2, HR5	HEATER COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
K1, K2	CONTACTOR COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
K3	CONTACTOR BLOWER
K65, K231	RELAY EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K191	RELAY CRANKCASE HEATER 1
K202	CONTACTOR INVERTER
K203	RELAY INVERTER CONTROL
L14, L19	VALVE SOLENOID HEAT/COIL 1, 2
L43	REACTOR INVERTER
R55	RESISTOR VFD LOADING JAB
RT5	SENSOR A55 (DISCHARGE BUC)
RT17	SENSOR OUTSIDE AIR TEMP
RT42, RT43, RT54	SENSOR SUCTION TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3
RT44, RT45, RT56	SENSOR LIQUID TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3
RT46, RT47, RT50	SENSOR SAT. SUCT TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3
RT48, RT49, RT52	SENSOR SAT. LIQUID TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3
S4-S7, S28	LIMIT HI PRESS. SWITCH COMP 1, 2, 3
S8	LIMIT HI TEMP SWITCH COMP 1
S42	OVERLOAD RELAY BLOWER
S87, S88, S98	SWITCH LOW PRESS. COMP 1, 2, 3
T5	TRANSFORMER CONTROL
T59, T59	TRANSFORMER OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2
T18	TRANSFORMER CONTACTOR
T49	TRANSFORMER CAPACITOR POWER
T61	TRANSFORMER INV INTERNAL POWER
TB13	TERMINAL STRIP POWER DISTRIBUTION

NOTES

- S42 USED ON UNITS WITH 10HP MOTORS
- ONLY ON UNITS WITH HUMIDIDITY OPTION
- FOR REMOTE LOCATION OF RTE, ADD THE EXTENSION HARNESS



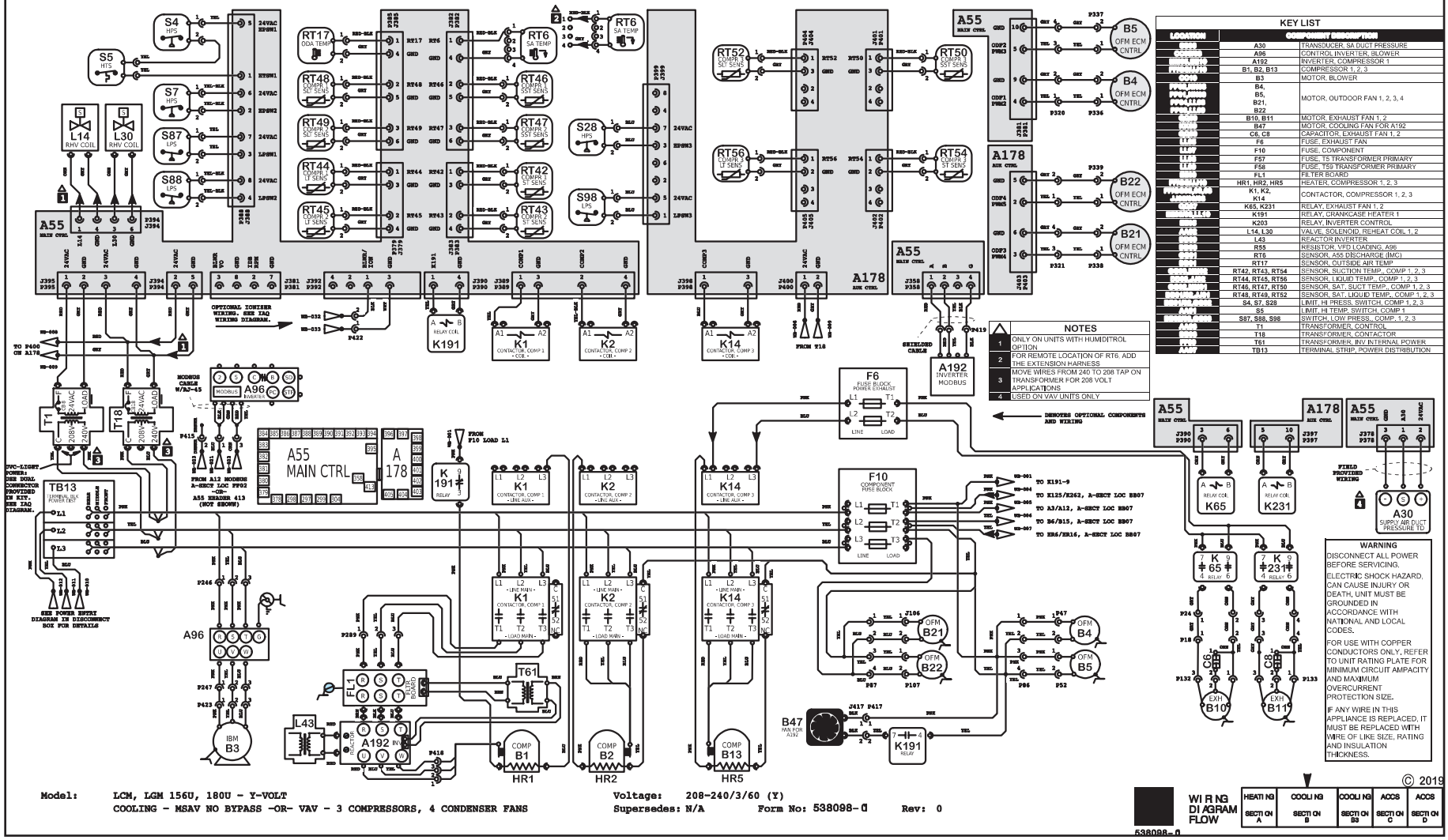
WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING. ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD. CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED BY ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.
FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
IF ANY WIRE IN THIS APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING AND INSULATION THICKNESS.

Model: LCM, LGM 156U, 180U - G-VOLT
COOLING - MSAV WITH BYPASS - 3 COMPRESSORS, 4 CONDENSER FANS

Voltage: 460/3/60 (G)
Supersedes: XXXXX-KX Form No: 538101-0 Rev: 0

WI RING DIAGRAM FLOW
HEAT/NO COOLING COOLING ACCS ACCS
SECT/ON SECT/ON SECT/ON SECT/ON SECT/ON
538101-0 © 2019

LGM/LCM156U/180U Y Voltage No By-Pass



LOCATION	COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION
A30	TRANSUCER SA DUCT PRESSURE
A96	CONTROL INVERTER BOARD
A192	INVERTER COMPRESSOR 1
B1, B2, B13	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
B3	MOTOR BLOWER
B4, B5, B21, B22	MOTOR OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4
B10, B11	MOTOR EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B47	MOTOR COOLING FAN FOR A192
CB, CB	CAPACITOR EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F6	FUSE EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE COMPONENT
F57	FUSE TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F58	FUSE T58 TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
FL1	FILTER BOARD
HR1, HR2, HR5	HEATER COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
K1, K2	CONTACTOR COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
K65, K231	RELAY EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K191	RELAY CRANKCASE HEATER 1
K203	RELAY INVERTER CONTROL
L14, L30	VALVE SOLENOID REHEAT COIL 1, 2
L43	REACTOR INVERTER
R55	RESISTOR VPTI LOADING A30
RT6	SENSOR 405 RECHARGE (RMD)
RT17	SENSOR OUTSIDE AIR TEMP
RT42, RT43, RT54	SENSOR SUCTOR TEMP. COMP 1, 2, 3
RT44, RT45, RT56	SENSOR LIQUID TEMP. COMP 1, 2, 3
RT46, RT47, RT50	SENSOR SAT. SUCT. TEMP. COMP 1, 2, 3
RT48, RT49, RT52	SENSOR SAT. LIQUID TEMP. COMP 1, 2, 3
S4, S7, S28	LIMIT HI PRESS. SWITCH COMP 1, 2, 3
S5	LIMIT HI TEMP SWITCH COMP 1
S87, S88, S98	SWITCH LOW PRESS. COMP 1, 2, 3
T1	TRANSFORMER CONTROL
T16	TRANSFORMER COMPACTOR
T51	TRANSFORMER INTERNAL POWER
TB13	TERMINAL STRIP POWER DISTRIBUTION

NOTES

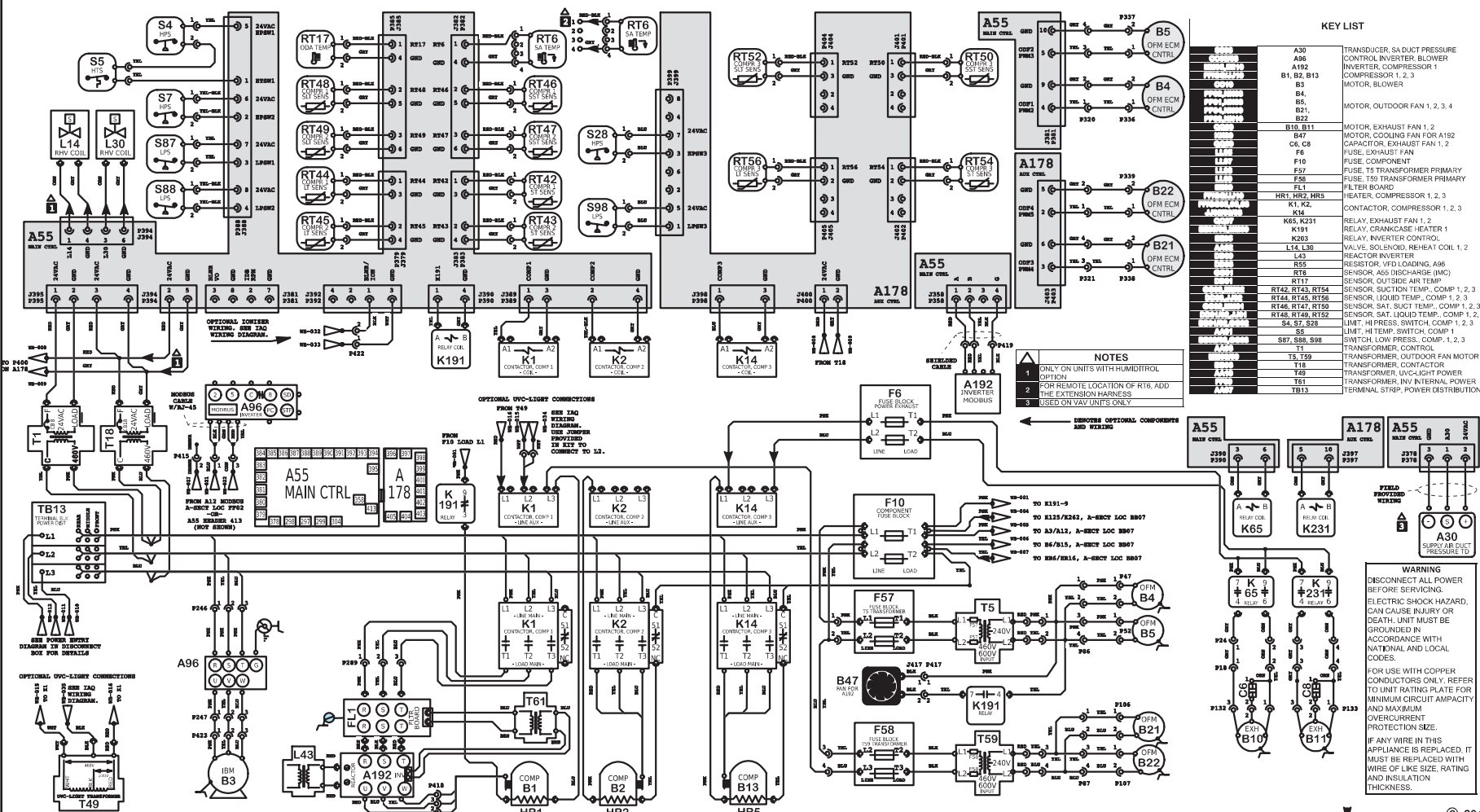
- ONLY ON UNITS WITH HUMIDIFROL OPTION
- FOR REMOTE LOCATION OF RT6, ADD THE EXTENSION HARNESS
- MOVE WIRES FROM A40 TO 208 TAP ON TRANSFORMER FOR 208 VOLT APPLICATIONS
- USED ON VAV UNITS ONLY

WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD. CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.
FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY, REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
IF ANY WIRE IN THIS APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING AND INSULATION THICKNESS.

Model: LCM, LGM 156U, 180U - Y-VOLT Voltage: 208-240/3/60 (Y)
 COOLING - MSAV NO BYPASS -OR- VAV - 3 COMPRESSORS, 4 CONDENSER FANS Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538098-0 Rev: 0

© 2019
 W I R N
 D I A G R A M
 F L O W
 HEAT NO COOL NO COOL NO ACCS ACCS
 SECTI ON A SECTI ON B SECTI ON C SECTI ON D

LGM/LCM156U/180U G Voltage No By-Pass



KEY LIST

A30	TRANSUCER, SA DUCT PRESSURE
A96	CONTROL INVERTER, BLOWER
A192	INVERTER, COMPRESSOR 1
B1, B2, B13	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
B3	MOTOR, BLOWER
B4, B5, B6, B21, B22	MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4
B10, B11	MOTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B47	MOTOR, COOLING FAN FOR A192
C6, C8	CAPACITOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F6	FUSE, EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE, COMPONENT
F57	FUSE, T5 TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F58	FUSE, T8 TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
FL1	FILTER BOARD
HR1, HR2, HR5	HEATER, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
K1, K2	CONTACTOR, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3
K14	CONTACTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K65, K231	RELAY, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K191	RELAY, CRANKCASE HEATER 1
K203	RELAY, INVERTER CONTROL
L14, L30	VALVE, SOLENOID, REHEAT COIL 1, 2
L43	REACTOR, INVERTER
R55	RESISTOR, VFD LOADING, A96
R76	SENSOR, ABS DISCHARGE (BAC)
RT17	SENSOR, OUTSIDE AIR TEMP.
RT42, RT43, RT54	SENSOR, SUCTION TEMP., COMP 1, 2, 3
RT44, RT45, RT56	SENSOR, LIQUID TEMP., COMP 1, 2, 3
RT46, RT47, RT50	SENSOR, SAT. SUCT. TEMP., COMP 1, 2, 3
RT48, RT49, RT52	SENSOR, SAT. LIQUID TEMP., COMP 1, 2, 3
S4, S7, S28	UNIT, HI PRESS. SWITCH, COMP. 1, 2, 3
S5	UNIT, HI TEMP. SWITCH, COMP. 1
S87, S88, S98	SWITCH, LOW PRESS. COMP. 1, 2, 3
T5	TRANSFORMER, CONTROL
T8, T9	TRANSFORMER, OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR
T18	TRANSFORMER, CONTACTOR
T19	TRANSFORMER, INVERTER POWER
T61	TRANSFORMER, INV INTERNAL POWER
TB13	TERMINAL STRIP, POWER DISTRIBUTION

NOTES

- ONLY ON UNITS WITH HUMIDITROL OPTION
- FOR REMOTE LOCATION OF RT6, ADD THE EXTENSION HARNESS
- USED ON VAV UNITS ONLY

REWORKS OPTIONAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING

WARNING

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING. ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD, CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES. FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. REFER TO UNIT RATINGS PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE. IF ANY WIRE IN THIS APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING AND INSULATION THICKNESS.

Model: LCM, LGM 156U, 180U - G-VOLT
COOLING - MSAV NO BYPASS -OR- VAV - 3 COMPRESSORS, 4 CONDENSER FANS

Voltage: 460/3/60 (G)
Supersedes: XXXXX-IX Form No: 538102-0 Rev: 0

WI R I N G
DI A G R A M
F L O W

HEATI NG	COOLI NG	COOLI NG	ACCS	ACCS
SECTI ON A	SECTI ON B	SECTI ON C	SECTI ON D	SECTI ON E

538102-0

Sequence of Operation LGM/LCM210, 240U, 300U

- 1 - Line voltage from TB13 energizes transformer T1 and T18. Transformer T1 and T18 provides 24VAC power to the main controller A55. The transformers also provide 24VAC power to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls and thermostat.

ECONOMIZER OPERATION

- 2 - The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 and K231 with 24VAC at 50% (travel) outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 3 - N.O. K65-1, K65-2, K231-01 and K231-02 close, energizing exhaust fan motors B10 and B11.

1ST STAGE COOLING

- 4 - First stage cooling demand energizes Y1 and G in the thermostat.
- 5 - 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. low pressure switch S87, and S88 and N.C. high pressure switch S4 and S7, high temperature limits S5 compressor contactors K1 and K2 are energized.
- 6 - N.O. contacts K1-1 and K2-1 close energizing compressor B1 and B2. Crankcase heater HR 2 is de-energized.
- 7 - A55 energizeS outdoor fans B4, B5 and B21. A178 energizes outdoor fan B22, B23 and B24.
- 8 - Relay K191 opens de-energizing compressor 1 crankcase heater HR1

2ND STAGE COOLING

- 9 - Second stage cooling demand energizes Y2.
- 10 - N.O. contacts K14-1 close energizing compressor B13, de-energizing HR5.
- 11 - N.O. contacts K146-1 close energizing compressor B20, de-energizing HR11.

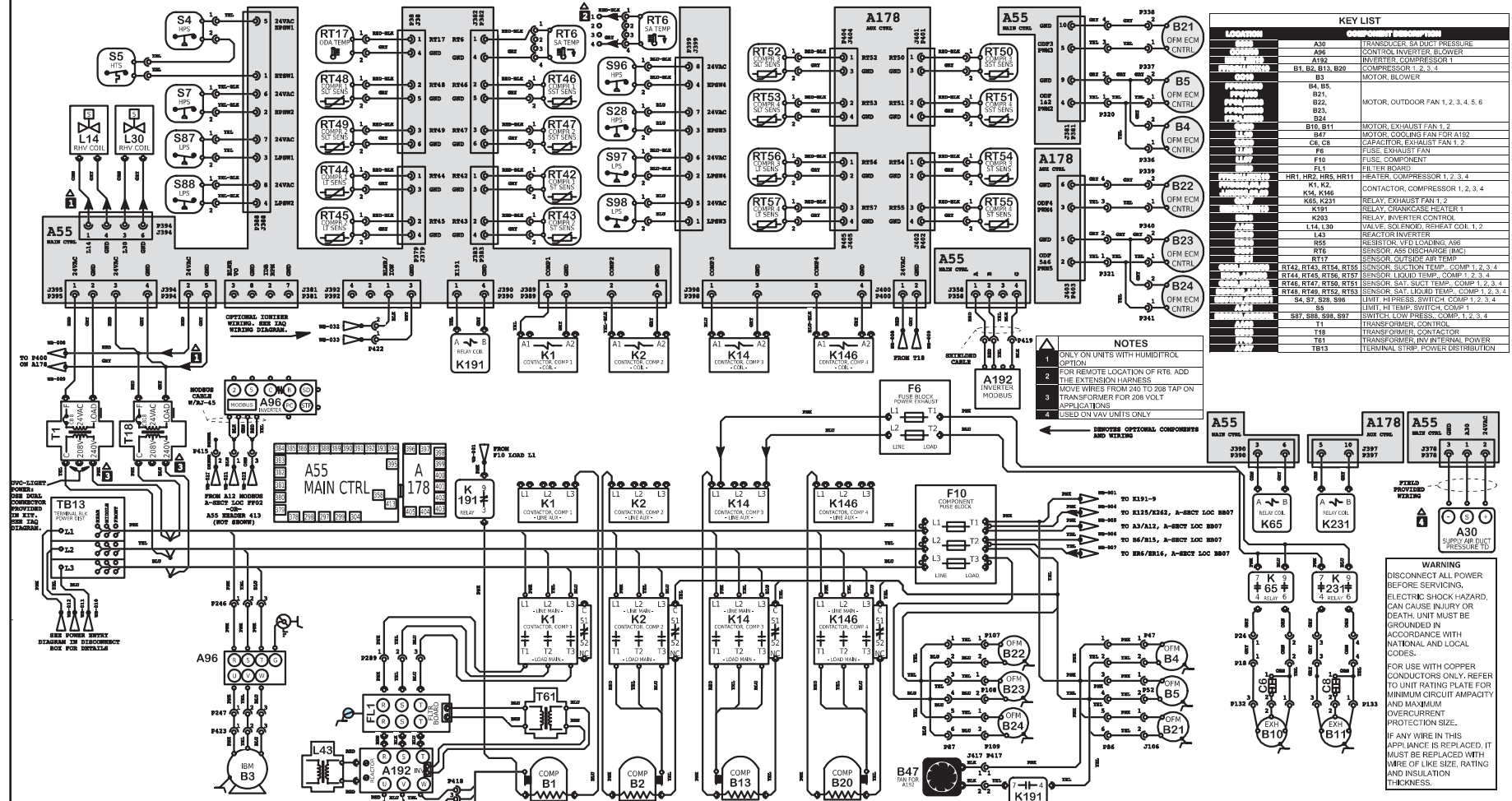
BLOWER OPERATION With By Pass

- 1 - Control inverter A96 energizes contactor K202 and main control A55 energizes relay 203.
- 2 - K203-1 N.C. contacts open to de-energize K3 relay coil. K3 contacts open to interrupt power to B3 blower motor through K3 N.O. relay contacts.
- 3 - K202 contacts close to allow power to B3 blower motor from A96.

BLOWER OPERATION No By-Pass

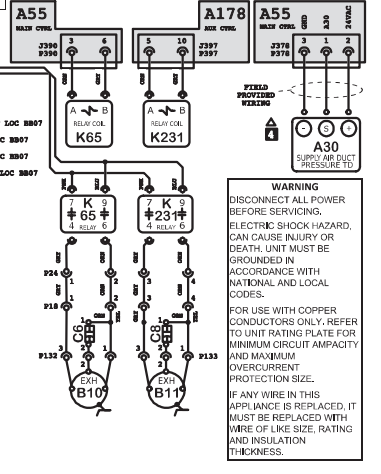
- 1 - Control inverter A96 energizes B3 on a G demand.

LGM/LCM210U, 240U, 300U Y Voltage No By-Pass



KEY LIST	
LOCATION	COMPONENT / DESCRIPTION
A30	TRANSUCER SA DUCT PRESSURE
A36	COIL INVERTER BLOWER
A192	INVERTER COMPRESSOR 1
B1, B2, B13, B20	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
B3	MOTOR, BLOWER
B4, B5	MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
B21, B22, B23, B24	DFM ECM CNTRL
B16, B11	MOTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B47	MOTOR, COOLING FAN FOR A192
C6, C8	CAPACITOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F6	FUSE, EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE, COMPONENT
F11	FILTER BOARD
HR1, HR2, HR5, HR11	HEATER, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
K1, K2, K4, K146	CONTACTOR, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
K65, K231	RELAY, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K191	RELAY, COMPRESSOR HEATER 1
K303	RELAY, INVERTER CONTROL
L144, L30	VALVE, SOLENOID, REHEAT COIL 1, 2
L43	REACTOR INVERTER
R55	RESISTOR, VFD LOADING, AIR
RT6	SENSOR, ASS DISCHARGE (MCI)
RT17	SENSOR, OUTDOOR DBP TEMP
RT42, RT43, RT54, RT55	SENSOR, SUCTION TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
RT44, RT45, RT56, RT57	SENSOR, LIQUID TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
RT46, RT47, RT50, RT51	SENSOR, SAT. SUCT TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
RT48, RT49, RT52, RT53	SENSOR, SAT. LIQUID TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
S4, S7, S28, S96, S97, S98	LIMIT, HI PRESS. SWITCH, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
S5	LIMIT, HI TEMP, SWITCH, COMP 1
S97, S98, S99, S97	SWITCH, LOW PRESS. COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
T18	TRANSFORMER CONTROL
T18	TRANSFORMER, CONTACTOR
T51	TRANSFORMER, INVERTER POWER
TB13	TERMINAL STRIP, POWER DISTRIBUTION

- NOTES**
- 1 ONLY ON UNITS WITH HUMIDITROL OPTION
 - 2 FOR REMOTE LOCATION OF RT6, ADD THE EXTENSION HARNESS
 - 3 MOVE WIRES FROM 240 TO 208 TAP ON TRANSFORMER FOR 208 VOLT APPLICATIONS
 - 4 USED ON VAV UNITS ONLY



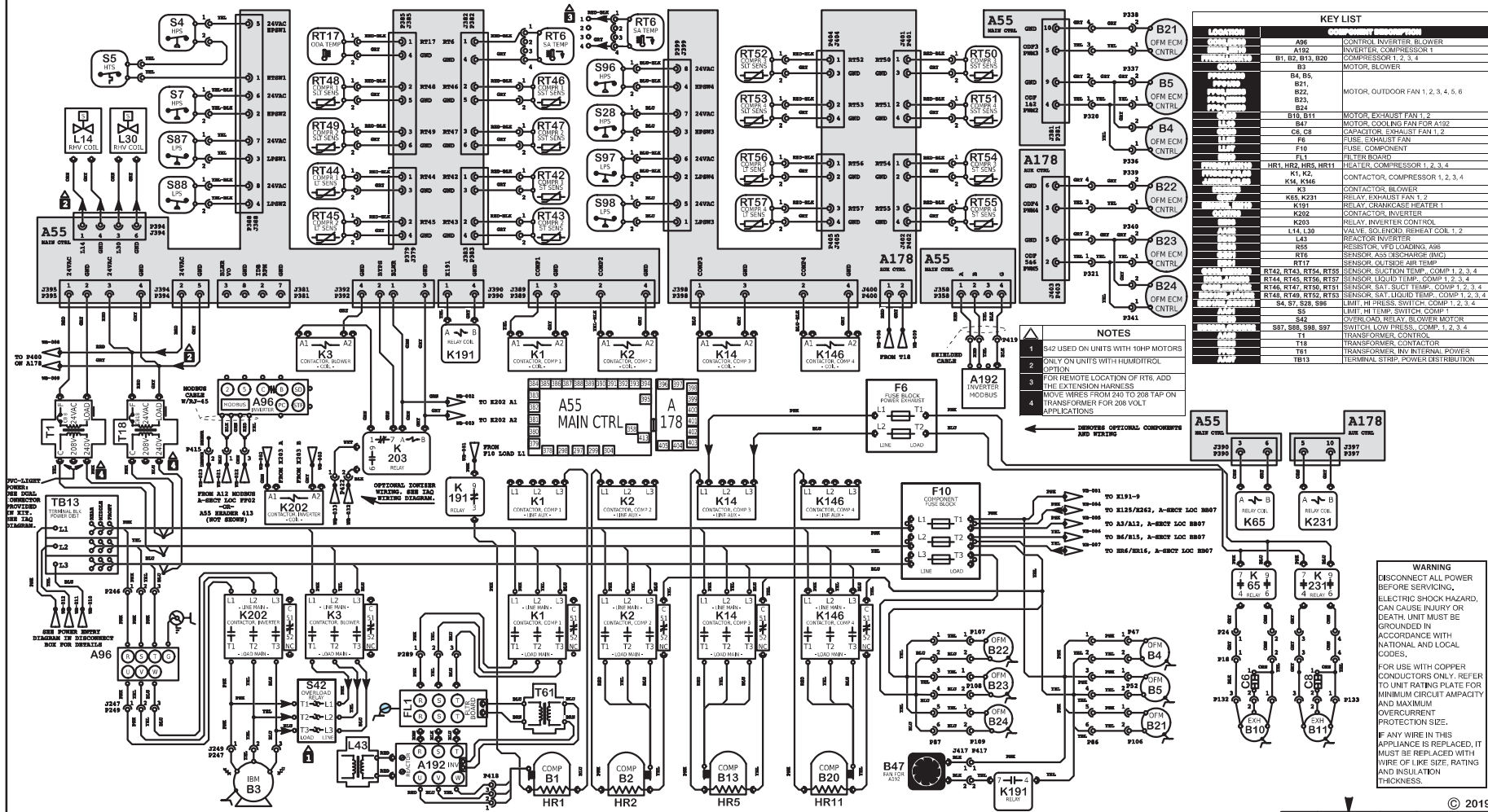
WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING. ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD, CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.
FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
IF ANY WIRE IN THIS APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING AND INSULATION THICKNESS.

Model: LCM, LGM 210U, 240U, 300U - Y-VOLT Voltage: 208-240/3/60 (Y)
 COOLING - NSAV NO BYPASS -OR- VAV - 4 COMPRESSORS, 6 CONDENSER FANS Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538096-0 Rev: 0

HEAT NO	COOL NO	COOL NO	ACCS	ACCS
SECT 1 ON	SECT 1 ON	SECT 1 ON	SECT 1 ON	SECT 1 ON

538096-0

LGM/LCM210U, 240U, 300U Y Voltage With By-Pass



KEY LIST	
LOCATION	Component description
A96	CONTROL INVERTER, BLOWER
A192	INVERTER, COMPRESSOR 1
B1, B2, B3, B4	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
B3	MOTOR, BLOWER
B4, B5	
B21, B22, B23, B24	MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
B10, B11	MOTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B47	MOTOR, COOLING FAN FOR A192
C6, C8	CAPACITOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F6	FUSE, EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE, COMPONENT
FL1	FILTER BOARD
HR1, HR2, HR5, HR11	HEATER, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
K1, K2, K14, K146	CONTACTOR, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
K65, K231	CONTACTOR, BLOWER
K191	RELAY, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K202	RELAY, TRANSFORMER TRIP
K203	CONTACTOR, INVERTER
K203	RELAY, INVERTER CONTROL
L44, L30	VALVE, SOLENOID REHEAT COIL 1, 2
L43	REACTOR, INVERTER
R55	RESISTOR, VFD LOADING, A96
R16	RESISTOR, A33 (RECHARGE TIME)
RT17	SENSOR, OUTSIDE AIR TEMP
RT42, RT43, RT54, RT55	SENSOR, SUCTION TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
RT44, RT45, RT56, RT57	SENSOR, LIQUID TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
RT46, RT47, RT50, RT51	SENSOR, SAT. SUCT. TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
RT48, RT49, RT52, RT53	SENSOR, SAT. LIQUID TEMP, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
S4, S7, S28, S96	LIMIT, HI PRESS. SWITCH, COMP 1, 2, 3, 4
S5	LIMIT, HI TEMP. SWITCH, COMP 1
S87, S88, S98, S97	OVERLOAD RELAY, BLOWER MOTOR
T1	TRANSFORMER, CONTROL
T18	TRANSFORMER, INVERTER
T81	TRANSFORMER, INV. INTERNAL POWER
TB13	TERMINAL BLOCK, POWER DISTRIBUTION

- NOTES**
- S40 USED ON UNITS WITH 10HP MOTORS
 - ONLY ON UNITS WITH HUMIDTRIL OPTION
 - FOR REMOTE LOCATION OF RT6, ADD THE EXTENSION HARNESS
 - MOVE WIRES FROM 240 TO 208 TAP ON TRANSFORMER FOR 208 VOLT APPLICATIONS

WARNING
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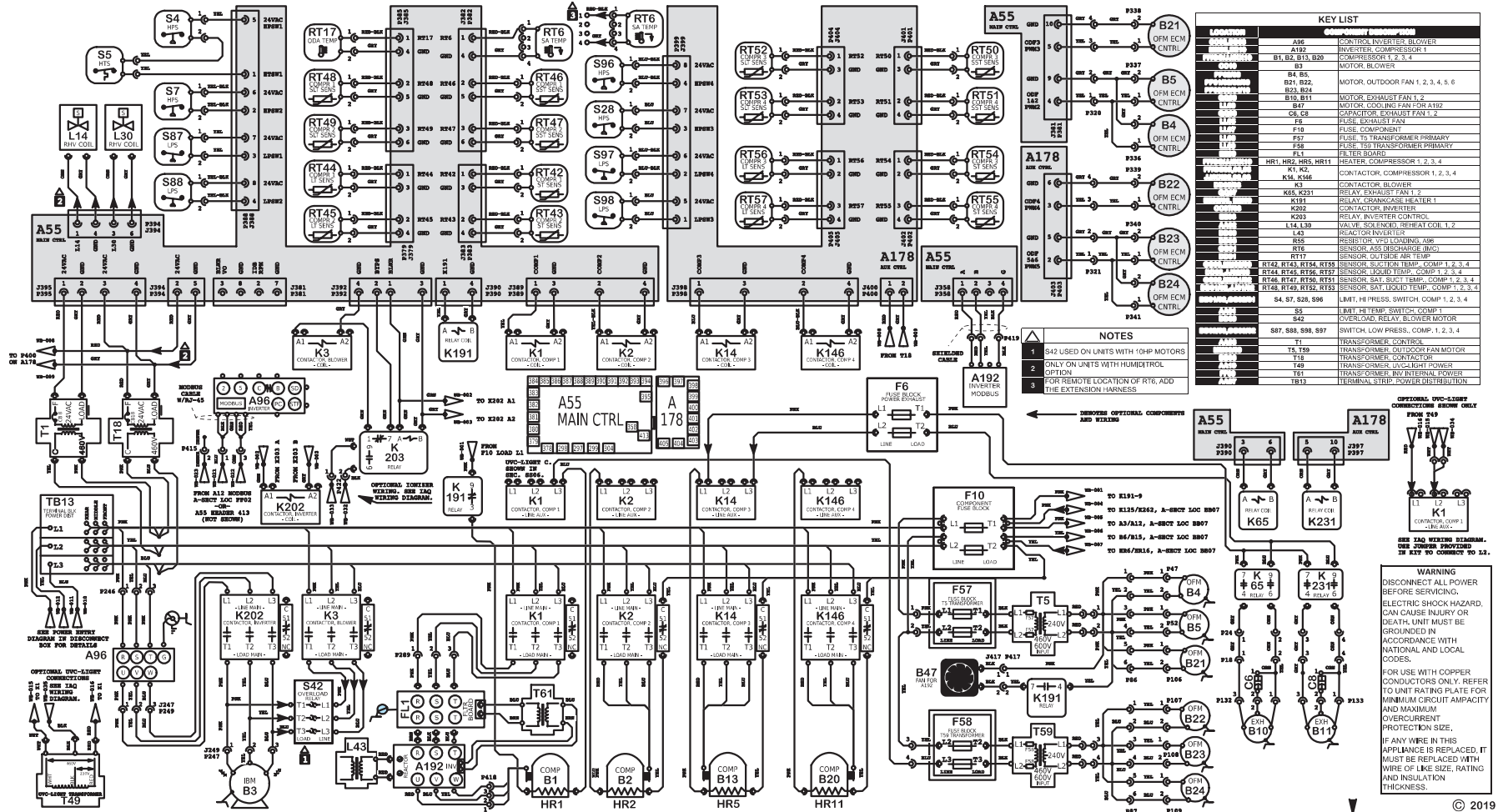
Model: LCM, LGM 210U, 240U, 300U - Y-VOLT
 COOLING - MSV WITH BYPASS - 4 COMPRESSORS, 6 CONDENSER FANS

Voltage: 208-240/3/60 (Y)
 Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538095-01 Rev: 0

538095-01 WIRING DIAGRAM FLOW

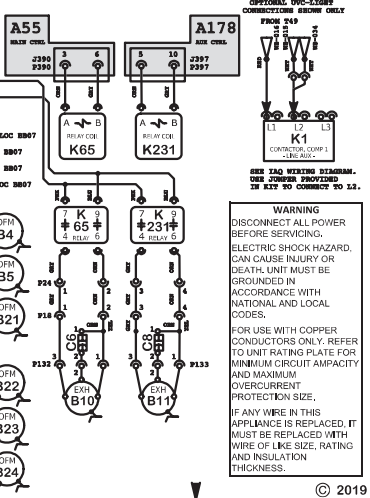
HEAT1 NG	COOL1 NG	COOL2 NG	ACCS	ACCS
SECT1 ON A	SECT1 ON B	SECT1 ON C	SECT1 ON D	SECT1 ON D

LGM/LCM210U, 240U, 300U G Voltage With By-Pass



Component	Description
A96	CONTROL INVERTER BLOWER
A192	INVERTER COMPRESSOR 1
B1, B2, B3, B20	COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
B4, B5	MOTOR, BLOWER
B21, B22, B23, B24	MOTOR, OUTDOOR FAN 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
B47	MOTOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
B48	MOTOR, COOLING FAN FOR FUSE
CB, CB	CAPACITOR, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
F6	FUSE, EXHAUST FAN
F10	FUSE, COMPONENT
F57	FUSE, TO TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F58	FUSE, TO TRANSFORMER PRIMARY
F11	FILTER BOARD
FL1	HEATER, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
HR1, HR2, HR3, HR11	CONTACTOR, COMPRESSOR 1, 2, 3, 4
K1, K2, K14, K146	CONTACTOR, BLOWER
K3	RELAY, EXHAUST FAN 1, 2
K65, K231	RELAY, CHAMBER HEATER 1
K202	CONTACTOR, INVERTER
K203	RELAY, INVERTER CONTROL
L14, L30	INDUCTOR, SOLENOID HEAT COIL 1, 2
L43	RELAY, INVERTER
R55	RESISTOR, VFD LOADING, ZOM
R16	SENSOR, ASS. PRESSURE (HPS)
RT17	SENSOR, OUTSIDE AIR TEMP
RT42, RT43, RT48, RT53	SENSOR, SUCT. TEMP. COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
RT44, RT45, RT6, RT7	SENSOR, LIQUID TEMP. COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
RT46, RT47, RT54, RT55	SENSOR, SAT. SUCT. TEMP. COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
RT48, RT49, RT52, RT53	SENSOR, SAT. LIQUID TEMP. COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
S4, S7, S28, S86	LIMIT, HI PRESS. SWITCH, COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
S47	LIMIT, HI TEMP. SWITCH, COMP. 1
S87	OVERLOAD, RELAY, BLOWER MOTOR
S87, S88, S89, S97	SWITCH, LOW PRESS. COMP. 1, 2, 3, 4
T1	TRANSFORMER, CONTROL
T5, T59	TRANSFORMER, OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR
T18	TRANSFORMER, INVERTER
T49	TRANSFORMER, LVLIGHT MOTOR
T81	TRANSFORMER, DEFROST FURNACE
T82	TECHNICAL STEP, POWER DISTRIBUTION

- NOTES**
- 1 S42 USED ON UNITS WITH 10HP MOTORS
 - 2 ONLY ON UNITS WITH HUMIDITROL OPTION
 - 3 FOR REMOTE LOCATION OF RTE, ADD THE EXTENSION HARNESS



Model: LCM, LGM 210U, 240U, 300U - G-VOLT
COOLING - MSAV WITH BYPASS - 4 COMPRESSORS, 6 CONDENSER FANS

Voltage: 460/3/60 (G)
Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538098-0 Rev: 0

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WIRING DIAGRAM FLOW

538098-0