

INSTALLATION AND SERVICE PROCEDURE

Corp. 1253-L11

July 24, 2013 (Revised February 23, 2016)

Dave Lennox Signature[®] Collection XC25 Series Units





IMPORTANT

XC25 units have refrigerant piping requirements that are unique to this unit. Size and install the refrigerant piping per table 2 (page 14) to ensure proper unit operation.

IMPORTANT:

Before applying any power (main, solar or low voltage) to the outdoor unit, confirm the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat has software Version 2.1 or higher installed. (Reference the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat manual.)

This unit is an integral component of a system that requires an iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat and iComfort[®]-enabled air handler or furnace.



AWARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause personal injury, loss of life, or damage to property. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent) or a service agency.

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XC25

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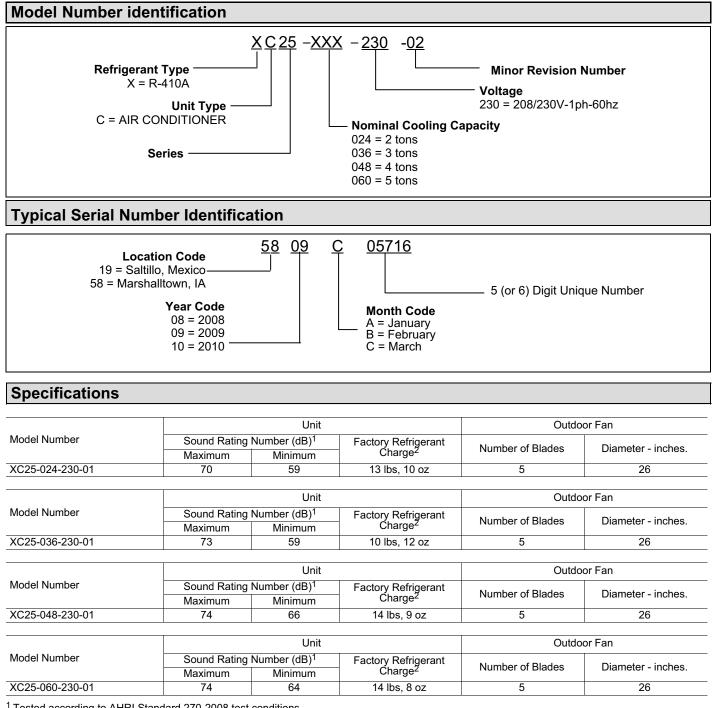
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IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFCs, HCFCs AND HFCs) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for noncompliance.

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I. OVERVIEW



¹ Tested according to AHRI Standard 270-2008 test conditions.

² Factory refrigerant charge is sufficient for refrigerant line lengths up to 15 feet.

Electrical Data

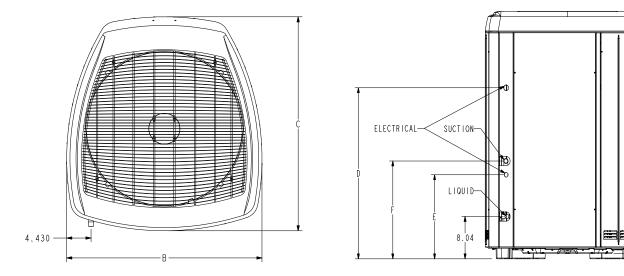
				208	/230V-60 I	Hz-1 Ph													
	U	nit	Comp	ressor		Outo	door Fan (RPM varie	s with con	npressor R	PM)								
Model Number	Maximum Over- current	Minimum Circuity	Rated Load	Locked Rotor	Motor	CFM		RPM		WATTS		Full Load							
	Protection (amps) ¹	Ampacity ²	Amps (RLA)	Amps (LRA)	HP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	Amps (FLA)							
XC25-024-230-01	25	14.9	10.30	18.0	1/3	3020	1950	500	350	80	32	2.0							
				208	/230V-60 I	Hz-1 Ph													
	U	nit	Comp	ressor		Outo	door Fan (RPM varie	s with con	npressor R	PM)								
Model Number	Maximum Over- Minimum current Circuity	Load Rote	Rotor Motor		CF	=M	RF	PM	WA	TTS	Full Load								
	Protection (amps) ¹	Ampacity ²	Amps (RLA)	(RLA) ((RLA)	(RLA)	(RLA)	(RLA)	(RLA)	(RLA)	(RLA) (LRA)	(LRA)	HP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN
XC25-036-230-01	30	19.5	14.00	18.0	1/3	4100	1950	650	350	157	32	2.0							
				208	/230V-60 I	Hz-1 Ph													
	U	nit	Comp	ressor		Outo	door Fan (RPM varie	s with con	npressor R	PM)								
Model Number	Maximum Over- current	Minimum Circuity	Rated Load		d Rotor Motor				RPM		WATTS		Full Load						
	Protection (amps) ¹	Ampacity ²	Amps Amps (RLA) (LRA)				acify2 Amps Amps I	HP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	Amps (FLA)				
XC25-048-230-01	50	32.9	24.70	29.0	1/3	4220	3020	675	500	185	82	2.0							
				200															
	11	nit	Comp		/230V-60 I		door Ean (PPM varia	e with con	noressor F									
	0	Unit Compressor Outdoor Fan (RPM varies with compressor RPM)																	

	U	nit	Comp	ressor		Outo	door Fan (F	RPM varie	s with com	pressor R	PM)	
Model Number	Maximum Over- Minimum current Circuity		Rated Locked Load Rotor		Motor	CFM		RPM		WATTS		Full Load
		Ampacity ² Amps Amps (RLA) (LRA)				HP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN
XC25-060-230-01	50	34.1	25.70	29.0	1/3	4385	3020	700	500	212	82	2.0

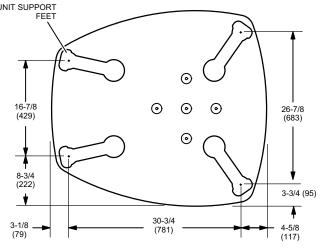
¹ HACR type circuit breaker or fuse.

² Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

Unit Dimensions -- Inches (mm)



UNIT	DIM A	DIM B	DIM C	DIM D	DIM E	U
XC25-024	47.00	35.50	39.40	38.88	15.97	
XC25-036	47.00	35.50	39.40	38.88	15.97	
XC25-048	47.00	35.50	39.40	32.50	15.97	
XC25-060	47.00	35.50	39.40	32.50	15.97	



1 00

BASE WITH ELONGATED LEGS

IMPORTANT

This unit must be matched with an indoor coil as specified in Lennox Product Specification bulletin. Coils previously charged with HCFC-22 must be flushed.

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and use protective clothing.

Electric Shock Hazard. Can cause injury or death. Unit must be grounded in accordance with national and local codes.

Line voltage is present at all components when unit is not in operation on units with single-pole contactors. Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before opening access panel. Unit may have multiple power supplies.



Electrical Hazard High Voltage Wait 5 Minutes

Electrical components may hold charge. Do not remove this panel or service this area for 5 minutes after the power has been removed.

Typical Unit Parts Arrangement

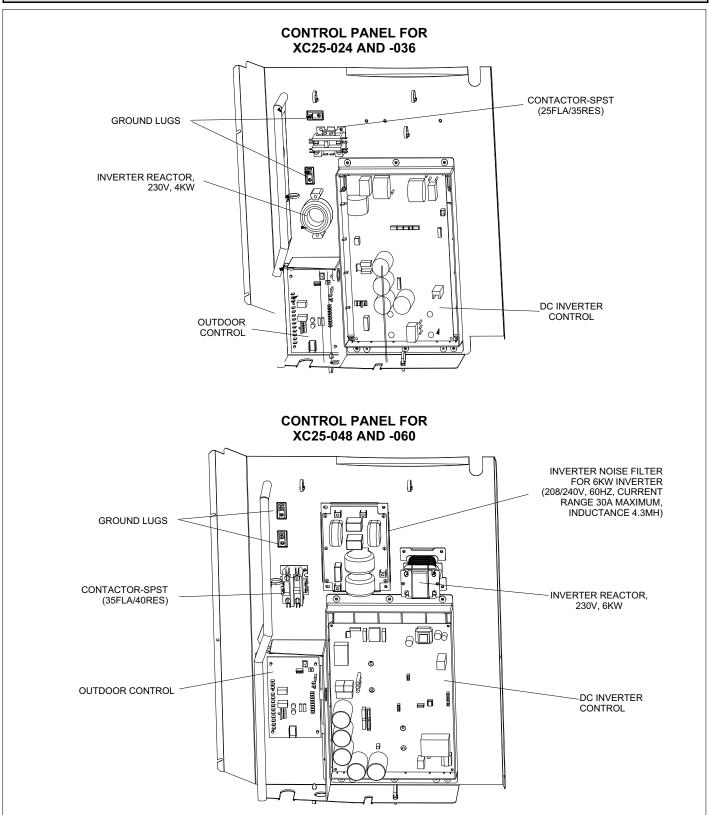


Figure 1. Control Panel Components

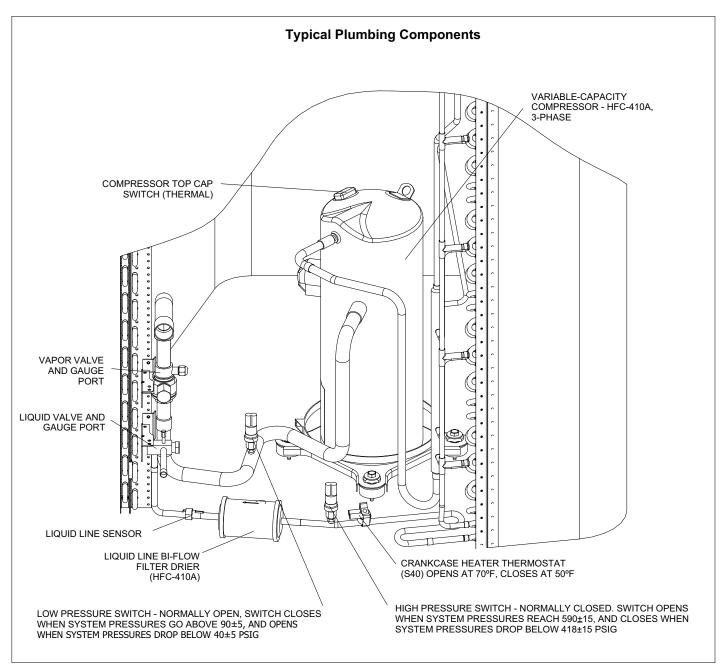


Figure 2. Plumbing (Component Locations and Specifications)

General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Consult authorities who have jurisdiction before installation.

The XC25 is a high-efficiency residential split-system air conditioner, which features a variable-capacity scroll compressor and uses HFC-410A refrigerant. Units are available in 2, 3, 4 and 5-ton sizes. The series is designed for use with an expansion valve (approved for use with HFC-410A) in the indoor unit only.

USING MANIFOLD GAUGE SET

When checking the system charge, only use a manifold gauge set that features low loss anti-blow back fittings.

Manifold gauge set used with HFC-410A refrigerant systems must be capable of handling higher system operating pressures. The gauges should be rated for use with pressures of 0 - 800 psig on the high side and a low side of 30" vacuum to 250 psig, with dampened speed to 500 psi. Gauge hoses must be rated for use at or up to 800 psig of pressure with a 4000 psig burst rating.

Table 1. Torque Requirements

Parts	Recommended Torque				
Service valve cap	8 ft lb.	11 NM			
Sheet metal screws	16 in lb.	2 NM			
Machine screws #10	28 in lb.	3 NM			
Compressor bolts	90 in lb.	10 NM			
Gauge port seal cap	8 ft lb.	11 NM			

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS

When servicing or repairing HVAC components, ensure the fasteners are appropriately tightened. Table 1 lists torque values for fasteners.

Operating Service Valves

The liquid and vapor line service valves are used for removing refrigerant, flushing, leak testing, evacuating, checking charge and charging.

Each valve is equipped with a service port which has a factory-installed valve stem. Figure 3 provides information on how to access and operating both angle and ball service valves.

IMPORTANT

Only use hex wrenches of sufficient hardness (50Rc - Rockwell Harness Scale minimum). Fully insert the wrench into the valve stem recess.

Service valve stems are factory-torqued (from 9 ft-lbs for small valves, to 25 ft-lbs for large valves) to prevent refrigerant loss during shipping and handling. Using a hex wrench rated at less than 50Rc risks rounding or breaking off the wrench, or stripping the valve stem recess.

See the Lennox Service and Application Notes #C-08-1 for further details and information.

IMPORTANT

To prevent stripping of the various caps used, the appropriately sized wrench should be used and fitted snugly over the cap before tightening.

SERVICE VALVES ANGLE AND BALL

Operating Angle–Type Service Valve:

- 1. Remove stem cap with an appropriately sized wrench.
- 2. Use a service wrench with a hex-head extension (3/16" for liquid line valve sizes and 5/16" for vapor line valve sizes) to back the stem out counterclockwise as far as it will go.

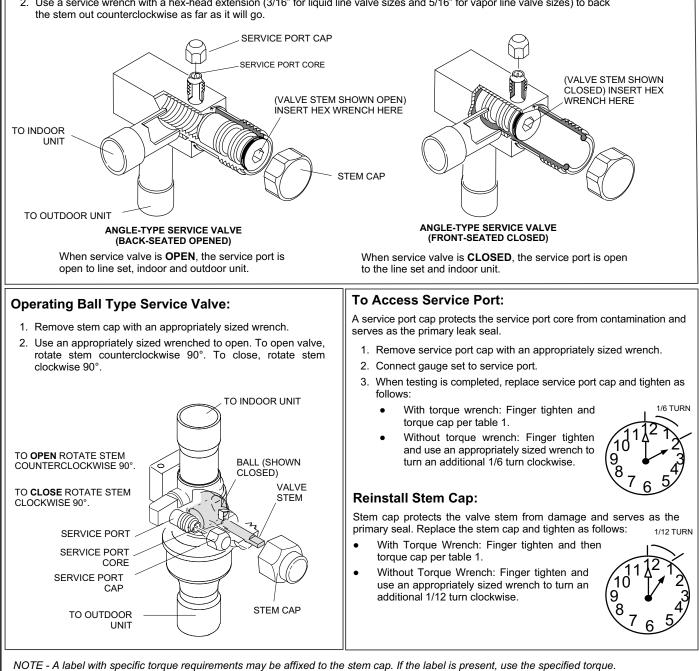


Figure 3. Angle and Ball-Type Service Valves

II. INSTALLATION

Unit Placement

ACAUTION

In order to avoid injury, take proper precaution when lifting heavy objects.

See *Unit Dimensions* on page 4 for sizing mounting slab, platforms or supports. Refer to figure 4 for mandatory installation clearance requirements.

POSITIONING CONSIDERATIONS

Consider the following when positioning the unit:

- Some localities are adopting sound ordinances based on the unit sound level registered from the adjacent property, not from the installation property. Install the unit as far as possible from the property line.
- When possible, do not install the unit directly outside a window. Glass has a very high level of sound transmission. For proper placement of unit in relation to a window see figure 5, detail A.

PLACING UNIT ON SLAB

When installing unit at grade level, the top of the slab should be high enough above grade so that water from higher ground will not collect around the unit. The slab should have a slope tolerance as described in figure 5, detail B.

NOTE - If necessary for stability, anchor unit to slab as described in figure 5, detail D.

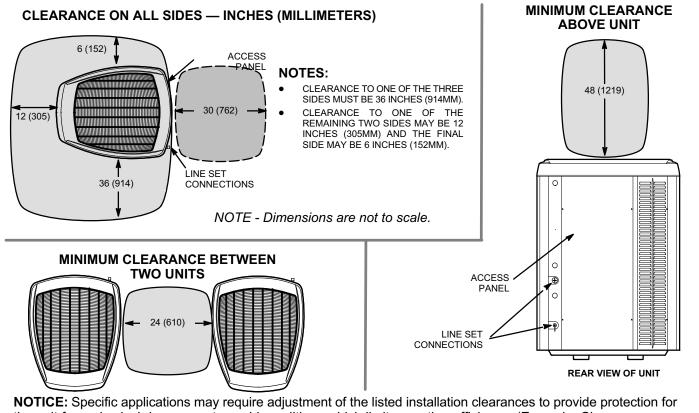
ELEVATING THE UNIT

Units are outfitted with elongated support feet as illustrated in figure 5, detail C.

If additional elevation is necessary, raise the unit by extending the height of the unit support feet. Use a 2-inch (50.8mm) Schedule 40 female threaded adapter to raise the height of the unit.

The specified coupling will fit snugly into the recessed portion of the feet. Use additional 2-inch (50.8mm) Schedule 40 male threaded adaptors which can be threaded into the female threaded adaptors to make additional adjustments to the level of the unit.

NOTE - Keep the height of extenders short enough to ensure a sturdy installation. If it is necessary to extend the height further than what is stable, consider a different type of field-fabricated framework that is sturdy enough for greater heights.



NOTICE: Specific applications may require adjustment of the listed installation clearances to provide protection for the unit from physical damage or to avoid conditions which limit operating efficiency. (Example: Clearances may have to be increased to prevent snow or ice from falling on the top of the unit. Additional clearances may also be required to prevent air recirculation when the unit is installed under a deck or in another tight space.)

Figure 4. Installation Clearances

STABILIZING UNIT ON UNEVEN SURFACES

MPORTANT

Unit Stabilizer Bracket Use (field-provided):

Always use stabilizers when unit is raised above the factory height. (Elevated units could become unstable in gusty wind conditions.)

Stabilizers may be used on factory height units when mounted on unstable an uneven surface.

- 1. Remove the louvered panel from each side to expose the unit base.
- 2. Install the brackets as illustrated in figure 5, detail D using conventional practices.
- 3. Replace the panels after installation is complete.

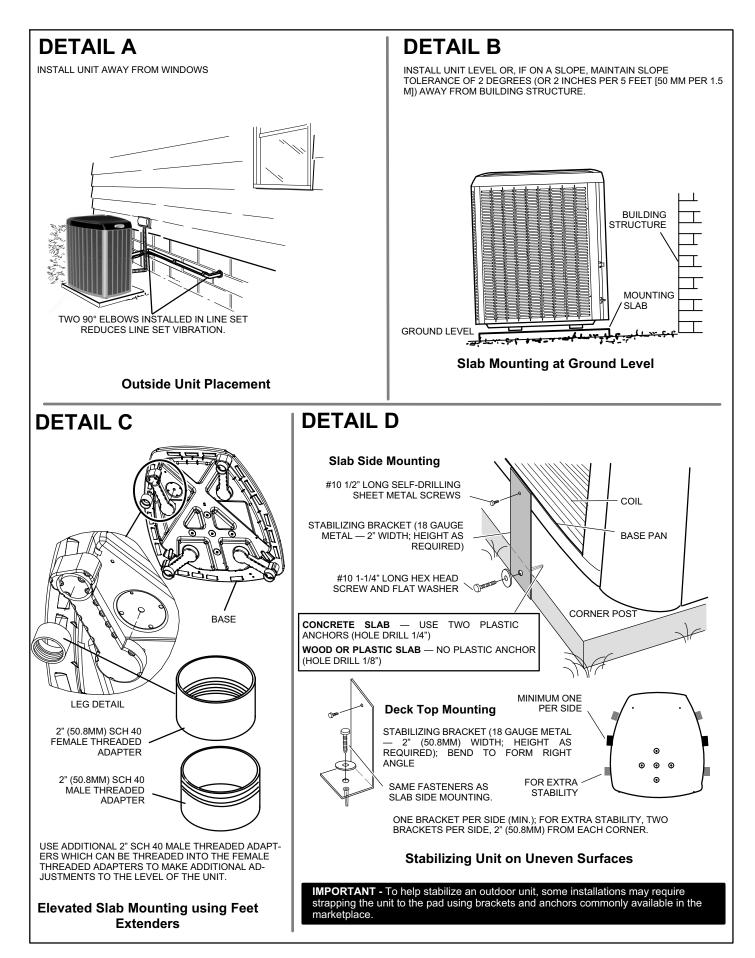
ROOF MOUNTING

Locate the unit above a load-bearing wall or area of the roof that can adequately support the unit. Consult local codes for rooftop applications.

NOTICE

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil and cause the rubber to swell when it comes into contact with oil. The rubber will then bubble and could cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.





Removing and Installing Panels



ACCESS PANEL REMOVAL

REMOVE AND INSTALL THE ACCESS PAN-EL AS ILLUSTRATED.

WARNING

To prevent personal injury, or damage to panels, unit or structure, be sure to observe the following:

While installing or servicing this unit, carefully stow all removed panels out of the way, so that the panels will not cause injury to personnel, nor cause damage to objects or structures nearby, nor will the panels be subjected to damage (e.g., being bent or scratched).

While handling or stowing the panels, consider any weather conditions, especially windy conditions, that may cause panels to be blown around and battered.

IMPORTANT - Do not allow panels to hang on unit by top tab. Tab is for alignment and not designed to support weight of panel.

PANEL SHOWN SLIGHTLY ROTATED TO ALLOW TOP TAB TO EXIT (OR ENTER) TOP SLOT FOR REMOVING (OR INSTALLING) PANEL

LOUVERED PANEL REMOVAL

Remove the louvered panels as follows:

- 1. REMOVE TWO SCREWS, ALLOWING THE PANEL TO SWING OPEN SLIGHTLY.
- HOLD THE PANEL FIRMLY THROUGHOUT THIS PROCEDURE ROTATE BOTTOM 2. CORNER OF PANEL AWAY FROM HINGED CORNER POST UNTIL LOWER THREE TABS CLEAR THE SLOTS AS ILLUSTRATED IN DETAIL B.
- MOVE PANEL DOWN UNTIL LIP OF UPPER TAB CLEARS THE TOP SLOT IN CORNER 3 POST AS ILLUSTRATED IN DETAIL A.

LOUVERED PANEL INSTALLATION

MAINTAIN MINIMUM PANEL ANGLE (AS CLOSE TO PARALLEL WITH THE UNIT AS POSSIBLE) WHILE

Position the panel almost parallel with the unit as illustrated in detail D with the screw side as close to the unit as possible. Then, in a continuous motion:

- SLIGHTLY ROTATE AND GUIDE THE LIP OF TOP TAB INWARD AS ILLUSTRATED IN DETAIL A AND C; THEN UPWARD INTO THE TOP SLOT OF THE HINGE CORNER POST.
- 2 ROTATE PANEL TO VERTICAL TO FULLY ENGAGE ALL TABS
- 3. HOLDING THE PANEL'S HINGED SIDE FIRMLY IN PLACE, CLOSE THE RIGHT-HAND SIDE OF THE PANEL, ALIGNING THE SCREW HOLES.
- 4. WHEN PANEL IS CORRECTLY POSITIONED AND ALIGNED, INSERT THE SCREWS AND TIGHTEN

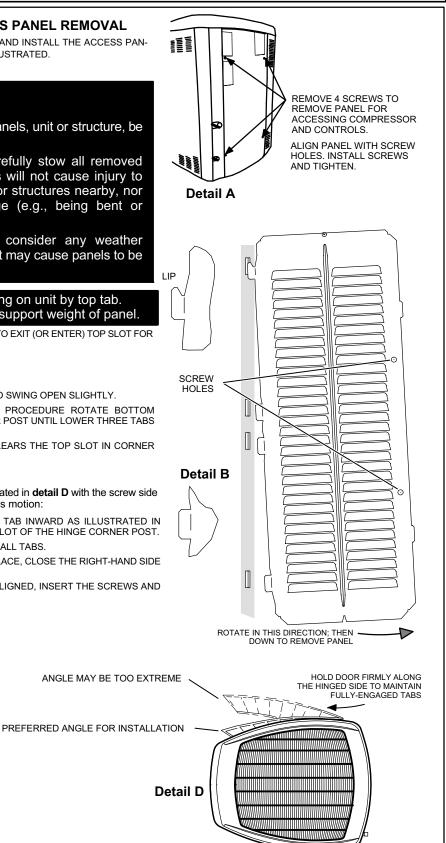


Figure 6. Removing and Installing Panels

Detail C

INSTALLING PANEL.

New or Replacement Line Set

REFRIGERANT LINE SET

This section provides information on installation or replacement of existing line set. If new or replacement line set is not being installed then proceed to *Brazing Connections* on page 16.

IMPORTANT

Lennox highly recommends changing line set when converting the existing system from HCFC-22 to HFC-410A If that is not possible and the line set is the proper size as referenced in table 2, use the procedure outlined under *Flushing the System* on page 19.

If refrigerant lines are routed through a wall, seal and isolate the opening so vibration is not transmitted to the building. Pay close attention to line set isolation during installation of any HVAC system. When properly isolated from building structures (walls, ceilings, floors), the refrigerant lines will not create unnecessary vibration and subsequent sounds. See figure 7 for recommended installation practices. Also, consider the following when placing and installing a high-efficiency outdoor unit.

Liquid lines that meter the refrigerant, such as RFC1 liquid lines, must not be used in this application. Existing line set of proper size may be reused. If system was previously charged with HCFC-22 refrigerant, then existing line set must be flushed (see *Flushing the System* on page 19).

IMPORTANT

Mineral oils are not compatible with HFC-410A. If oil must be added, it must be a Polyol ester oil.

Recommended POE oils are Mobil EAL ARCTIC 22 CC or ICI EMKARATE[™] RL32CF.

Danger of fire. Bleeding the refrigerant charge from only the high side may result in the low side shell and suction tubing being pressurized. Application of a brazing torch while pressurized may result in ignition of the refrigerant and oil mixture - check the high and low pressures before unbrazing.

IMPORTANT !

If this unit is being matched with an approved line set or indoor unit coil that was previously charged with mineral oil, or if it is being matched with a coil which was manufactured before January of 1999, the coil and line set must be flushed prior to installation. Take care to empty all existing traps. Polyol ester (POE) oils are used in Lennox units charged with HFC-410A refrigerant. Residual mineral oil can act as an insulator, preventing proper heat transfer. It can also clog the expansion device and reduce system performance and capacity.

Failure to properly flush the system per the XC25 Installation and Service Procedures will void the warranty.

Refrigerant can be harmful if it is inhaled. Refrigerant must be used and recovered responsibly. Failure to follow this warning may result in personal injury or death.



Fire, Explosion and Personal Safety Hazard. Failure to follow this warning could result in damage, personal injury or death.

Never use oxygen to pressurize or purge refrigeration lines. Oxygen, when exposed to a spark or open flame, can cause fire and/or an explosion, that could result in property damage, personal injury or death.



When using a high pressure gas such as nitrogen to pressurize a refrigeration or air conditioning system, use a regulator that can control the pressure down to 1 or 2 psig (6.9 to 13.8 kPa).

IMPORTANT !

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system is raised above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRES-SOR.

The XC25 is a variable-capacity cooling system utilizing variable-speed compressor technology. With the variable-speed compressor and variable pumping capacity, additional consideration must be given to refrigerant piping sizing and application. The following guidelines are to be used exclusively for the XC25 systems.

COOLING SYSTEM (HFC-410A)

• Total equivalent length equals 180 feet (all piping and fittings included).

NOTE - This is a general guide. Lengths may be more or less, depending on remaining system design factors.

- Maximum linear (actual) length = 150 feet.
- Maximum linear liquid lift = 60 feet.

NOTE - Maximum lifts are dependent on total length, number of elbows, and other factors that contribute to total pressure drop.

- Maximum linear length of vapor riser = 60 feet.
- Size vertical vapor riser per table 3.
- Line set lengths up to 50 linear feet: Use rated line sizes listed in table 2.
- Line set lengths between 51 and 150 linear feet: Crankcase heater and non-bleed port TXV factory-in-

stalled. No additional components required. Vertical vapor riser must be sized to the vapor riser listed in table 3 on systems with line sets longer than 51 feet. Use tables 3 and 4 to determine the correct liquid and vapor line sizes.

- Line set lengths over 150 linear feet: Not recommended.
- Additional oil is not required for systems with line lengths up to 150 feet.

NOTE - Recommended POE oils are Mobil EAL ARCTIC 22 CC or ICI EMKARATE [™] RL32CF.

SUCTION TRAPS

In systems with the outdoor unit 5 to 60 feet above the indoor unit, one trap must be installed at the bottom of the suction riser.

Table 2. Standard Refrigerant Line Set — Up to 50 Linear Feet

Model Number (-xx*)	Valve S	ize Connections		Recommended Line Se	ts
Model Number (-xx*)	Liquid Line	Suction Line	L15 Line Set Model	Line Set Length	Catalog Numbe
XC25-024-230-XX			L15-65-30	30 feet (9.1 m)	89J60
XC25-036-230-XX	3/8" (10 mm)	7/8" (22 mm)	L15-65-40	40 feet (12.2 m)	89J61
XC25-048-230-XX			L15-65-50	50 feet (15.2 m)	89J62
XC25-060-230-XX	3/8" (10 mm)	1-1/8" (29 mm) **	Field-fabricated		

** Some applications may require a field-provided 1-1/8" to 7/8" adapter.

Table 3. XC25 Piping Guidelines

			er ne ze rinping e			
Model	Maximum Total Equivalent Length (ft)	Maximum Linear (actual) Length (ft)	Maximum Vapor Riser (ft)	Maximum Linear Liquid Lift (ft)	Preferred Vapor Line Sizes for Horizontal Runs	Required Vapor Riser Size
-024	180	150	60	60	7/8"	5/8"
-036	180	150	60	60	7/8"	3/4"
-048	180	150	60	60	7/8"	7/8"
-060	180	150	60	60	7/8"	7/8"

Table 4. Liquid Line Diameter Selection Table

11 !4				Total Linear	Length (feet)			
Unit	Line Size	25	50	75	100	125	150	
-024	5/16"	25	50	55	48	40	33	-
-024	3/8"	25	50	60	60	60	60	Max
020	3/8"	25	50	60	56	51	45	с П
-036	1/2"	25	50	60	60	60	60	ft)
-048	3/8"	25	50	50	41	31	22	/ati
-040	1/2"	25	50	60	60	60	60	ation
-060	3/8"	25	50	36	22	8	NR	
-000	1/2"	25	50	60	60	60	59	

Note - Shaded rows indicate rated liquid line size.

1. Find your unit on the left side of the table.

Start with the rated liquid line size (shaded row) for the outdoor unit.
 Select the actual total linear length of your system shown at the top of the table.

Select the actual total intear length of your system shown at the top of the table.
 The elevation listed in the table is the maximum allowed for the liquid line listed.

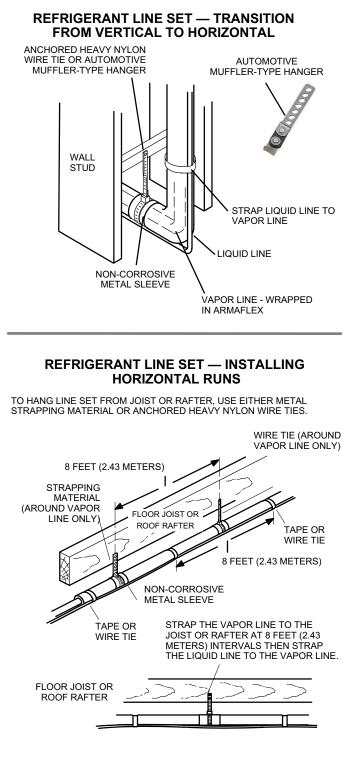
Consider the larger liquid line size shown in the table if the elevation does not meet your requirements.

LINE SET

IMPORTANT - Refrigerant lines must not contact structure.

INSTALLATION

LINE SET ISOLATION — THE FOLLOWING ILLUSTRATIONS ARE EXAMPLES OF PROPER REFRIGERANT LINE SET ISOLATION:



REFRIGERANT LINE SET — INSTALLING VERTICAL RUNS (NEW CONSTRUCTION SHOWN)

NOTE - INSULATE LIQUID LINE WHEN IT IS ROUTED THROUGH AREAS WHERE THE SURROUNDING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE COULD BECOME HIGHER THAN THE TEMPERATURE OF THE LIQUID LINE OR WHEN PRESSURE DROP IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 20 PSIG.

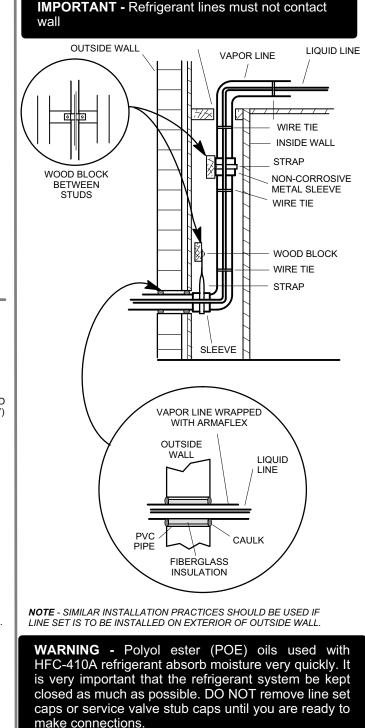


Figure 7. Line Set Installation

Brazing Connections

Use the procedures outlined in figures 8 and 9 for brazing line set connections to service valves.



Danger of fire. Bleeding the refrigerant charge from only the high side may result in pressurization of the low side shell and suction tubing. Application of a brazing torch to a pressurized system may result in ignition of the refrigerant and oil mixture - Check the high and low pressures before applying heat.

Brazing alloys and flux contain materials which are hazardous to your health.

Avoid breathing vapors or fumes from brazing operations. Perform operations only in well-ventilated areas.

Wear gloves and protective goggles or face shield to protect against burns.

Wash hands with soap and water after handling brazing alloys and flux.

▲ IMPORTANT

Allow braze joint to cool before removing the wet rag from the service valve. Temperatures above 250°F can damage valve seals.



Fire, Explosion and Personal Safety Hazard.

Failure to follow this warning could result in damage, personal injury or death.

Never use oxygen to pressurize or purge refrigeration lines. Oxygen, when exposed to a spark or open flame, can cause a fire and/or an explosion, that could result in property damage, personal injury or death.

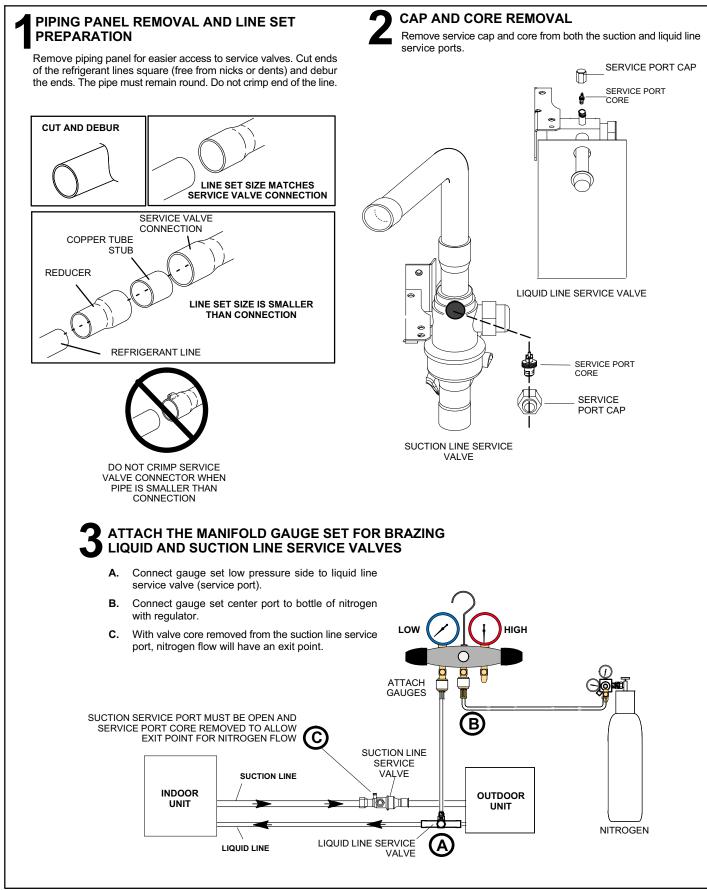
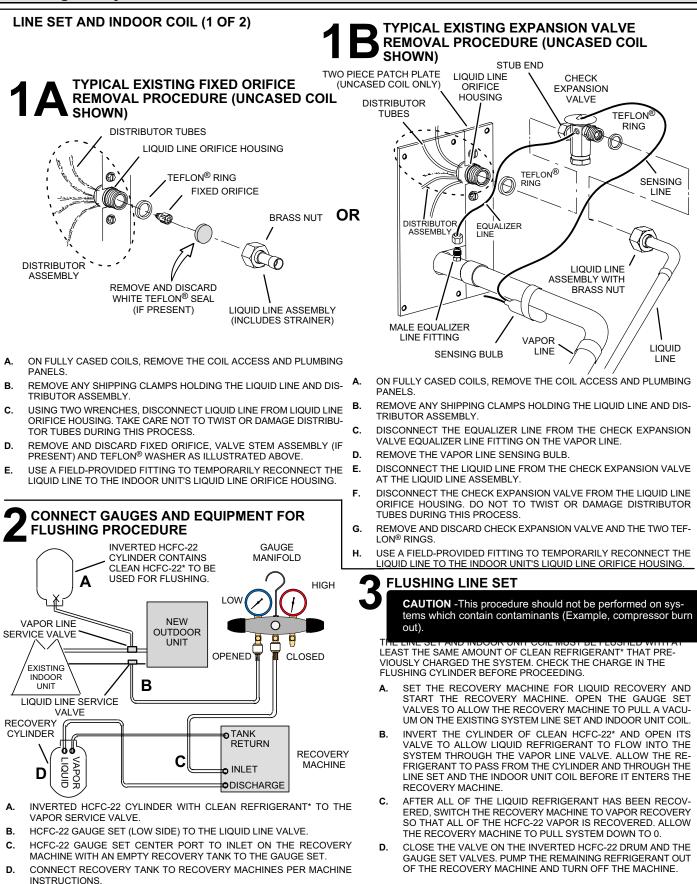


Figure 8. Brazing Procedures

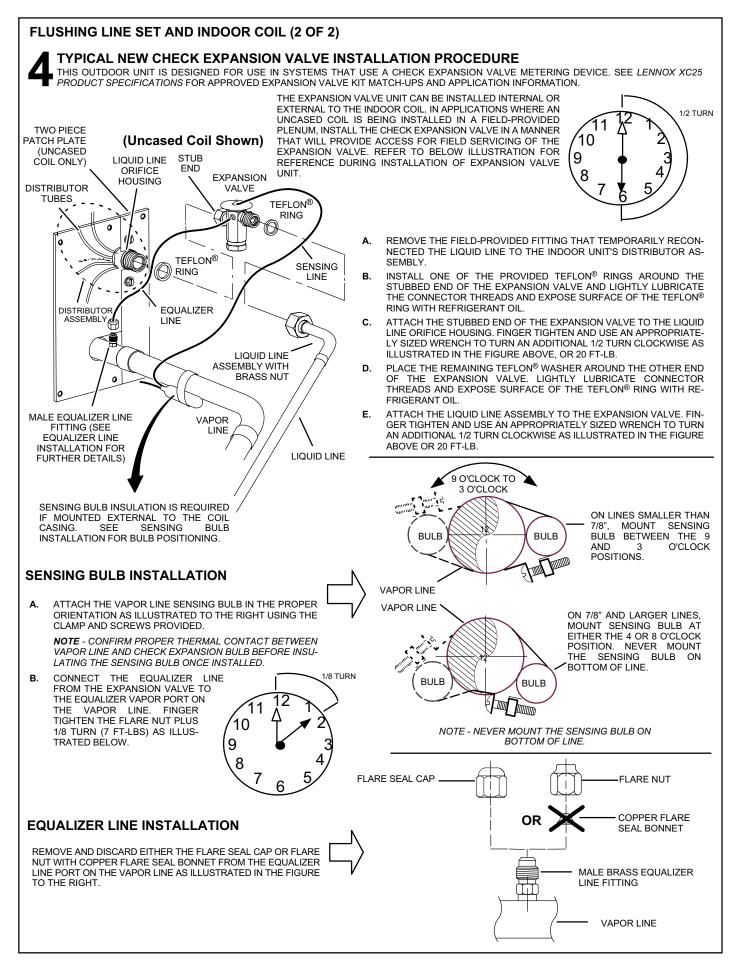
WRAP SERVICE VALVES To help protect service valve seals during brazing, wrap water-saturated cloths around service valve bodies and copper tube stubs. Use additional water-saturated cloths underneath the valve body to protect the base paint. **FLOW NITROGEN** WARNING Flow regulated nitrogen (at 1 to 2 psig) through the refrigeration gauge set into the valve stem port connection FIRE, PERSONAL INJURY, OR PROPERTY on the liquid service valve and out of the suction / vapor **DAMAGE** will result if you do not wrap a water-saturated cloth around both liquid and suction line valve stem port. See steps 3A, 3B and 3C on previous page and below for manifold gauge setup. service valve bodies and copper tube stub while brazing in the line set! The braze, when complete, must be quenched with water to absorb any **BRAZE LINE SET** Cloths must remain water-saturated throughout the residual heat. brazing and cool-down process. Do not open service valves until refrigerant lines and indoor coil have been leak-tested and A. Braze liquid line to liquid line service valve. evacuated. Refer to procedures provided in this supplement. Braze suction / vapor line to suction / vapor Β. service valve. WHEN BRAZING LINE SET TO **IMPORTANT** ! SERVICE VALVES, POINT FLAME AWAY FROM SERVICE VALVE. Use silver alloy brazing rods with 5% minimum silver alloy for copper-to-copper brazing and 45% alloy for copper-to-brass **6**B or copper-to-steel brazing. SUCTION / VAPOR LINE SUCTION / VAPOR SERVICE PORT 6 MUST BE OPEN AND SERVICE PORT ٨ CORE REMOVED TO ALLOW EXIT 6 POINT FOR NITROGEN FLOW 6 WATER-SATURATED CLOTHS **IMPORTANT !** Allow braze joint to cool. Apply additional water-saturated cloths to help cool brazed joints. Do not remove water-saturated cloths until piping has cooled. Temperatures above 250°F will damage valve seals. LIQUID LINE Δ 6 WATER-SATURATED CLOTHS **PREPARATION FOR NEXT STEP** After all connections have been brazed, disconnect manifold gauge set from service ports. Apply additional water-saturated cloths to both services valves to cool piping. Once piping is cool, remove all water-saturated cloths. Refer to the unit installation instructions for the next step in preparing the unit.

Figure 9. Brazing Procedures (Continued)

Flushing the System



*IMPORTANT - Clean refrigerant is any refrigerant in a system that has not had compressor burn out. If the system has experienced burn out, it is recommended that the existing line set and indoor coil be replaced.



INSTALLING ISOLATION GROMMETS

Locate the isolation grommets (provided). Slide grommets onto vapor and liquid lines. Insert grommets into piping panel to isolate refrigerant lines from sheet metal edges.

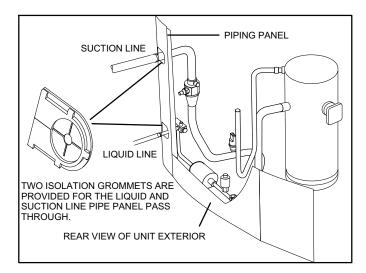


Figure 10. Isolation Grommets

▲ IMPORTANT

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prohibits the intentional venting of HFC refrigerants during maintenance, service, repair and disposal of appliance. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed.

IMPORTANT

If this unit is being matched with an approved line set or indoor unit coil which was previously charged with mineral oil, or if it is being matched with a coil which was manufactured before January of 1999, the coil and line set must be flushed prior to installation. Take care to empty all existing traps. Polyol ester (POE) oils are used in Lennox units charged with HFC-410A refrigerant. Residual mineral oil can act as an insulator, preventing proper heat transfer. It can also clog the expansion device, and reduce the system performance and capacity.

Failure to properly flush the system per the instructions below will void the warranty.

Leak Testing the System

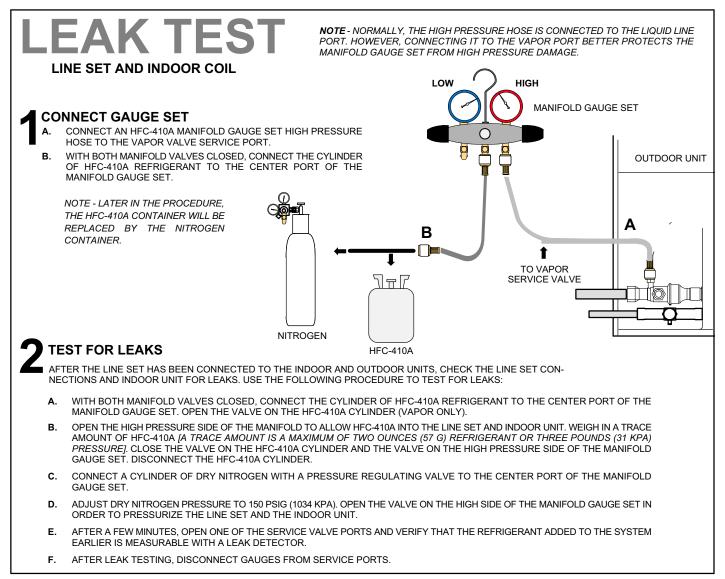
IMPORTANT

Leak detector must be capable of sensing HFC refrigerant.

🗛 WARNING

Refrigerant can be harmful if it is inhaled. Refrigerant must be used and recovered responsibly.

Failure to follow this warning may result in personal injury or death.





Evacuating the System

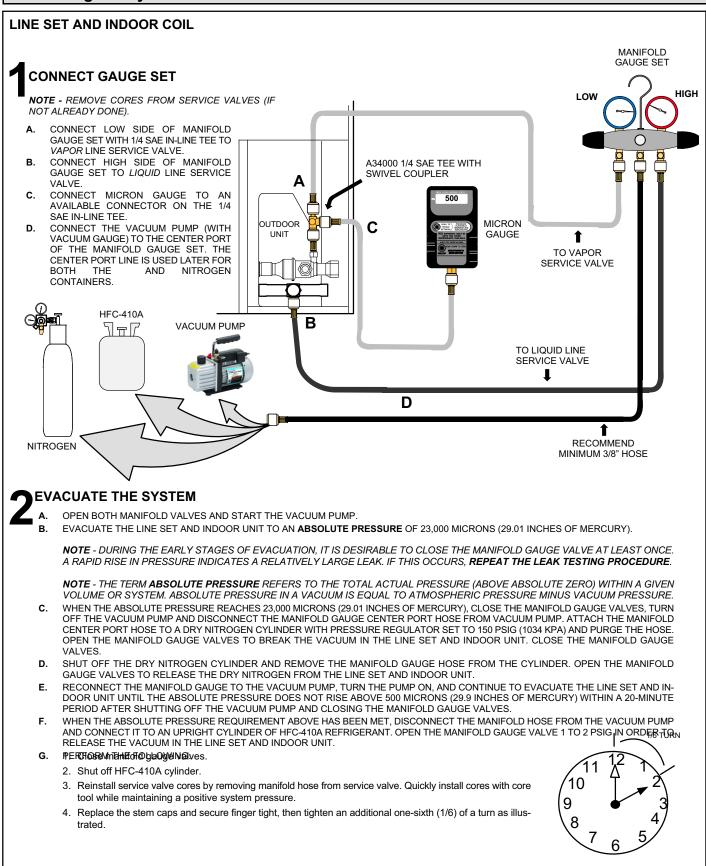


Figure 12. Evacuating System

▲ IMPORTANT

Use a thermocouple or thermistor electronic vacuum gauge that is calibrated in microns. Use an instrument capable of accurately measuring down to 50 microns.

WARNING

Danger of Equipment Damage. Avoid deep vacuum operation. Do not use compressors to evacuate a system. Extremely low vacuums can cause internal arcing and compressor failure. Damage caused by deep vacuum operation will void warranty.

Evacuating the system of non-condensables is critical for proper operation of the unit. Non-condensables are defined as any gas that will not condense under temperatures and pressures present during operation of an air conditioning system. Non-condensables combined with refrigerant to produce substances that corrode copper piping and compressor parts.

Electrical

In the U.S.A., wiring must conform with current local codes and the current National Electric Code (NEC). In Canada, wiring must conform with current local codes and the current Canadian Electrical Code (CEC).

Refer to the furnace or air handler installation instructions for additional wiring application diagrams. Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum over-current protection size.

24VAC TRANSFORMER

Use the transformer provided with the furnace or air handler for low-voltage control power (24VAC - 40 VA minimum).

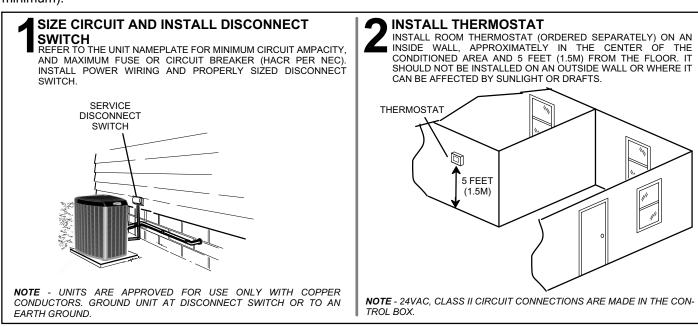


Figure 13. Electrical Installation

Load Shedding

Utility Load Shedding Mode ACTIVATED

(Utility Cycled Unit OFF) – The normally closed set of contacts in the utility load shedding control receiver OPEN. This removes 24VAC from the coil of the field-provided relay (catalog # 69J79). The relay contacts close (terminal 7 to terminal 2), completing the circuit between terminals R and L on the outdoor control. The 24VAC input to terminal L activates the load shedding mode in the outdoor control, cycling the outdoor unit OFF. The 7-Segment display on the outdoor control displays a load shedding alert code (E600) and an alert appears on the display of the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat. The customer receives email notifications when the alert occurs, if the option to receive notifications is selected.

Utility Load Shedding Mode DEACTIVATED

(Normal Equipment Operation) – When load shedding is not required, the contacts in the utility load control receiver are closed. This provides 24VAC to the coil of the fieldprovided relay (catalog # 69J79). The relay contacts **OPEN** (terminal **7** to terminal **2**) removing 24VAC from the **L** terminal on the outdoor control. This deactivates the load shedding mode in the outdoor control. The outdoor unit returns to normal operation and alert code clears once load shedding mode is deactivated.

For more information, see the Load Shedding Feature Wiring Diagram on page 46.

ROUTE CONTROL WIRES ELECTRICAL (CONTROL WIRING) AND LINE SET INLETS USE BUSHING AND GROMMETS TYPICAL CONTROL BOX Maximum length of wiring (18 gauge) for all connections on PROVIDED IN BAG the RSBus is 1500 feet (457 meters). Wires should be col-(or-coded, with a temperature rating of 95°F (35°C) minimum, and solid-core (Class II Rated Wiring). All low voltal 9 (A age wiring must enter unit through the provided fieldinstalled busing installed in the electrical inlet. The iComfort Wi-Fi ${\ensuremath{^{\rm C}}}$ thermostat requires four thermostat wires between the thermostat and the furnace / air handler BUSHING iComfort[™] control and four wires between the outdoor unit and the furnace/air handler iComfort[™] control. When a thermostat cable with more than four wires is used, the extra wires must be properly connected to avoid electrical noise (see below). Use a wire nut to bundle the four unused wires at each end of the cable. Each bundle should also include an additional wire that should be connected on each end to the C termi-GROMMETS nal as shown in the figure below. CONTROL WIRING ROUTE (LOW VOLTAGE) OUTDOOR CONTROL Indoor Control R I+ I- C Y1 0 Outdoor Control . . . iComfort Wi-Fi® thermostat PROVIDED RAST C d١ 6-PIN CONNECTOR Single Wire To C Terminal Single Wire To C Terminal **Unused Wires Unused Wires** ROUTE HIGH VOLTAGE AND GROUND WIRES Any excess high voltage field wiring should be trimmed and secured away from any low voltage field wiring. To facilitate a conduit, a cutout is located in the side panel of the control box. Connect conduit to the control box using a proper conduit fitting. GROUND LUGS CONTACTOR ELECTRICAL INLET (HIGH VOLTAGE)

Figure 14. Electrical Installation (Continued)

WATERTIGHT FLEXIBLE CONDUIT

> TO SERVICE DISCONNECT BOX

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) Precautions and Procedures

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during unit installation and service to protect the unit's electronic controls. Precautions will help to avoid control exposure to electrostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic potential. Neutralize electrostatic charge by touching hand and all tools on an unpainted unit surface before performing any service procedure.

STEP 3 -- ELECTRICAL (Continued) -- Outdoor Control Unit

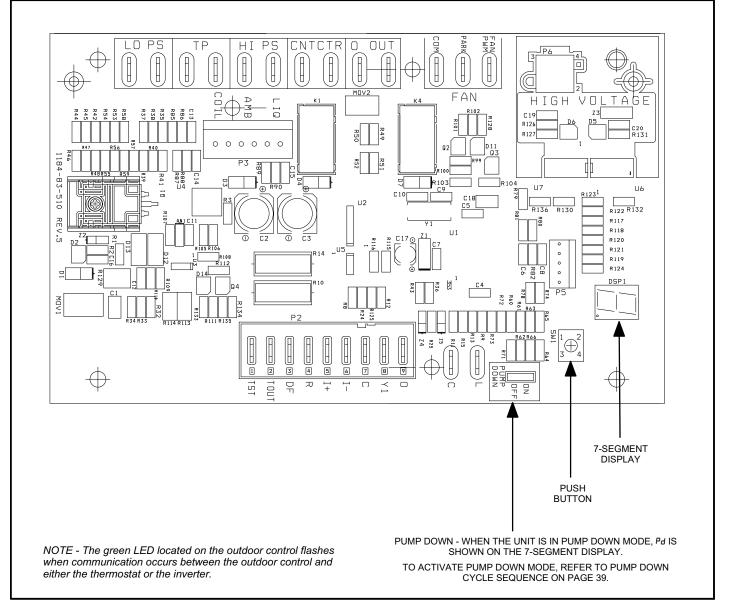


Figure 15. Outdoor Control Unit

TABLE 5

Outdoor	TABLE Control Terminal Designations and Input		5 for terminal loss	tions)
Designator	Description	<u>Input</u>	<u>Output</u>	<u>Common</u>
0	Unused on XC25, for heat pump applications only.	N/A	Switched 24VAC	N/A
ΟΟυτ	Unused on XC25, for heat pump applications only.	N/A	N/A	24VAC common
LO PS	Low pressure switch	N/A	5ma @18VAC	N/A
LO PS	Low pressure switch sensing connection	5ma @18VAC	N/A	N/A
Hi PS	High pressure switch	N/A	24VAC nominal	N/A
Hi PS	High pressure switch sensing connection	24VAC nominal	N/A	N/A
ТР	Top cap thermostat switch (in series with the HI PS)	N/A	24VAC nominal	N/A
TP	Top cap thermostat switch sensing connection	24VAC nominal	N/A	N/A
Cntctr	Control (inverter power) contactor switched out- put (in series with the HI PS and TC)	N/A	Switched 24VAC Nominal	N/A
Cntctr	Contactor common	N/A		24VAC common
Fan PWM	PWM fan output	N/A	10-97% duty cycle, 19-23 VDC peak	N/A
СОМ	PWM fan common connection	N/A	N/A	Fan PWM com- mon
Fan Park	PWM fan parking spot for unused terminal, not connected.	N/A	N/A	N/A
	P2 Terminal De			
0	Unused on XC25, for heat pump applications only.	24VAC nominal from ther- mostat and loaded to draw 17ma at 30VAC	N/A	N/A
Y1	Y1 emergency input	24VAC nominal from ther- mostat and loaded to draw 17ma at 30VAC	N/A	N/A
С	24VAC nominal power return.	N/A	N/A	24VAC common
i-	Low data line.	Data	Data	N/A
i+	High data line.	Data	Data	N/A
R	24VAC nominal power input.	24VAC nominal board main power input.	N/A	N/A
DF	OEM test	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOUT	26Vdc transistor output to Lennox factory OEM tester	N/A	N/A	N/A
TST	OEM test pin. In each terminal box: P2 - Terminal 1 - TEST P2 - Terminal 2 - TOUT P2 - Terminal 3 - DF P2 - Terminal 4 - R	24VAC nominal 17ma @ 30VAC	N/A	N/A
) @ Y 1) E C) @ I -) M I+		

Table 5 continued.

Table 5 con	tinued.	Outdoor Control Torring Dooi	mations and land (A	4040		
	2 - Electric	Outdoor Control Terminal Design Shock Hazard. Can cause injury or deat			h national and	
		The 4 pins in P6 have the potential of trar				
Design		Description	Input	Output	Common	
P6 - Pin 1	Тх	Transmit data to inverter, connects to Rx of inverter.	Outdoor control communication transmit pin.	VDC when not coPin 3 to pin 2 shows	build read 4.5 to 5.5 communicating. build read 4.5 to 5.5	
P6 - Pin 2 Inverter Common		Inverter common NOTE - This is a signal reference point and not an earth ground.	Inverter common.	 VDC when not communicating. Pin 4 to pin 2 should read 4.5 to 5 VDC. NOTE - Communication signals switch 		
P6 - Pin 3	Rx	Receive data from the inverter. Connects to Tx of inverter.	Outdoor control communication receive pin.	and on rapidly. This m readings to fluctuate Communication sigu	ay cause volt meter . This is normal. nals will switch	
P6 - Pin 4	Inv 5V	Inverter 5VDC volts.	Inverter 5VDC volts	between this 5V and c	common (Pin 2).	
LIC	2	Liquid line temperature sensor sup- ply.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
LIC	כ	Liquid line temperature sensor return.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
AM	AMB Outdoor ambient temperature sensor supply.		N/A	N/A	N/A	
AM	В	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor return.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
CO	IL	Outdoor coil temperature sensor supply.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
CO	IL	Outdoor coil temperature sensor re- turn.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Pump I	Down	 To initiate pump down function, place jumper in the ON position. (See PUMP DOWN MODE OPERATION on page 37.) 1. Place the jumper in the ON position to activate pump down mode. 2. Place the jumper in the OFF position to deactivate pump down mode. <i>NOTE -If the pump down jumper is in the ON</i> <i>position during power-up, it is ignored.</i> <i>NOTE - The outdoor control stays in pump down mode <u>for five minutes</u>, after which the outdoor control initiates a compressor shutdown sequence.</i> 	PUMP DOWN	ON OFF PUN DOV		
L		Load shedding input	24VAC input to L en- ergizes load shed- ding feature.	N/A	N/A	
С		Load shedding input reference. Refer to wiring of load shedding terminals located on page 46.	N/A	N/A	24VAC common	

Servicing Units Delivered Void of Charge

If the outdoor unit is void of refrigerant, clean the system using the procedure described below.

- 1. Leak test the system using the procedure outlined on page 22.
- 2. Evacuate the system using procedure outlined on page 23.
- 3. Use nitrogen to break the vacuum and install a new filter drier in the system.
- 4. Evacuate the system again using procedure outlined on page 23.
- 5. Weigh in refrigerant using procedure outlined in figure 57.
- 6. Monitor the system to determine the amount of moisture remaining in the oil. It may be necessary to replace the filter drier several times to achieve the required dryness level. If system dryness is not verified, the compressor will fail in the future.

Unit Start-Up

IMPORTANT

If unit is equipped with a crankcase heater, it should be energized 24 hours before unit start-up to prevent compressor damage as a result of slugging.

- 1. Rotate fan to check for binding.
- 2. Inspect all factory- and field-installed wiring for loose connections.
- 3. After evacuation is complete, open both the liquid and vapor line service valves to release the refrigerant charge contained in outdoor unit into the system.
- 4. Replace the stem caps and tighten to the value listed in table 1.
- 5. Check voltage supply at the disconnect switch. The voltage must be within the range listed on the unit's nameplate. If not, do not start the equipment until you have consulted with the power company and the voltage condition has been corrected.
- 6. Set the thermostat for a cooling demand. Turn on power to the indoor unit and close the outdoor unit disconnect switch to start the unit.
- 7. Recheck voltage while the unit is running. Power must be within range shown on the nameplate.
- 8. Check system for sufficient refrigerant by using the procedures listed in the *System Refrigerant section on page 74.*

III. SYSTEM OPERATION AND SERVICE

7-Segment Alert and System Status Codes

Alert codes are displayed using the 7-segment display located on the outdoor control.

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification).

The 7-segment will display an abnormal condition (error code) when detected in the system. A list of the codes are shown in table 6.

RESETTING ALERT CODES

Alert codes can be reset manually or automatically:

1. Manual Reset

Manual reset can be achieved by one of the following methods:

- Disconnecting **R** wire from the outdoor control **R** terminal.
- Turning the indoor unit off and back on again

After power up, all currently displayed codes are cleared.

2. Automatic Reset

After an alert is detected, the outdoor control continues to monitor the unit's system and compressor operations. When/if conditions return to normal, the alert code is turned off automatically.

NOTE - Error codes can be recalled by following information shown in the table on page 37.

Table 6. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	erter Code (r	r LED Flash (number of ashes)	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
N/A	N/A	ON	OFF	N/A	XC/XP 25-024 and -036 only	: Indicates inverter is operating normally.
N/A	N/A	ON	ON	N/A	XC/XP 25-048 and -060 only	: Indicates inverter is operating normally.
N/A	N/A	OFF	OFF	N/A	Indicates inverter is NOT ene	ergized.
E 105	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	The outdoor control has lost communication with either the thermostat or in- door unit.	Equipment is unable to communicate. Indicates nu- merous message errors. In most cases errors are re- lated to electrical noise. Make sure high voltage power is separated from RSBus. Check for mis-wired and/or loose connections between the stat, indoor unit and outdoor unit. Check for a high voltage source of noise close to the system. Fault clears after communication is restored.
E 120	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	There is a delay in the out- door unit responding to the system.	Typically, this alarm/code does not cause any issues and clears on its own. The alarm/code is usually caused by a delay in the outdoor unit responding to the thermostat. Check all wiring connections. Cleared after unresponsive device responds to any inquiry.
E 124	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	The iComfort Wi-Fi [®] ther- mostat has lost communic- ation with the outdoor unit for more than 3 minutes.	Equipment lost communication with the thermostat. Check the wiring connections and resistance, then cycle the system power. This alarm stops all associ- ated HVAC operations and waits for a signal from the non-communicating unit. The alarm / fault clears after communication is re-established.
E 125	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	There is a hardware prob- lem with the outdoor con- trol.	There is a control hardware problem. Replace the out- door control if the problem prevents operation and is persistent. The alarm / fault is cleared 300 seconds after the fault recovers.
E 131	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	The outdoor unit control parameters are corrupted.	Reconfigure the system. Replace the control if heating or cooling is not available.
E 132	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Internal software error.	Replace outdoor control.
E 180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	The outdoor unit ambient temperature sensor has malfunctioned. As a result the outdoor unit control will not perform low ambient cooling.	Valid temperature reading is lost during normal opera- tion and after outdoor control recognized sensors. Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/ resistance charts in unit installation instructions. Re- place sensor pack if necessary. At the beginning of (any) configuration, furnace or air-handler control de- tects the presence of the sensor(s). If detected (reading in range), appropriate feature is shown in the iComfort Wi-Fi [®] thermostat About screen. The alarm / fault clears upon configuration, or when normal values are sensed.

 Table 6. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

 NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification).

 Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	Code (n	LED Flash number of shes)	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
E 345	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Heat Pump or Air Conditioner Alert Code - The "O" relay on the outdoor board has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, the relay coil did not energize or the circuit that confirms this operational sequence is not sensing properly.	Issue: Broken R50 will make the control board think reversing valve output is always off regardless of state of relay. (Supplier issue - We have found our functional test fixture can bend over MOV2 and crush it into R50. There are cut-outs in the plate of the fixture to let the two relays pass through as the plate with pogo pins is moved to the board to make contact with the terminals. There is a pocket milled out in the plate to let MOV2 pass, but if MOV2 is not straight up, it could catch the plate outside the pocket and be bent down to the board. Lennox is enlarging the cut-outs in the plate so MOV2 will clear the fixture. Corrective action completed on August 29,2013.
						Corrective Actions : Short term fix: Converted the system back to a 24 volt system to get unit operating. Long term: Replace outdoor control.
E 409	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	Outdoor control secondary voltage is 18VAC or less.	Secondary voltage is below 18VAC. After 10 minutes, op- eration is discontinued. Check the indoor line voltage and transformer output voltage. The alarm clears after the voltage is higher than 20VAC for 2 seconds or after a power reset.
E 410	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	The outdoor unit cycled off due to low pressure switch opening.	Unit pressure is below the lower limit. The system is shut- down. The low pressure switch closes above 90PSIG and opens below 40PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check TXV, indoor unit blower motor, dirty filters or clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the evaporator coil is clean. The alarm clears after the pressure switch closes or after a power reset.
E 411	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	The low pressure switch has opened 5 times within one hour. As a result, the outdoor unit is locked out.	Low pressure switch error count reached 5 strikes. The low pressure switch opens at 40PSIG and resets at 90PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check for clogged TXV, blockage to indoor unit blower motor, dirty filters or clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the evaporator coil is clean. The alarm clears after a power reset.
E 412	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	The outdoor unit high pres- sure switch has opened.	Unit pressure is above the upper limit. System is shut down. The high pressure switch opens at 590PSIG and closes at 418PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check for clogged TXV, block- age to indoor unit blower motor, clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the outdoor unit is clean. The alarm clears after the pressure switch closes or a power reset.
						For heating, indoor CFM may be set too low. For zoning system, zone CFM may be set too low.
E 413	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	The high pressure switch has opened 5 times within one hour. As a result, the outdoor unit is locked out.	Open high pressure switch error count reached 5 strikes. System is shut down. The high pressure switch for HFC-410A opens at 590PSIG and closes at 418PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refriger- ant. Check condenser fan motor, for clogged TXV, for blockage to indoor unit blower motor, for stuck reversing valve or clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the out- door unit is clean. The alarm clears after a power reset.
						For heating, indoor CFM may be set too low. For zoning system, zone CFM may be set too low.
E 416	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate / Critical	The outdoor coil sensor has malfunctioned. As a result the outdoor unit control will not perform defrost.	Coil sensor being detected open or shorted, or temperat- ure is out of coil sensor range. Outdoor unit control will not perform demand or time/temperature defrost operation. System is still able heat and cool. Check the resistance of the coil sensor and compare to temperature resistance chart. Replace coil sensor if needed. The alarm clears when outdoor unit control detects proper coil sensor readings or after a power reset.

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
E 422	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	Compressor top cap switch exceeding thermal limit.	Issue : One of the wires from the top cap switch had pulled off one of the TP terminals on the outdoor control board. Corrective Action : Reconnected wire onto top cap terminal.
E 423	40	4 flashes	OFF	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a circuit problem.	Control locks out after 10 strikes within an hour. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 424	N/A	N/A	N/A	Moderate	The liquid line temperature sensor has malfunctioned.	In normal operation, after outdoor control recognizes sensors, the alarm is sent if valid temperature reading is lost. Compare liquid line sensor resistance to temperature/resistance charts in unit installation instructions. Replace sensor pack if necessary. At the beginning of (any) configuration, furnace or air-handler control detects the presence of the sensor(s). If detected (reading in range), appropriate feature is shown in the iComfort Wi-Fi [®] thermostat About screen. The alarm / fault clears upon configuration, or when normal values are sensed.
E 425	N/A	N/A	N/A	Minor	Outdoor control has in- creased minimum com- pressor speed to allow for proper oil return due to low ambient temperature. NOTE - Minimum speed adjust- ments begin at 45°F and in- crease to 100% minimum at 17°F.	Outdoor ambient temperature is below system limit. Con- trol attempts to run at lowest allowed compressor speed to allow for proper oil return. Automatically clears when outdoor ambient temperature rises above limit for more than 5 minutes.
E 426	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Excessive inverter alarms	After ten faults within one hour, control is locked out, in- dicating poor system operation. Review history of alarms to resolve system setup. Check condenser fan motor, TXV, indoor unit blower motor, over-charge, under- charge, or clogged refrigerant filter. To clear error, disconnect power to outdoor unit and re-
						start. Inverter alarms 12 to 14 and 53 do not count toward this lock out condition.
E 427	21	2 flashes	1 flash	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a DC peak fault condition. If condition (55A or higher) is detect ted, outdoor unit compressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If peak curren (55A or higher) occurs 10 times within an hour, system is locked out. Indicates high pressure, condenser fan failure, locked compressor rotor or overcharge. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.	
E 428	22	2 flashes	2 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a high main input current con- dition.	If condition is detected, is detected, outdoor unit com- pressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condi- tion occurs 5 times within an hour, system is locked out. Indicates high pressure, condenser fan failure or over- charge.
						To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 429	23	2 flashes	3 flashes	Moderate / Critical	On a call for compressor op- eration, if DC link power in in- verter does not rise above 180 VDC for 2 and 3 ton mod- els, 250 VDC for 4 and 5 ton models, within 30 seconds, the control will display a mod- erate code. If condition is de- tected, outdoor unit will stop (Compressor and fan). Anti- short cycles is initiated. If condition occurs 10 times within a 60 minute rolling time period, system will lock out	 Issues: (1) If DC link power in inverter does not rise above 180 VDC for 2- and 3-ton models, 250 VDC for 4- and 5-ton models, within 30 seconds, the outdoor control will dis- play a moderate code. (2) Capacitors on inverter do not properly charge. Corrective Actions: (1) check for proper main power to outdoor unit and for any loose electrical connections. (2) Outdoor control boards with part # 103686-03 have software update to delay the de-energizing of the revers-

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
						If condition is detected, outdoor unit compressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 10 times within an hour, system is locked out.
E 430	26	2 flashes	6 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Compressor start failure.	Indicates poor connection at compressor harness, im- proper winding resistance, locked compressor rotor, or flooded compressor.
						To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
					Error occurs when PFC de-	Issues:
					tects an over-current condi- tion of 100A, the control will display a moderate code. If	(1) Indicates power interruption, brownout, poor electrical connection or loose inverter input wire.
E 431	27	2 flashes	7 flashes	Moderate / Critical	display a moderate code. If condition is detected, out- door unit will stop (Com- pressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. Inverter is	(2) System testing was set up and code was generated when the reversing valve is de-energized coming out of defrost (code appears with or without 30 compressor delay).
					unavailable to communicate	Corrective Actions:
					with the outdoor control for 3 minutes. If condition occurs 10 times within a 60 minute rolling time period, system will lock out and display a crit- ical code.	(1) Check for proper main power to outdoor unit and for any loose electrical connections.
						(2) Outdoor control boards with part # 103686-03 have software update to delay the de-energizing of the reversing valve by four seconds when coming out of defrost.
E 432	28	2 flashes	8 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a DC link high voltage condition.	Error occurs when the DC link capacitor voltage is greater than 480VDC. If condition is detected, outdoor unit com- pressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condi- tion occurs 10 times within an hour, system is locked out. System stops. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 433	29	2 flashes	9 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a compressor over-current condition.	Error occurs when compressor peak phase current is greater than 28A. Inverter issues code 14 first and slows down to try to reduce the current. If the current remains high, outdoor unit compressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs five times within an hour, system is locked out. To clear disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 434	53	5 flashes	3 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Outdoor control has lost communications with the inverter for greater than 3 minutes. Outdoor control will stop all compressor de- mands, recycle power to the inverter by de-energiz- ing the contactor for 2 minutes. If this occurs 3 time in one thermostat call, the outdoor unit will locked out and display a critical code.	 Issues: (1) Loose electrical connections. (2) Interruption of main power to inverter. Corrective Actions: (1) Check all electrical connections. (2) Check for proper main power to inverter.
E 435	60	6 flashes	OFF	Moderate / Critical	Inverter internal error.	When this error occurs, the outdoor control cycles power to the inverter by opening the contactor for two minutes. Check that the EEPROM is properly seated. After power is cycled to the inverter 3 times, the outdoor unit is locked out.

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
E 436	62	6 flashes	2 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Inverter heat sink temperat- ure exceeded limit. Occurs when the heat sink temper- ature exceeds the inverter limit. Inverter issues code 13 first, then slows down to allow the heat sink to cool. If temperature remains high, outdoor unit stops (com- pressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 5 times within an hour, system is locked out. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.	Issue: Feedback from supplier tear down of inverter in- dicates that the screws that hold the inverter to the invert- er board were loose causing poor contact between these two components. Corrective Action: Tighten screws that hold the heat sink to the inverter control board. NOTE: Wait five minutes to all capacitor to discharge be- fore checking screws.
E 437	65	6 flashes	5 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Heat sink temperature sensor fault has occurred (temperature less than 4°F or greater than 264°F after 10 minutes of operation).	Occurs when the temperature sensor detects a temperat- ure less than 0.4°F or greater than 264°F after 10 minutes of operation. If condition is detected, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If con- dition occurs 5 times within an hour, system will lock out. To clear disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart. If problem persists, replace inverter.
E 438	73	7 flashes	3 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a PFC over current condition. This would be caused by a high load condition, high pressure, or outdoor fan fail- ure. Outdoor control will dis- play the code when the in- verter has the error. After 3 minutes, the inverter will re- set and the compressor will turn on again. If it happens 10 times within a 60 minute rolling time period, the OD control will lock out opera- tion of the outdoor unit and display a critical code.	Issue : Possible issue is system running at high pres- sures. Check for high pressure trips or other alert codes in room thermostat and outdoor control.
E 439	12	1 flash	2 flashes	Moderate	Compressor slowdown due to high input current.	Input current is approaching a high limit. Compressor speed automatically slows. The control continues send- ing the inverter speed demanded by the thermostat. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values ac- cording to demand percentage rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is automatically cleared.
E 440	13	1 flash	3 flashes	Moderate	Heat sink temperature is approaching limit. The compressor speed auto- matically slows to reduce heat sink temperature. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to demand per- centage rather than the ac- tual Hz. Alarm is automatic- ally cleared.	 Issue: Feedback from supplier tear down of inverter indicates that the screws that hold the inverter to the inverter board were loose causing poor contact between these two components. Corrective action: Tighten screws that hold the heat sink to the inverter control board. NOTE: Wait 5 minutes to all capacitor to discharge before checking screws.

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED	-		
E 441	14	1 flash	4 flashes	Moderate	Compressor slowdown due to high compressor current. Compressor current is ap- proaching limit. The com- pressor speed automatic- ally slows. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to demand percentage rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is automatically cleared	Issue : Possible issue is system running at high pressures. Check for high pressure trips or other alert codes in room thermostat and outdoor control.
E 442	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	The top cap switch has opened five times within one hour. As a result, the outdoor unit is locked out.	When compressor thermal protection sensor opens five times within one hour, outdoor stops working. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 443	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Incorrect appliance unit size code selected.	Check for proper configuring of unit size codes for out- door unit in configuration guide or in installation instruc- tions. If replacing inverter, verify inverter model matches unit size. The alarm/fault clears after the correct match is detected following a reset. Remove the thermostat from the system while applying power and reprogramming.
E 600	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Compressor has been cycled OFF on utility load shedding.	Load shedding function: Provides a method for a local utility company to limit the maximum power level usage of the outdoor unit. The feature is activated by applying 24 volts AC power to the L and C terminals on the outdoor control.
E 601	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Outdoor unit has been cycled OFF on low temper- ature protection.	Low temperature protection: Outdoor unit will not operate when the outdoor temperature is at or below -4°F (-20°C). If the unit is operating and the outdoor temper- ature drops below -4°F (-20°C), the unit continues to op- erate until the room thermostat is satisfied or the outdoor temperature drops to -15°F (-26°C). Outdoor unit ambi- ent sensor provides temperature readings.

POWER-UP / RESET:

UNIT CODE

Ξ 2

4

6

9

E

5

FIRMWARE VERSION: During first item displayed is the outdoo Example to the right shows firm

UNIT TYPE: The next item displ unit type. AC = air conditioner ar unit type cannot be determined,

UNIT NOMINAL CAPACITY: TH is the self-discovery unit nomina are 24 for 2-ton, 36 for 3-ton, 48 units. If the unit type cannot be pear.

UNIT CODE: The next item to be ery unit code. (may be a single If the unit code cannot be deterr

SION : During initial power-up or reset, the d is the outdoor control firmware version. ght shows firmware version 2.3.	➡ 2 • 3
next item displayed is the self discovery r conditioner and HP = heat pump. If the be determined, three bars appear.	
CAPACITY : The next item to be displayed ery unit nominal capacity. Valid capacities 36 for 3-ton, 48 for 4-ton and 60 for 5-ton ype cannot be determined, three bars ap-	P P OR E
e next item to be displayed is the self discov- ay be a single character or two characters). annot be determined, three bars appear.	
	(These are just examples of firmware version, unit type,
UNIT TYPE, SIZE AND MODEL	unit nominal capacity and unit codes.)
NOT PROGRAMMED	
2-TON HEAT PUMP, XP25-024	7-SEGMENT POWER-UP DISPLAY STRING EXAMPLE
3-TON HEAT PUMP, XP25-036	
4-TON HEAT PUMP, XP25-048	
5-TON HEAT PUMP, XP25-060	FIRMWARE UNIT UNIT UNIT VERSION TYPE CAPACITY CODE IDLE MODE
2-TON AIR CONDITIONER, XC25-024	
3-TON AIR CONDITIONER, XC25-036	
4-TON AIR CONDITIONER, XC25-048	
5-TON AIR CONDITIONER, XC25-060 (-01 rev.)	
5-TON AIR CONDITIONER, XC25-060 (-02 rev. and later)	

7-SEGMENT POWER-UP DISPLAY STRING

Figure 16. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Unit Status Displays

Table 7. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Unit Status Displays

Description	Example of Display
Idle Mode: Decimal point flashes at 1 Hz.	Idle Mode: Decimal point flashes at 1 Hz (0.5 second on, 0.5 second off). Display OFF.
Soft Disable Mode: Top and bottom horizontal line and decimal point flash at 1 Hz. If indoor or outdoor control displays Soft Disable code: 1) Confirm proper wiring between all devices (thermostat, indoor and outdoor). 2) Cycle power to the control that is displaying the Soft Disable code. 3) Put the room thermostat through Setup. 4) Go to Setup/System Devices/Thermostat/Edit/push Reset. 5) Go to Setup/System Devices/Thermostat/Edit/push Reset All. If the room thermostat detects a new device or a device that is not communicating, it sends a Soft Disable. When this occurs, Alarm 10 is activated and the room thermostat sends a Soft Dis- able command to the offending device on the bus (outdoor con- trol, IFC, AHC, EIM or Damper Control Module).	 Soft Disable Mode: Top and bottom horizontal line and decimal point flash at 1 Hz (0.5 second on, 0.5 second off). The iComfort control in Soft Disable Mode is indicated by the following: On AHC, IFC and outdoor controls, Soft Disable Mode is indicated by flashing double horizontal lines on the 7-segment display. On the Damper Control Module and EIM, the green LED will blink 3 seconds on and 1 second off.
O.E.M. Test Mode	All segments flashing at 2 Hz (unless error is detected). NOTE - Control should be replaced.
Anti-Short Cycle Delay	The middle line flashes at 1 Hz for 2 seconds, followed by a 2-second dis- play of the number of minutes left on the timer (value is rounded up: 2 min. 1 sec. is displayed as 3). If activated, the anti-short cycle delay time remain- ing is displayed (default is 300 sec./5 min.).
Cooling Cycle : Shows current percentage of maximum cooling capacity. Example to the right indicates a cooling demand of 50 percent and a outdoor fan speed of 700 RPM.	The demand percentage is displayed first, followed by a pause, then the outdoor fan speed and the ambient temperature.
Diagnostic recall: Shows the last 10 stored diagnostic error codes.	If first error is E 2 5 D, second E 2 3 I pause E 2 5 D pause E 2 3 I Next codes (up to 10) are shown using same method.
Fault memory clears	If there are no error codes stored: E pause D D D . After the fault memory is cleared, the following string flashes every 0.5 seconds: D D D pause
Active error in outdoor control Idle mode: Show all active error(s) codes.	Following display string is repeated if Error E 125 and E 201 are present: E 1 2 5 pause E 2 D 1
Active error in run mode: Show current status and all active error(s) codes.	Following display string is repeated if Error E 440 is present while outdoor fan speed at 700RPM: F 7 0 0 pause E 4 4 0
Outdoor Ambient Temperature (OAT) : Any time OAT is within operating range, value is displayed if unit is in diagnostic and non-diagnostic modes.	Following display string is repeated if cooling is active with outdoor fan speed set at 650 RPM and OAT is 104°F: [] 5 pause F [5 5]] pause R I [] 4 pause
Outdoor Coil Temperature (OCT) : Any time OCT is sensed in operating range, value is displayed if unit is in diagnostic mode or manually enabled for non-diagnostic modes.	Following display string is repeated if heat is active with outdoor fan speed set at 550 RPM and OCT is 25°F: H ∃ 5 pause F 5 5 D pause c 7 7 pause
Liquid Line Temperature (LIQ): Any time LIQ is sensed in oper- ating range, value is displayed if unit is in diagnostic mode or manually enabled for non-diagnostic modes.	Following display string is repeated if cooling is active with outdoor fan speed set at 650 RPM and LIQ is 105°F: [] I pause F [5] pause L I [] 5 pause
Pump Down Mode : While the unit is in pump down mode, $P d$ is displayed repeatedly. Errors are shown if they exist.	Following display string is repeated: P d pause P d P d pause E H H D pause P d pause E H H D

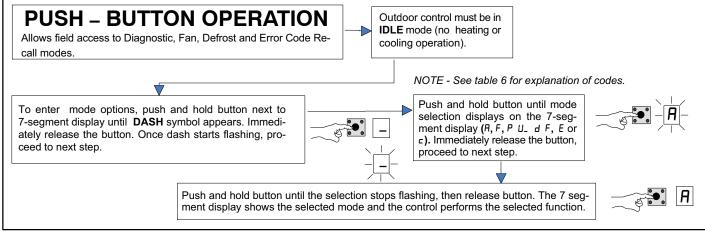


Figure 17. Push-Button Operation

Unit Selection Code for Outdoor Control

If the single-character display shows three (3) horizontal lines, the unit selection code needs to be programmed. Press and hold the button until the P U menu option is displayed, release button. The single-character display displays the selected mode per example in figure 16 on page 36. When the desired unit selection code appears, press and hold the button until it stops flashing, then release.

Unit Code	Unit Type	Unit Model
2	2-ton heat pump	XP25-024
Ч	3-ton heat pump	XP25-036
6	4-ton heat pump	XP25-048
7	5-ton heat pump	XP25-060
9 2-ton air conditioner		XC25-024
11	3-ton air conditioner	XC25-036
I3 4-ton air conditioner		XC25-048
IH 5-ton air conditioner (-01 rev.)		XC25-060
15	5-ton air conditioner (-02 rev. and later)	XC25-060

Idle mode — System is energized with no demand — Decimal flashes at 1 Hertz > 0.5 second ON, 0.5 second OFF.

Display						
Symbol or	Display	Fan Test and Display String Option				
Character						
Displayed during start-up or power recycling.	Display string shows outdoor control firmware version $I = E > pause > R L$ or $H P$ unit >pause>unit capacity in BTUs>pause >unit code. If 3 horizontal bars are displayed during any sequence of this display string, it indicates that the specific parameter is not configured.					
	Idle mode — decimal flashes at 1 Her	tz > 0.5 second ON, 0.5 second OFF				
E or H	Indicates either cooling (\mathcal{L}) or heating	(H) mode and demand percentage.				
d F		t mode. To enter defrost mode, unit must be running in heating mode, outdoor ambient must rature must be below defrost termination temperature.				
F	Indicates outdoor fan RPM speed. Control must be in Idle mode: To enter fan test option - F mode, push and hold until solid – appears, release button. Display begins flashing. Within 10 seconds, put hold button until required symbol F displays, release button. Display begins flashing, release button. Outputs DC voltage on PWM and COM terminals. Outdoor fan cycles ON for 10 min 490 RPM. To exit test – Push and hold button until three horizontal bars display. R button, outdoor fan cycles OFF.					
R	<i>R</i> in the display string represents the ambient temperature in °F at the sensor on the outdoor unit. In display configuration mode, it also represents the option for enabling both coil and liquid line temperature on the 7-segment display string.	temperature in °F at the begins flashing. Within 10 seconds, push and hold button until required symbol \overline{H} displays, release button. Display shows error (E) code(s), ambient (A), outdoor coil (c) and liquid time temperature on the begins flashing. The second seco				

Error Co	Error Code Recall Mode (NOTE - control must be in idle mode)					
E	To enter error code recall mode, push and hold button until solid <i>E</i> appears, then release button. Control displays up to 10 error codes stored in memory. If <i>E</i> D D is displayed, there are no stored error codes.					
Ξ	To exit error code recall mode, push and hold button until solid three horizontal bars appear, then release button. Note - Error codes are not cleared.					
С	To clear error codes stored in memory, continue to hold button while the 3 horizontal bars are displayed. Release button when solid c is displayed.					
C	Push and hold for one (1) second, release button. 7-Segment displays I <					

FIELD TEST MODE OPERATION

The field test mode allows the unit to be put into diagnostic mode and allows the installer to perform multiple tests on the control / unit.

Diagnostic Mode

Diagnostic mode is only available when the system is idle or during an active / suspended call for heating or cooling. Diagnostic mode is terminated when the exit command is given, the button is pressed and released without entering the diagnostic menu or 10 minutes has passed, whichever comes first.

When this mode is selected all installed temperature sensor valves (non-open and non-short) are shown on the 7-segment display. The following system status codes are displayed:

- Cooling
- Percentage demand operation
- Outdoor fan RPM
- Active error codes

Outdoor Fan Mode

Diagnostic mode is only available while the system is in idle mode. This mode can be exited with the proper command or after 10 minutes has passed.

In diagnostic mode, the control ,energizes the outdoor fan at the highest speed. The control continuously displays the fan RPM on the 7-segment display.

PUMP DOWN MODE OPERATION

- 1. Turn room thermostat OFF.
- 2. Install a set of refrigerant gauges on the system to monitor the pressure.

NOTE - All operation monitoring devices: High pressure switch, low pressure switch and compressor internal vacuum protection remain active in the system. This will prevent the compressor from recovering all the system refrigerant into the outdoor unit.

NOTE - If the pump down jumper is in the ON position during power-up, it is ignored.

3. Move the **Pump Down** jumper (page 26 for location) from the **OFF** position to the **ON** position.

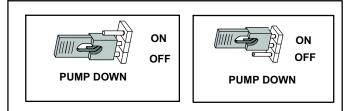


Figure 18. Pump Down Jumper

- 4. Shut off the liquid line service valve to stop the flow of refrigerant into the indoor coil.
- 5. After a three-second delay, the compressor and outdoor fan will ramp up to 100% capacity. (Indoor fan will remain **OFF.**)
- 6. Monitor the low-side pressure at the outdoor unit. The internal vacuum protection in the compressor and/or one of the pressure switches prevents full recovery of the refrigerant into the outdoor unit. When the system reaches this condition, the suction line service valve should be shut off and the **Pump Down Jumper** moved back to the **OFF** position.

NOTE - The outdoor control will stay in pump down mode <u>for five minutes</u>, after which the outdoor control initiates a compressor shutdown sequence.

7. Use a refrigerant recovery machine to recover the remaining refrigerant on the indoor side of the system.

Display	Display and action (normal operation)			
No Change - idle (*)	No Change - idle (*)			
Solid .	Enter or exit field test and program mode.			
Solid R	uts unit in diagnostic mode. (Displays ambient, coil, liquid sensor temperatures and any active error codes.)			
Solid c	Clears error history (**)			
Solid E	Enter diagnostic recall mode. Displays up to 10 error codes in memory.			
Solid F	Starts outdoor fan.			
String P U	Enter unit code programming.			

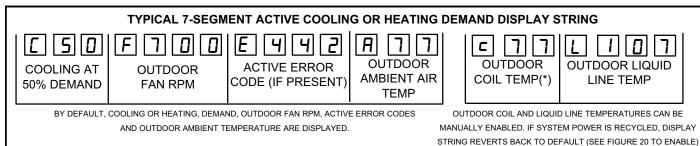
 Table 8. Field Test, Diagnostic Recall and Program Menu Options

*No change indicates the display will continue to show whatever is currently being displayed for normal operations.

**Note once the error history is deleted it cannot be recovered. After the history is deleted, the unit will reset itself.

Table 9. M	Normal Ope	ration Chara	acter Displa	y String
------------	------------	--------------	--------------	----------

Display	Display and action (normal operation)	Display and action (configuration and test mode)						
	Idle mode — decimal flashes at 1 Hertz > 0.5 second ON, 0.5 s	second OFF						
Ľ	Cooling operation. Shows L and the cooling demand percentage	e. Example: [5 0 pause F] 0 0 pause F] 5						
F	Fan RPM. Shows F and the current fan RPM. Example: H 5 D	pause F 6 0 0 pause A 4 5						
Ε		E in the display string represents the active error code(s) in the outdoor unit. Example: [5] pause F] [] pause E Y Y] pause E Y Y 2 pause A] 5 pause						
A	R in the display string represents the outdoor ambient temperature in °F at the outdoor sensor on the outdoor unit. Example: [5] pause F 7]] pause R 7 5							
C	If enabled, c in the display string represents the outdoor coil temperature in °F at the sensor on the outdoor unit. Example: $[5 \ D \ pause F \] \ D \ pause F \] D \ pause F \] 5 pause c \ 4 5 pause. Air conditioning units do not require an outdoor coil sensor. A 10K resistor, across pins 5 and 6 on the outdoor control sensor harness, prevents false outdoor coil sensor codes. The 10K resistor causes the 7-segment display to show a constant 77°F coil (c) temperature value.$							
L	If enabled, L in the display string represents the outdoor liquid line temperature in °F at the sensor on the outdoor unit. Example: こちりpause FヿDD pause Aヿちpause cႷちpause pause L IDちpause							
/ ¿	P d displays when system is in pump down mode.	P d displays when system is in pump down mode.						



* Air conditioning units do not require an outdoor coil sensor. A 10K resistor, across pins 5 and 6 on the outdoor control sensor harness, prevents false outdoor coil sensor codes. The 10K resistor causes the 7-segment display to show a constant **77°F** coil (c) temperature value.



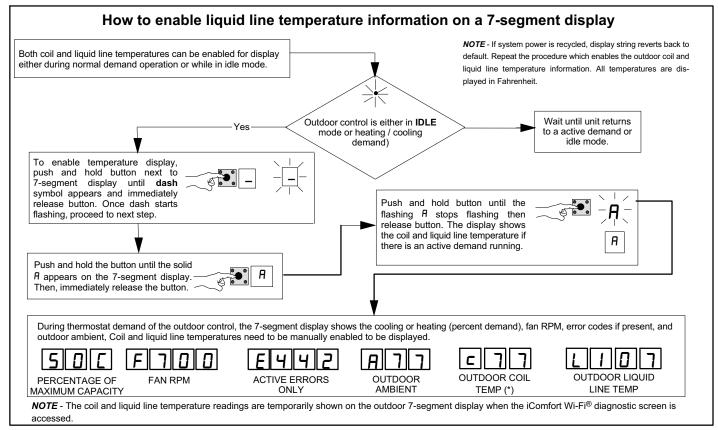


Figure 20. Enabling Liquid Line Temperature Information

Configuring Unit

When installing a replacement outdoor control, the unit selection code may have to be manually assigned using the 7-segment display and push button on the control. The unit code sets unit type, capacity and outdoor fan RPM.

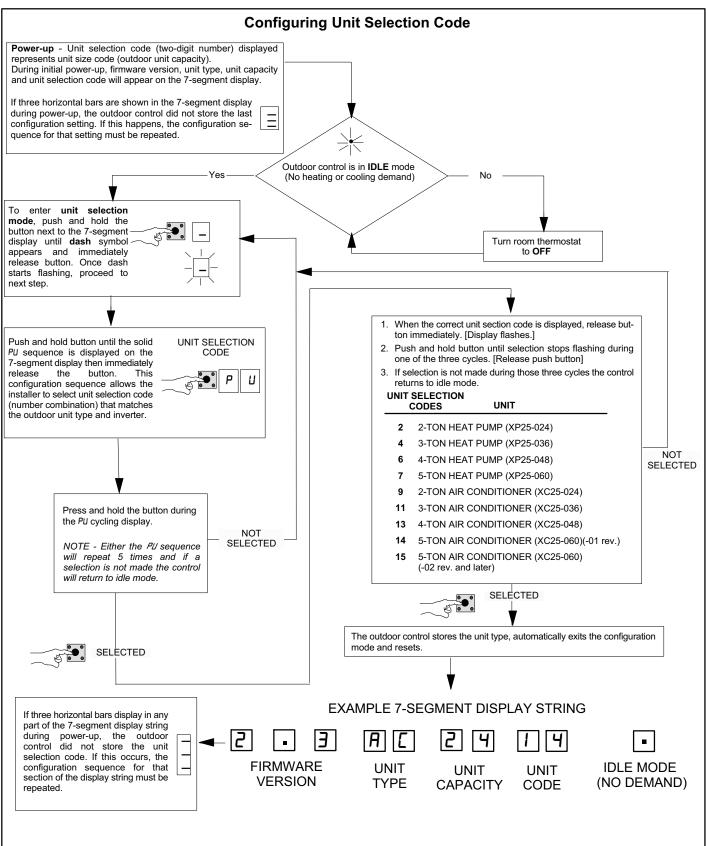


Figure 21. Configuring Unit Selection Code

Reconfiguring Outdoor Control using iComfort Wi-Fi[®] Thermostat

If any component of the HVAC system is changed, e.g. replacing an outdoor sensor, reconfiguring the system is required. To begin reconfiguring a system, select the **Setup** tab.

System Overview

Refer to the iComfort Wi-Fi $^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$ Thermostat Installer Setup Guide for configuration procedures.

IMPORTANT

Some scroll compressors have internal vacuum protector that will unload the scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system is raised above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

The outdoor control provides the following functions:

- Internal switching of outputs.
- Compressor anti-short-cycle delay (adjustable through the thermostat interface.
- Five-strike lockout function.
- High (S4) and low (S87) pressure switches.
- Ambient (RT13) and liquid line (RT36) temperatures monitoring and protection.

COMPRESSOR PROTECTION — FIVE-STRIKE LOCKOUT

The five-strike lockout function is designed to protect the compressor from damage. The five-strike feature is used for both high (S4) and low (S87) pressure switches.

Resetting Five-Strike Lockout

Once the condition has been rectified, power to the outdoor control ${\bf R}$ terminal must be cycled OFF.

Diagnostic Information

The following diagnostic information is available through the thermostat's user interface. Refer to the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] Installer's System Setup Guide.

- Compressor anti-short cycle delay timer status
- Cooling rate
- Compressor shift delay timer status
- High pressure switch status
- Low pressure switch status
- Compressor top cap switch status
- Liquid line temperature
- Outdoor ambient temperature
- Outdoor fan RPM
- Compressor active alarm
- Compressor Hz
- Inverter compressor short cycle
- Heat sink temperature

Installer Test

Verify the proper operation of the system by running the Installer Test feature through the thermostat interface. Refer to the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] Installer System Setup Guide.

COMPRESSOR SHORT CYCLING DELAY

The outdoor control protects the compressor from:

- Short cycling (five minutes) during initial power-up.
- Interruption in power to the unit.
- Pressure or sensor trips.
- Delay after demand is removed.

The delay is set by default for 300 seconds (five minutes) but can be changed through the thermostat interface.

Available settings are 60, 120, 180, 240 and 300 seconds.

CRANKCASE HEATER (HR1)

Compressors in all units are equipped with a 40-watt bellyband-type crankcase heater. HR1 prevents liquid from accumulating in the compressor. HR1 is controlled by the crankcase heater thermostat.

CRANKCASE HEATER THERMOSTAT (S40)

Thermostat S40 controls the crankcase heater in all units. S40 is located on the liquid line. When liquid line temperature drops below 50°F, thermostat S40 closes, energizing HR1. The thermostat opens, de-energizing HR1, once liquid line temperature reaches 70°F.

Maintenance

Outdoor Unit

Maintenance and service must be performed by a qualified installer or service agency. At the beginning of each cooling season, the system should be checked as follows:

- 1. Clean and inspect outdoor coil (may be flushed with a water hose). Ensure power is off before cleaning.
- 2. Outdoor unit fan motor is factory-lubricated and sealed. No further lubrication is needed.
- 3. Visually inspect all connecting lines, joints and coils for evidence of oil leaks.
- 4. Check all wiring for loose connections.
- 5. Check for correct voltage at unit (unit operating).
- 6. Check amp draw on outdoor fan motor.
- 7. Inspect drain holes in coil compartment base and clean if necessary.

NOTE - If insufficient heating or cooling occurs, the unit should be gauged and refrigerant charge should be checked.

Outdoor Coil

It may be necessary to flush the outdoor coil more frequently if it is exposed to substances which are corrosive or which block airflow across the coil (e.g., pet urine, cottonwood seeds, fertilizers, fluids that may contain high levels of corrosive chemicals such as salts)

- Outdoor Coil The outdoor coil may be flushed with a water hose.
- Outdoor Coil (Coastal Area) Moist air in ocean locations can carry salt, which is corrosive to most metal. Units that are located near the ocean require frequent inspections and maintenance. These inspections will determine the necessary need to wash the unit including the outdoor coil. Consult your installing contractor for proper intervals/procedures for your geographic area or service contract.

Indoor Unit

- 1. Clean or change filters.
- 2. Lennox blower motors are factory-lubricated and permanently sealed. No more lubrication is needed.
- Adjust blower speed for cooling. Measure the pressure drop over the coil to determine the correct blower CFM. Refer to the unit information service manual for pressure drop tables and procedure.
- 4. Check all wiring for loose connections.
- 5. Check for correct voltage at unit. (blower operating)
- 6. Check amp draw on blower motor.

Indoor Coil

- 1. Clean coil if necessary.
- 2. Check connecting lines, joints and coil for evidence of oil leaks.
- 3. Check condensate line and clean if necessary.

Locations with Possibility of Heavy Snow or Freezing Rain Accumulation

Heavy snow and/or freezing rain can interfere with the performance of the outdoor fan assembly. Lennox recommends use of the optional snow guard (X8782) in these areas.



Figure 22. Snow Guard Top Cover — X8782

Unit Wiring Diagrams

The following wiring diagrams were used during various stages of unit production. Service technician will need to visually inspect the unit being serviced to determine which wiring diagram is applicable. Quick verification can usually be made by comparing the wiring diagram located on the unit access panel to the following diagrams.

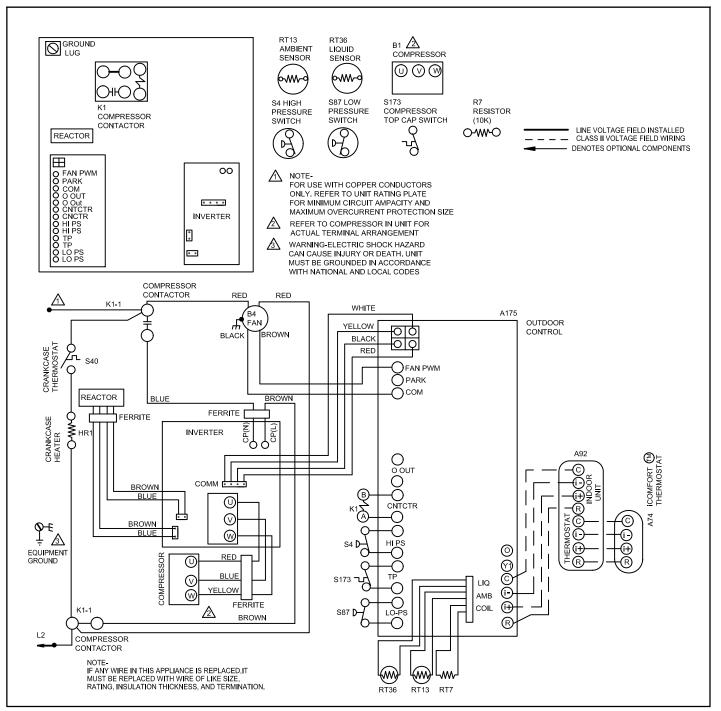


Figure 23. Typical Unit Wiring (XC25-024 and -036)

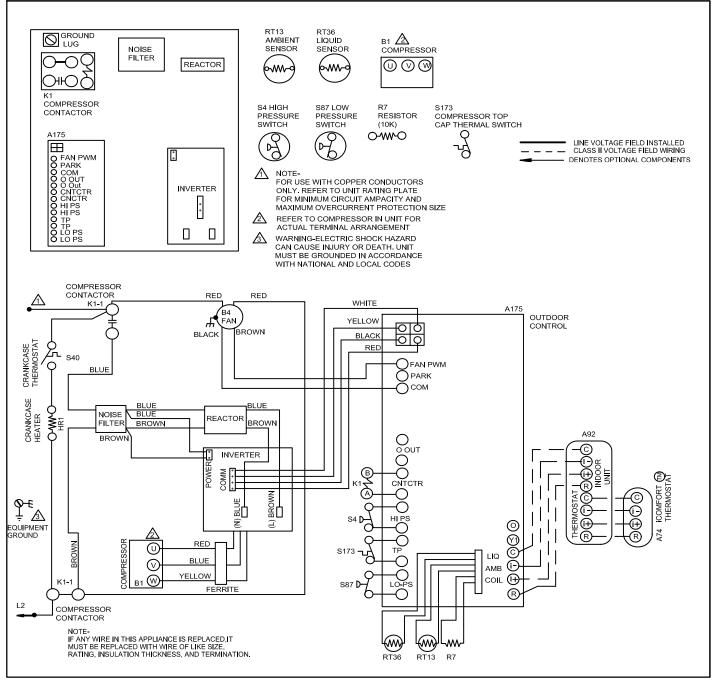


Figure 24. Typical Unit Wiring (XC25-048 and -060)

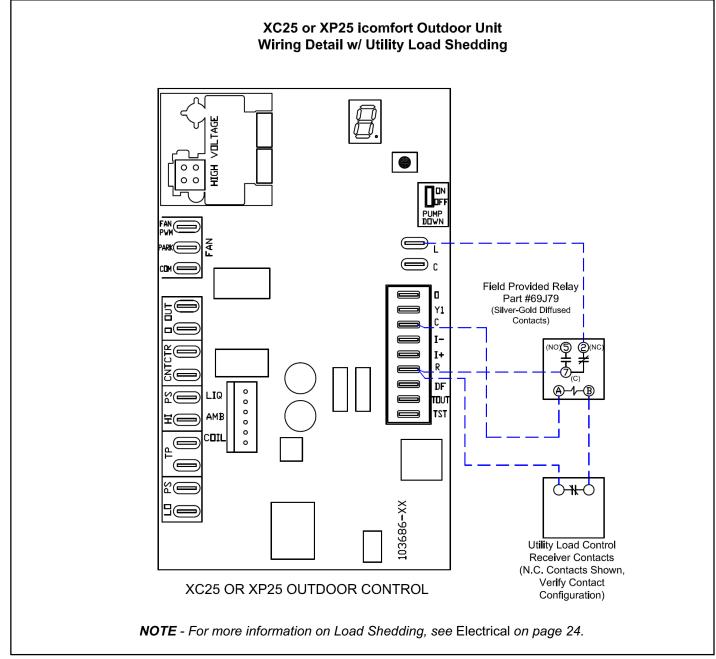


Figure 25. Load Shedding Feature Wiring Diagram

Factory Wiring Diagrams

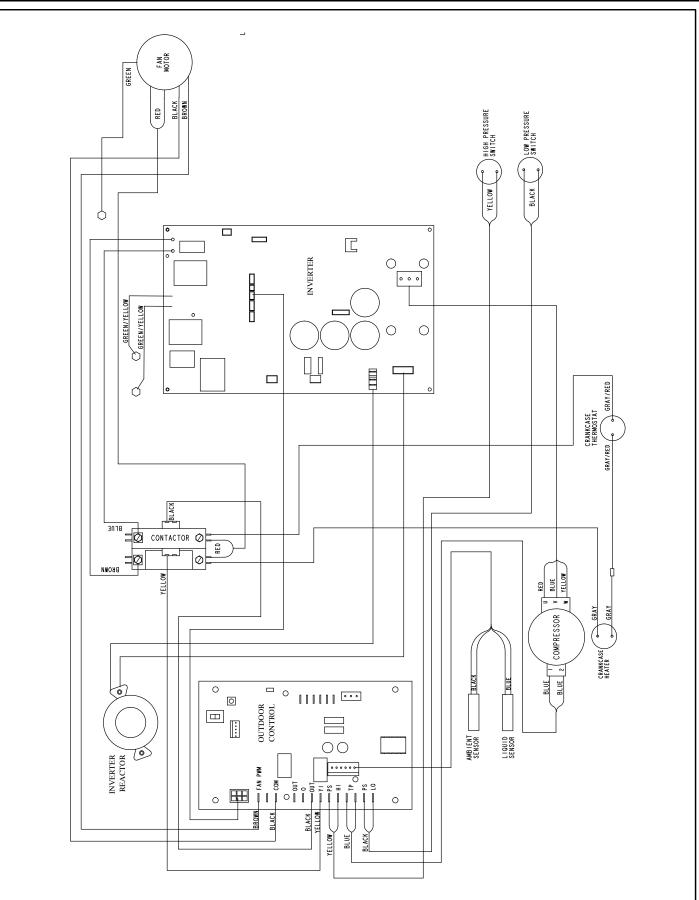


Figure 26. Typical Factory Wiring (XC25-024 and -036)

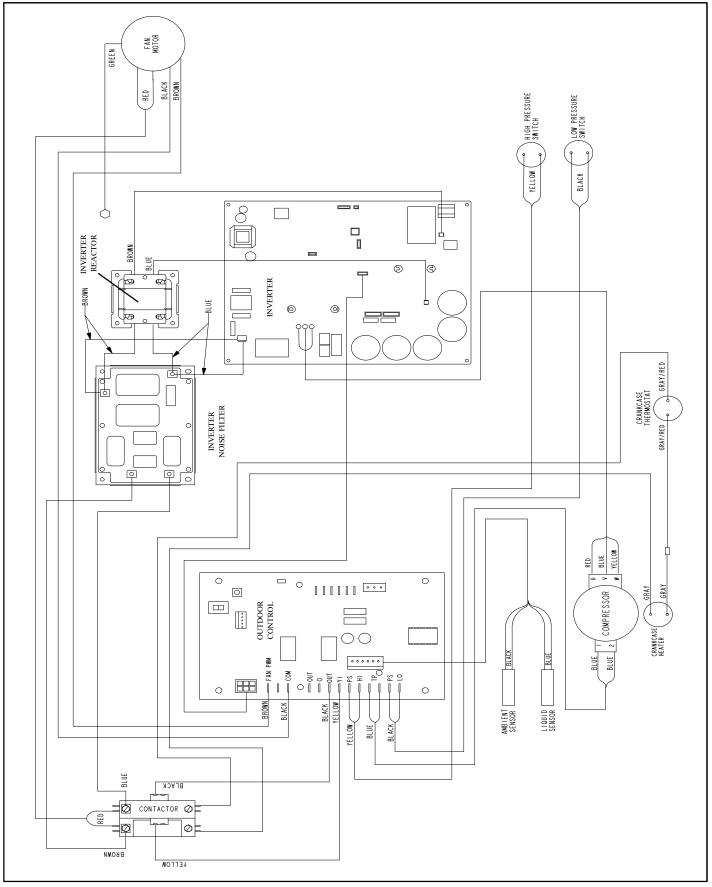


Figure 27. Typical Factory Wiring (XC25-048 and -060)

Unit Sequence of Operation

The following figures illustrate the overall unit sequence of operation along with the operation of various pressure switches and temperature sensors. The figures also illustrate the use of the compressor anti-short-cycle function in relation to unit Status, unit Fault and lock-out LED Codes and unit system operation interactions.

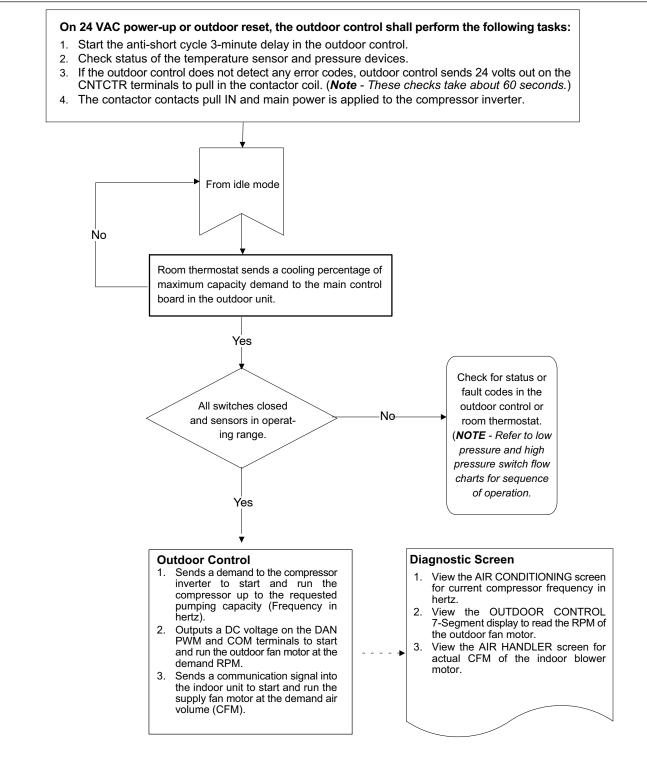


Figure 28. 24 Volt Power-Up or Outdoor Reset

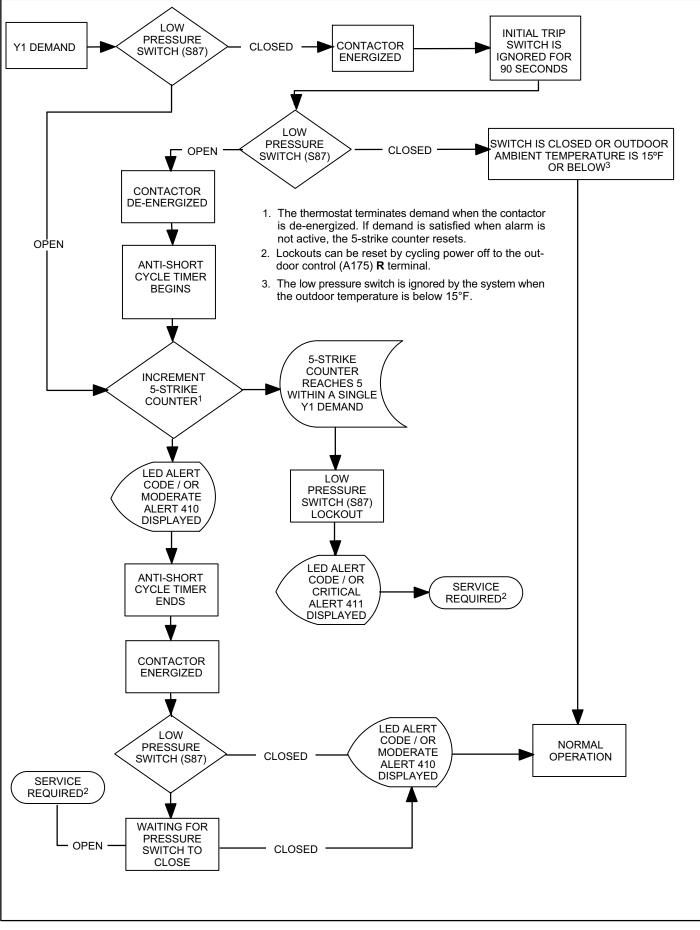


Figure 29. Low Pressure Switch (S87) Sequence of Operation (All Versions)

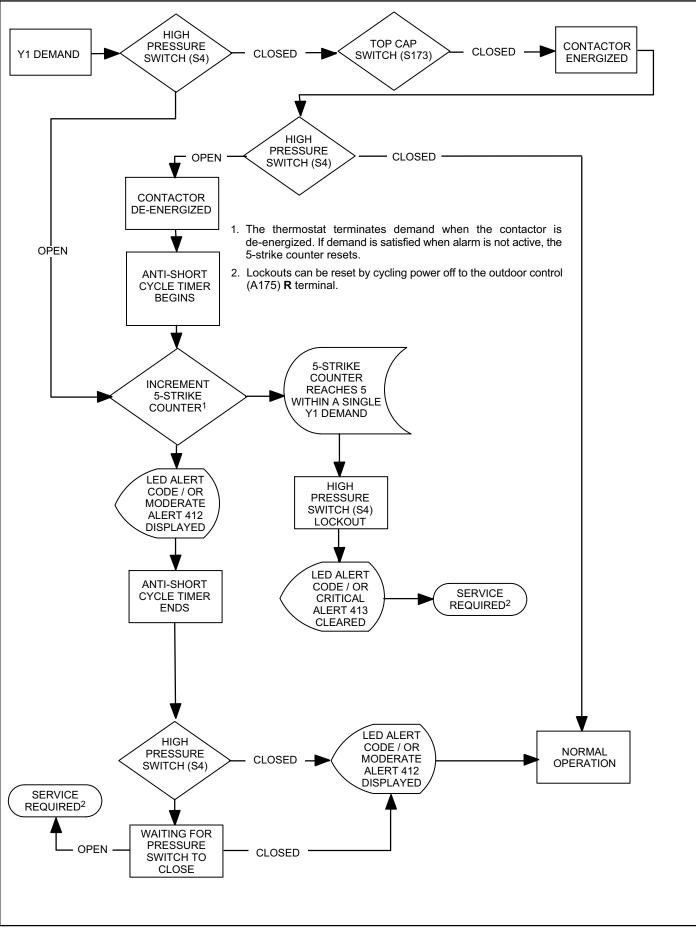


Figure 30. High Pressure Switch (S4) Sequence of Operation (All Versions)

Component Testing Table of Contents

Verifying High Pressure and Low Pressure Switch Oper- ation	Line Filter (Electromagnetic Compatibility Circuit - EMC) Operations, Checkout and Status / Error Codes 62
Compressor Operation, Checkout and Status / Error Codes	Outdoor Fan Operation and Checkout
Crankcase Heater, Checkout and Status /	Ferrites
Error Codes	Outdoor Control Operation, Checkout and Status / Error
Compressor Sound Cover 59	Codes 65
Liquid Filter Drier (Heat Pumps only) 59	Unit Sensor Operations, Checkout and Status / Error Codes
Top Cap Switch Operation, Checkout and Status / Error Codes 60	DC Inverter Control Operation, Checkout and Status / Error Codes
Reactor Operations, Checkout and Status / Error Codes	Emergency 24VAC Operation

Verifying High and Low Pressure Switch Operation

OPERATION:

The unit's pressure switches (LO PS - S87 and HI PS - S4) are factory-wired into the control on the LO-PS and HI-PS terminals, respectively.

Low Pressure Switch (LO-PS) — See figure 29 for low pressure switch sequence of operation.

High Pressure Switch (HI-PS) — See figure 30 for high pressure switch sequence of operation.

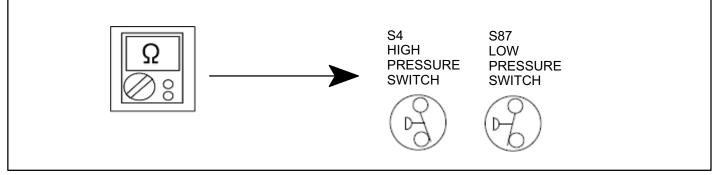
Pressure Switch Event Settings

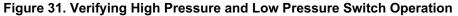
The following pressures are the auto-reset event value triggers for low and high pressure thresholds:

- High Pressure (auto-reset) trip at 590 psig; reset at 418.
- Low Pressure (auto-reset) trip at 40 psig; reset at 90.

CHECKOUT

Using a multimeter set to ohms with the terminals disconnected from the control board, check the resistance between the two terminals of the pressure switch. If the resistance reading is 0 ohms, the switch is closed.





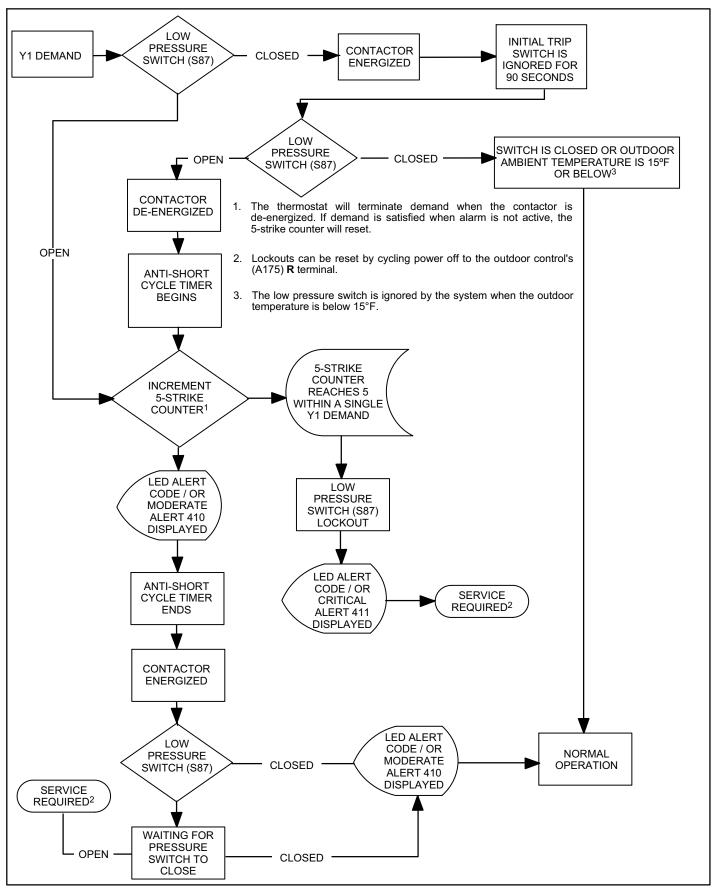


Figure 32. Low Pressure Switch (S87) Sequence of Operation (All Versions)

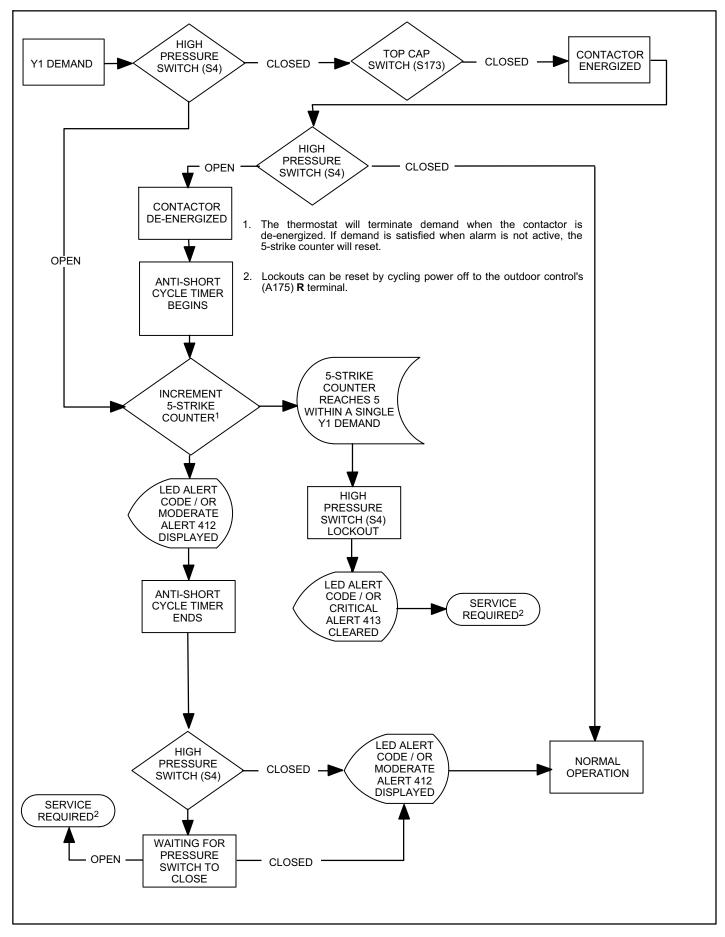


Figure 33. High Pressure Switch (S4) Sequence of Operation (All Versions)

High and Low Pressure Switch Errors

Table 10. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - High and Low Pressure Switches

System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
E 410	Moderate	The outdoor unit cycled off due to low pressure switch opening.	Unit pressure is below the lower limit. The system is shut down. The low pressure switch for HFC-410A closes above 90PSIG and opens below 40PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check TXV, indoor unit blower motor, dirty filters or clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the evaporator coil is clean. The alarm clears after the pressure switch closes or after a power reset.
E 411	Critical	The low pressure switch has opened 5 times within one hour. As a result, the outdoor unit is locked out.	Low pressure switch error count reached 5 strikes. The low pressure switch for HFC-410A opens at 40PSIG and resets at 90PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check for clogged TXV, blockage to indoor unit blower motor, dirty filters or clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the evaporator coil is clean. The alarm clears after a power reset.
E 412	Moderate	The outdoor unit high pressure switch has opened.	Unit pressure is above the upper limit. System is shut down. The high pressure switch opens at 590PSIG and closes at 418PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check for clogged TXV, blockage to indoor unit blower motor, clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the outdoor unit is clean. The alarm clears after the pressure switch closes or a power reset. For heating, indoor CFM may be set too low. For zoning system, zone CFM may be set too low.
E 413	Critical	The high pressure switch has opened 5 times within one hour. As a result, the outdoor unit is locked out. NOTE - Unused on XC25. Used for heat pump applications only.	Open high pressure switch error count reached 5 strikes. System is shut down. The high pressure switch for HFC-410A will open at 590PSIG and close at 418PSIG. Confirm that the system is properly charged with refrigerant. Check condenser fan motor, clogged TXV, blockage to indoor unit blower motor, stuck reversing valve or clogged refrigerant filter. Confirm that the outdoor unit is clean. The alarm clears after a power reset. For heating, indoor CFM may be set too low. For zoning system, zone CFM may be set too low.

Compressor Operation, Checkout and Status / Error Codes

OPERATION:

The compressor is a 380VAC three-phase variable-capacity scroll compressor that is approved for use with HFC-410A refrigerant. The compressor, when connected to an inverter, is capable of operating in a running frequency range from 22 Hertz up to a maximum of 70 Hertz (maximum Hertz is dependent on compressor size). The compressor speed is determined by demand from the room thermostat.

CHECKOUT:

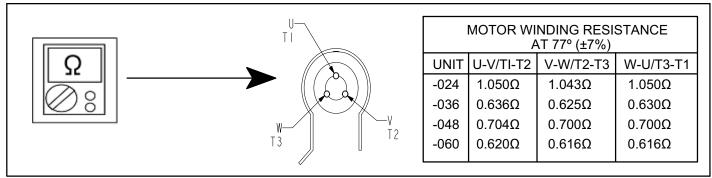


Figure 34. Compressor Operation, Checkout and Status/Error Codes

IMPORTANT: If compressor replacement is required, remove the compressor through the top of the unit. Removal through the access panel is not possible.

STATUS CODES:

When the compressor is running, the 7-segment display on the outdoor control sends the current compressor demand (as a percentage) to the room thermostat. (Example: C 5 0 – compressor is running at 50% of maximum speed.)

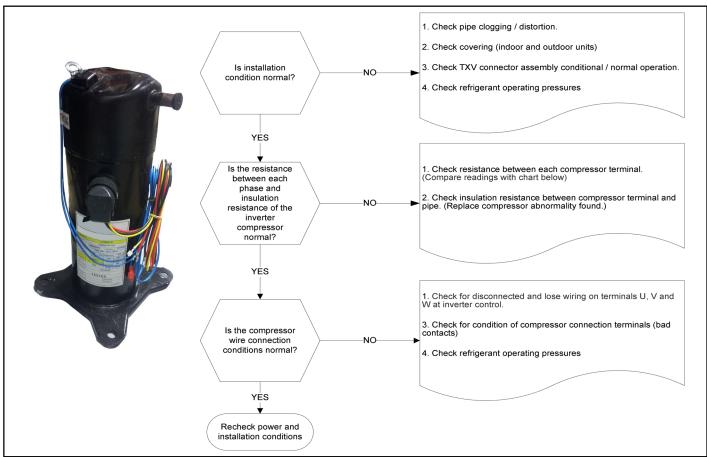


Figure 35. Compressor Operation, Checkout and Status/Error Codes

ERROR CODES:

Table 11. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - Compressor

System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat..

Alert Codes	Inverter Code	Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Priority Alarm Description		Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm				
		Red LED	Green LED							
						If condition is detected, outdoor unit compressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 10 times within an hour, system is locked out.				
E 430	26	2 flashes	6 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Compressor start failure.	Indicates poor connection at compressor harness, improper winding resistance, locked compressor rotor, or flooded com- pressor.				
									To clear, disconnect power to outdoor uni	To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 433	29	2 flashes	9 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has de- tected a compressor over-current condi- tion.	Error occurs when compressor peak phase current is greater than 28A. Inverter issues code 14 first and slows down to try to reduce the current. If the current remains high, outdoor unit com- pressor and fan stop. Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition oc- curs 5 times within an hour, system is locked out. To clear dis- connect power to outdoor unit and restart.				
E 439	12	1 flash	2 flashes	Moderate	Compressor slow- down due to high in- put current.	Input current is approaching a high limit. Compressor speed automatically slows. The control continues sending the inverter speed demanded by the thermostat. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to demand percent- age rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is automatically clear.				

 Table 11. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - Compressor

 System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat..

Alert Codes		Inverter Code	Code (n	LED Flash number of shes)	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED				
E 440	13	1 flash	3 flashes	Moderate	Heat sink temperat- ure is approaching limit. The com- pressor speed auto- matically slows to reduce heat sink temperature. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values ac- cording to demand percentage rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is automatic- ally cleared.	Issue : Feedback from supplier tear down of inverter indicates that the screws that hold the inverter to the inverter board were loose causing poor contact between these two components. Corrective action : Tighten screws that hold the heat sink to the inverter control board. NOTE : Wait 5 minutes to all capacitor to discharge before checking screws.	
E 441	14	1 flash	4 flashes	Moderate	Compressor slow- down due to high compressor current. Compressor current is approaching limit. The compressor speed automatically slows. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to demand percentage rather than the actu- al Hz. Alarm is auto- matically cleared	Issue : Possible issue is system running at high pressures. Check for high pressure trips or other alert codes in room ther- mostat and outdoor control.	
E 600	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Compressor has been cycled OFF on utility load shedding.	Load shedding function: Provides a method for a local utility company to limit the maximum power level usage of the outdoor unit. The feature is activated by applying 24 volts AC power to the L and C terminals on the outdoor control.	

Crankcase Heater, Checkout and Status / Error Codes

OPERATION:

CRANKCASE HEATER (HR1)

Compressors in all units are equipped with a 40 or 70 watt (depending on unit size) belly-band type crankcase heater. The heater prevents liquid from accumulating in the compressor. The heater is controlled by the crankcase heater thermostat.

CRANKCASE HEATER THERMOSTAT (S40)

Crankcase heater thermostat S40 controls the crankcase heater in all units and is located on the liquid line (see figure 2 for location).

1. When liquid line temperature drops below 50°F the thermostat closes which results in the heater being energized.

2. When liquid line temperature rises above 70°F the thermostat opens which results in the heater being de-energized.

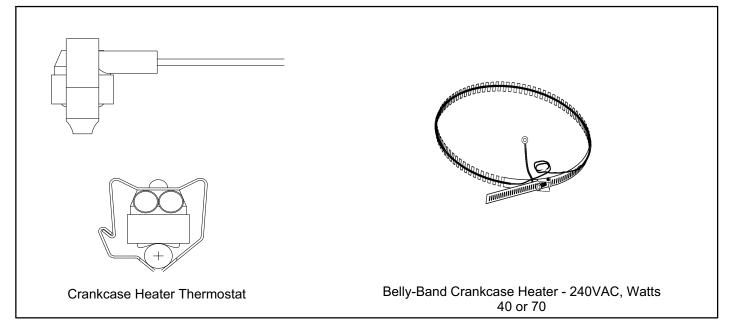


Figure 36. Belly-Band Crankcase Heater Thermostat

CHECKOUT:

Belly-Band Crankcase Heater: Using meter set on ohms, check crankcase heater resistance. If resistance is 0 ohms or infinite, replace the crankcase heater.

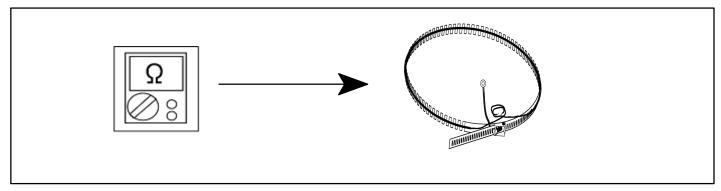
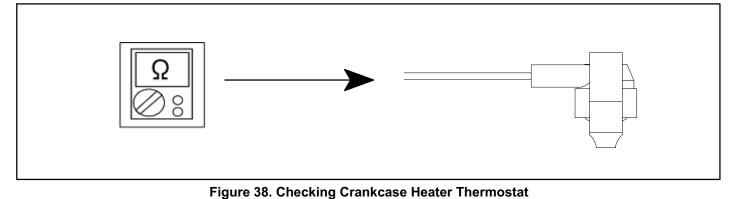


Figure 37. Checking Belly-Band Crankcase Heater

Crankcase Heater Thermostat: As the detected temperature changes, the resistance across the sensor changes. Table 15 on page 68 shows how the resistance varies as the temperature changes for this sensor.

NOTE - When checking the ohms across a sensor, be aware that a sensor showing a resistance value that is <u>not</u> within the range shown in table 15 on page 68, may be performing as designed. However, if a shorted or open circuit is detected, the sensor is faulty; the sensor needs to be replaced. XC25



STATUS CODE:

None

ERROR CODES:

None

Compressor Sound Cover

All units come with a soft-sided polyethylene molded outer shell compressor sound cover. The cover helps reduce any unwanted operating sounds from the compressor. The cover features a hook/loop closure system for ease of installation on the compressor.

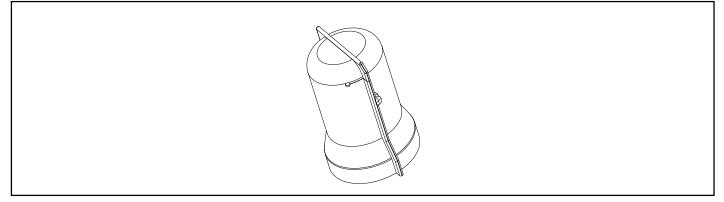


Figure 39. Compressor Sound Cover

Liquid Line Filter Drier

A filter drier designed for all XC25 series model units is factory-installed in the liquid line. The filter drier is designed to remove moisture and foreign matter, which can lead to compressor failure.

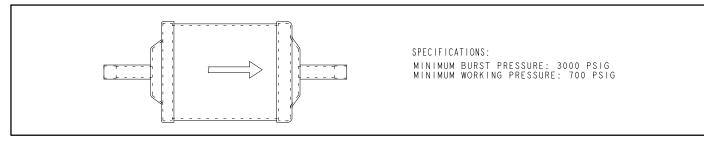


Figure 40. Liquid Line Filter Drier

Top Cap Switch Operation, Checkout and Status / Error Codes OPERATION:

Top Cap Thermal Sensor Switch (S173)

Some units are equipped with a compressor-mounted normally closed temperature switch that prevents compressor damage due to overheating caused by internal friction. The switch is located on top of the compressor casing. This switch senses the compressor casing temperature and opens at 239-257°F to shut off compressor operation. The auto-reset switch closes when the compressor casing temperature falls to 151-187°F, and the compressor is re-energized. This single-pole, singlethrow (SPST) bi-metallic switch.

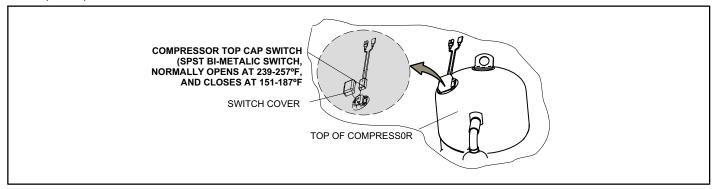


Figure 41. Top Cap Thermal Sensor Switch

CHECKOUT:

Using a multimeter set to ohms, with the terminals disconnected from the system, check the resistance between the two terminals of the top cap switch. If the resistance reading is 0 ohms, the switch is closed.

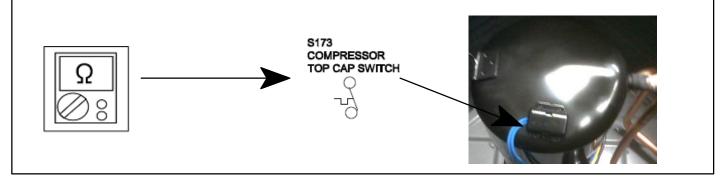


Figure 42. Verifying Top Cap Thermal Sensor Switch

STATUS:

None

ERROR:

Table 12. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - Top Cap Switch

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
E 422	Moderate	Compressor top cap switch ex- ceeding thermal limit.	Issue : One of the wires from the top cap switch had pulled off one of the TP terminals on the outdoor control board. Corrective Action : Reconnected wire onto top cap terminal.
E 442	Critical	The top cap switch has opened 5 times within one hour. As a result, the outdoor unit is locked out.	When compressor thermal protection sensor opens 5 times within 1 hour, outdoor stops working. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.

Reactor Operations, Checkout and Status / Error Codes

OPERATION:

Reactor (Inductor or choke) is a passive two-terminal electrical component that stores energy in its magnetic field. Reactors are one of the basic components used in electronics where current and voltage change with time, due to the ability of inductors to delay and reshape alternating currents.

CHECKOUT:

Main Power **ON** – Voltage **IN** reactor should be the same as the voltage **OUT**. With main power **OFF** and reactor disconnected from system; resistance between leads should be the same (brown **IN** to brown **OUT**, blue **IN** to blue **OUT**).

STATUS CODES:

None

ERROR CODES:

None

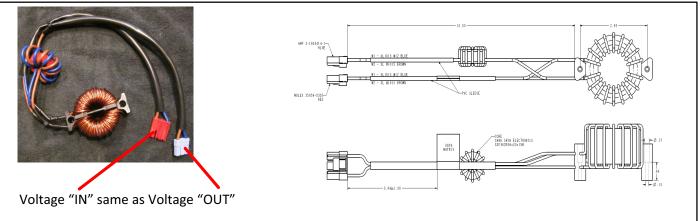


Figure 43. XC/XP 25-024 and -036 Reactor

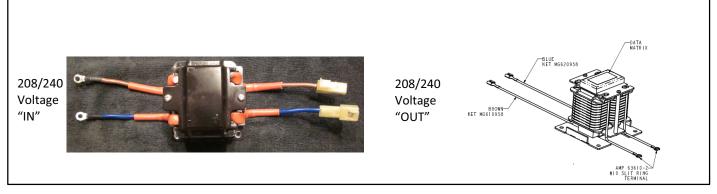


Figure 44. XC/XP 25-048 and -060 Reactor

Line Filter (Electromagnetic Compatibility Circuit - EMC) Operations, Checkout and Status / Error Codes

OPERATION:

The line filter reduces the unintentional conducted emission from the equipment, to a level sufficient to pass regulatory limits (such as FCC part 15).

The filter is rated at 208/230 volt, 30 amp maximum, 60 Hertz.

NOTE - The 2- and 3-ton inverters have the EMC built-in. The 4- and 5-ton units have an external device (see illustration below).

NOTE - A line filter is an electronic filter which is placed between electronic equipment and an external power source in order to attenuate conducted radio frequency interference (RFI). RFI is also known as electromagnetic interference (EMI).

CHECKOUT:

Voltage IN should read the same value as the Voltage OUT. With filter isolated from system, resistance between L1 and L2 should be the same as resistance between N1 and N2.

STATUS CODES:

None

ERROR CODES:

None



Figure 45. XC25 4- and 5-ton filter board (EMC)

Outdoor Fan Operation and Checkout

OPERATION:

These units use an integrated control and motor that is programmed for variable-capacity operation. The fan speed is controlled by the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

CHECKOUT:

VAC Voltage Check

Check for 208/240 VAC power at inverter contactor (red wires) (see figure 46).

With unit operating, check for main VAC to motor and outdoor control VDC output to motor:

- 1. No voltage present Check main power
- 2. Voltage present Perform DC volt checks (19 -23 VDC between FAN PWM and COM) (see figure 46).

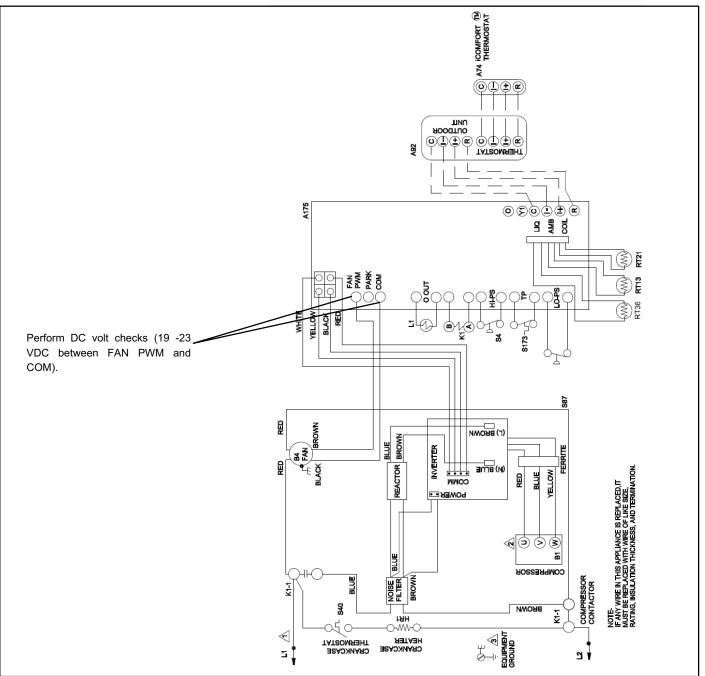


Figure 46. VAC Voltage Check

VDC Voltage Check:

Check for VDC out of Fan PWM and COM. VDC output reading is determined by the percentage of room thermostat demand.

- 1. No voltage present Remove wires from control and check for VDC. If there is no voltage present, then replace outdoor control.
- 2. Voltage present Perform a 9-volt battery test on motor (see figure 47).

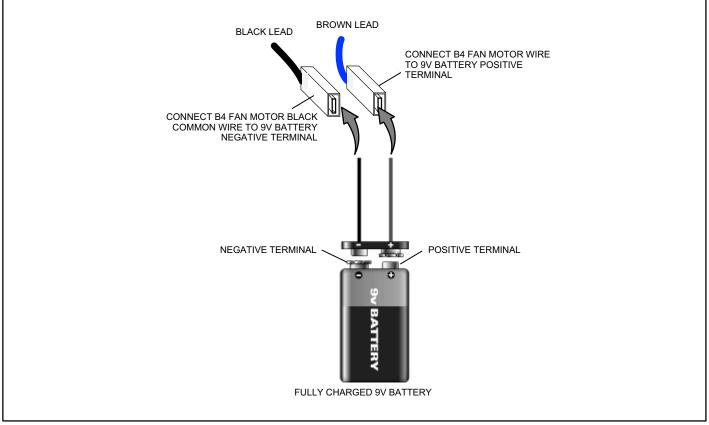


Figure 47. VDC Voltage Check

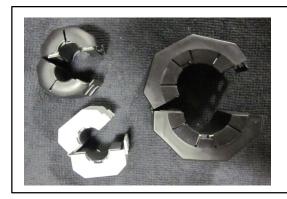
STATUS OR ERROR CODES:

There is no feedback from the outdoor fan motor to the outdoor control therefore no status or error codes are displayed on either the outdoor control or iComfort Wi-Fi[®] room thermostat.

NOTE - If the outdoor fan does not operate at the correct RPM, or does not start, the system will shut be down by other protection components such as the high and low pressure switches which will generate error code(s).

Ferrites

Electronic cabling and wires, by virtue of their length-to-width ratios, are perfect natural antennas. In the presence of high-speed microprocessor signals, cables will conduct, radiate, and receive unwanted high-frequency signals. Use an insertion-loss device, such as a ferrite suppressor as shown below, to control radio-frequency (RF) interference.



Ferrites are consistently stable over time and over wide temperature ranges, and provide RF suppression without causing large current losses.

Figure 48. Ferrites

Outdoor Control Operation, Checkout and Status / Error Codes

OPERATION:

The outdoor control is a microprocessor-based device for use with variable-capacity compressors up to 5-tons in capacity operating on 24VAC residential power. The outdoor control integrates the functionality of maintaining compressor speed, demand, defrost and fan PWM controls. The outdoor control is self-configuring. During start-up the outdoor control selects one of two configurations - variable-capacity air conditioner or variable-capacity heat pump.

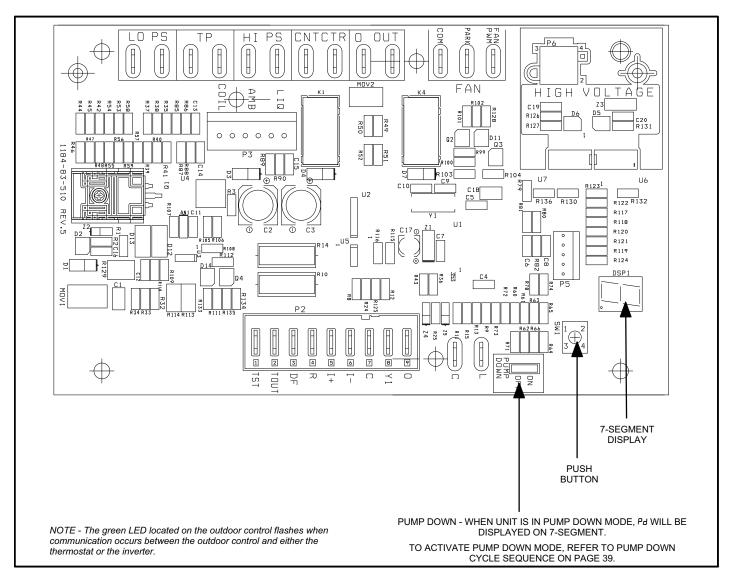


Figure 49. Outdoor Control Unit

STATUS CODES:

Table 13. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - Outdoor Control Status

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
E 600	Critical	Compressor has been cycled OFF on utility load shedding.	Load shedding function: Provides a method for a local utility company to limit the maximum power level usage of the outdoor unit. The feature is activated by applying 24 volts AC power to the L and C terminals on the outdoor control.
E 601	Critical	Outdoor unit has been cycled OFF on low temperature protection.	Low temperature Protection: Outdoor unit will not operate when the outdoor temperature is at or below $-4^{\circ}F$ (-20°C). If the unit is operating and the outdoor temperature drops below $-4^{\circ}F$ (-20°C), the unit will continue to operate until the room thermostat is satisfied or the outdoor temperature drops to -15°F (-26°C). (Outdoor unit ambient sensor provides temperature readings.)

ERROR CODES:

Table 14. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - Outdoor Control Errors

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Priority Alarm Description		Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
E 105	Moderate	The outdoor control has lost com- munication with either the thermo- stat or indoor unit.	Equipment is unable to communicate. Indicates numerous message errors. In most cases errors are related to electrical noise. Make sure high voltage power is separated from RSBus. Check for mis-wired and/or loose connections between the stat, indoor unit and outdoor unit. Check for a high voltage source of noise close to the system. Fault clears after communication is restored.
E 120	Moderate	There is a delay in the outdoor unit responding to the system.	Typically, this alarm/code does not cause any issues and will clear on its own. The alarm / code is usually caused by a delay in the outdoor unit responding to the thermo- stat. Check all wiring connections. Cleared after unresponsive device responds to any inquiry.
E 124	Critical	The iComfort Wi-Fi [®] thermostat has lost communication with the outdoor unit for more than 3 minutes.	Equipment lost communication with the thermostat. Check the wiring connections, ohm wires and cycle power. The alarm stops all associated HVAC operations and waits for a heartbeat message from the unit that's not communicating. The alarm / fault clears after communication is re-established.
E 125	Critical	There is a hardware problem with the outdoor control.	There is a control hardware problem. Replace the outdoor control if the problem prevents operation and is persistent. The alarm / fault is cleared 300 seconds after the fault recovers.
E 131	Critical	The outdoor unit control parameters are corrupted	Reconfigure the system. Replace the control if heating or cooling is not available.
E 132	Critical	Internal software error.	Replace outdoor control.

Unit Sensor Operations, Checkout and Status / Error Codes OPERATION

Pins 5 and 6 (No Sensor)

There is no sensor located on positions 5 and 6 of the connector. A resistor installed between pins 5 and 6 on the cable harness provides continuity for this circuit. This resistor (location shown in figure 51) provides resistance value between 314669 and 3779 ohms. If the resistor becomes damaged or lost, the outdoor control generates a false error code indicating the coil temperature sensor is out of range or faulty (see table 15 on page 68). If resistor is damaged or missing, order replacement harness assembly (101334-05).

Ambient Temperature Sensor (RT13)

Ambient temperatures, as read by the ambient temperature sensor (shown in figure 51) which are below -35°F (-37°C) or above 120°F (48°C) trigger a fault condition. If the ambient sensor is open, shorted, or out of the temperature range of the sensor, the control does not perform demand defrost operation. The control reverts to time/temperature defrost operation and displays the appropriate alert code (see table 15 on page 68). Heating and cooling operation is allowed in this fault condition.

Liquid Line Temperature Sensor (RT36)

Liquid line temperatures below -40°F (-40°C) or above 140°F (60°C) trigger a fault condition and result in the appropriate alarm code (see table15 on page 68). The outdoor control uses the liquid line sensor to change the fan speed, allowing cooling operation at lowered ambient temperatures.

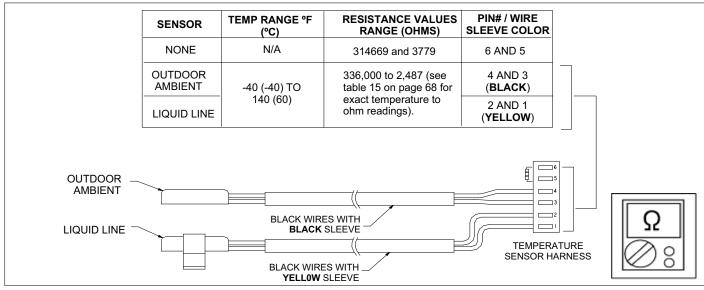


Figure 50. Temperature Sensor Specifications

CHECKOUT

Sensors connect to the outdoor control through a field-replaceable harness assembly that plugs into the outdoor control. Through the sensors, the control detects outdoor ambient, coil and liquid temperature fault conditions. As the detected temperature changes, the resistance across the sensor changes. Check sensor operation by reading ohms across pins shown in figure 50.

NOTE - When checking the ohms across a sensor, be aware that a sensor showing a resistance value that is <u>not</u> within the range shown in figure 50, may be performing as designed. However, if a shorted or open circuit is detected, then the sensor may be faulty and the sensor harness will need to be replaced.

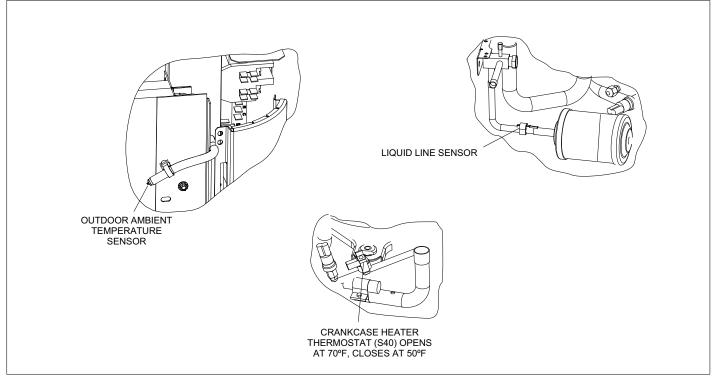


Figure 51. Temperature Sensor Locations

Table 15. Ambient and Liquid Line Sensors Temperature / Resistance Range

Degrees Fahr- enheit	Resistance						
136.3	2680	56.8	16657	21.6	44154	-11.3	123152
133.1	2859	56.0	16973	21.0	44851	-11.9	125787
130.1	3040	55.3	17293	20.5	45560	-12.6	128508
127.3	3223	54.6	17616	20.0	46281	-13.2	131320
124.7	3407	53.9	17942	19.4	47014	-13.9	134227
122.1	3592	53.2	18273	18.9	47759	-14.5	137234
119.7	3779	52.5	18607	18.4	48517	-15.2	140347
117.5	3968	51.9	18945	17.8	49289	-15.9	143571
115.3	4159	51.2	19287	17.3	50074	-16.5	146913
113.2	4351	50.5	19633	16.8	50873	-17.2	150378
111.2	4544	49.9	19982	16.3	51686	-17.9	153974
109.3	4740	49.2	20336	15.7	52514	-18.6	157708
107.4	4937	48.5	20695	15.2	53356	-19.3	161588
105.6	5136	47.9	21057	14.7	54215	-20.1	165624
103.9	5336	47.3	21424	14.1	55089	-20.8	169824
102.3	5539	46.6	21795	13.6	55979	-21.5	174200
100.6	5743	46.0	22171	13.1	56887	-22.3	178762
99.1	5949	45.4	22551	12.5	57811	-23.0	183522
97.6	6157	43.4	22936	12.0	58754	-23.8	188493
96.1	6367	44.7	23326	11.5	59715	-23.0	193691
94.7	6578	43.5	23720	11.0	60694	-25.4	199130
93.3	6792	42.9	24120	10.4	61693	-26.2	204829
92.0	7007	42.3	24525	9.9	62712	-27.0	210805
90.6	7225	41.7	24934	9.3	63752	-27.8	217080
89.4	7444	41.1	25349	8.8	64812	-28.7	223677
88.1	7666	40.5	25769	8.3	65895	-29.5	230621
86.9	7890	39.9	26195	7.7	67000	-30.4	237941
85.7	8115	39.3	26626	7.2	68128	-31.3	245667
84.5	8343	38.7	27063	6.7	69281	-32.2	253834
83.4	8573	38.1	27505	6.1	70458	-33.2	262482
82.3	8806	37.5	27954	5.6	71661	-34.1	271655
81.2	9040	37.0	28408	5.0	72890	-35.1	281400
80.1	9277	36.4	28868	4.5	74147	-36.1	291774
79.0	9516	35.8	29335	3.9	75431	-37.1	302840
78.0	9757	35.2	29808	3.4	76745	-38.2	314669
77.0	10001	34.7	30288	2.8	78090	-39.2	327343
76.0	10247	34.1	30774	2.3	79465	00.2	021040
75.0	10496	33.5	31267	1.7	80873		
74.1	10747	33.0	31766	1.2	82314		
73.1	11000	32.4	32273	0.6	83790		
72.2	11256	31.9	32787	0.0	85302		
71.3	11515	31.3	33309	-0.5	86852		
70.4	11776	30.7	33837	-1.1	88440		
69.5	12040	30.2	34374	-1.7	90068		
68.6	12306	29.6	34918	-2.2	91738		
67.7	12575	29.1	35471	-2.8	93452		
66.9	12847	28.6	36031	-3.4	95211		
66.0	13122	28.0	36600	-4.0	97016		
65.2	13400	27.5	37177	-4.6	98870		
64.4	13681	26.9	37764	-4.0	100775		
63.6	13964	26.4	38359	-5.7	102733		
62.8	14251	25.8	38963	-6.3	104746		
62.0	14540	25.3	39577	-6.9	106817		
61.2	14833	24.8	40200	-7.5	108948		
60.5	15129	24.2	40833	-8.2	111141		
59.7	15428	23.7	41476	-8.8	113400		
59.0	15730	23.2	42130	-9.4	115727		
58.2	16036	22.6	42794	-10.0	118126		
	10000	22.0	12107	10.0	110120		

ERROR CODES:

Table 16. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes - Outdoor Control Errors

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm				
E 180	Critical	The iComfort Wi-Fi [®] thermostat has found a problem with the outdoor unit's ambient temperature sensor.	During normal operation, after the outdoor control recognizes sensors, the alarm will be sent only if valid temperature reading is lost. Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/resistance charts in unit installation instructions. Replace sensor pack if necessary. At the beginning of (any) configuration, furnace or air-handler control will detect the presence of the sensor(s). If detected (reading in range), appropriate feature will be set as 'installed' and shown in the iComfort Wi-Fi [®] thermostat 'About' screen. The alarm / fault will clear upon configuration, or sensing normal values.				
E 416	Moderate / Critical	The outdoor coil sensor is either open, short-circuited or the temperature is out of sensor range. As a result the outdoor unit control will not perform defrost.	Coil sensor is detected as open or shorted, or temperature is out of coil sensor range. Outdoor unit control will not perform demand or time/temperature defrost operation. System will still heat or cool. Check the resistance of the coil sensor and compare to temperature resistance chart. Replace coil sensor if needed. The alarm clears when outdoor unit control detects proper coil sensor readings or after a power reset.				
E 424	Moderate	Faulty outdoor liquid line sensor	Sensor is open or shorted. Replace the sensor.				

DC Inverter Control Operation, Checkout, Status / Error Codes

OPERATION OF COMPONENTS:

Electromagnetic compatibility circuit (EMC): EMC ensures the correct operation of different equipment items which use or respond to electromagnetic phenomena. It also helps to negate the effects of interference. *NOTE - The 2- and 3-ton inverter has an EMC built-in. The 4- and 5-ton units have an external inverter.*

CONVERTER:

Converts AC (alternating current) to DC (direct current).

POWER FACTOR CORRECTION (PFC) CIRCUIT:

The PFC module is an integrated part of the outdoor inverter that monitors the DC bus for high, low and abnormal voltage conditions. If any of these conditions are detected, the PFC function and compressor will stop.

INTELLIGENT (INVERTER) POWER MODULE (IPM):

The IPM converts DC power into AC power. The control method is known as pulse width modulation (PWM). This means the DC is switched on and off very quickly (chopped) by the transistor switches to make simulated AC at required frequency and voltage.

COMMUNICATION CONTROL CIRCUIT:

Receives and sends message between the inverter and the outdoor control.

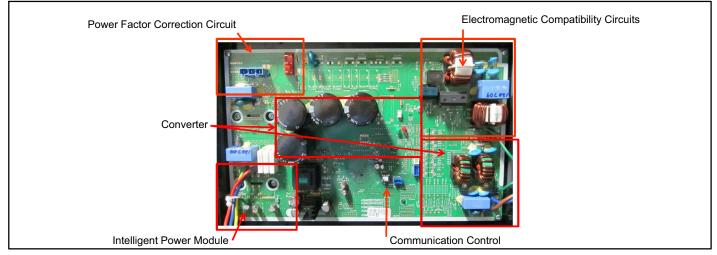


Figure 52. 2- and 3-Ton Unit Inverter

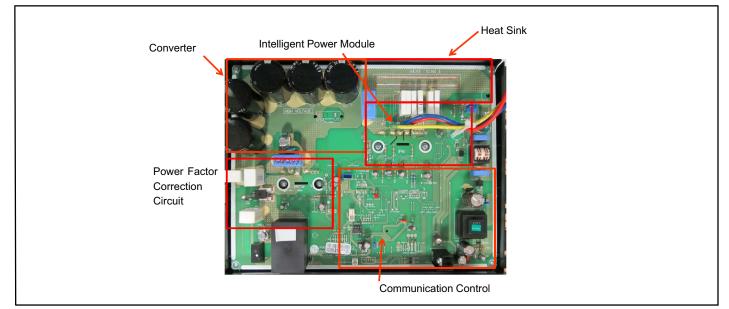


Figure 53. 4- and 5-Ton Unit Inverter

STATUS CODES:

Table 17. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert	Alert Alert Code (number of flashes) Codes Red LED Green LED		Code (number of flashes)		Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
Codes							
N/A	ON	OFF	N/A	XC 25-024 and -036 only: Indicates inverter is operating normally.			
N/A	ON	ON	N/A	XC 25-048 and -060 only: Indicates inverter is operating normally.			
N/A	OFF	OFF	N/A	Indicates inverter is NOT energized.			

ERROR CODES:

Table 18. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification). Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Alert Inverter		Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm		
		Red LED	Green LED					
E 423	40	4 flashes	OFF	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a circuit problem.	Control will lock out after 10 strikes within an hour. To clear disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.		
E 426	N/A	N/A	N/A	Critical	Excessive inverter alarms	After ten faults within one hour, control will lock out. Indicates poor system operation. Review history of alarms to resolve system setup. Check condenser fan motor, TXV, indoor unit blower motor, stuck reversing valve, over-charge, undercharge, and clogged refriger- ant filter. To clear error, disconnect power to outdoor unit and re- start. Inverter alarms 12 to 14 and 53 do not count to- wards this lock out condition.		

 Table 18. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

 NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification).

 Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	Alert Inverter		Inverter LED Flash Code (number of flashes)		Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
E 427	21	21 2 flashes 1 flash Moderate The inverter has detected a		If condition (55A or higher) is detected, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If peak current (55A or higher) occurs 10 times within an hour, system will lock out.		
				/ Critical	DC peak fault condition.	Indicates high pressure, condenser fan failure, locked compressor rotor or overcharge.
						To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
F 400		Officiality	Officiality	Moderate	The inverter has detected a	If condition is detected, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 5 times within an hour, system will lock out.
E 428	22	2 flashes	2 flashes	/ Critical	high main input current con- dition.	Indicates high pressure, condenser fan failure or over- charge. To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
					On a call for compressor op-	Issues:
					eration, if DC link power in in- verter does not rise above 180 VDC for 2 and 3 ton mod- els, 250 VDC for 4 and 5 ton models, within 30 seconds,	(1) If DC link power in inverter does not rise above 180 VDC for 2- and 3-ton models, 250 VDC for 4- and 5-ton models, within 30 seconds, the outdoor control will display a moderate code.
F 400	22	Officiation	0 flashaa	Moderate	erate code. If condition is de- tected, outdoor unit will stop (Compressor and fan). Anti-	(2) Capacitors on inverter do not properly charge.
E 429	23	2 flashes	3 flashes	/ Critical		Corrective Actions:
						(1) check for proper main power to outdoor unit and for any loose electrical connections.
					within a 60 minute rolling time period, system will lock out and display a critical code.	(2) Outdoor control boards with part # 103686-03 have software update to delay the de-energizing of the reversing valve by four seconds when coming out of defrost.
						If condition is detected, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 10 times within an hour, system will lock out.
E 430	26	2 flashes	6 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Compressor start failure.	Indicates poor connection at compressor harness, im- proper winding resistance, locked compressor rotor, or flooded compressor.
						To clear, disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
					Error occurs when PFC de-	Issues:
					tects an over-current condi- tion of 100A, the control will display a moderate code. If	(1) Indicates power interruption, brownout, poor electrical connection or loose inverter input wire.
E 431	27	2 flashes	7 flashes	Moderate	condition is detected, out- door unit will stop (Com- pressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. Inverter is	(2) System testing was set up and code was generated when the reversing valve is de-energized coming out of defrost (code appears with or without 30 compressor delay).
		_ 11001100	1 100100	/ Critical	unavailable to communicate	Corrective Actions:
					with the outdoor control for 3 minutes. If condition occurs 10 times within a 60 minute	(1) Check for proper main power to outdoor unit and for any loose electrical connections.
					rolling time period, system will lock out and display a crit- ical code.	(2) Outdoor control boards with part # 103686-03 have software update to delay the de-energizing of the reversing valve by four seconds when coming out of defrost.
E 432	28	2 flashes	8 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a DC link high voltage condition.	Error occurs when the DC link capacitor voltage is greater than 480VDC. If condition is detected, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 10 times within an hour, system will lock out. System will stop. To clear, disconnect power to out- door unit and restart.

 Table 18. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

 NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification).

 Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Codes	a tlashes)			Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm
		Red LED	Green LED			
E 433	29	2 flashes	9 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a compressor over-current condition.	Error occurs when compressor peak phase current is greater than 28A. Inverter will issue code 14 first and slow down to try to reduce the current. If the current remains high, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initiated. If condition occurs 5 times within an hour, system will lock out. To clear disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart.
E 434	53	5 flashes	3 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Outdoor control has lost com- munications with the inverter for greater than 3 minutes. Outdoor control will stop all compressor demands, re- cycle power to the inverter by de-energizing the contactor for 2 minutes. If this occurs 3 time in one thermostat call, the outdoor unit will locked out and display a critical code.	 Issues: (1) Loose electrical connections. (2) Interruption of main power to inverter. Corrective Actions: (1) Check all electrical connections. (2) Check for proper main power to inverter.
E 435	60	6 flashes	OFF	Moderate / Critical	Inverter internal error.	When this error occurs, the outdoor control will cycle power to the inverter by opening the contactor for 2 minutes. Check that the EEPROM is properly seated. After power is cycled to the inverter 3 times, the outdoor unit is locked out.
E 436	62	6 flashes	2 flashes	Moderate / Critical	Inverter heat sink temperat- ure exceeded limit. Occurs when the heat sink temperat- ure exceeds the inverter limit. Inverter issues code 13 first, then slows down to allow the heat sink to cool. If temperat- ure remains high, outdoor unit stops (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initi- ated. If condition occurs 5 times within an hour, system is locked out. To clear, dis- connect power to outdoor unit and restart.	Issue: Feedback from supplier tear down of inverter in- dicates that the screws that hold the inverter to the invert- er board were loose causing poor contact between these two components. Corrective Action: Tighten screws that hold the heat sink to the inverter control board. NOTE: Wait five minutes to all capacitor to discharge be- fore checking screws.
E 437	65	6 flashes	5 flashes	Moderate / Critical		This occurs when the temperature sensor detects a tem- perature less than 0.4°F or greater than 264°F after 10 minutes of operation. If condition is detected, outdoor unit will stop (compressor and fan). Anti-short cycle is initi- ated. If condition occurs 5 times within an hour, system will lock out. To clear disconnect power to outdoor unit and restart. If problem persists, replace inverter.
E 438	73	7 flashes	3 flashes	Moderate / Critical	The inverter has detected a PFC over current condition. This would be caused by a high load condition, high pressure, or outdoor fan fail- ure. Outdoor control will dis- play the code when the in- verter has the error. After 3 minutes, the inverter will re- set and the compressor will turn on again. If it happens 10 times within a 60 minute rolling time period, the OD control will lock out operation of the outdoor unit and dis- play a critical code.	Issue : Possible issue is system running at high pres- sures. Check for high pressure trips or other alert codes in room thermostat and outdoor control.

 Table 18. Outdoor Control 7-Segment Display Alert Codes and Inverter LED Flash Codes

 NOTE - System fault and lockout codes take precedence over system status codes (cooling, heating operating percentages or defrost/dehumidification).

 Only the latest active fault or lockout codes are displayed (if present). If no fault or lockout codes are active, then system status codes are displayed. Alert codes are also displayed on the iComfort Wi-Fi[®] thermostat.

Alert Inverter Codes Code			LED Flash number of	Priority	Alarm Description	Possible Causes and Clearing Alarm		
		Red LED	Green LED					
E 439	12	1 flash	2 flashes	Moderate	Compressor slowdown due to high input current.	Input current is approaching a high limit. Compressor speed will automatically slow down. The control contin- ues sending the inverter speed demanded by the thermo- stat. The control will set indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to demand percentage rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is automatically clear.		
E 440	13	1 flash	3 flashes	Moderate	Heat sink temperature is ap- proaching limit. The com- pressor speed automatically slows to reduce heat sink temperature. The control sets indoor CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to demand percentage rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is automatically cleared.	 Issue: Feedback from supplier tear down of inverter indicates that the screws that hold the inverter to the inverter bard were loose causing poor contact between these two components. Corrective action: Tighten screws that hold the heat sink to the inverter control board. NOTE: Wait 5 minutes to all capacitor to discharge before checking screws. 		
E 441	14	1 flash	4 flashes	Moderate	Compressor slowdown due to high compressor current. Compressor current is ap- proaching limit. The com- pressor speed automatically slows. The control sets in- door CFM and outdoor RPM to values according to de- mand percentage rather than the actual Hz. Alarm is auto- matically cleared	Issue : Possible issue is system running at high pressures. Check for high pressure trips or other alert codes in room thermostat and outdoor control.		

Emergency 24VAC System Operation

The **Y** terminal located on the outdoor control allows the outdoor unit to be cycled ON and OFF using 24VAC inputs. The outdoor unit will operate at 100% capacity in this configuration.

The following wiring diagrams display the wiring changes needed to switch a full communicating system to a non-communicating system with the XC25 running in emergency mode (24VAC inputs to outdoor unit).

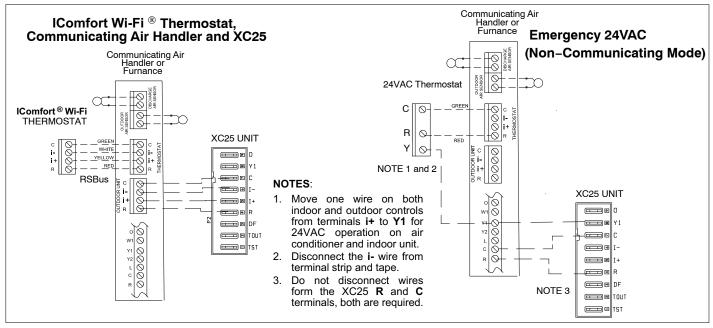


Figure 54. Emergency 24VAC System Operation

System Refrigerant IMPORTANT ! The system must be operating at full capacity during charging. Increase (heat) or decrease (cooling) the

charging. Increase (heat) or decrease (cooling) the thermostat setting by 5°F to create system demand. Confirm outdoor unit running capacity on the display on the outdoor control. Value should be 100%.

This section outlines the procedures to:

- 1. Connect a gauge set for testing and charging as illustrated in figure 55.
- 2. Check and adjust indoor airflow as described in figure 56.
- 3. Add or remove refrigerant using the weigh-in method shown in figure 57.

 Verify the charge using the subcooling method described in figure 58.

IMPORTANT: Unit must be operating at 100% input to be charged properly.

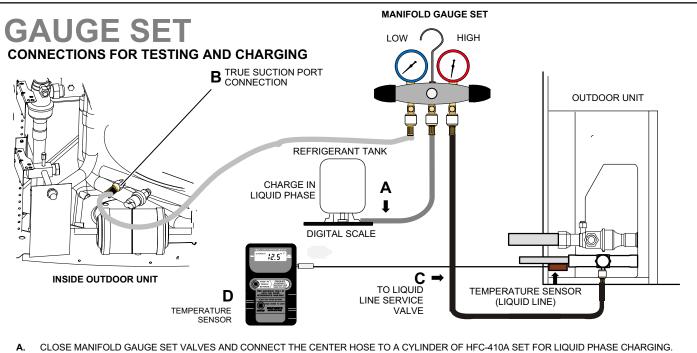
ADDING OR REMOVING REFRIGERANT

This system uses HFC-410A refrigerant which operates at much higher pressures than HCFC-22. The pre-installed liquid line filter drier is approved for use with HFC-410A only. Do not replace it with components designed for use with HCFC-22.

INDOOR AIRFLOW CHECK

Check airflow using the Delta-T (DT) process using the illustration in figure 56.

The diagnostic screen on the thermostat or outdoor control 7-segment display shows indoor and outdoor motor CFMs or RPMs.



- B. CONNECT THE MANIFOLD GAUGE SET'S LOW PRESSURE SIDE TO THE TRUE SUCTION PORT.
- C. CONNECT THE MANIFOLD GAUGE SET'S HIGH PRESSURE SIDE TO THE LIQUID LINE SERVICE PORT.
- D. POSITION TEMPERATURE SENSOR ON LIQUID LINE NEAR LIQUID LINE SERVICE PORT.



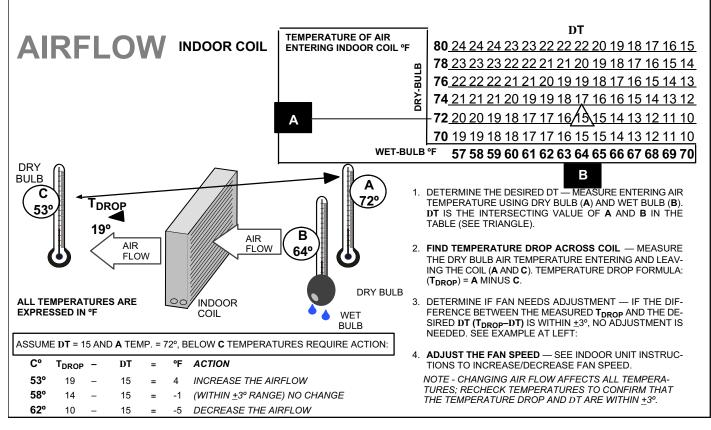
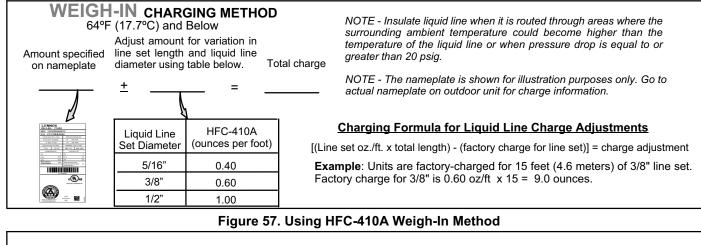


Figure 56. Checking Indoor Airflow over Evaporator Coil using Delta-T Chart



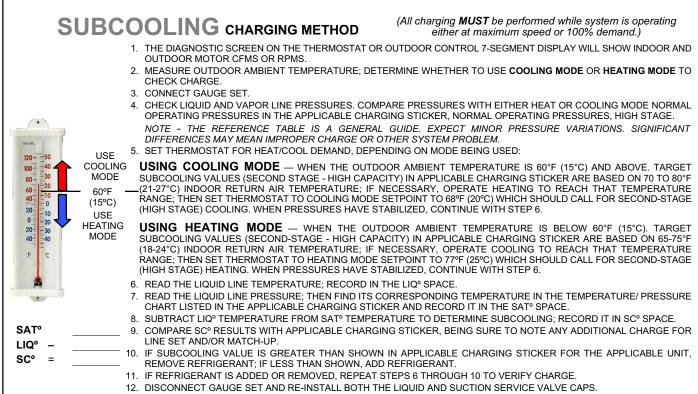


Figure 58. Using HFC-410A Subcooling Method - High Speed (High Capacity)

Table 19. HFC-410A Temperature (°F) - Pressure (Psig)

°F	Psig	°F	Psig	°F	Psig	°F	Psig	°F	Psig	°F	Psig	°F	Psig	°F	Psig
32	100.8	48	137.1	63	178.5	79	231.6	94	290.8	110	365.0	125	445.9	141	545.6
33	102.9	49	139.6	64	181.6	80	235.3	95	295.1	111	370.0	126	451.8	142	552.3
34	105.0	50	142.2	65	184.3	81	239.0	96	299.4	112	375.1	127	457.6	143	559.1
35	107.1	51	144.8	66	187.7	82	242.7	97	303.8	113	380.2	128	463.5	144	565.9
36	109.2	52	147.4	67	190.9	83	246.5	98	308.2	114	385.4	129	469.5	145	572.8
37	111.4	53	150.1	68	194.1	84	250.3	99	312.7	115	390.7	130	475.6	146	579.8
38	113.6	54	152.8	69	197.3	85	254.1	100	317.2	116	396.0	131	481.6	147	586.8
39	115.8	55	155.5	70	200.6	86	258.0	101	321.8	117	401.3	132	487.8	148	593.8
40	118.0	56	158.2	71	203.9	87	262.0	102	326.4	118	406.7	133	494.0	149	601.0
41	120.3	57	161.0	72	207.2	88	266.0	103	331.0	119	412.2	134	500.2	150	608.1
42	122.6	58	163.9	73	210.6	89	270.0	104	335.7	120	417.7	135	506.5	151	615.4
43	125.0	59	166.7	74	214.0	90	274.1	105	340.5	121	423.2	136	512.9	152	622.7
44	127.3	60	169.6	75	217.4	91	278.2	106	345.3	122	428.8	137	519.3	153	630.1
45	129.7	61	172.6	76	220.9	92	282.3	107	350.1	123	434.5	138	525.8	154	637.5
46	132.2	62	175.4	77	224.4	93	286.5	108	355.0	124	440.2	139	532.4	155	645.0
47	134.6			78	228.0			109	360.0			140	539.0		

XC25 HFC-410A CHARGING PROCEDURE

FOR COMPLETE CHARGING DETAILS, REFER TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION AND SERVICE PROCEDURE (CORP 1253-L11).

IMPORTANT: Room thermostat must be turned down at least 5°F from set point so charging occurs with system operating at 100% capacity. Seven-segment display on outdoor control will show outdoor unit running capacity)

AIRFLOW CHECK - Both airflow and refrigerant charge must be monitored for a proper system set-up. It may be necessary to alternately check and adjust the airflow and the re-frigerant charge.

NOTE - Be sure that filters and indoor and outdoor coils are clean before testing

The unit is factory-charged with HFC-410A refrigerant in the amount indicated on the unit rating plate. This charge is based on a matching indoor coil and us anount of using a 15 foot (4.6 m) line set. The following charging procedure is intended as a general guide. It is intended for use on expansion valve systems only. For best results, indoor temperature should be between 70°F (21°C) and 80°F (27°C). Be sure to monitor system pressures while charging. Charging should 2 -3 -

be done with unit operating in the cooling mode. 1 - Connect the manifold gauge set to the service valves. Connect the low pressure gauge to

- vapor valve service port and the high pressure gauge to liquid valve service port. Connect the center manifold hose to an upright cylinder of HFC-410A. Close manifold gauge set valves
- 2 Set the room thermostat to call for heat. This will create the necessary load to properly charge the system in the cooling cycle.
- 3 Use a digital thermometer to record the outdoor ambient temperature.
- 4 When the heating demand has been satisfied, switch the thermostat to cooling mode with a set point of 68°F (20°C). When pressures have stabilized, use a digital thermometer to record the liquid line temperature.
- 5 The outdoor temperature will determine which charging method to use. Proceed with the appropriate charging procedure.

Using the Weigh-in Method-Outdoor Temperature 64°F (17.7°C) and below

If the system is void of refrigerant, or if the outdoor ambient temperature is 64°F (17.7°C) or below , the refrigerant charge should be weighed into the unit. Do this after any leaks have been repaired.

NOTE: See installation instruction for adding charge for longer line sets.

- 1 Recover the refrigerant from the unit.
- Conduct a leak check, then evacuate as outlined in the installation instructions.
- 3 Weigh in the unit nameplate charge. If weighing facilities are not available or if you are charg-ing the unit during warm weather, follow one of the other procedures outlined as follows.

Using the Subcooling Method—Outdoor Temperature 65°F (18.3°C) and above Use the subcooling method to charge the unit. It may be necessary to restrict the air flow through the outdoor coil to achieve pressures in the 325-375 psig (2240-2585 kPa) range. These higher pressures are necessary for checking the charge. Block equal sections of air intake panels and move obstructions sideways until the liquid pressure is in the 325-375 psig (2240-2585 kPa) range. See figure 1.



Figure 1. Blocking Outdoor Coil

- Block coil one side at a time with cardboard/plastic until proper testing pressures are reached. 1 - With the manifold gauge hose still on the liquid service port and the unit operating stably, use a digital thermometer to record the liquid line temperature.
- 2 At the same time, record the liquid line pressure reading.
- 3 Use a temperature/pressure chart for HFC-410A to determine the saturation temperature for
- the liquid line pressure reading. 4 - Subtract the liquid line temperature from the saturation temperature (according to the chart) to determine subcooling (Saturation temperature - Liquid line temperature = Subcooling Value).



5 **Charging Temperatures and Pressures** XC25 Model -024 -036 -048 -060 Subcooling Values Saturation Temperature minus Liquid Line Temperature °F + 1°F Temp. °F 11 Approach Values Liquid Line Temperature minus Outdoor Ambient Temperature °F + 1°F) Temp, °F 2 8 6 Normal Operating Pressures (Liquid ±10 and Suction ±5 psig) are typical pro

Air Temp*	air quantity, and e	evaporator load will	cause the pressure	s to vary
Minimum Speed	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures			
65°F	155 / 204	158 / 212	151 / 214	149 / 220
75°F	158 / 238	160 / 250	153 / 244	151 / 255
85°F	160 / 277	162 / 286	155 / 289	153 / 297
95°F	161 / 320	165 / 333	157 / 328	155 / 343
105°F	163 / 369	167 / 377	158 / 385	157 / 393
115°F	165 / 427	170 / 415	160 / 431	159 / 444
Maximum Speed	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures			
65°F	147 / 216	130 / 208	136 / 226	133 / 242
75°F	149 / 252	134 / 243	138 / 264	135 / 281
85°F	151 / 292	138 / 285	139 / 316	137 / 325
95°F	152 / 335	140 / 332	141 / 354	139 / 375
105°F	154 / 391	142 / 382	143 / 413	141 / 428
115°F	156 / 446	144 / 436	145 / 472	144 / 487

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Compare the subcooling value with those in table 1. If subcooling is greater than shown, re-cover some refrigerant. If subcooling is less than shown, add some refrigerant. 5

Using the Approach Method-Outdoor Temperature 65°F (18.3°C) and above

- Monitor system pressures while charging. 1 Record outdoor ambient temperature using a digital thermometer. Attach high pressure gauge set and operate unit for several minutes to allow system pres-sures to stabilize.
- Compare stabilized pressures with those provided in table 3, Normal Operating Pressures. Minor variations in these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Significant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem ex-ists with some component in the system. Pressures higher than those listed indicate that the system is overcharged. Pressures lower than those listed indicate that the system is undercharged. Verify adjusted charge using the approach method.
- Use the same digital thermometer used to check outdoor ambient temperature to check liquid line temperature. Verify the unit charge using the approach method.
- The difference between the liquid and ambient temperatures should match values given in table 2. If the values don't agree with the those in table 2, add refrigerant to lower the approach temperature or recover refrigerant from the system to increase the approach temperature.

XC25 — HFC-410A CHARGING PROCEDURE

FOR COMPLETE CHARGING DETAILS, REFER TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION AND SERVICE PROCEDURE (CORP 1253-L11).

IMPORTANT !

Room thermostat must be turned down at least 5°F from set point so charging occurs with system operating at 100% capacity. Seven-segment display on outdoor control will show outdoor unit running capacity

AIRFLOW CHECK - Both airflow and refrigerant charge must be monitored for a proper system set-up. It may be necessary to alternately check and adjust the airflow and the re-frigerant charge.

NOTE - Be sure that filters and indoor and outdoor coils are clean before testing.

The unit is factory-charged with HFC-410A refrigerant in the amount indicated on the unit rating plate. This charge is based on a matching indoor coil and outdoor coil using a 15 foot (4.6 m) line set. The following charging procedure is intended as a general guide. It is intended for use on expansion valve systems only. For best results, indoor temperature should be between 70° F (21°C) and 80°F (27°C) and monitor system pressures while charging. Charging should be done

- (2) Connect the manifold gauge set to the service valves. Connect the low pressure gauge to vapor valve service port and the high pressure gauge to *liquid* valve service port. Connect the center manifold gauge set an upright cylinder of HFC-410A. Close manifold gauge set valves

- Set the room thermostat to call for heat. This will create the necessary load to properly charge the system in the cooling cycle.
 Use a digital thermometer to record the outdoor ambient temperature.
 When the heating demand has been satisfied, switch the thermostat to cooling mode with a set point of 68°F (20°C). When pressures have stabilized, use a digital thermometer to record the liquid line temperature.
- The outdoor temperature will determine which charging method to use. Proceed with the ap-propriate charging procedure list below.

Using the Weigh-in Method—Outdoor Temperature 64°F (17.7°C) and below

If the system is void of refrigerant, or if the outdoor ambient temperature is 64°F (17.7°C) or below, the refrigerant charge should be weighed into the unit. Do this after any leaks have been repaired. NOTE: See installation instruction for adding charge for longer line sets.

Recover the refrigerant from the unit.

- Perform a leak check and evacuate as outlined in the installation instruction.
- 3 Weigh in the unit nameplate charge.

If weighing facilities are not available or if you are charging the unit during warm weather, follow one of the other procedures outlined as follows.

Subcooling Method—Outdoor Temperature 65°F (18.3°C) and above. Use the subcooling method to charge the unit. It may be necessary to restrict the air flow through the outdoor coil to achieve pressures in the 325-375 psig (2240-2585 kPa) range. These higher pressures are necessary for checking the charge. Block equal sections of air intake panels and move obstructions eidenvour util the liquid presure in



- and move obstructions sideways until the liquid pressure is in the 325-375 psig (2240-2585 kPa) range. 1 Block coil one side at a time with cardboard/plastic until proper testing pressures are reached. With the manifold gauge hase still on the liquid service port and the unit operating stably, use a digital thermometer to record the liquid line temperature.
- At the same time, record the liquid line pressure reading.
- Use a temperature/pressure chart for HFC-410A to determine the saturation temperature for the liquid line pressure reading. 4 -

- Subtract the liquid line temperature from the saturation temperature (according to the chart) to determine subcooling (Saturation temperature Liquid line temperature = Subcooling Value)
- 6 Compare the subcooling value with those in table 1. If subcooling is greater than shown, recover some refrigerant. If subcooling is less than shown, add some refrigerant.
 Using the Approach Method—Outdoor Temperature 65°F (18.3°C) and above. Monitor system
- Record outdoor ambient temperature using a digital thermometer.
 Attach high pressure sum and pressure sum and pressures with the pressure sum and the p
- sures to stabilize. Compare stabilized pressures with those provided in table 3, Normal Operating Pressures. Minor variations in these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Sig-nificant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem ex-ists with some component in the system. Pressures higher than those listed indicate that the system is overcharged. Pressures lower than those listed indicate that the system is under-charged. Verify adjusted charge using the approach method. Use the same digital thermometer used to check outdoor ambient temperature to check liquid line temperature. Verify the unit charge using the approach method. 3.
- The difference between the liquid and ambient temperatures should match values given in table 2. If the values don't agree with the those in table 2, add refrigerant to lower the approach temperature or recover refrigerant from the system to increase the approach temperature.

	Charging 1	femperatures a	and Pressures	
XC25 Model	-024	-036	-048	-060
	cooling Values mperature minus Lic	quid Line Temperatı	ıre °F <u>+</u> 1°F	
Temp. °F	7	7	5	11
	roach Values mperature minus O	utdoor Ambient Ten	nperature °F <u>+</u> 1°F)	
Temp. °F	1	2	8	6
Table 3 - Nor	mal Operating Pres	ssures (Liquid <u>+</u> 10	and Suction <u>+</u> 5 ps	sig)
Air Temp*	The values below air quantity, and e	are typical pressure vaporator load will d	es; indoor evaporato cause the pressures	r match up, indo to vary
Minimum Speed	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures
65°F	166 / 204	158 / 212	151 / 214	149 / 220
75°F	167 / 236	160 / 250	153 / 244	151 / 255
85°F	169 / 276	162 / 286	155 / 289	153 / 297
95°F	176 / 317	165 / 333	157 / 328	155 / 343
105°F	178 / 363	167 / 377	158 / 385	157 / 393
115°F	178 / 416	170 / 415	160 / 431	159 / 444
Maximum Speed	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures	Suction / Liquid Line Pressures
65°F	149 / 215	130 / 208	136 / 226	133 / 242
75°F	151 / 249	134 / 243	138 / 264	135 / 281
85°F	153 / 288	138 / 285	139 / 316	137 / 325
95°F	154 / 333	140 / 332	141 / 354	139 / 375
105°F	156 / 383	142 / 382	143 / 413	141 / 428
115°F	158 / 435	144 / 436	145 / 472	144 / 487



Figure 60. XC25 Charging Sticker