

**CBX32MV (HFC-410A) SERIES UNITS (COMMUNICATING)**



**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Specifications .....	2
Model Identification .....	3
Blower Data .....	3
Electric Heat Data .....	9
Upflow/Downflow Unit Dimensions .....	13
Horizontal LH/RH Unit Dimensions .....	14
Installation Clearances .....	15
General .....	15
Installation Requirements .....	15
Brazing Connections .....	19
Condensate Drain Requirements .....	22
Inspecting and Replacing Filters .....	23
Sealing the Unit .....	23
Field Control Wiring .....	24
Air Handler Control Button, Display and Jumpers ..	31
Configuring Unit .....	36
Error Code Recall Mode .....	43
Indoor Blower Test .....	44
Checkout Procedures .....	44
Operation .....	45
Maintenance .....	45
Cabinet Insulation .....	45
Sequence of Operations .....	47
Unit Components .....	60
Electric Heat (ECB40) .....	66

**NOTICE**

A thermostat is not included and must be ordered separately.

- A Lennox communicating thermostat must be used in communicating applications.
- In non-communicating applications, the Lennox ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat may be used, as well as other non-communicating thermostats.

In all cases, setup is critical to ensure proper system operation.

Field wiring for both communicating and non-communicating applications is illustrated in diagrams, which begin on page 24.

**⚠ WARNING**

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause personal injury, loss of life, or damage to property.

Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent) or a service agency.

**⚠ CAUTION**

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and use protective clothing.

This indoor unit is designed for installation with optional field-installed electric heat and a matched remote outdoor unit that is charged with HFC-410A refrigerant. These units, designed for indoor installation in multiple positions, are completely assembled for upflow and horizontal right-hand discharge before being shipped from the factory.

All CBX32MV air handlers are equipped with a factory-installed, internally mounted check expansion valve (CTXV), which is suitable for use in HFC-410A applications.

This air handler is compatible with the ComfortSense® 7500 non-communicating thermostat and non-communicating outdoor units. In addition, newer model units have the enhanced capability of communicating with communicating thermostats and compatible outdoor units using the Lennox RSBUS protocols.

**NOTE** - For downflow or horizontal left-hand air discharge, certain field modifications are required.

This document provides information only on the **CBX32MV-XXX-230-6-06** and later which features the new communicating-enabled hardware. Refer to **Corp. 0206-L3** for earlier model service related information.

## Specifications

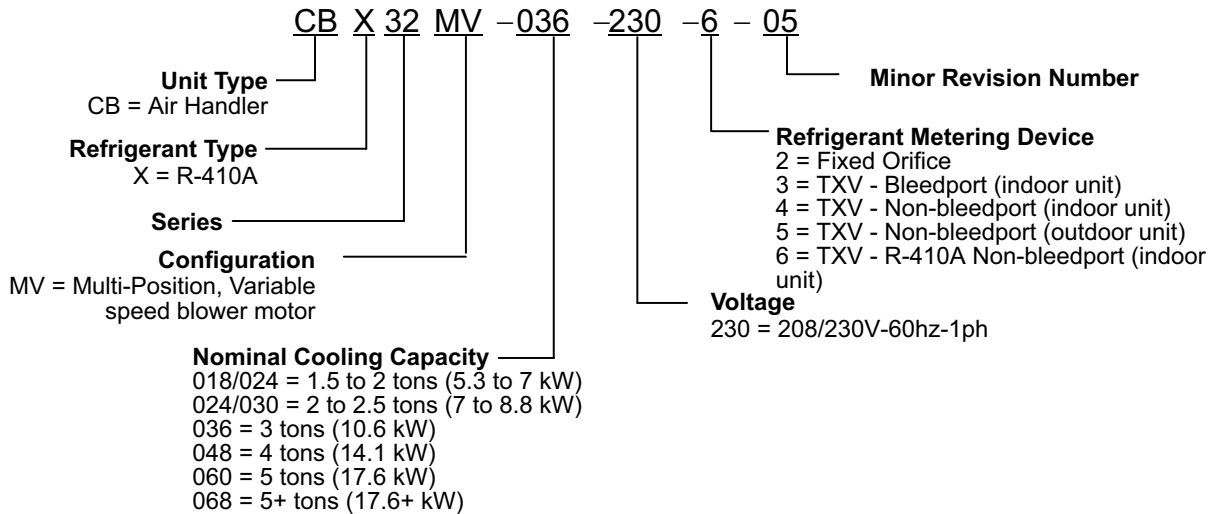
General Data		Model Number	CBX32MV-018/024	CBX32MV-024/030	CBX32MV-036
	Nominal cooling capacity - tons (kW)		1.5 - 2 (5.3 - 7)	2 - 2.5 (7 - 8.8)	3 (10.6)
	Refrigerant		R-410A	R-410A	R-410A
<b>Connections in. (mm)</b>	Suction (vapor) line - sweat		5/8 (15.8)	3/4 (19)	3/4 (19)
	Liquid line - sweat		3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)
	Condensate drain (fpt)		(2) 3/4 (19)	(2) 3/4 (19)	(2) 3/4 (19)
<b>Indoor Coil</b>	Net face area - ft. <sup>2</sup> (m <sup>2</sup> )		3.56 (0.33)	4.44 (0.41)	5.0 (0.46)
	Tube outside diameter - in. (mm)		3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)
	Number of rows		3	3	3
	Fins per inch (fins per m)		12 (472)	12 (472)	12 (472)
<b>Blower Data</b>	Wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (mm)		10 x 7 (279 x 178)	10 x 8 (279 x 203)	10 x 8 (279 x 203)
	Motor output - hp (W)		1/2 (373)	1/2 (373)	1/2 (373)
<b>Filters</b>	<sup>1</sup> Number and size - in.		(1) 15 x 20 x 1	(1) 20 x 20 x 1	(1) 20 x 20 x 1
	mm		381 x 508 x 25	508 x 508 x 25	508 x 508 x 25
Shipping Data - 1 Package lbs. (kg)			126 (57)	152 (69)	183 (83)
<b>ELECTRICAL DATA</b>					
<b>Voltage - phase - 60hz</b>			208/230V-1ph	208/230V-1ph	208/230V-1ph
<b>Maximum overcurrent protection (unit only)<sup>2</sup></b>			15	15	15
<b>Minimum circuit ampacity (unit only)</b>			5	5	5
General Data		Model Number	CBX32MV-048	CBX32MV-060	CBX32MV-068
	Nominal cooling capacity - tons (kW)		4 (14.1)	5 (17.6)	5+ (17.6+)
	Refrigerant		HFC-410A	HFC-410A	HFC-410A
<b>Connections in. (mm)</b>	Suction (vapor) line - sweat		7/8 (22.2)	1-1/8 (28)	1-1/8 (28)
	Liquid line - sweat		3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)
	Condensate drain (fpt)		(2) 3/4 (19)	(2) 3/4 (19)	(2) 3/4 (19)
<b>Indoor Coil</b>	Net face area - ft. <sup>2</sup> (m <sup>2</sup> )		7.22 (0.67)	7.22 (0.67)	7.77 (0.72)
	Tube outside diameter - in. (mm)		3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)	3/8 (9.5)
	Number of rows		3	3	3
	Fins per inch (fins per m)		12 (472)	12 (472)	12 (472)
<b>Blower Data</b>	Wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (mm)		12 x 9 (305 x 229)	12 x 9 (305 x 229)	15 x 9 (381 x 229)
	Motor output - hp (W)		1 (746)	1 (746)	1 (746)
<b>Filters</b>	<sup>1</sup> Number and size - in.		(1) 20 x 24 x 1	(1) 20 x 24 x 1	(1) 20 x 25 x 1
	mm		508 x 610 x 25	508 x 610 x 25	508 x 635 x 25
<b>Shipping Data - 1 Package - lbs. (kg)</b>			212 (96)	212 (96)	244 (111)
<b>ELECTRICAL DATA</b>					
<b>Voltage - phase - 60hz</b>			208/230V-1ph	208/230V-1ph	208/230V-1ph
<b>Maximum overcurrent protection (unit only)<sup>2</sup></b>			20	20	20
<b>Minimum circuit ampacity (unit only)</b>			11	11	11

## Optional Accessories

For up-to-date information, see any of the following publications:

- Lennox CBX32MV Product Specification bulletin (EHB)
- Lennox Commercial Price Book

## Model Identification



## Blower Data

### CBX32MV-018/024 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

"AJUST" Jumper Setting	Jumper Speed Positions							
	"HEAT" Speed				"COOL" Speed			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm
+	715	855	1000	1130	465	690	900	1050
NORM	670	770	900	1035	425	620	825	950
-	580	700	800	930	385	560	735	850

#### NOTES:

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 250 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed of 250 cfm.

### CBX32MV-018/024 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT + (Plus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at + Setting)

Jumper Speed Positions	Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)									
	0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)	
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	100	113	126	142	154	172	190	206	230
	Tap 2	155	176	197	221	237	260	278	295	310
	Tap 3	237	260	289	305	314	337	356	373	390
	Tap 4	338	361	379	409	433	457	447	426	406
COOL Speed	Tap 1	36	47	61	71	81	95	106	118	135
	Tap 2	89	103	118	129	143	163	177	197	207
	Tap 3	183	198	229	248	266	290	307	327	343
	Tap 4	266	294	315	330	349	373	390	411	401

<b>CBX32MV-018/024 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT NORM SETTING (Adjust Jumper at NORM Setting)</b>										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	77	96	106	123	130	150	165	178	201
	Tap 2	118	136	154	177	189	212	224	247	265
	Tap 3	183	198	224	248	264	284	307	321	343
	Tap 4	264	284	300	326	343	367	385	406	390
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	30	41	55	62	76	86	94	106	114
	Tap 2	71	83	101	113	125	138	156	166	185
	Tap 3	137	158	176	199	219	238	254	273	296
	Tap 4	211	225	249	272	295	318	331	342	367

<b>CBX32MV-018/024 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT - (Minus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at - Setting)</b>										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	59	73	89	106	113	130	142	156	173
	Tap 2	95	106	118	136	152	171	183	200	215
	Tap 3	132	148	171	186	211	225	248	266	284
	Tap 4	195	217	242	259	283	302	314	336	349
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	27	35	47	59	71	77	88	92	106
	Tap 2	57	65	83	94	110	119	134	148	166
	Tap 3	110	124	141	157	176	188	213	231	242
	Tap 4	148	170	195	207	230	248	272	282	306

**CBX32MV-024/030 BLOWER PERFORMANCE**

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

"AJUST" Jumper Setting	Jumper Speed Positions								
	"HEAT" Speed				"COOL" Speed				
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm
+ <b>NORM</b> -	800	935	1070	1210	660	880	1100	1320	
	725	850	975	1100	600	800	1000	1200	
	655	765	880	990	540	720	900	1080	

**NOTES:**

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 250 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed of 250 cfm.

<b>CBX32MV-024/030 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT + (Plus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at + Setting)</b>										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	65	90	120	145	185	210	240	250	275
	Tap 2	95	125	150	185	230	265	310	345	365
	Tap 3	140	190	225	250	290	320	350	405	450
	Tap 4	215	250	285	315	350	390	440	480	505
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	45	60	90	120	140	155	165	185	200
	Tap 2	80	110	135	165	205	250	285	315	335
	Tap 3	150	195	225	260	295	320	370	425	465
	Tap 4	265	315	350	400	440	485	525	555	605

CBX32MV-024/030 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT NORM SETTING (Adjust Jumper at NORM Setting)										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	50	75	100	135	155	180	195	215	230
	Tap 2	80	105	130	155	200	245	265	295	310
	Tap 3	110	150	175	200	235	275	320	350	390
	Tap 4	155	205	230	270	290	325	360	405	460
COOL Speed	Tap 1	40	55	80	105	120	130	150	165	180
	Tap 2	65	90	120	145	190	210	240	260	285
	Tap 3	105	145	175	220	250	285	335	370	405
	Tap 4	200	245	275	300	335	385	420	470	515

CBX32MV-024/030 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT - (Minus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at - Setting)										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	45	65	90	110	130	150	165	190	195
	Tap 2	60	85	110	145	175	200	215	235	240
	Tap 3	85	105	130	165	210	245	280	305	330
	Tap 4	115	145	175	205	230	280	325	370	390
COOL Speed	Tap 1	30	50	70	90	100	115	125	140	165
	Tap 2	55	75	100	135	155	185	190	210	225
	Tap 3	85	115	135	175	210	255	295	320	345
	Tap 4	145	175	215	245	280	325	355	410	450

### CBX32MV-036 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

"AJUST" Jumper Setting	Jumper Speed Positions							
	"HEAT" Speed				"COOL" Speed			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm
+	1230	1335	1445	1545	900	1225	1380	1545
NORM	1120	1215	1315	1400	810	1125	1275	1400
-	1010	1185	1200	1265	730	1000	1135	1265

#### NOTES:

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 250 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed of 250 cfm.

CBX32MV-036 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT + (Plus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at + Setting)										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	220	235	265	290	310	335	360	385	465
	Tap 2	285	305	330	355	380	405	430	450	475
	Tap 3	345	365	405	430	455	485	515	545	570
	Tap 4	470	495	515	530	545	560	575	595	610
COOL Speed	Tap 1	145	165	200	225	250	275	300	325	350
	Tap 2	225	245	265	290	320	350	370	395	410
	Tap 3	305	325	350	390	420	445	475	505	535
	Tap 4	470	495	515	530	545	560	575	595	610

CBX32MV-036 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT NORM SETTING (Adjust Jumper at NORM Setting)										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	155	185	215	240	265	285	300	335	355
	Tap 2	225	245	270	295	325	345	370	390	415
	Tap 3	275	290	315	340	375	400	420	445	465
	Tap 4	320	345	375	405	435	460	485	515	540
COOL Speed	Tap 1	120	140	160	190	210	230	255	275	300
	Tap 2	160	190	220	240	265	290	320	340	365
	Tap 3	255	270	295	320	345	375	400	420	445
	Tap 4	320	345	375	405	435	460	485	515	540

CBX32MV-036 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT - (Minus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at - Setting)										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	120	135	165	185	205	225	245	265	300
	Tap 2	140	165	195	215	245	270	300	315	335
	Tap 3	185	210	240	265	285	310	330	360	385
	Tap 4	245	255	290	310	335	355	380	405	430
COOL Speed	Tap 1	90	110	135	155	180	195	210	230	250
	Tap 2	120	140	160	185	215	235	255	275	295
	Tap 3	160	190	225	240	275	295	320	350	380
	Tap 4	245	255	290	310	335	355	380	405	430

### CBX32MV-048 and CBX32MV-060 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

"AJUST" Jumper Setting	Jumper Speed Positions								
	"HEAT" Speed				"COOL" Speed				
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
+ NORM -	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm
	1850	1960	2090	2150	1625	1820	2055	2145	
	1705	1800	1900	2005	1425	1625	1805	2005	
	1560	1625	1720	1770	1205	1375	1555	1725	

#### NOTES:

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 450 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed of 450 cfm.

CBX32MV-048 AND CBX32MV-060 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT + (Plus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at + Setting)										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
HEAT Speed	Tap 1	455	505	540	585	630	665	710	745	780
	Tap 2	555	595	645	675	730	780	820	865	895
	Tap 3	680	720	770	820	865	900	945	985	1030
	Tap 4	730	780	825	870	920	970	1020	1055	1110
COOL Speed	Tap 1	300	335	370	360	435	465	500	535	575
	Tap 2	425	475	500	545	585	635	670	710	745
	Tap 3	625	660	705	755	810	850	885	940	970
	Tap 4	700	750	800	845	895	940	990	1030	1080

<b>CBX32MV-048 AND CBX32MV-060 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT NORM SETTING (Adjust Jumper at NORM Setting)</b>										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	360	385	425	465	495	525	565	600	635
	Tap 2	400	440	485	520	555	595	640	670	705
	Tap 3	480	520	560	605	640	685	765	785	805
	Tap 4	580	625	665	710	760	800	835	875	925
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	215	235	275	295	330	360	400	430	465
	Tap 2	310	335	375	405	440	465	500	530	565
	Tap 3	415	445	490	535	565	605	650	675	715
	Tap 4	580	610	655	695	740	785	830	870	910

<b>CBX32MV-048 AND CBX32MV-060 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT - (Minus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at - Setting)</b>										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	265	305	340	370	410	440	460	505	540
	Tap 2	320	350	395	420	450	475	515	545	580
	Tap 3	375	410	435	470	515	545	575	610	645
	Tap 4	400	435	480	525	555	595	640	670	700
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	140	170	195	215	250	275	300	335	360
	Tap 2	200	230	260	285	315	355	385	415	450
	Tap 3	280	315	340	380	415	445	465	505	540
	Tap 4	375	420	440	475	515	550	575	610	645

**CBX32MV-068 BLOWER PERFORMANCE**

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

"AJUST" Jumper Setting	Jumper Speed Positions								
	"HEAT" Speed				"COOL" Speed				
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm	cfm
<b>+</b>	1875	1975	2090	2150	1640	1840	2075	2150	
<b>NORM</b>	1760	1825	1920	2030	1465	1625	1800	2000	
<b>-</b>	1550	1650	1725	1800	1250	1390	1560	1720	

**NOTES:**

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 450 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed of 450 cfm.

<b>CBX32MV-068 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT + (Plus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at + Setting)</b>										
Jumper Speed Positions		Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)								
		0 (0)	0.1 (25)	0.2 (50)	0.3 (75)	0.4 (100)	0.5 (125)	0.6 (150)	0.7 (175)	0.8 (200)
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	365	410	455	495	545	610	660	725	790
	Tap 2	430	485	540	590	640	690	765	835	865
	Tap 3	540	585	635	695	750	800	815	840	865
	Tap 4	665	710	755	770	790	810	830	845	870
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	255	290	320	365	415	455	505	550	590
	Tap 2	355	390	425	475	515	580	630	695	750
	Tap 3	505	565	610	70	715	790	815	845	865
	Tap 4	725	745	755	770	790	810	830	850	870

<b>CBX32MV-068 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT NORM SETTING (Adjust Jumper at NORM Setting)</b>										
<b>Jumper Speed Positions</b>		<b>Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)</b>								
		<b>0 (0)</b>	<b>0.1 (25)</b>	<b>0.2 (50)</b>	<b>0.3 (75)</b>	<b>0.4 (100)</b>	<b>0.5 (125)</b>	<b>0.6 (150)</b>	<b>0.7 (175)</b>	<b>0.8 (200)</b>
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	310	345	385	425	465	510	560	610	665
	Tap 2	345	385	420	460	500	620	615	680	735
	Tap 3	385	430	480	525	580	640	695	750	815
	Tap 4	475	525	560	615	660	720	785	845	810
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	180	205	240	285	325	365	405	435	480
	Tap 2	250	285	320	355	410	455	505	535	585
	Tap 3	345	375	415	460	505	560	610	670	735
	Tap 4	445	510	560	595	665	725	790	845	865

<b>CBX32MV-068 BLOWER MOTOR WATTS AT - (Minus) SETTING (Adjust Jumper at - Setting)</b>										
<b>Jumper Speed Positions</b>		<b>Motor Watts @ Various External Static Pressures - in. wg. (Pa)</b>								
		<b>0 (0)</b>	<b>0.1 (25)</b>	<b>0.2 (50)</b>	<b>0.3 (75)</b>	<b>0.4 (100)</b>	<b>0.5 (125)</b>	<b>0.6 (150)</b>	<b>0.7 (175)</b>	<b>0.8 (200)</b>
<b>HEAT Speed</b>	Tap 1	215	245	285	325	375	415	460	495	540
	Tap 2	255	295	325	370	410	460	510	545	580
	Tap 3	295	330	375	395	445	495	555	600	660
	Tap 4	335	370	400	445	505	550	600	660	705
<b>COOL Speed</b>	Tap 1	125	150	170	210	245	270	300	340	370
	Tap 2	160	185	225	255	300	335	365	415	450
	Tap 3	225	245	280	320	370	420	460	510	545
	Tap 4	290	325	355	400	445	490	545	595	650



## Electric Heat Data

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA - CBX32MV-018/024 AND CBX32MV-024/030												
SINGLE PHASE ELECTRIC HEAT							CBX32MV-018/024		CBX32MV-024/030			
Model Number		No. of Stages	Volts Input	kW Input	1 Btuh Input	2 Blower Motor Full Load Amps	3 Minimum Circuit Ampacity	5 Maximum Overcurrent Protection	3 Minimum Circuit Ampacity		5 Maximum Overcurrent Protection	
									Circuit		Circuit	
									1	2	1	2
2.5 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-2.5 (34W86) Terminal Block	1	208	1.9	6,400	4.0	16	20	---	---	---	---
			220	2.1	7,200	4.0	17	20	---	---	---	---
			230	2.3	7,800	4.0	18	20	---	---	---	---
			240	2.5	8,500	4.0	18	20	---	---	---	---
4 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-4 (55W89) Terminal Block ECB40-4CB (55W90) 30A Circuit breaker	1	208	3.0	10,250	4.0	23	25	23	---	25	---
			220	3.4	11,450	4.0	24	25	24	---	25	---
			230	3.7	12,550	4.0	25	25	25	---	25	---
			240	4.0	13,650	4.0	26	30	26	---	30	---
5 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-5 (34W87) Terminal Block ECB40-5CB (34W90) 35A Circuit breaker	1	208	3.8	12,800	4.0	28	30	28	---	30	---
			220	4.2	14,300	4.0	29	30	29	---	30	---
			230	4.6	15,700	4.0	30	30	30	---	30	---
			240	5.0	17,100	4.0	31	35	31	---	35	---
6 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-6 (34W88) Terminal Block ECB40-6CB (34W91) 40A Circuit breaker	1	208	4.5	15,400	4.0	32	35	32	---	35	---
			220	5.0	17,100	4.0	33	35	33	---	35	---
			230	5.5	18,800	4.0	35	35	35	---	35	---
			240	6.0	20,500	4.0	36	40	36	---	40	---
8 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-8 (34W89) Terminal Block ECB40-8CB (34W92) 50A Circuit breaker	1	208	6.0	20,500	4.0	41	45	41	---	45	---
			220	6.7	22,900	4.0	43	45	43	---	45	---
			230	7.3	25,100	4.0	45	45	45	---	45	---
			240	8.0	27,300	4.0	47	50	47	---	50	---
9 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-9CB (34W93) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	6.8	23,100	4.0	---	---	46	---	50	---
			220	7.6	25,800	4.0	---	---	48	---	50	---
			230	8.3	28,200	4.0	---	---	50	---	50	---
			240	9.0	30,700	4.0	---	---	52	---	60	---
12.5 kW 10 lbs.	ECB40-12.5CB (34W94) (1) 30A & (1) 45A Circuit breaker	2	208	9.4	32,000	4.0	---	---	24	38	25	40
			220	10.5	35,800	4.0	---	---	25	40	25	40
			230	11.5	39,200	4.0	---	---	26	42	30	45
			240	12.5	42,600	4.0	---	---	27	44	30	45
15 kW 12 lbs.	ECB40-15CB (34W95) (1) 35A & (1) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	11.3	38,400	4.0	---	---	28	45	30	45
			220	12.6	43,000	4.0	---	---	29	48	30	50
			230	13.8	47,000	4.0	---	---	30	50	30	50
			240	15.0	51,200	4.0	---	---	31	52	35	60

**NOTE** – Circuit 1 Minimum Circuit Ampacity includes the Blower Motor Full Load Amps.

<sup>1</sup> Electric heater capacity only – does not include additional blower motor heat capacity.

<sup>2</sup> Amps shown are for blower motor only.

<sup>3</sup> Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements. Use wires suitable for at least 167°F.

<sup>4</sup> **Bold text indicates that the circuit breaker on “CB” circuit breaker models must be replaced with size noted. See Table on page 6.**

<sup>5</sup> HACR type circuit breaker or fuse.

ELECTRIC HEAT DATA - CBX32MV-036										
SINGLE PHASE ELECTRIC HEAT						CBX32MV-036				
Model Number		No. of Stages	Volts Input	kW Input	<sup>1</sup> Btuh Input	<sup>2</sup> Blower Motor Full Load Amps	<sup>3</sup> Minimum Circuit Ampacity		<sup>5</sup> Maximum Overcurrent Protection	
							Circuit		Circuit	
							1	2	1	2
4 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-4 (55W89) Terminal Block ECB40-4CB (55W90) 35A Circuit breaker	1	208	3.0	10,250	4.0	23	---	25	---
			220	3.4	11,450	4.0	24	---	25	---
			230	3.7	12,550	4.0	25	---	25	---
			240	4.0	13,650	4.0	26	---	30	---
5 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-5 (34W87) Terminal Block ECB40-5CB (34W90) 35A Circuit breaker	1	208	3.8	12,800	4.0	28	---	30	---
			220	4.2	14,300	4.0	29	---	30	---
			230	4.6	15,700	4.0	30	---	30	---
			240	5.0	17,100	4.0	31	---	35	---
6 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-6 (34W88) Terminal Block ECB40-6CB (34W91) 40A Circuit breaker	1	208	4.5	15,400	4.0	32	---	35	---
			220	5.0	17,100	4.0	33	---	35	---
			230	5.5	18,800	4.0	35	---	35	---
			240	6.0	20,500	4.0	36	---	40	---
8 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-8 (34W89) Terminal Block ECB40-8CB (34W92) 50A Circuit breaker	1	208	6.0	20,500	4.0	41	---	45	---
			220	6.7	22,900	4.0	43	---	45	---
			230	7.3	25,100	4.0	45	---	45	---
			240	8.0	27,300	4.0	47	---	50	---
9 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-9CB (34W93) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	6.8	23,100	4.0	46	---	50	---
			220	7.6	25,800	4.0	48	---	50	---
			230	8.3	28,200	4.0	50	---	50	---
			240	9.0	30,700	4.0	52	---	60	---
12.5 kW 10 lbs.	ECB40-12.5CB (34W94) (1) 30A & (1) 45A Circuit breaker	2	208	9.4	32,000	4.0	24	38	25	40
			220	10.5	35,800	4.0	25	40	25	40
			230	11.5	39,200	4.0	26	42	30	45
			240	12.5	42,600	4.0	27	44	30	45
15 kW 12 lbs.	ECB40-15CB (34W95) (1) 35A & (1) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	11.3	38,400	4.0	28	45	30	45
			220	12.6	43,000	4.0	29	48	30	50
			230	13.8	47,000	4.0	30	50	30	50
			240	15.0	51,200	4.0	31	52	35	60
20 kW 19 lbs.	ECB40-20CB (34W96) (2) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	15.0	51,200	4.0	46	50	50	50
			220	16.8	57,300	4.0	48	53	50	60
			230	18.4	62,700	4.0	50	55	50	60
			240	20.0	68,200	4.0	52	57	60	60
THREE PHASE ELECTRIC HEAT										
8 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-8 (34W98) Terminal Block	1	208	6.0	20,500	4.0	26	---	30	---
			220	6.7	22,900	4.0	27	---	30	---
			230	7.3	25,100	4.0	28	---	30	---
			240	8.0	27,300	4.0	28	---	30	---
10 kW 6 lbs.	ECB40-10 (34W99) Terminal Block	1	208	7.5	25,600	4.0	31	---	35	---
			220	8.4	28,700	4.0	33	---	35	---
			230	9.2	31,400	4.0	34	---	35	---
			240	10.0	34,100	4.0	35	---	35	---
15 kW 12 lbs.	ECB40-15CB (35W00) 50A Circuit breaker	1	208	11.3	38,400	4.0	44	---	45	---
			220	12.6	43,000	4.0	46	---	50	---
			230	13.5	47,000	4.0	48	---	50	---
			240	15.0	51,200	4.0	50	---	50	---

**ELECTRIC HEAT DATA - CBX32MV-036 (Continued)**

THREE PHASE ELECTRIC HEAT						CBX32MV-036				
Model Number	No. of Stages	Volts Input	kW Input	1 Btuh Input	2 Blower Motor Full Load Amps	3 Minimum Circuit Ampacity		5 Maximum Overcurrent Protection		
						Circuit		Circuit		
						1	2	1	2	
20 kW 19 lbs.	ECB40-20CB (35W01) (2) 35A Circuit breaker	2	208	15.0	51,200	4.0	31	26	35	30
			220	16.8	57,300	4.0	33	28	35	30
			230	18.4	62,700	4.0	34	29	35	30
			240	20.0	68,200	4.0	35	30	35	35

NOTE - Circuit 1 Minimum Circuit Ampacity includes the Blower Motor Full Load Amps.

<sup>1</sup> Electric heater capacity only – does not include additional blower motor heat capacity.

<sup>2</sup> Amps shown are for blower motor only.

<sup>3</sup> Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements. Use wires suitable for at least 167°F.

<sup>4</sup> Bold text indicates that the circuit breaker on "CB" circuit breaker models must be replaced with size noted. See Table on page 6.

<sup>5</sup> HACR type circuit breaker or fuse.

**ELECTRIC HEAT DATA - CBX32MV-048, CBX32MV-060, AND CBX32MV-068**

SINGLE PHASE ELECTRIC HEAT						CBX32MV-048, CBX32MV-060, AND CBX32MV-068						
Model Number	No. of Stages	Volts Input	kW Input	1 Btuh Input	2 Blower Motor Full Load Amps	3 Minimum Circuit Ampacity			5 Maximum Overcurrent Protection			
						Circuit 1	Circuit 2	Circuit 3	Circuit 1	Circuit 2	Circuit 3	
						4 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-4 (55W89) Terminal Block ECB40-4CB (55W90) 35A Circuit breaker	1	208	3.0	10,250	7.4
220	3.4	11,450	7.4	28	---	---			30	---	---	
230	3.7	12,550	7.4	29	---	---			30	---	---	
240	4.0	13,650	7.4	30	---	---			30	---	---	
5 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-5 (34W87) Terminal Block ECB40-5CB (34W90) 35A Circuit breaker	1	208	3.8	12,800	7.4	32	---	---	35	---	---
220			4.2	14,300	7.4	33	---	---	35	---	---	
230			4.6	15,700	7.4	34	---	---	35	---	---	
240			5.0	17,100	7.4	35	---	---	35	---	---	
6 kW 4 lbs.	ECB40-6 (34W88) Terminal Block ECB40-6CB (34W91) 40A Circuit breaker	1	208	4.5	15,400	7.4	36	---	---	40	---	---
220			5.0	17,100	7.4	38	---	---	40	---	---	
230			5.5	18,800	7.4	39	---	---	40	---	---	
240			6.0	20,500	7.4	41	---	---	45	---	---	
8 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-8 (34W89) Terminal Block ECB40-8CB (34W92) 50A Circuit breaker	1	208	6.0	20,500	7.4	45	---	---	45	---	---
220			6.7	22,900	7.4	47	---	---	50	---	---	
230			7.3	25,100	7.4	49	---	---	50	---	---	
240			8.0	27,300	7.4	51	---	---	60	---	---	
9 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-9CB (34W93) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	6.8	23,100	7.4	50	---	---	50	---	---
220			7.6	25,800	7.4	52	---	---	60	---	---	
230			8.3	28,200	7.4	54	---	---	60	---	---	
240			9.0	30,700	7.4	56	---	---	60	---	---	
12.5 kW 10 lbs.	ECB40-12.5CB (34W94) (1) 30A & (1) 45A Circuit breaker	2	208	9.4	32,000	7.4	28	38	---	30	40	---
220			10.5	35,800	7.4	29	40	---	30	40	---	
230			11.5	39,200	7.4	30	42	---	30	45	---	
240			12.5	42,600	7.4	31	44	---	35	45	---	
15 kW 12 lbs.	ECB40-15CB (34W95) (1) 35A & (1) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	11.3	38,400	7.4	32	45	---	35	45	---
220			12.6	43,000	7.4	33	48	---	35	50	---	
230			13.5	47,000	7.4	34	50	---	35	50	---	
240			15.0	51,200	7.4	35	52	---	35	60	---	

20 kW 19 lbs.	ECB40-20CB (34W96) (2) 60A Circuit breaker	2	208	15.0	51,200	7.4	50	50	---	50	50	---
			220	16.8	57,300	7.4	52	53	---	60	60	---
			230	18.4	62,700	7.4	54	55	---	60	60	---
			240	20.0	68,200	7.4	56	57	---	60	60	---
25 kW 19 lbs.	ECB40-25CB (34W97) (1) 60A & (2) 45A Circuit breaker	3	208	18.8	64,100	7.4	47	38	38	50	40	40
			220	21.0	71,700	7.4	49	40	40	50	40	40
			230	23.0	78,300	7.4	51	42	42	60	45	45
			240	25.0	85,300	7.4	53	44	44	60	45	45
<b>THREE PHASE ELECTRIC HEAT</b>												
8 kW 5 lbs.	ECB40-8 (34W98) Terminal block	1	208	6.0	20,500	7.4	30	---	---	35	---	---
			220	6.7	22,900	7.4	31	---	---	35	---	---
			230	7.3	25,100	7.4	32	---	---	35	---	---
			240	8.0	27,300	7.4	33	---	---	35	---	---
10 kW 6 lbs.	ECB40-10 (34W99) Terminal block	1	208	7.5	25,600	7.4	35	---	---	40	---	---
			220	8.4	28,700	7.4	37	---	---	40	---	---
			230	9.2	31,400	7.4	38	---	---	40	---	---
			240	10.0	34,100	7.4	39	---	---	40	---	---
15 kW 12 lbs.	ECB40-15CB (35W00) 50A Circuit breaker	1	208	11.3	38,400	7.4	48	---	---	50	---	---
			220	12.6	43,000	7.4	51	---	---	60	---	---
			230	13.5	47,000	7.4	52	---	---	60	---	---
			240	15.0	51,200	7.4	54	---	---	60	---	---
20 kW 19 lbs.	ECB40-20CB (35W01) (2) 35A Circuit breaker	2	208	15.0	51,200	7.4	35	26	---	40	30	---
			220	16.8	57,300	7.4	37	28	---	40	30	---
			230	18.4	62,700	7.4	38	29	---	40	30	---
			240	20.0	68,200	7.4	39	30	---	40	35	---
25 kW 19 lbs.	ECB40-25CB (35W02) (1) 50A & (1) 40A Circuit breaker	2	208	18.8	64,100	7.4	42	33	---	45	35	---
			220	21.0	71,700	7.4	44	34	---	45	35	---
			230	23.0	78,300	7.4	45	36	---	50	40	---
			240	25.0	85,300	7.4	47	38	---	50	40	---

NOTE - Circuit 1 Minimum Circuit Ampacity includes the Blower Motor Full Load Amps.

<sup>1</sup> Electric heater capacity only – does not include additional blower motor heat capacity.

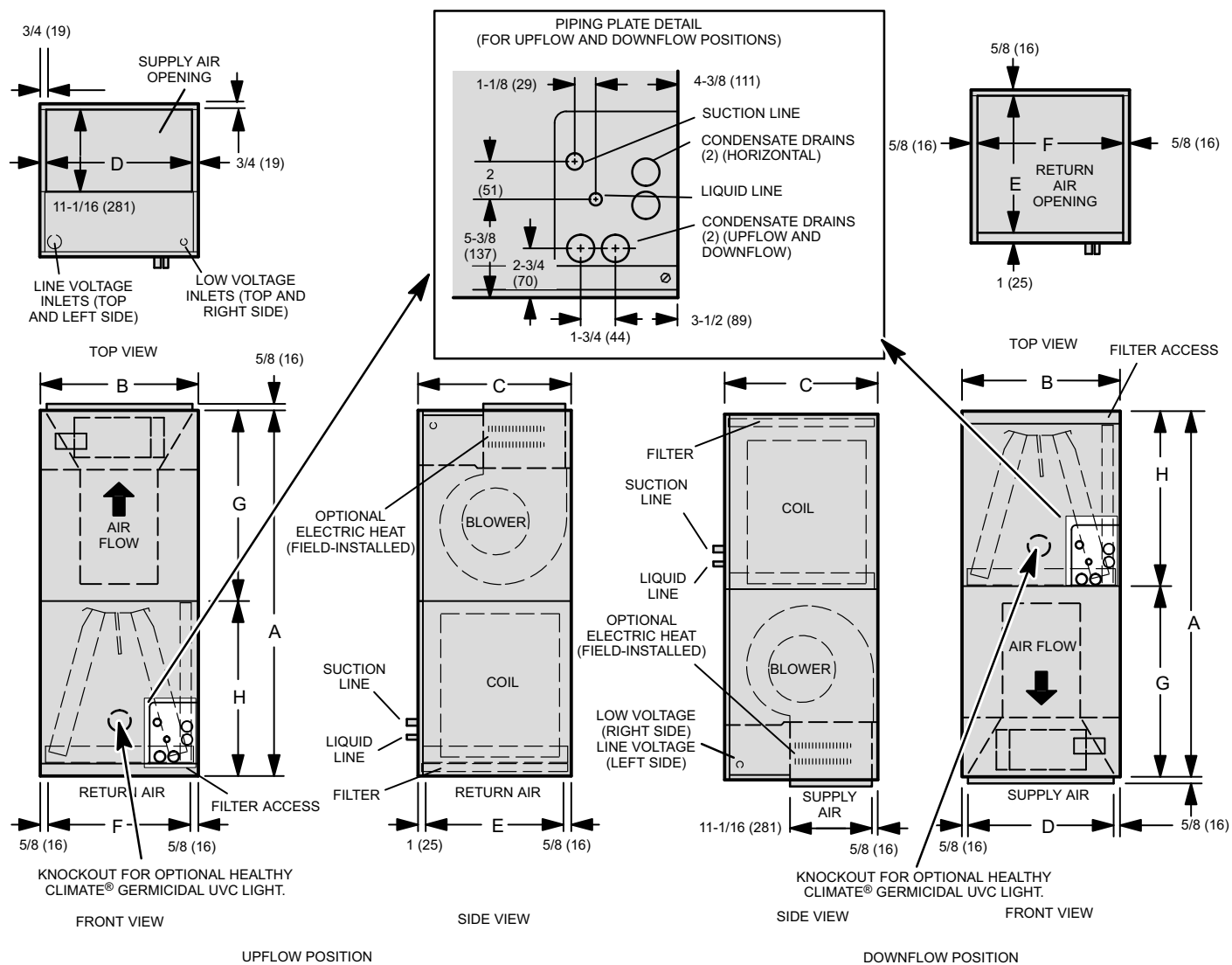
<sup>2</sup> Amps shown are for blower motor only.

<sup>3</sup> Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements. Use wires suitable for at least 167°F.

<sup>4</sup> Bold text indicates that the circuit breaker on "CB" circuit breaker models must be replaced with size noted. See Table on page 6.

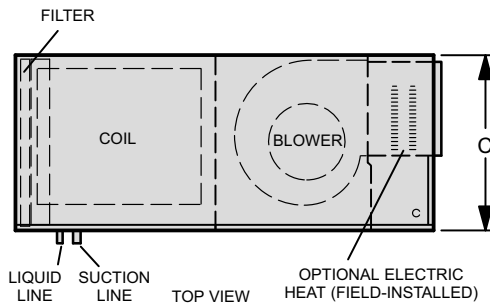
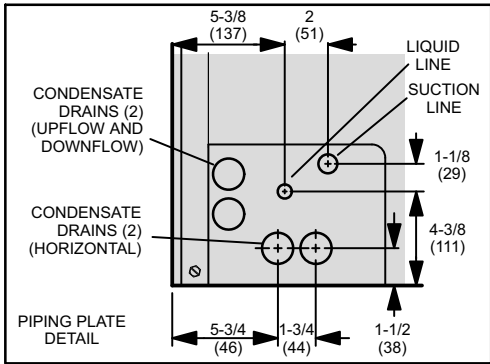
<sup>5</sup> HACR type circuit breaker or fuse.

# CBX32MV Upflow and Downflow Unit Dimensions — Inches (millimeters)



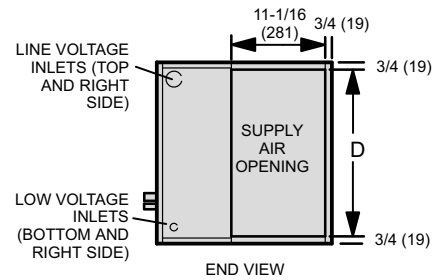
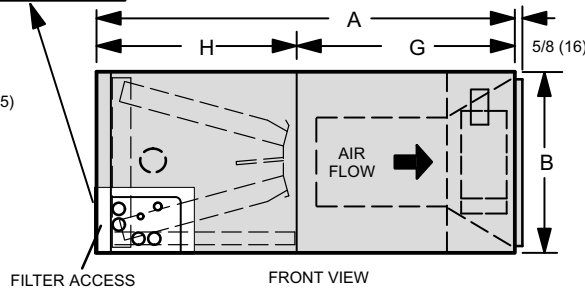
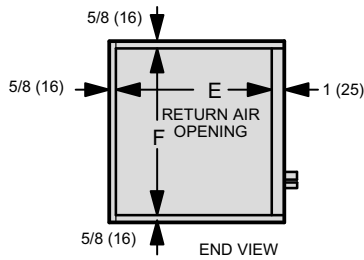
<b>CBX32MV Model Dimensions (Upflow, Downflow, Left- and Right-Hand Horizontal applications)</b>					
Dim.	<b>-018/024</b>	<b>-024/030</b>	<b>-036</b>	<b>-048 and -060</b>	<b>-068</b>
	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)	in. (mm)
<b>A</b>	45-1/4 (1149)	49-1/4 (1251)	51 (1295)	58-1/2 (1486)	65 (1651)
<b>B</b>	16-1/4 (413)	21-1/4 (540)	21-1/4 (540)	21-1/4 (540)	21-1/4 (540)
<b>C</b>	20-5/8 (524)	20-5/8 (524)	22-5/8 (575)	24-5/8 (625)	26-5/8 (676)
<b>D</b>	14-3/4 (375)	19-3/4 (502)	19-3/4 (502)	19-3/4 (502)	19-3/4 (502)
<b>E</b>	19 (483)	19 (483)	21 (533)	23 (584)	25 (635)
<b>F</b>	15 (381)	20 (508)	20 (508)	20 (508)	20 (508)
<b>G</b>	24-5/8 (625)	24-5/8 (625)	26-3/8 (670)	27-7/8 (708)	32-3/8 (822)
<b>H</b>	20-5/8 (524)	24-5/8 (625)	24-5/8 (625)	30-5/8 (778)	32-5/8 (829)

**CBX32MV Horizontal Left- and Right-Hand Unit Dimensions — Inches (mm)**

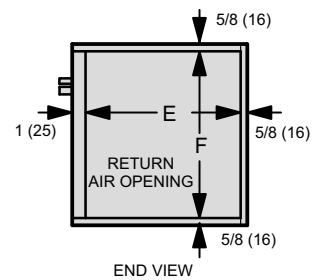
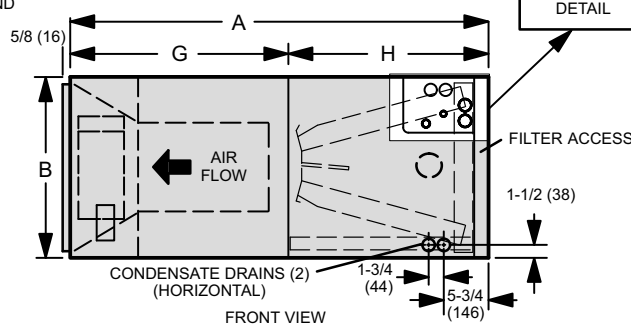
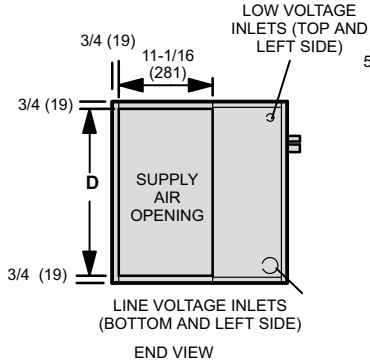
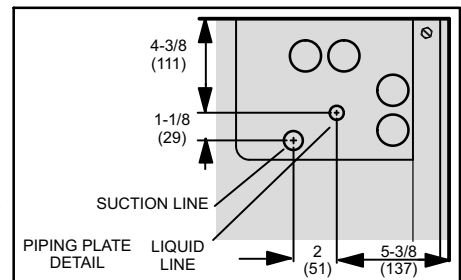
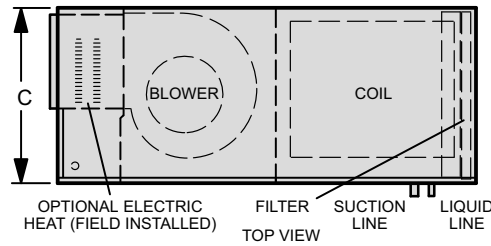


**Horizontal Position  
(Right-Hand Air Discharge)**

FOR DIMENSIONS "A" THROUGH "H", SEE CHART ON PAGE 13.



**Horizontal Position  
(Left-Hand Air Discharge)**



## General

This indoor unit is designed for installation with optional field-installed electric heat and a matched remote outdoor unit that is charged with HFC-410A refrigerant. These units, designed for indoor installation in multiple positions, are completely assembled for upflow and horizontal right-hand discharge before being shipped from the factory.

All CBX32MV air handlers are equipped with a factory-installed, internally mounted check expansion valve (CTXV), which is suitable for use in HFC-410A applications.

**NOTE** - For downflow or horizontal left-hand air discharge, certain field modifications are required.

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local or national codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation. Check equipment for shipping damage; if found, immediately report damage to the last carrier.

## Installation Clearances

<b>Cabinet</b>	0 inch (0 mm)
<b>To Plenum</b>	1 inch (25 mm)
<b>To Outlet Duct within 3 feet (914 mm)</b>	1 inch (25 mm)
<b>Floor</b>	See Note #1
<b>Service / Maintenance</b>	See Note #2

<sup>1</sup> Units installed on combustible floors in the down-flow position with electric heat require optional down-flow additive base.

<sup>2</sup> Front Service Access - 24 inches (610mm) minimum.

**NOTE** - If cabinet depth is more than 24 inches (610 mm), allow a minimum of the cabinet depth plus 2 inches (51 mm).

## ⚠ IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFCs, HCFCs and HFCs) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for noncompliance.

## ⚠ WARNING

During blower operation, the ECM motor emits energy that may interfere with pacemaker operation. Interference is reduced by both the sheet metal cabinet and distance.

## ⚠ WARNING

Improper installation of the air handler can result in personal injury or death.

Do not allow external combustion products or other contaminants to enter the return air system or to be mixed with air that will be supplied to the living space. Use sheet metal screws and joint tape or duct mastic to seal return air system to air handler. In platform installations, the air handler should be sealed airtight to the return air plenum. A door must never be used as a portion of the return air duct system. The base must provide a stable support and an airtight seal to the air handler. Allow absolutely no sagging, cracks, gaps, etc.

For no reason should return and supply air duct systems ever be connected to or from other heating devices such as a fireplace or stove, etc. Fire, explosion, carbon monoxide poisoning, personal injury and/or property damage could result.

## Requirements

In addition to conforming to manufacturer's installation instructions and local municipal building codes, installation of Lennox air handler units (with or without optional electric heat), MUST conform with the following National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards:

- NFPA No. 90A — Standard for Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems
- NFPA No. 90B — Standard for Installation of Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems

This unit is approved for installation clearance to combustible material as stated on the unit rating plate. Accessibility and service clearances must take precedence over combustible material clearances.

## Installation Requirements

CBX32MV units are factory-configured for upflow and horizontal right-hand discharge installation. For downflow or horizontal left-hand discharge, certain field modifications are required.

### DISASSEMBLE AND REASSEMBLE AIR HANDLER UNIT

This unit consists of two sections which are shipped assembled from the factory. If necessary, the unit may be disassembled to facilitate setting the unit. Follow the steps below:

#### To disassemble:

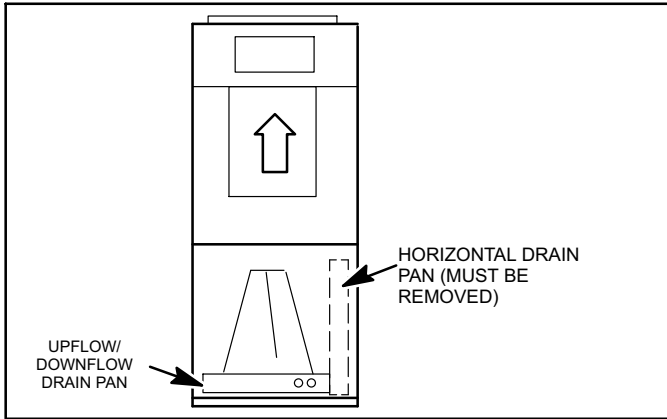
1. Remove access panels.
2. Remove both blower and coil assemblies. This will lighten the cabinet for lifting.
3. Remove one screw from the left and right posts inside the unit. Remove one screw from each side on the back of the unit. Unit sections will now separate.

**To reassemble:**

1. Align cabinet sections together.
2. Reinstall screws.
3. Replace blower and coil assemblies.
4. Replace access panel.

**UPFLOW APPLICATION**

Use the following procedures to configure the unit for upflow operations:



**Figure 1. Upflow Configuration**

**NOTE - (-068 model Only)** Remove access panels and the horizontal drip shield along with the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly before operation. Discard drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit. Shields are used for downflow applications only.

1. The horizontal drain pan must be removed when the coil blower is installed in the upflow position. Removing horizontal drain pan will allow proper airflow and increase efficiency.
2. After removing horizontal drain pan, place the unit in desired location. Set unit so that it is level. Connect return and supply air plenums as required using sheet metal screws as illustrated in Figure 1.
3. Install units that have no return air plenum on a stand that is at least 14" from the floor to allow for proper air return. Lennox offers an optional upflow unit stand as listed in Table 1.

**Table 1. Optional Unit Side Stand (Upflow Only)**

Models	Kit Numbers
-018/024	45K31
-024/030, -036, -048 and -060	45K32

**HORIZONTAL RIGHT-HAND DISCHARGE APPLICATION**

**NOTE -** When air handler is located above a finished space, the secondary drain pan must have a larger footprint than the air handler. In addition, a 3/4" (19.1MM) overflow drain line must be:

- Connected to secondary drain pan or
- Connected to the overflow drain outlet of the air handler drain pan.

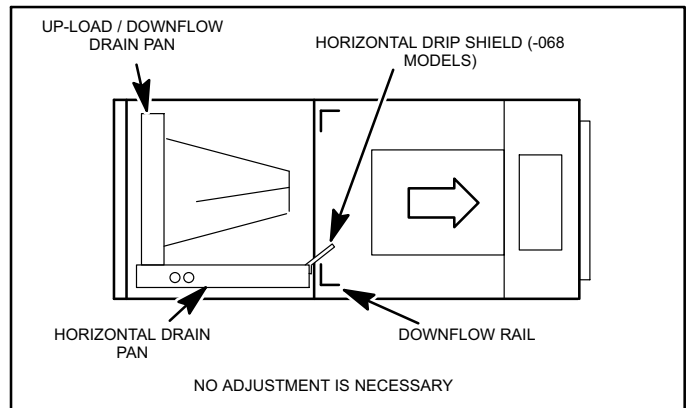
Use the following procedures to configure the unit for horizontal right-hand discharge operations:

**NOTE -** For horizontal applications, a secondary drain pan is recommended. Refer to local codes.

**NOTE - (-068 Model Only)** Before operating the unit, remove access panels and the horizontal drip shield and the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly. Discard the corrugated padding and the downflow drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit.

**NOTE - (-068 Model Only)** Install the horizontal shield on the front edge of the horizontal drain pan as illustrated in Figure 2.

4. No further adjustment is necessary. Set unit so that it is sloped 1/4 inch (6.35mm) towards the drain pan end of the unit.



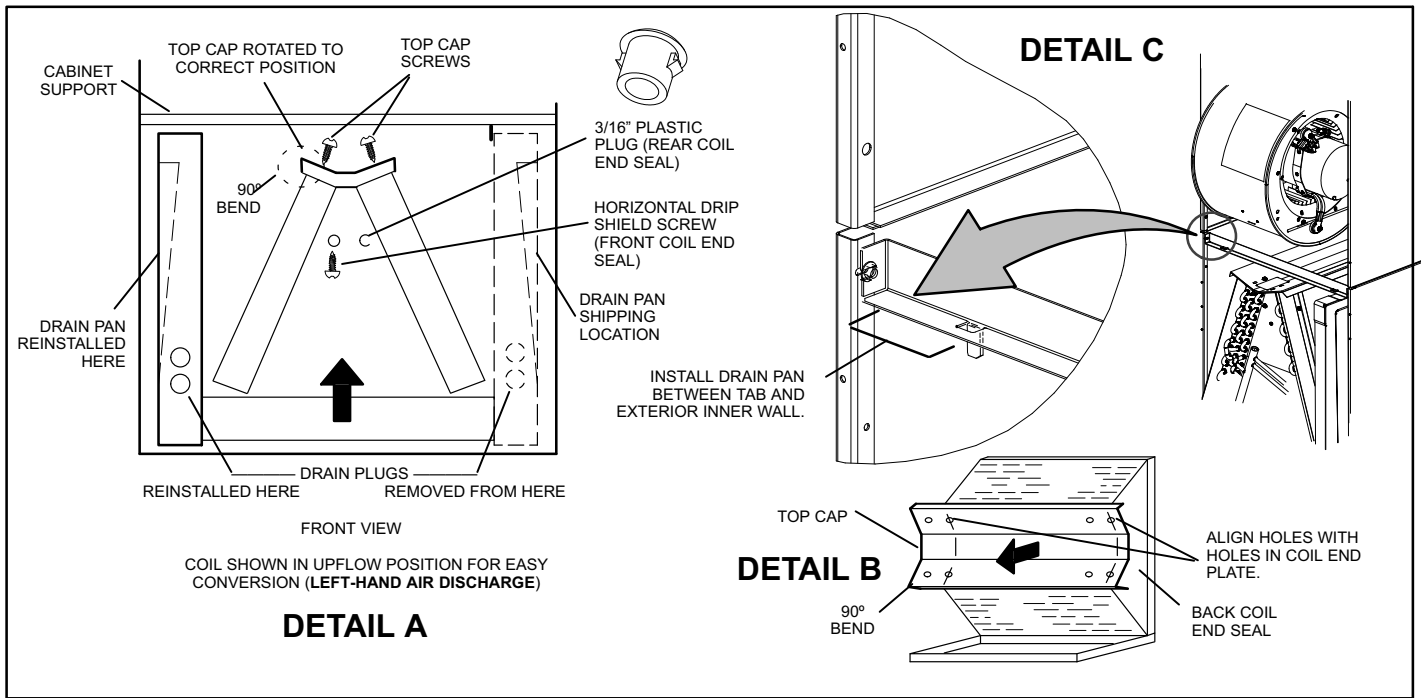
**Figure 2. Right-Hand Discharge Configuration**

5. If the unit is suspended, the entire length of the cabinet must be supported. If you use a chain or strap, use a piece of angle iron or sheet metal attached to the unit (either above or below) to support the length of the cabinet. Use securing screws no longer than 1/2 inch (12.7mm) to avoid damaging the coil or filter as illustrated in Figure 4. Use sheet metal screws to connect the return and supply air plenums as required.

**HORIZONTAL RIGHT-HAND DISCHARGE APPLICATION IN HIGH HUMIDITY AREAS**

For horizontal applications in high humidity areas remove the downflow rail closest to the drain pan.





**Figure 3. Field Modification for Left-Hand Discharge**

**To remove rail:**

1. Remove the screws from the rail at the back of unit and at the cabinet support rail.
2. Remove the downflow rail then replace screws.
3. Seal around the exiting drain pipe, liquid line, and suction line to prevent humid air from infiltrating into the unit.

**NOTE -** For horizontal applications, a secondary drain pan is recommended. Refer to local codes.

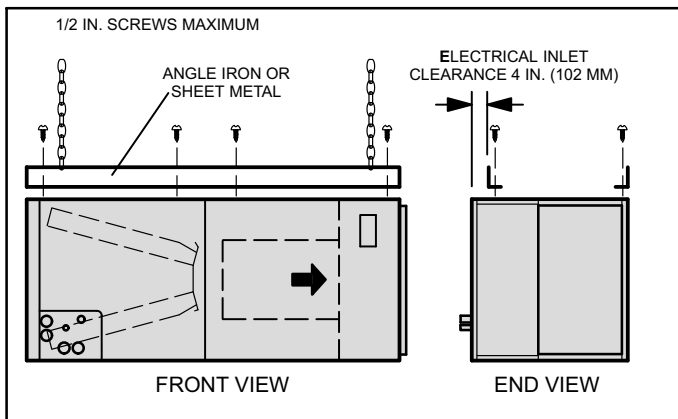
**NOTE - (-068 Model Only)** Remove access panels and horizontal drip shield from the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly. Discard the corrugated padding and the downflow drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit. (The shields are used for downflow applications only.)

**⚠ IMPORTANT**

When removing the coil, there is possible danger of equipment damage and personal injury. Be careful when removing the coil assembly from a unit installed in right- or left-hand applications. The coil may tip into the drain pan once it is clear of the cabinet. Support the coil when removing it.

**⚠ IMPORTANT**

After removal of drain pan plug(s), check drain hole(s) to verify that drain opening is fully open and free of any debris. Also check to make sure that no debris has fallen into the drain pan during installation that may plug up the drain opening.



**Figure 4. Suspending Horizontal Unit**

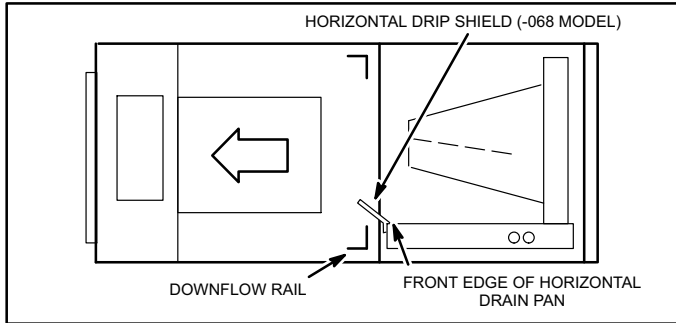
**HORIZONTAL LEFT-HAND DISCHARGE APPLICATION**

Use the following procedures to configure the unit for horizontal left-hand discharge operations:

1. Pull the coil assembly from unit. Pull off the horizontal drain pan.
2. Remove the drain plugs from back drain holes on horizontal drain pan and reinstall them on front holes.
3. Rotate drain pan 180° front-to-back and install it on the opposite side of the coil.
4. Remove screws from top cap as illustrated in Figure 3, Detail A.
5. Remove horizontal drip shield screw located in the left center of the back coil end seal as illustrated in Figure 3, Detail A.
6. Rotate horizontal drip shield 180° front to back.
7. Remove plastic plug from hole located on the left center of front coil end seal and reinstall plug in back hole on rear coil end seal.
8. Reinstall horizontal drip shield screw in front coil end seal. Drip shield should drain downward into horizontal drain pan inside coil.

- Rotate top cap 180° front-to-back and align with unused screw holes. Holes must align with front and back coil end plates. The top cap has a 45° bend on one side and a 90° bend on the other. The 90° bend must be on the same side as the horizontal drain pan as illustrated in Figure 3, Detail B.

**NOTE** - Be very careful when you reinstall the screws into coil end plate engaging holes. Misaligned screws may damage the coil.



**Figure 5. Left-Hand Discharge Configuration**

- From the upload position, flip cabinet 90° to the left and set into place. Replace coil assembly. Replace coil assembly. Install drain pan between exterior inner wall and tab as illustrated in Figure 3, Detail C.
- (-068 Model Only)** Install the horizontal shield on the front edge of the horizontal drain pan as shown in figure 5.  
**NOTE** - For horizontal applications in high humidity areas, remove the downflow rail closest to the drain pan. To remove rail, remove screw from rail at back of unit and at cabinet support rail. Remove downflow rail then replace screws. Also, seal around the exiting drain pipe, liquid and suction lines to prevent infiltration of humid air.
- Knock out drain seal plate from access door. Secure plate to cabinet front flange with screw provided.
- Flip access door and replace it on the unit.
- Set unit so that it is sloped 1/4 inch (6.35mm) toward the drain pan end of the unit. Connect return and supply air plenums as required using sheet metal screws.
- If suspending the unit, it must be supported along the entire length of the cabinet. If using chain or strap, use a piece of angle iron or sheet metal attached to the unit (either above or below) so that the full length of the cabinet is supported. Use securing screws no longer than 1/2 inch (12.7mm) to avoid damage to coil or filter as illustrated in Figure 4 on page 17. Connect return and supply air plenums as required using sheet metal screws.

### DOWNFLOW APPLICATION

Use the following procedures to configure the unit for downflow operations:

## CAUTION

If electric heat section with circuit breakers (ECB29/ECB31) is applied to downflow CBX32MV unit, the circuit breakers must be rotated 180° to the UP position. See ECB29/ECB31 installation instructions for more details.

Table 2 outlines the sizes of the various drip shields.

**NOTE** — **(-068 Model Only)** Remove access panels and horizontal drip shield from the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly.

**NOTE** — Discard the corrugated padding and the downflow drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit. (The shields are used for downflow applications only.)

- Remove the coil assembly from the unit.
- For best efficiency and air flow, remove the horizontal drain pan from the units in downflow positions as illustrated in figure 6 on page 19.
- Rotate cabinet 180° from the upright position. See figure 6. You may need to first remove the blower assembly to lighten the cabinet for lifting.
- Foam tape that is provided creates a seal between the drip shield and the coil so that water does not leak into the air stream. The foam tape pieces are precut. Apply the tape to the drip shields as illustrated in figure 7 and specified as follows:
  - Apply two pieces of foam tape provided down both ends of each shield. The tape should measure 4-3/4" X 2" (120 X 25 mm). Ensure that the tape covers both sides of the shield equally.
  - Apply the longer piece of 1-inch wide foam tape between the end pieces of tape.
- From the underside of the coil, install the downflow drip shield firmly in place as illustrated in figure 8.

**Table 2. Downflow Drip Shields (Tape Required)**

Units	Length	Width
-018/024	Not Required	Not Required
-024/030	15-7/8"	4-11/16"
-036	17-7/8"	4-11/16"
-048, -060, and -068	19-7/8"	4-11/16"

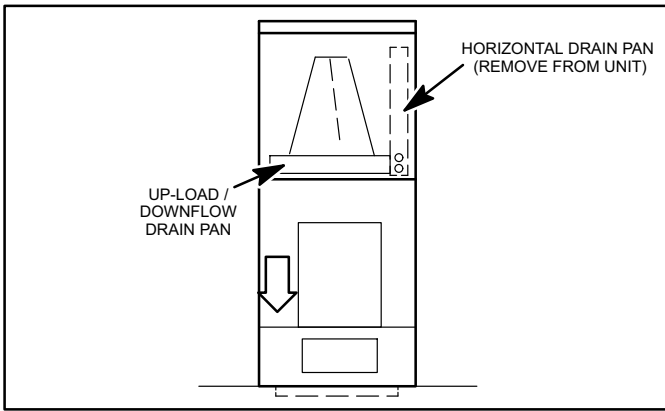


Figure 6. Downflow Discharge Position

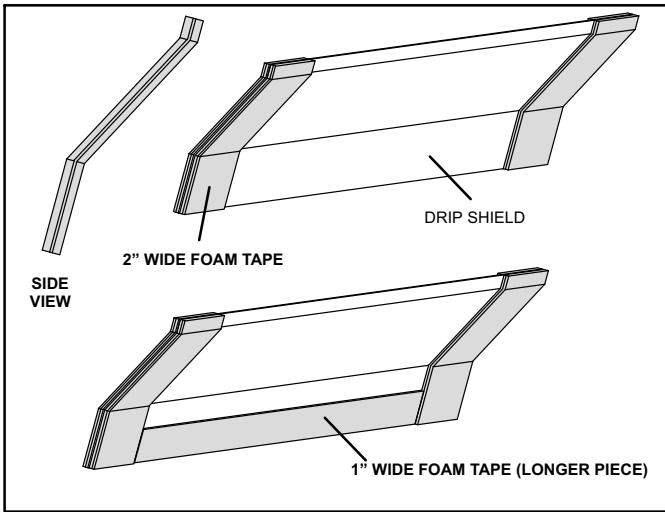


Figure 7. Applying Foam Tape to Drip Shield

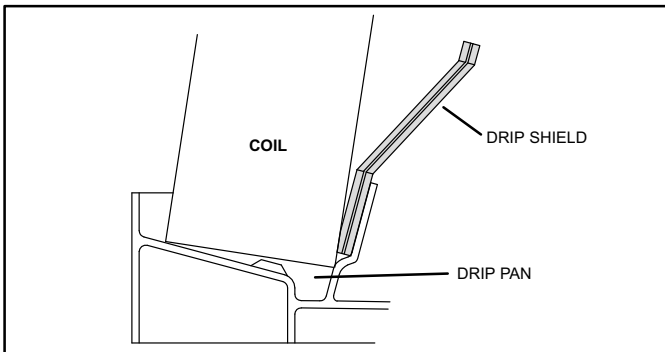


Figure 8. Downflow Drip Shields

6. Replace the coil assembly and blower if you have removed it. Replace the coil access panel.
7. Set the unit so that it is level. Using sheet metal screws, connect the return and supply air plenums as required.

**NOTE** - For downflow application, metal or class I supply and return air plenums must be used.

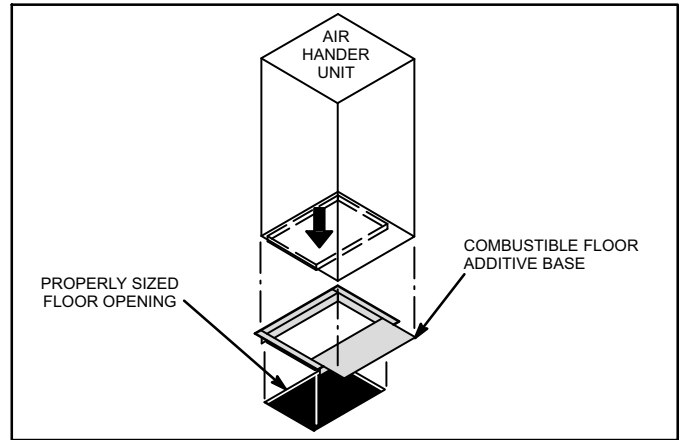


Figure 9. Combustible Flooring Additive Base

8. For downflow installation on combustible flooring, an additive base must be used as illustrated in figure 9 on page 19.
9. Cut an opening appropriately sized for combustible base. Base dimensions are illustrated in figure 10. After opening has been cut, set the additive base into opening. Connect outlet air plenum to the additive base. Set the unit on the additive base so flanges of the unit drop into the base opening and seal against the insulation strips. The unit is now locked in place. Install return air plenum and secure with sheet metal screws.

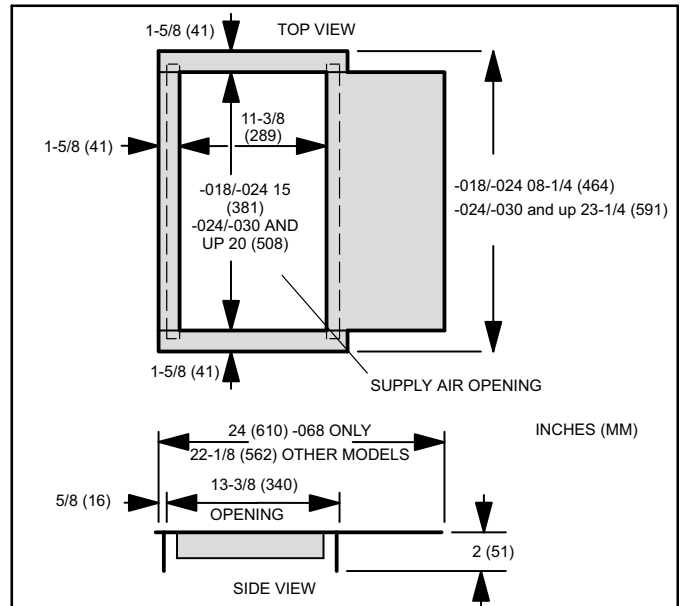


Figure 10. Downflow Combustible Base Dimensions

## Brazing Connections

### **! WARNING**

Polyol ester (POE) oils used with HFC-410A refrigerant absorb moisture very quickly. It is very important that the refrigerant system be kept closed as much as possible. **DO NOT** remove line set caps or service valve stub caps until you are ready to make connections.

## **⚠ WARNING**



Danger of fire. Bleeding the refrigerant charge from only the high side may result in the low side shell and suction tubing being pressurized. Application of a brazing torch while pressurized may result in ignition of the refrigerant and oil mixture - check the high and low pressures before unbrazing.

## **⚠ IMPORTANT**

To prevent the build up of high levels of nitrogen when purging, be sure it is done in a well ventilated area. Purge low pressure nitrogen (1 to 2 psig) through the refrigerant piping during brazing. This will help to prevent oxidation and the introduction of moisture into a system.

PLEASE READ IMPORTANT ISSUES CONCERNING BRAZING OPERATIONS ON PAGE 10 BEFORE PROCEEDING.

**C** USE A WET RAG TO PROTECT CTXV SENSING BULB WHEN BRAZING SUCTION LINE CONNECTIONS.

NOTE — REFER TO OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR REFRIGERANT PIPING SIZE REQUIREMENTS.

NOTE - Use silver alloy brazing rods with five or six percent minimum silver alloy for copper-to-copper brazing, 45 percent alloy for copper-to-brass and copper-to-steel brazing.

**A** REMOVE ACCESS PANEL

**B** REMOVE RUBBER PLUG FROM BOTH LIQUID AND SUCTION LINES

NOTE — CBX32MV SERIES UNITS USE NITROGEN OR DRY AIR AS A HOLDING CHARGE. IF THERE IS NO PRESSURE WHEN THE RUBBER PLUGS ARE REMOVED, CHECK THE COIL FOR LEAKS BEFORE INSTALLING.

**D** EITHER REMOVE OR PUSH PIPE WRAPPING BACK THROUGH HOLE IN PIPING PLATE BEFORE LINE SET CONNECTION AND BRAZING.

**F** CONNECT GAUGES AND START NITROGEN FLOW

FLOW REGULATED NITROGEN (AT 1 TO 2 PSIG) THROUGH THE REFRIGERATION GAUGE SET INTO THE VALVE STEM PORT CONNECTION ON THE OUTDOOR UNIT LIQUID LINE SERVICE VALVE AND OUT OF THE VALVE STEM PORT CONNECTION ON THE SUCTION SERVICE VALVE.

**E** CONNECT PIPES

NOTE — REFRIGERANT LINE SETS SHOULD BE ROUTED TO ALLOW FILTER ACCESSIBILITY.

**G** PLACE A WET RAG AGAINST PIPING PLATE AND AROUND THE SUCTION LINE CONNECTION. A

**H** BRAZE CONNECTION. ALLOW PIPE TO COOL BEFORE REMOVING WET RAG FROM CTXV SENSING BULB AND PIPING PANEL AREA.

**I** REPEAT PREVIOUS PROCEDURE FOR LIQUID LINE.

REFER TO INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED WITH OUTDOOR UNIT FOR LEAK TESTING, EVACUATING AND CHARGING PROCEDURES

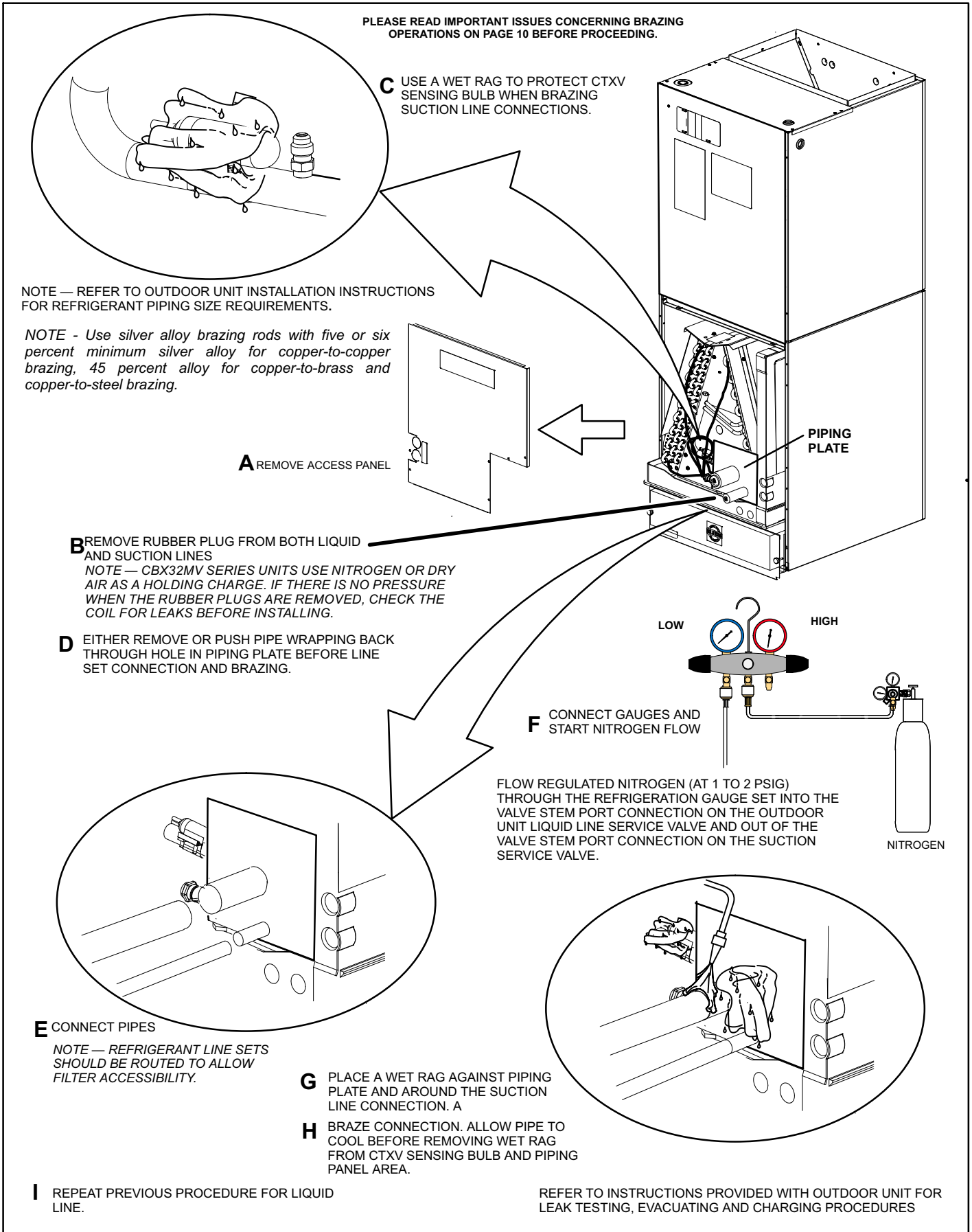


Figure 11. Brazing Connections

## ⚠ WARNING



When using a high pressure gas such as dry nitrogen to pressurize a refrigeration or air conditioning system, use a regulator that can control the pressure down to 1 or 2 psig (6.9 to 13.8 kPa).

## ⚠ CAUTION

Brazing alloys and flux contain materials which are hazardous to your health.

Avoid breathing vapors or fumes from brazing operations. Perform operations only in well ventilated areas.

Wear gloves and protective goggles or face shield to protect against burns.

Wash hands with soap and water after handling brazing alloys and flux.

**Table 3. CBX32MV Refrigerant Connections and Line Set Requirements**

Models	Liquid Line	Vapor / Suction Line	L15 Line Set
-018/024	3/8" (10mm)	5/8" (16mm)	L15 line set sizes are dependent on unit matchups. See CBX32MV Product Specification bulletin to determine correct line set sizes.
-024/030 and -036	3/8" (10mm)	3/4" (19mm)	
-048	3/8" (10mm)	7/8" (22mm)	
-060	3/8" (10mm)	7/8" (22mm)	Field-fabricated
-068	3/8" (10mm)	1-1/8" (29mm)	
NOTE — Some applications may require a field provided 7/8" to 1-1/8" adapter			

**NOTE** - When installing refrigerant lines longer than 50 feet, see the *Lennox Refrigerant Piping Design and Fabrication Guidelines, CORP. 9351-L9*, or contact *Lennox Technical Support Product Applications* for assistance.

## Condensate Drain Requirements

## ⚠ IMPORTANT

After removal of drain pan plug(s), check drain hole(s) to verify that drain opening is fully open and free of any debris. Also check to make sure that no debris has fallen into the drain pan during installation that may plug up the drain opening.

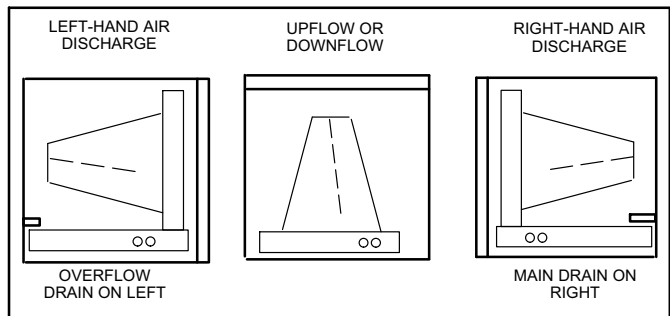
### MAIN DRAIN

Connect the main drain and route downward to drain line or sump. Do not connect drain to a closed waste system. See Figure 13 for typical drain trap configuration.

### OVERFLOW DRAIN

It is recommended that the overflow drain is connected to a overflow drain line for all units. If overflow drain is not connected, it must be plugged with provided cap.

For downflow orientation, the overflow drain **MUST** be connected and routed to a overflow drain line. See Figure 13 for main and overflow drain locations based on coil orientation.



**Figure 12. Main and Overflow Drain Locations based on Coil Orientation**

### BEST PRACTICES

The following best practices are recommended to ensure better condensate removal:

- Main and overflow drain lines should **NOT** be smaller than both drain connections at drain pan.
- Overflow drain line should run to an area where homeowner will notice drainage.
- It is recommended that the overflow drain line be vented and a trap installed. Refer to local codes.

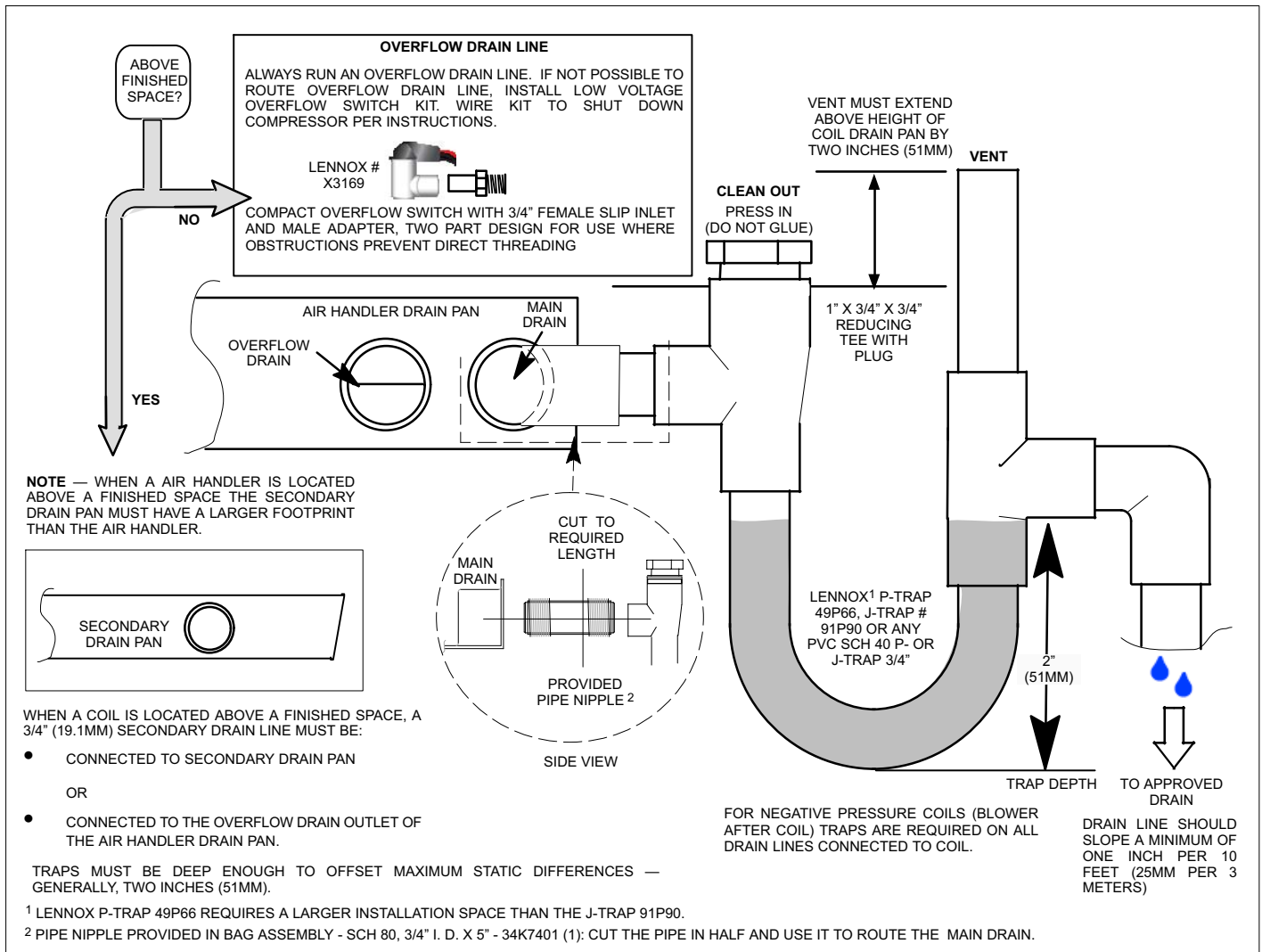


Figure 13. Typical Main and Overflow Drain Installations

**Inspecting and Replacing Filters**

**! IMPORTANT**  
Filter access door must be in place during unit operation. Excessive warm air entering the unit from unconditioned space may result in water blow-off problems.

Filters may be duct-mounted or installed in the cabinet. A filter is installed at the factory. Note that filter access door fits over access panel. Air will leak if the access panel is placed over the filter door.

Filters should be inspected monthly and must be cleaned or replaced when dirty to assure proper furnace operation.

**To replace filter:**

- Loosen the thumbscrews holding the filter panel in place.
- Slide the filter out of the guides on either side of cabinet.
- Insert new filter.
- Replace panel.

See Table 4 for replacement filter sizes.

Table 4. Filter Dimensions

Unit Model No.	Filter Size Inches (mm)
-018/024	15 X 20 x 1(381 x 508 x 25)
-024/030	20 x 20 x 1(508 x 508 x 25)
-036	20 x 20 x 1(508 x 508 x 25)
-048 and -060	20 x 24 x 1(508 x 610 x 25)
-068	20 x 25 x 1(508 x 635 x 25)

**Sealing the Unit**

**! WARNING**  
There must be an airtight seal between the bottom of the air handler and the return air plenum. Use fiberglass sealing strips, caulking, or equivalent sealing method between the plenum and the air handler cabinet to ensure a tight seal. Return air must not be drawn from a room where this air handler or any gas-fueled appliance (i.e., water heater), or carbon monoxide-producing device (i.e., wood fireplace) is installed.

Seal the unit so that warm air is not allowed into the cabinet. Warm air introduces moisture, which results in water blow-off problems. This is especially important when the unit is installed in an unconditioned area.

Make sure the liquid line and suction line entry points are sealed with either the provided flexible elastomeric thermal insulation, or field provided material (e.g. *Armaflex*, *Permagum* or equivalent). Any of the previously mentioned materials may be used to seal around the main and auxiliary drains, and around open areas of electrical inlets.

### Field Control Wiring

## WARNING

Electric Shock Hazard.

Can cause injury or death.

Foil-faced insulation has conductive characteristics similar to metal. Be sure there are no electrical connections within a 1/2" of the insulation. If the foil-faced insulation comes in contact with electrical voltage, the foil could provide a path for current to pass through to the outer metal cabinet. While the current produced may not be enough to trip existing electrical safety devices (e.g. fuses or circuit breakers), the current can be enough to cause an electric shock hazard that could cause personal injury or death.

Wiring must conform to the current National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA No. 70, or Canadian Electric Code Part I, CSA Standard C22.1, and local building codes. Refer to following wiring diagrams. See unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum over-current protection size.

## WARNING

Run 24V Class II wiring only through specified low voltage opening. Run line voltage wiring only through specified high voltage opening. Do not combine voltage in one opening.

Select the proper supply circuit conductors in accordance with Tables 310-16 and 310-17 in the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70 or Tables 1 through 4 in the Canadian Electric Code, Part I, CSA Standard C22.1.

Separate openings have been provided for 24V low voltage and line voltage. Refer to the dimension illustration for specific location.

## CAUTION

USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.

### Wiring connections

1. Install line voltage power supply to unit from a properly-wired circuit breaker.
2. Ground unit at unit disconnect switch or to an earth ground.

**NOTE** - Connect conduit to the unit using a proper conduit fitting. Units are approved for use only with copper conductors. A complete unit wiring diagram is located on the back side of the unit's access panel.

3. Install low voltage wiring from outdoor to indoor unit and from thermostat to indoor unit.

**NOTE** - For proper voltages, select control wiring gauge per the charts on page 28.



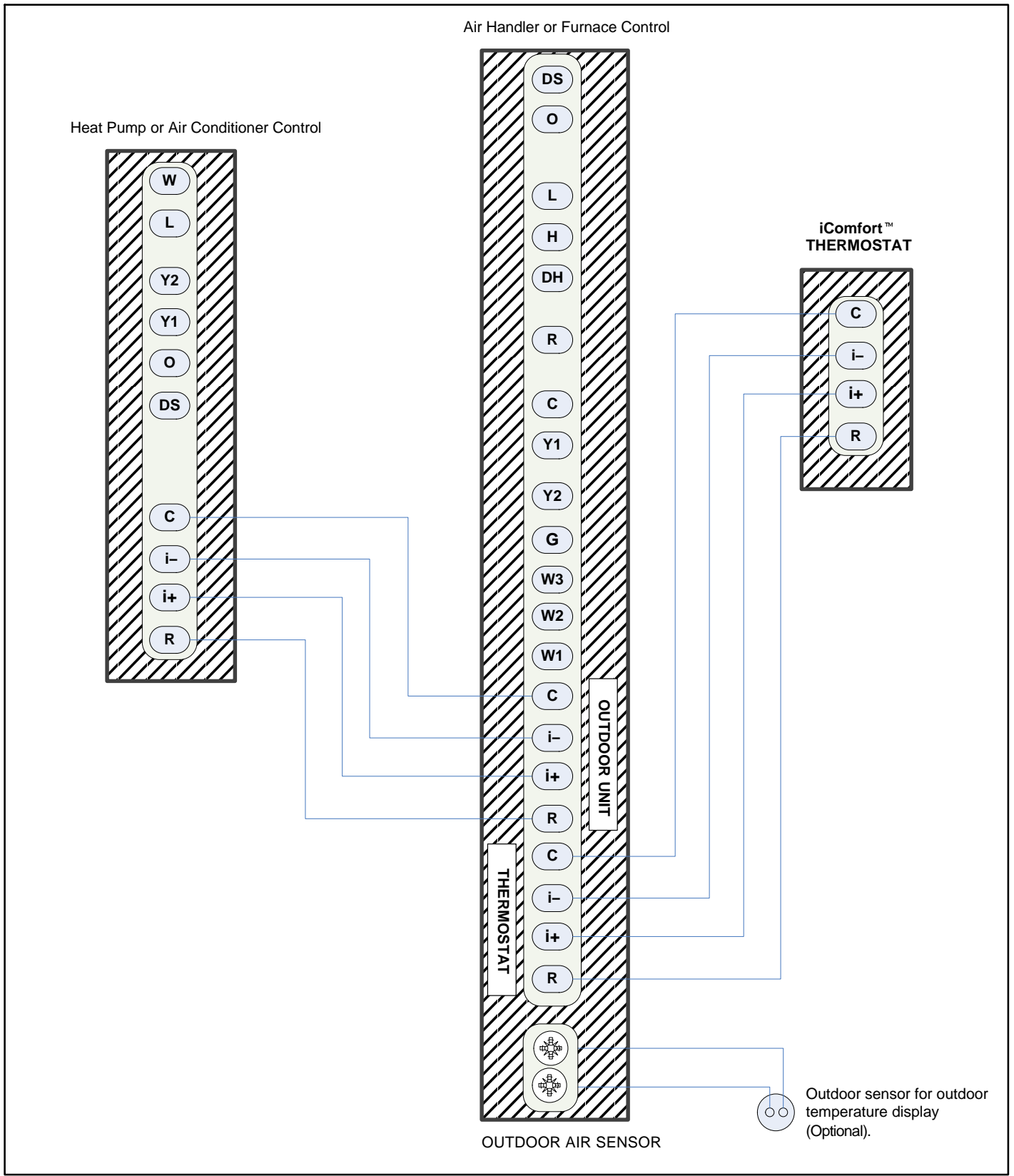
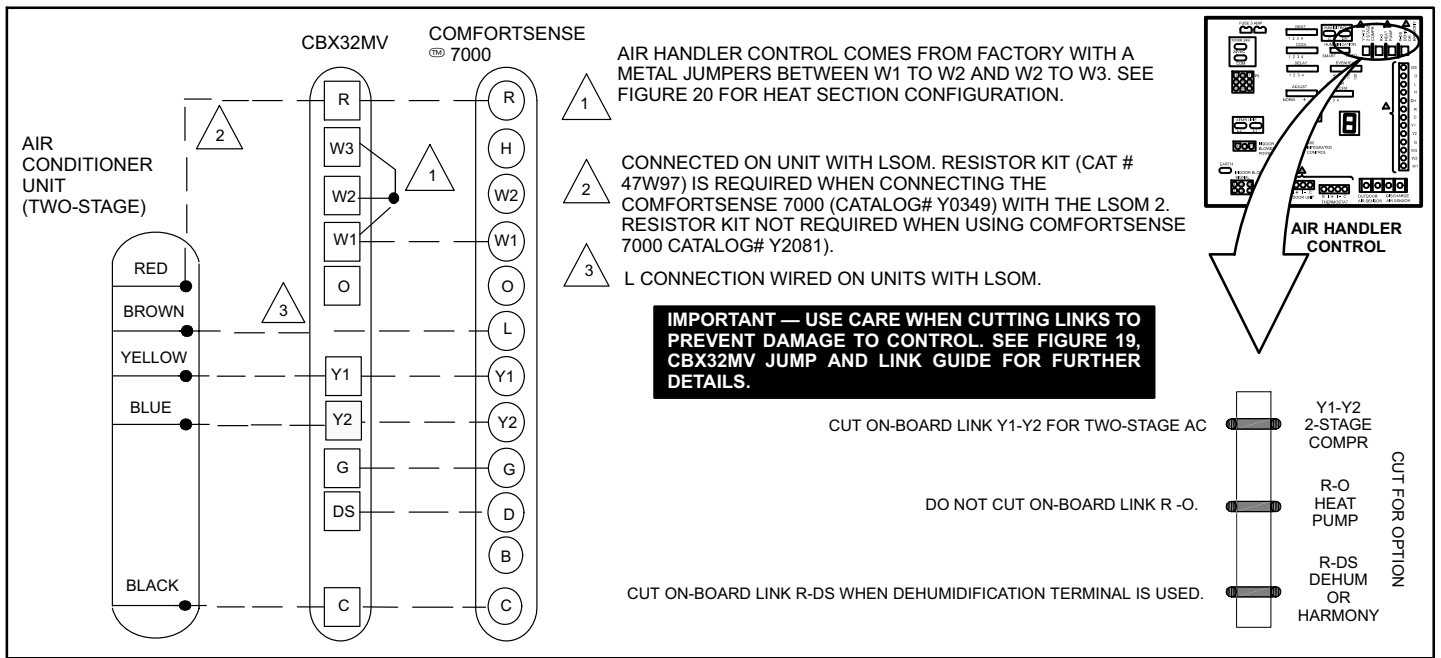
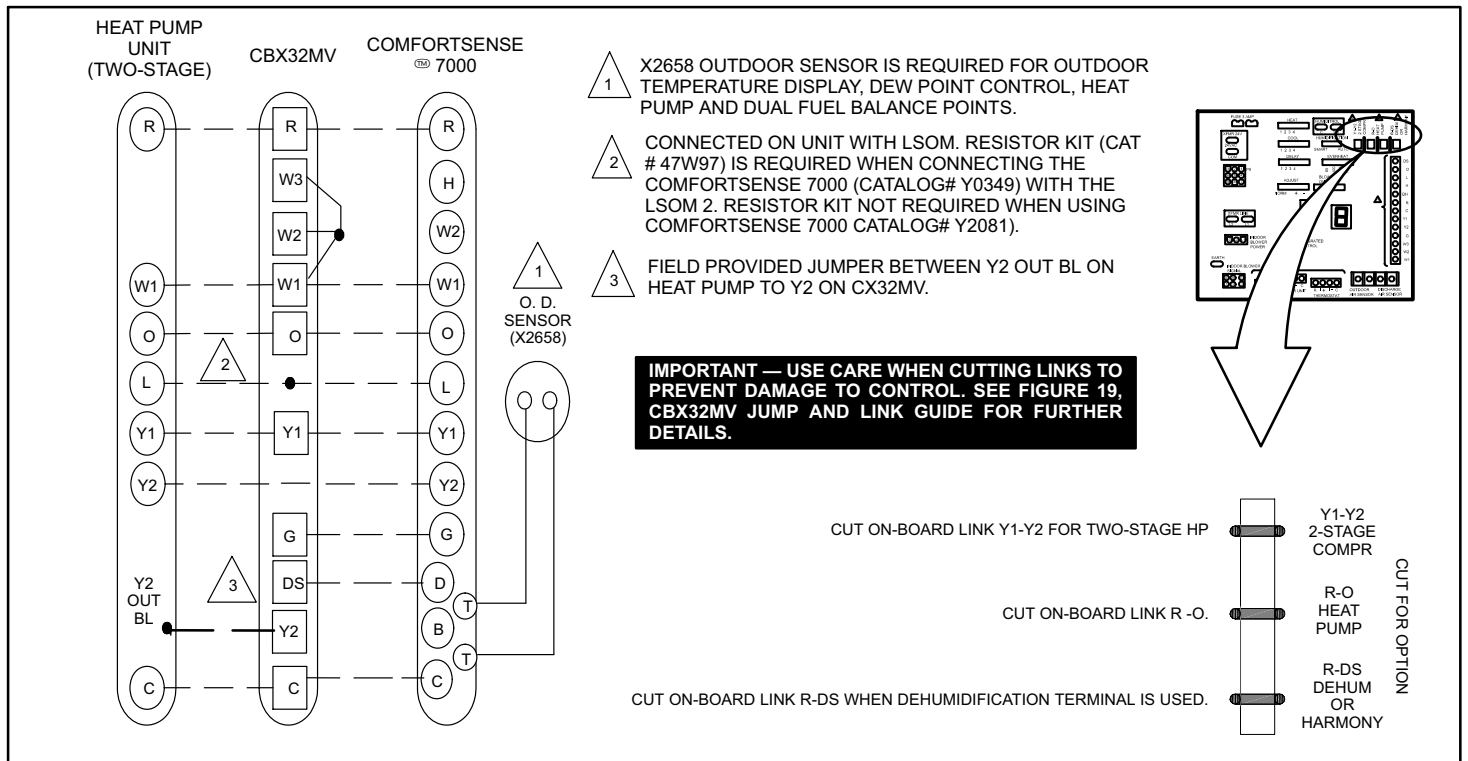


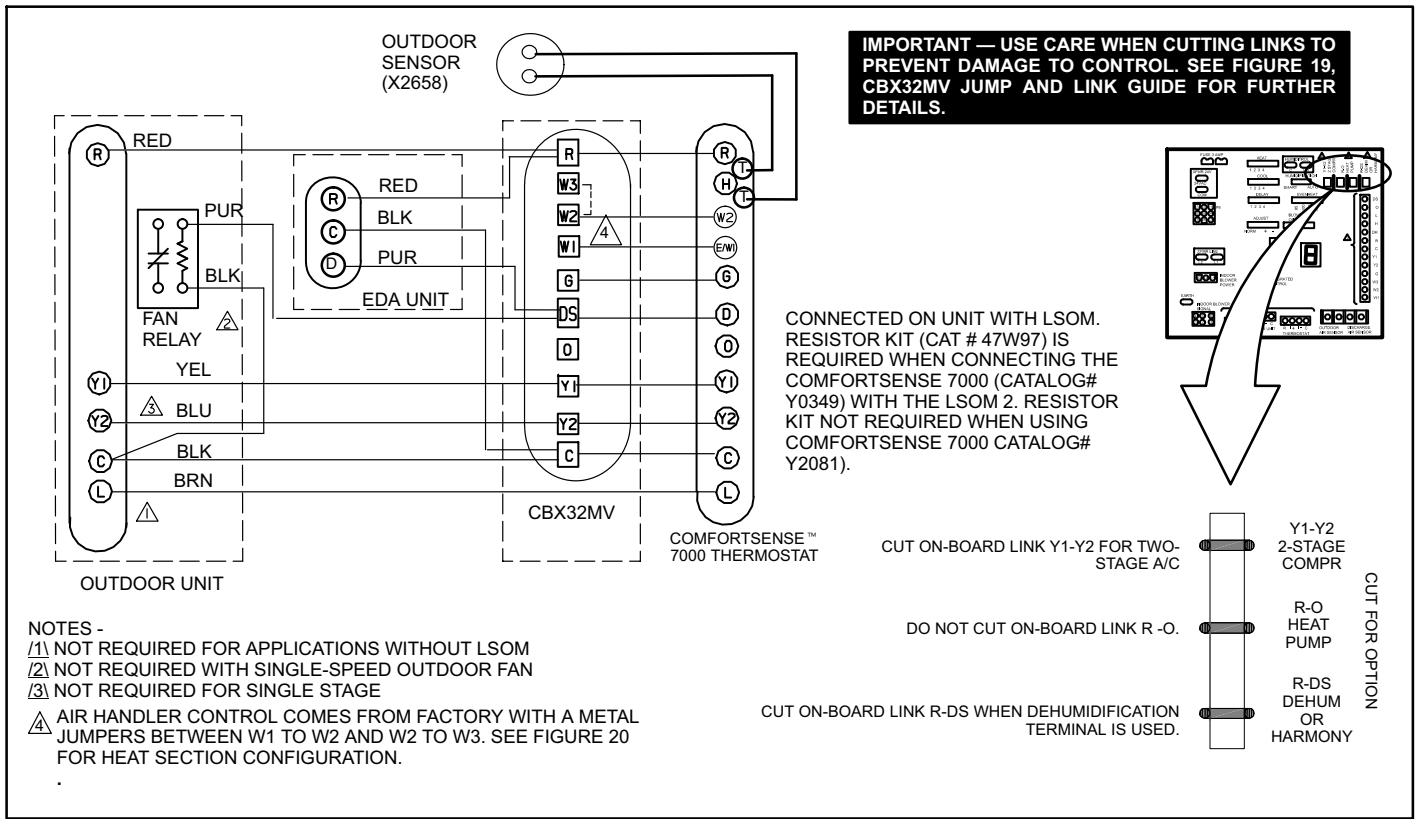
Figure 14. Control (Field) Wiring — Communicating System (iComfort™ thermostat)



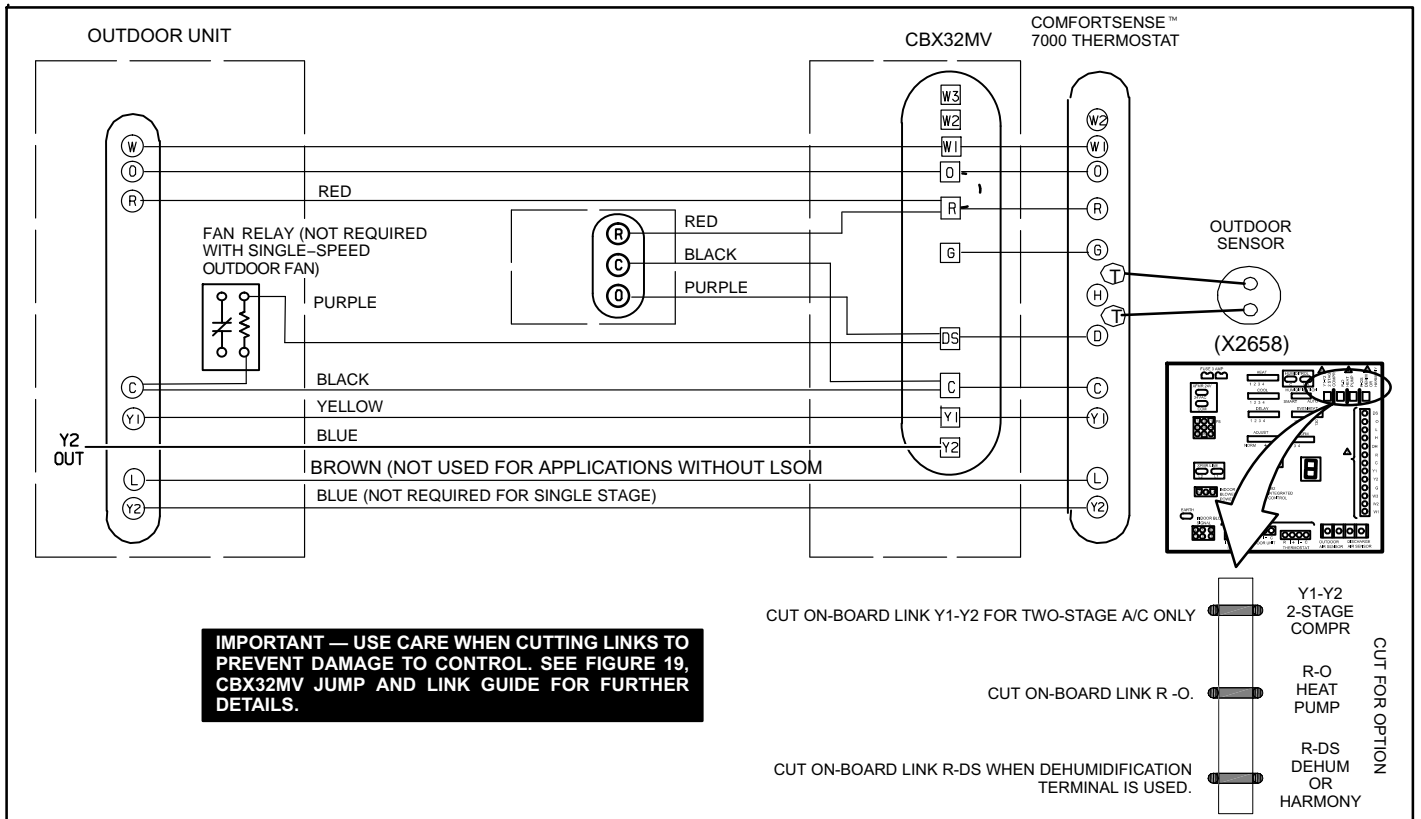
**Figure 15. Control (Field Wiring) — Cooling Application (Non-Communicating)**



**Figure 16. Control (Field Wiring) — Heat Pump (Non-Communicating)**



**Figure 17. Control (Field Wiring) — Cooling Application (Humiditrol® and Second-Stage Outdoor Fan Relay Wiring) Non-Communicating**



**Figure 18. Control (Field Wiring) — Heat Pump Application (Humiditrol® and Second-Stage Outdoor Fan Relay Wiring) Non-Communicating**

## SENSOR CONNECTIONS AND WIRING REQUIREMENTS

The following are sensor connections and wiring requirements for the discharge air and outdoor air sensors.

### Discharge Sensor (DAT)

The Air Handler Control has two screw terminals marked **Discharge Air Sensor**. The sensor is REQUIRED for EVENHEAT operation and is field installed and ordered separately using Lennox Catalog # 88K38.

In the EVENHEAT mode, the discharge air sensor cycles the electric heating elements as needed to maintain the Air Handler control EVENHEAT jumper selected discharge setpoint.

The discharge air sensor should be mounted downstream of the electric heat elements as illustrated in Figure 26, Detail A. It must be placed in a location with unobstructed airflow, where other accessories (such as humidifiers, UV lights, etc.) will not interfere with its accuracy.

Wiring distance between the Control and the discharge air sensor should not exceed 10 feet (3 meters) when wired with 18-gauge thermostat wire.

### Outdoor Air Sensor

This is a two screw terminal for connection to a Lennox X2658 outdoor temperature sensor. The Control takes no action on the sensor status other than to communicate the temperature to the RSBus network. Wiring distance between the Control and outdoor temperature sensor should not exceed 200 feet when wired with 18-gauge thermostat wire.

- Minimum temperature: -40°F (-40°C)
- Maximum temperature: 70°F (158°C)

### AIR HANDLER CONTROL 9-PIN CONNECTOR (P8)

1. Air Handler (no electric heat) — Two wire factory harness (wired to pins 7 and 8) which provides 230 VAC power to Air Handler Control.
2. Air Handler (with electric heat) — Eight wire factory harness (all pin positions are wired as noted in Table 5).

**NOTE** - See Figure 26, Detail B for wire colors.

**Table 5. Electric Heat Connection (P8)**

Position	Function / Description
1	Heat stage 1 relay coil
2	Heat stage 2 relay coil
3	Relay coil return
4	Heat stage 3 relay coil
5	Heat stage 4 relay coil
6	Heat stage 5 relay coil
7	L1 230VAC supply from heater kit
8	L2 230 VAC supply from heater kit
9	Not Used

## CONTROL CONNECTIONS AND WIRING REQUIREMENTS

This sections provides information on communicating and non-communicating control connections and wire run lengths.

**Table 6. Air Handler Control Connections — Communicating**

Label	Label	Function
Thermostat	R	24VAC
	i+	RSbus data high connection
	i-	RSbus data low connection
	C	24VAC command (ground)
Outdoor Unit	R	24VAC
	i+	RSbus data high connection
	i-	RSbus data low connection
	C	24VAC command (ground)
Link	i+	Not used.
	i-	

**Table 7. Run Length — Communicating**

Wire Run Length	AWG #	Insulation/Core Types
Maximum length of wiring for all connections on the RSbus is limited to 1500 feet (457 meters).	18	Color-coded, temperature rating 95°F (35°C) minimum, solid core. (Class II Rated Wiring)

**Table 8. Air Handler Control Connections**

Indoor Control Terminal Label	Function		
	Non-Communicating Room Thermostat (Indoor and Outdoor -24 volts)	Indoor Communicating Outdoor Non-Communicating	Full Communication (Indoor & Outdoor)
<b>W1 (Input)</b>	Indicates a first-stage heating demand. This input is an anticipator for the thermostat.	N/A	N/A
<b>W2 (Input)</b>	Indicates a second-stage heating demand. <b>W1</b> input must be active to recognize second-stage heat demand.	N/A	N/A
<b>W3 (Input)</b>	Indicates a third-stage heating demand. <b>W1</b> and <b>W2</b> inputs must be active to recognize third-stage heat demand.	N/A	N/A
<b>Y1 &amp; Y2 (Input/Output)</b>	Room thermostat <b>inputs</b> 24 volts to the <b>Y1</b> and <b>Y2</b> terminals on the indoor control. The 24 volt signal is then passed through to the outdoor unit. During a second-stage demand, both <b>Y1</b> and <b>Y2</b> are active. The <b>Y1</b> terminal is connected to <b>Y2</b> by link (Solid jumper on control that would be cut for 2 stage applications)	The room thermostat communicated with the indoor control. The indoor control <b>outputs</b> 24 volts on its <b>Y1</b> and <b>Y2</b> terminals which are hard wired to the non-communicating outdoor unit.	In a full communicating system, no wiring is required on <b>Y1</b> and <b>Y2</b> terminals.
<b>G (Input)</b>	Indicates a 24 volt indoor blower demand.	In a communicating system, "G" input to indoor control is used by non-communicating IAQ devices (such as LVCS, HRV or ERV) to ensure indoor blower demand.	In communicating system "G" input to indoor control is used by non-communicating IAQ devices (such as LVCS, HRV or ERV) to ensure indoor blower demand .
<b>C</b>	The C terminal shall interconnect the signal ground of the room thermostat with secondary transformer ground (TR) and chassis ground (GND )		
<b>R</b>	The R terminal shall be capable of providing the power to the thermostat and all the associated loads .		
<b>O (Input/Output)</b>	Room thermostat <b>inputs</b> 24 volts to the <b>O</b> terminal on the indoor control. The <b>O</b> terminal is connected to <b>R</b> by link (Solid jumper on control that would be cut if unit was a heat pump)	The room thermostat communicated with the indoor control. The indoor control <b>outputs</b> 24 volts on its <b>O</b> terminals which are hard wired to the non-communicating outdoor unit. If there is 24 volts on <b>O</b> , the reversing valve will be energized and the outdoor unit will run in the cooling mode. If <b>O</b> does not have 24 volts, the outdoor unit will run in heating mode.	In a full communicating system, <b>O</b> terminal is not wired.
<b>DS (Input)</b>	Used for Harmony III zoning systems, or thermostat with dehumidification capability. The <b>DS</b> terminal is connected to <b>R</b> by link (Solid jumper on control that would be cut if for the above applications). <b>Harmony III control</b> - This will allow the control to vary the voltage signal to the indoor blower motor to control required CFM. <b>Dehumidification</b> - Allow a 24 volt signal on the <b>DS</b> to turn off and on the dehumidification mode.	N/A	N/A
<b>DH (Output)</b>	The DH terminal provides a 24VAC <b>output</b> for dehumidification needs in communicating systems .		
<b>H (Output)</b>	The H terminal provides a 24VAC <b>output</b> for humidification needs in both communicating and non-communicating mode .		
<b>L (Input)</b>	The <b>L</b> terminal is provided for connection to devices with Lennox System Operation Monitor (LSOM) capabilities. The control interprets the fault signals and transmits them as an alarm message on the communication line. There are ten (10) identified LSOM fault codes. Each is mapped to the communication Alarm codes.		

**Table 9. Run Length — Non-Communicating**

Wire Run Length	AWG #	Insulation/Core Types
Less than 100' (30m)	18	Color-coded, temperature rating 95°F (35°C) minimum, solid core. (Class II Rated Wiring)
More than 100' (30m)	16	

# JUMPER & LINK GUIDE

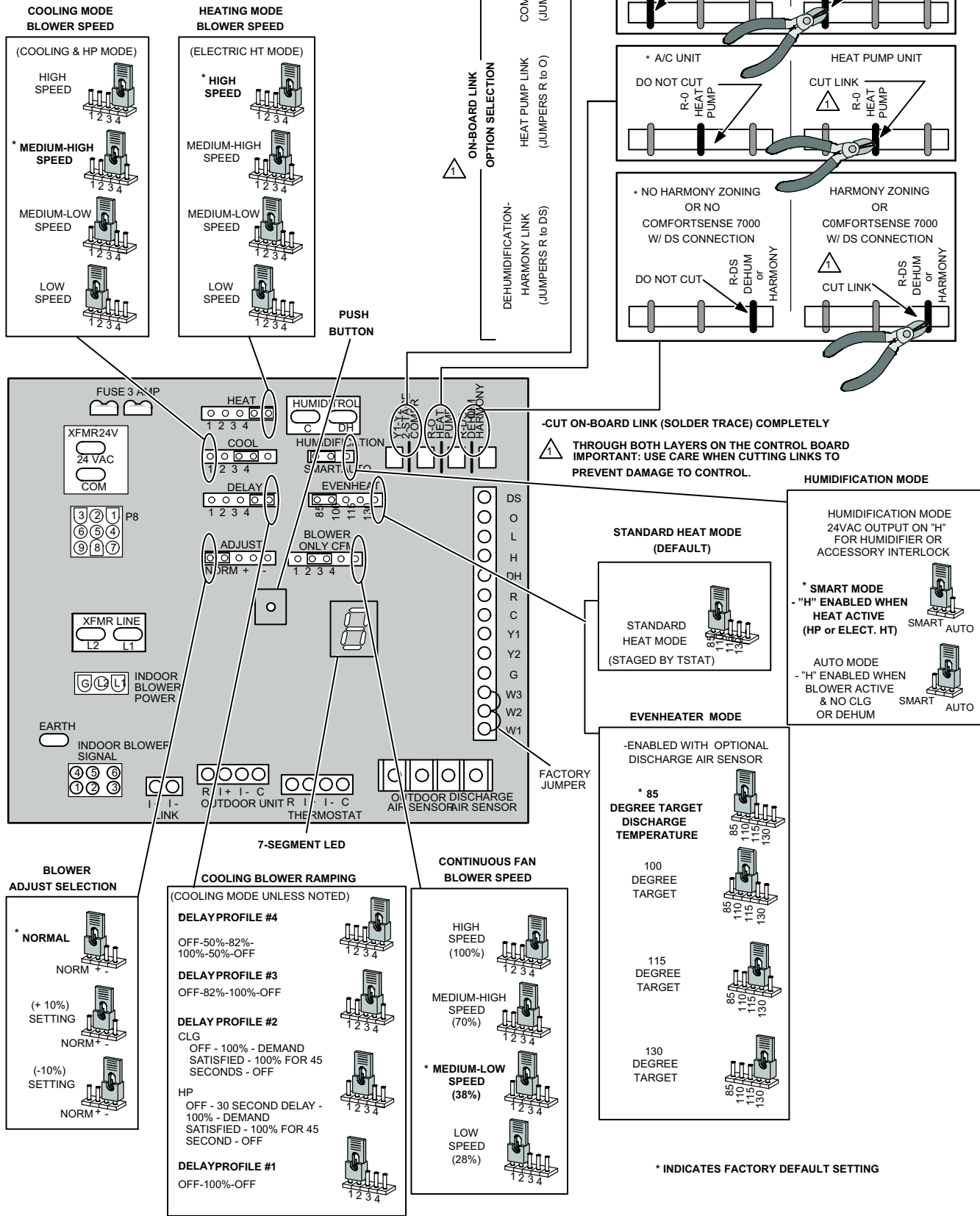


Figure 19. Air Handler Configuration

## Air Handler Control Button, Display and Jumpers

Use Figure 19 as reference for jumper settings. If any of the referenced jumpers are missing, the Air Handler Control will display Error Code **130** as per Table 10, and the Air Handler Control will automatically use the **factory default** settings shown in Figure 19)

**⚠ IMPORTANT**

Before changing any clippable links or jumper settings, make sure the motor has completely stopped. Any changes will not take place while the motor is running.

### PUSH BUTTON

An on-board push button is provided for the purpose of placing the Air Handler Control in different operation modes and can be used to recall stored error codes. When button is pushed and held, Air Handler Control will cycle through a menu of options depending on current operating mode. Every three seconds a new menu item will be displayed. If the button is released while that item is shown on the display, Air Handler Control will enter displayed operating mode, or execute defined operation sequence for that menu option. Once all items on menu have been displayed the menu resumes from the beginning (if button is still held).

1. Press the diagnostic push button and hold it to cycle through a menu of options. Every five seconds a new menu item will be displayed. Release the button when the desired mode is displayed.
2. When the solid "E" is displayed, the control enters the Error Code Recall mode. Error Code Recall mode menu options: No change
3. (displaying error history) remains in Error Code Recall mode; solid "≡" exits Error Code Recall mode; and solid "c" clears the error history. Must press button while flashing "c" is displayed to clear error codes
4. When the solid "-" is displayed, the control enters the error recall mode. The error recall menu options: Solid "C" starts pressure switch calibration; blinking "-" exits current active mode.

### JUMPERS

Jumpers are used for non-communicating mode only.

1. **Humidification** — Controls the status of **H** terminal on the thermostat block. Configurations are as follows:
  - If jumper is installed in **SMART** Humidification position (Default), **H** terminal is active if heat demand is present and indoor blower is running.
  - If jumper is installed in **AUTO** Humidification position, **H** terminal is energized whenever indoor blower is running.
2. **EvenHeat** — Target Discharge Air Temperature selection is used to set discharge air temperatures for EvenHeat operation.

**NOTE** - Optional Discharge Air Temperature Sensor, Lennox Catalog # 88K38 is **REQUIRED** for **EVENHEAT** operation and must be ordered separately.

3. **Blower Only CFM** — Used to select Indoor blower CFM for continuous operation.
4. **Heat** — Used to select Indoor blower CFM for electrical heat by placing the jumper in proper position. Actual CFM values for different air handler sizes are shown starting on page 3.
5. **Cool** — Used to select cooling indoor blower CFM by placing the jumper in proper position. Actual CFM values for different air handler sizes are shown starting on page 3.
6. **Adjust** - Used to select the indoor blower CFM adjustment value by placing the jumper in the appropriate position.
  - If **NORM** is selected, indoor blower runs at normal speeds.
  - If **+** is selected, indoor blower runs at approximately 10% higher speed than NORM setting.
  - If **-** is selected, indoor blower runs at approximately 10% lower speed than NORM setting.

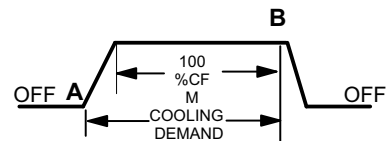
If the jumper is missing, the Air Handler Control will activate the *Configuration Jumper is Missing* alarm in and will automatically use the default factory setting in Table 10. See Figure 19 for jumper configurations. Actual CFM values for different air handler sizes are shown starting on page 3.

7. **Delay** — Indoor blower cooling profile, delay for cooling and heat pump operations.
  - For heat pump **heating** operation only delay profiles 1 and 2 are applicable. If profiles 3 or 4 have been selected, heat pump operation will use profile 1 only.
  - For heat pump **cooling** operation all 4 profiles are operational.

If the jumper is missing, the Air Handler Control will activate the *Configuration Jumper is Missing* alarm and will automatically use the default factory setting in Table 10. See Figure 19 for jumper configurations.

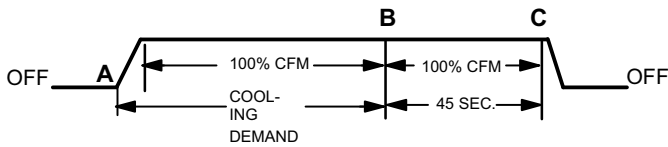
#### Delay Profile 1

- A When cool or heat demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 100% and runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- B Once demand is met, motor ramps down to stop.



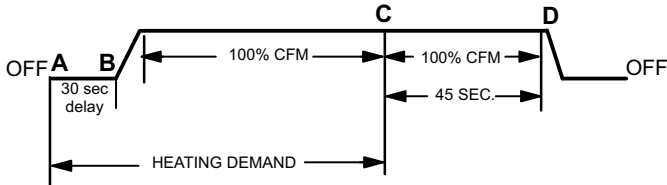
### Delay Profile 2

#### Cooling — Air Conditioner and Heat Pump:



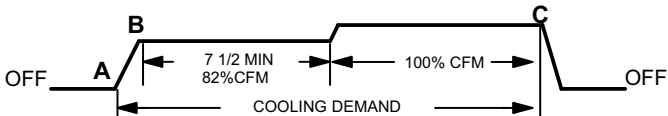
- A When cool demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 100% and runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- B Once demand is met, motor runs at 100% for 45 seconds.
- C Motor ramps down to stop.

#### Heating — Heat Pump only:



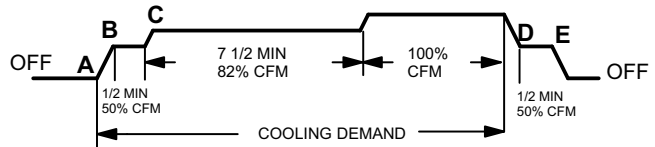
- A When heat demand is initiated, 30 seconds motor on delay starts
- B After the motor on delays expires, motor ramps up to 100% and runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- C Once demand is met, motor runs at 100% for 45 seconds.
- D Motor ramps down to stop.

### Delay Profile 3



- A When cool demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 82%
- B Motor runs at 82% for approximately 7.5 minutes and then ramp up to 100% (unless the demand has been satisfied) and motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- C Once demand is met, motor ramps down to stop

### Delay Profile 4



- A When cool demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 50%
- B Motor runs at 50% for 30 seconds and ramps up to 82%
- C Motor runs at 82% for approximately 7.5 minutes and then ramp up to 100% (unless the demand has been satisfied) and motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- D Once demand is met, motor runs at 50% for 30 seconds.
- E Motor ramps down to stop

### DISPLAY

An on-board single character LED display (see Figure 19 for LED display location) indicates general system status information such as mode of operation, indoor blower CFM and error codes. Multi-character strings are displayed with character ON for one second, OFF for 0.5 seconds and one second pause between the character groups.

Table 10. AHC System Status Codes

AHC Single Character Display	Action
<b>Letter or Number</b>	Unit Size Code displayed represents air handler model size and capacity. See <i>Configuring Unit Size Codes</i> in Figure 21.
≡	If three horizontal bars are displayed, AHC does not recognize air handler model size and capacity. See <i>Configuring Unit Size Codes</i> in Figure 21.
.	Idle mode (decimal point / no unit operation)
<b>A</b>	Cubic feet per minute (cfm) setting for indoor blower (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / cfm setting for current mode displayed. Example: A 1200
<b>C</b>	Cooling stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat codes). Example C 1 or C 2
<b>d</b>	Dehumidification mode (1 second ON) / 1 second OFF) / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat Codes)
<b>dF</b>	Defrost mode. (Y, W and O call)
<b>H</b>	Heat Stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat codes. Example: H 1 or H 2 or H 3
<b>h</b>	Variable Capacity Heat (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / % of input rate displayed / Pause/ cfm setting / Pause/ Repeat codes. Example: h 1 or h 2
<b>U</b>	Discharge air sensor temperature (indoor blower must be operating) U 105



**Table 11. AHC Configuration, Test and Error Recall (Fault and Lockout) Function**

<b>NOTE — AHC MUST BE IN IDLE MODE)</b>		
<b>Single Character LED Display</b>		<b>Action</b>
Solid	-	Push and hold button until solid appears, release button. Display will blink.
Blinking	-	Push and hold button until required symbol displays. <b>H A</b> or <b>P</b>
<b>CONFIGURING ELECTRIC HEAT SECTIONS</b>		
Solid	<b>H</b>	Release push button - control will cycle the indoor blower motor <b>on</b> to the selected heat speed and stage the electric heat relays <b>on</b> and <b>off</b> to automatically detect number of electric heat sections. Control will store the number of electric heat sections. Control will automatically exit <b>current active mode</b> .
<b>INDOOR BLOWER TEST</b>		
Solid	<b>A</b>	Release push button - control cycles indoor blower on for ten seconds at 70% of maximum air for selected capacity size unit. Control will automatically exit <b>current active mode</b> .
<b>CONFIGURING UNIT SIZE CODES</b>		
<b>Single Character LED Display</b>		<b>Action</b>
Solid	<b>p</b>	<b>RELEASE</b> push button - This mode allows the field to select a unit size code (number or letter) that matches the air handler model size and capacity. <b>IMPORTANT — All field replacement controls may be manually configured to confirm air handler model size and capacity.</b>
Blinking	<b>p</b>	10 When the correct <b>Unit Sized Code</b> is displayed, <b>RELEASE</b> push button. Selected code will flash for 10 second period. 10 During ten second period, <b>HOLD</b> push button until code stops blinking (three seconds minimum). 10 Air Handler Control will store code in memory and exit <b>current active mode</b> . LED display will go blank and then the <b>Unit Size Code</b> will display for 2 to 5 seconds. <b>NOTE</b> - If ten second period expires, or push button is held less than 3 seconds, control will automatically exit <b>current active mode</b> and go into <b>IDLE Mode</b> without storing unit size code. If this occurs, then <b>Unit Size Code</b> configuring procedure must be repeated.
<b>ERROR CODE RECALL MODE (NOTE — CONTROL MUST BE IN IDLE MODE)</b>		
Solid	<b>e</b>	To enter <b>Error Code Recall Mode</b> — <b>PUSH</b> and <b>HOLD</b> button until solid <b>E</b> appears, then <b>RELEASE</b> button. Control will display up to ten error codes stored in memory. If <b>E000</b> is displayed, there are no stored error codes.
Solid	<b>=</b>	To exit <b>Error Code Recall Mode</b> — <b>PUSH</b> and <b>HOLD</b> button until <b>solid three horizontal bars</b> appear, then <b>RELEASE</b> button. <i>NOTE - Error codes are not cleared</i>
Solid	<b>c</b>	To clear error codes stored in memory, continue to <b>HOLD</b> push button while the three horizontal bars are displayed. Release push button when solid <b>c</b> is displayed. Display will blink.
Blinking	<b>c</b>	Push and hold for one (1) second, release button. Seven-segment will display 0000 and exit error recall mode.

**Table 12. AHC Control Single Character Display Alert Codes (Communicating and Non-Communicating)**

Alert Code	Priority	Alert	How to Clear
E 105	Critical	The air-handler has lost communication with the rest of the system.	Equipment is unable to communicate. This may indicate the existence of other alarms / codes. In most cases errors are related to electrical noise. Make sure high voltage power is separated from RSBUS. Check for mis-wired and/or loose connections between the thermostat, indoor unit and outdoor unit. Check for a high voltage source of noise close to the system. Generally, this is a self-recoverable error.
E 114	Critical	There is a frequency/distortion problem with the power to the air-handler.	This alarm/code may indicate transformer overloading. Check the voltage and line power frequency. Check the generator operating frequency, if the system is running on back-up power. Correct voltage and frequency problems. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E 115	Critical	The 24VAC to the air-handler control is lower than the required range of 18 to 30VAC.	24-volt power low (range is 18 to 30 volts). Check and correct voltage. Check for additional power-robbing equipment connected to system. This alarm / code may require the installation of an additional or larger VA transformer.
E 120	Moderate	There is a delay in the air-handler responding to the system.	Typically, this alarm/code does not cause any issues and will clear on its own. The alarm/code is usually caused by a delay in the outdoor unit responding to the thermostat. Check all wiring connections. Cleared after unresponsive device responds to any inquiry.
E 124	Critical	The iComfort™ thermostat has lost communication with the air-handler for more than 3 minutes.	Equipment lost communication with the iComfort™ thermostat. Check the wiring connections, ohm wires and cycle power. The alarm stops all associated HVAC operations and waits for a heartbeat message from the unit that's not communicating. The alarm/fault clears after communication is re-established.
E 125	Critical	There is a hardware problem with the air-handler control.	There is a control hardware problem. Replace the control if the problem prevents operation and is persistent. The alarm/fault is cleared 300 seconds after the fault recovers.
E 130	Moderate	An air-handler configuration jumper is missing.	Configuration jumper(s) missing on control (applicable in non-communicating applications only). Replace the jumper or put wire between terminals on control. Cleared after jumper is connected.
E 131	Critical	The air-handler control parameters are corrupted.	Reconfigure the system. Replace the control if heating or cooling is not available.
E 132	Critical	The air-handler control software is corrupted.	Recycle power. If failure re-occurs, replace the control. System reset is required to recover.
E 180	Critical	The iComfort™ thermostat has found a problem with the air-handler outdoor sensor.	In normal operation after control recognizes sensors, the alarm will be sent if valid temperature reading is lost. Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/resistance charts in unit installation instructions. Replace sensor pack if necessary. At the beginning of (any) configuration, the air-handler control will detect the presence of the sensor(s). If detected (reading in range), appropriate feature will be set as installed and shown in the 'About' screen. The alarm / fault will clear upon configuration, or sensing normal values.
E201	Critical	The system has lost communication with the or air-handler indoor blower motor.	Lost communication with indoor blower motor. Possible causes include power outage, brown-out, motor not powered, loose wiring, condensation on air handler control without cover on breaker. Problem may be on control or motor side. Cleared after communication is restored.
E202	Critical	The unit size code for the air-handler and the size of blower motor do not match.	Incorrect appliance unit size code selected. Check for proper configuring under unit size codes for air handler on configuration guide or in installation instructions. The alarm / fault clears after the correct match is detected following a reset. Remove the thermostat from the system while applying power and reprogramming.
E203	Critical	The unit size code for the air-handler has not been selected.	No appliance unit size code selected. Check for proper configuring under: Unit size codes for air handler on configuration guide or in installation instructions. Critical Alert. The alarm/fault clears after the correct match is detected following a reset. Remove the thermostat from the system while applying power and reprogramming.
E292	Critical	The air-handler's blower motor will not start.	The system will go into watchguard mode. Indoor blower motor unable to start. This could be due to seized bearing, stuck wheel, obstruction etc. Replace motor or wheel if assembly does not operate or meet performance standards. The alarm/fault clears after the indoor blower motor starts successfully.
E295	Minor	The indoor blower motor is over heating.	Indoor blower motor over temperature (motor tripped on internal protector). Check motor bearings and amps. Replace if necessary. The alarm / fault clears after blower demand is satisfied.
E310	Critical	There is a problem with air-handler discharge air sensor.	Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/resistance charts in installation instructions. Replace sensor if necessary. The alarm/fault is cleared 30 seconds after fault is detected as recovered.
E312	Minor	The blower cannot provide the requested CFM due to high static.	Warning Only. Restricted airflow - Indoor blower is running at a reduced CFM (cut-back mode). The variable-speed motor has pre-set speed and torque limiters to protect the motor from damage caused by operating outside of design parameters (0 to 0.8" e.g. total external static pressure). Check filter and duct system. To clear, replace filter if needed or repair/add duct. The alarm/fault is cleared after the current service demand is satisfied.
E313	Minor	The indoor and outdoor unit capacities do not match.	Check for proper configuring in installation instructions. Alarm is just a warning. The system will operate, but might not meet efficiency and capacity parameters. The alarm will clear after commissioning is complete.

**Table 12. AHC Single Character Display Alert Codes (Communicating and Non-Communicating) (continued)**

Alert Code	Priority	Alert	How to Clear
E345	Critical	The <b>O</b> relay on the air-handler has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize.	<b>O</b> relay failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. Replace control. The alarm clears after a reset.
E346	Critical	The <b>R</b> to <b>O</b> jumper was not removed on the air-handler control.	Configuration link(s) not removed on control. Cut / remove <b>R</b> to <b>O</b> jumper. Applicable with non communicating outdoor unit with communicating indoor unit. The fault clears after the <b>R</b> to <b>O</b> jumper is cut/removed.
E347	Critical	The <b>Y1</b> relay on the air-handler has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize.	Operation stopped. Y1 relay failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. The indoor unit cannot verify that the relay is closed. The alarm clears after a reset and Y1 input sensed.
E348	Critical	The <b>Y2</b> relay on the air-handler has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize.	Operation stopped. Y2 relay failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. The indoor unit cannot verify that the relay is closed. The alarm clears after a reset and Y2 input sensed.
E350	Critical	The air-handler's electric heat is not configured.	Heat call with no configured or mis-configured electric heat. Configure electric heat in the air-handler. The fault clears electrical heat is successfully detected.
E351	Critical	There is a problem with the air-handler's first stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize.	Heat section / stage 1 failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The alarm clears after stage 1 relay is detected.
E352	Critical	There is a problem with the air-handler's second stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.	Heat section / stage 2 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.
E353	Critical	There is a problem with the air-handler's third stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.	Heat section / stage 3 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.
E354	Critical	There is a problem with the air-handler's fourth stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.	Heat section / stage 4 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.
E355	Critical	There is a problem with the air-handler's fifth stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.	Heat section / stage 5 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.
E409	Moderate	The secondary voltage for the air-handler has fallen below 18VAC. If this continues for 10 minutes, the iComfort™ thermostat will turn off the air-handler.	Secondary voltage is below 18VAC. After 10 minutes, operation is discontinued. Check the indoor line voltage, transformer output voltage. The alarm clears after the voltage is higher than 20VAC for 2 seconds or after a power reset.

# Configuring Unit

This section identifies the requirements for configuring the air handler unit for unit size, heat mode selection and EvenHeat.

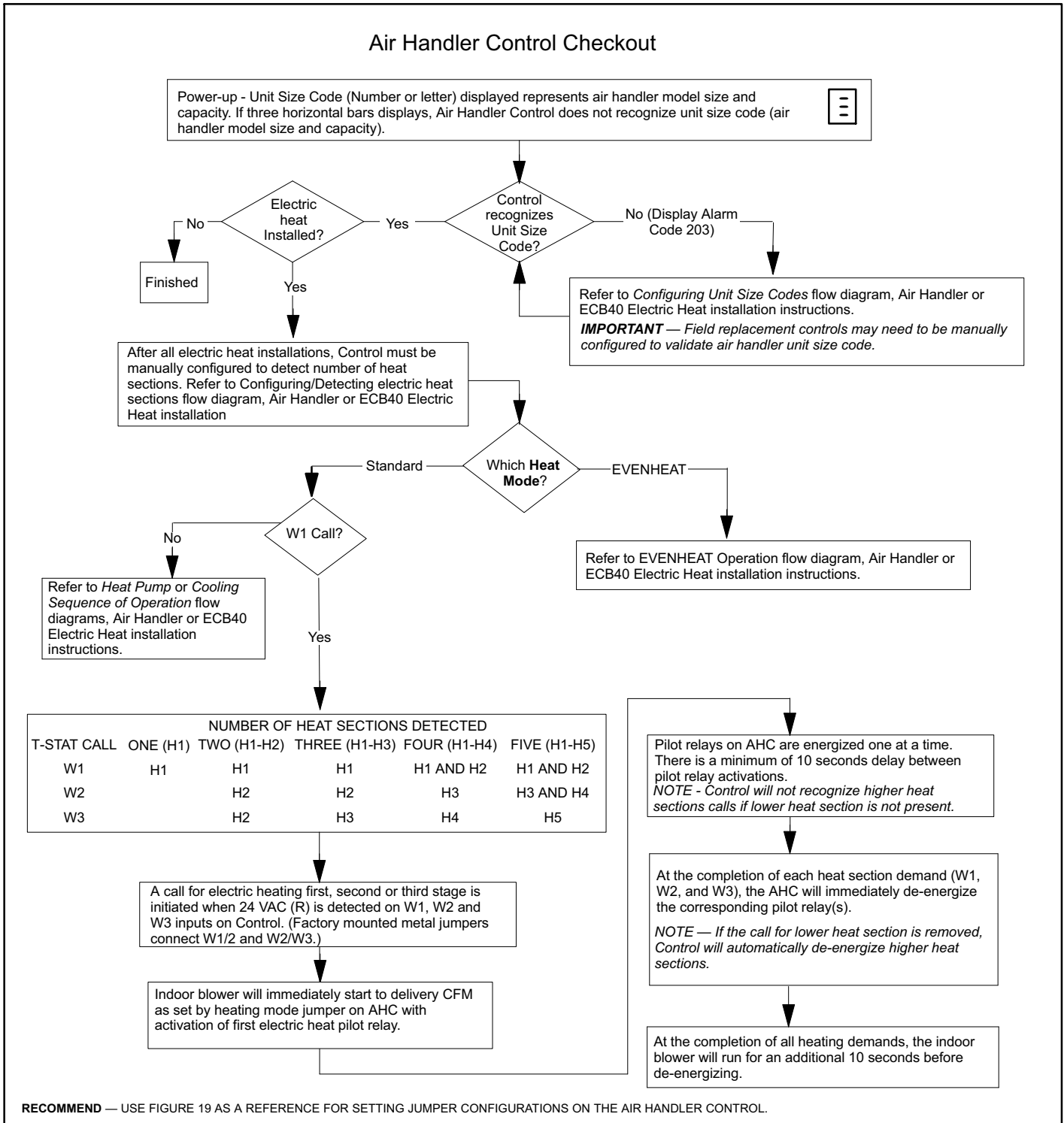
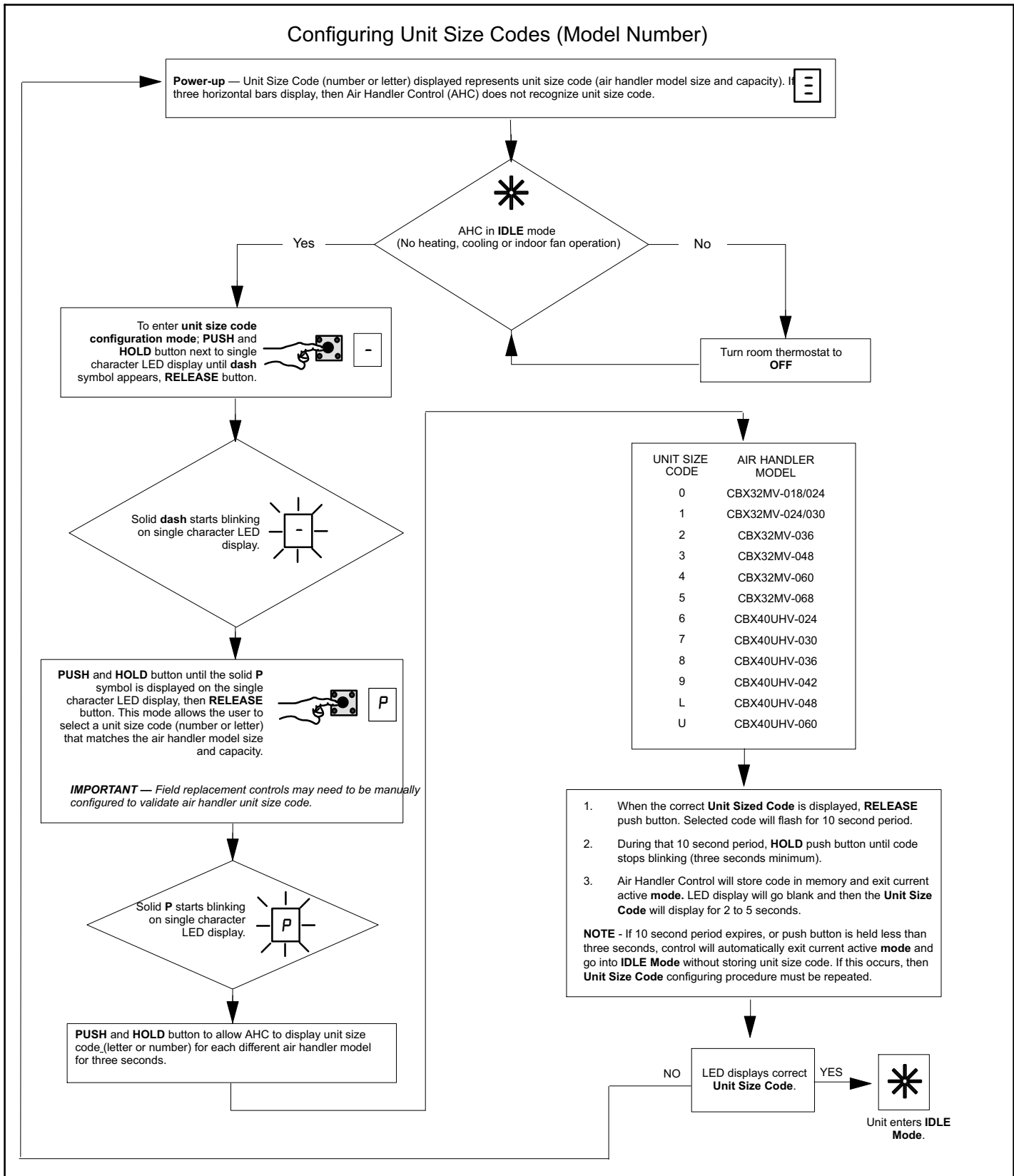


Figure 20. Air Handler Control Checkout

## Configuring Unit Size Codes (Model Number)



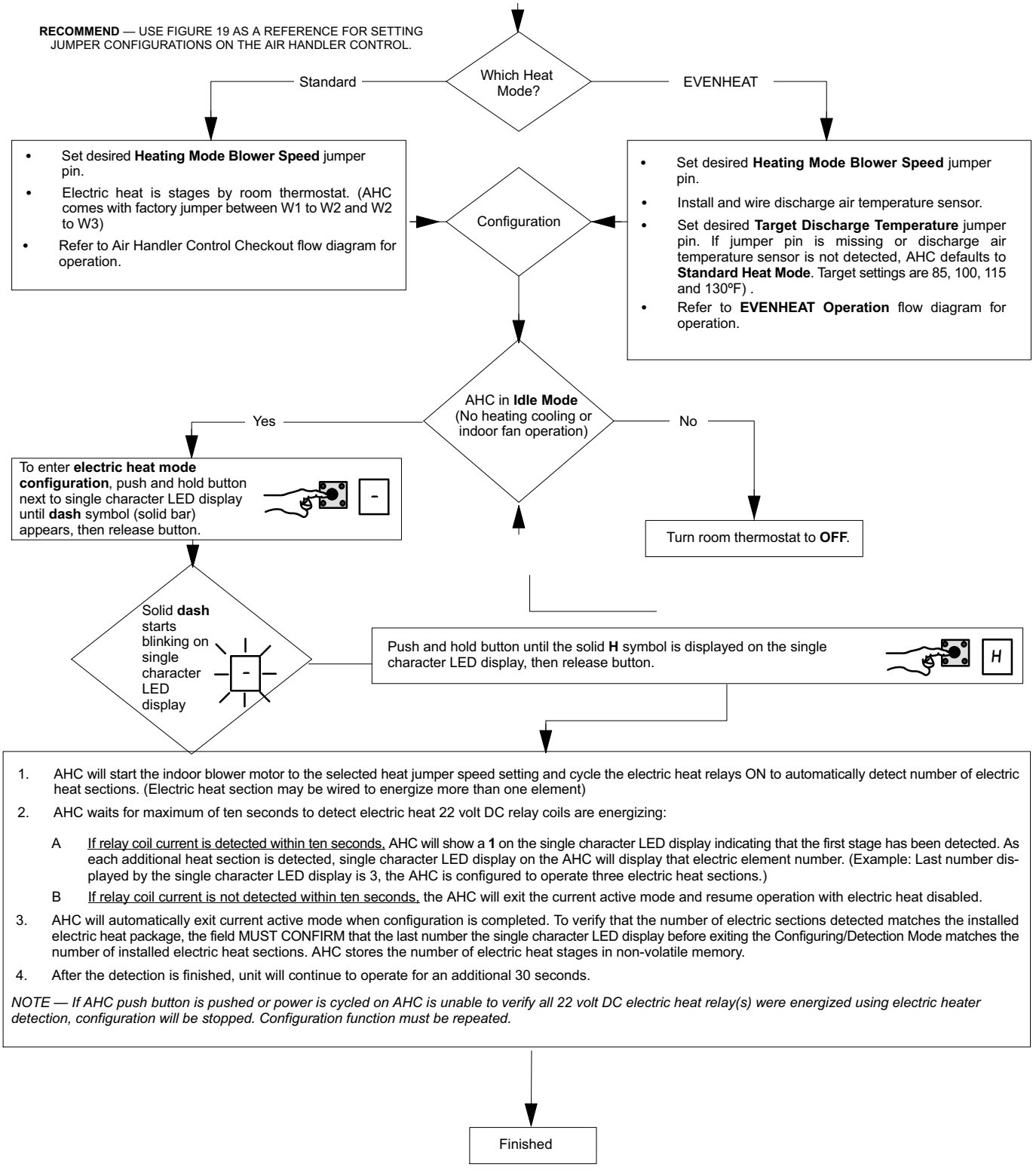
**Figure 21. Configure Unit Size Codes**

## Configuring/Detecting Electric Heat Sections

**IMPORTANT** — All electric heat installations require the Air Handler Control (AHC) to be manually configured to detect number of heat sections.

**NOTE** — All field replacement AHC will require configuring/detecting electric heat sections.

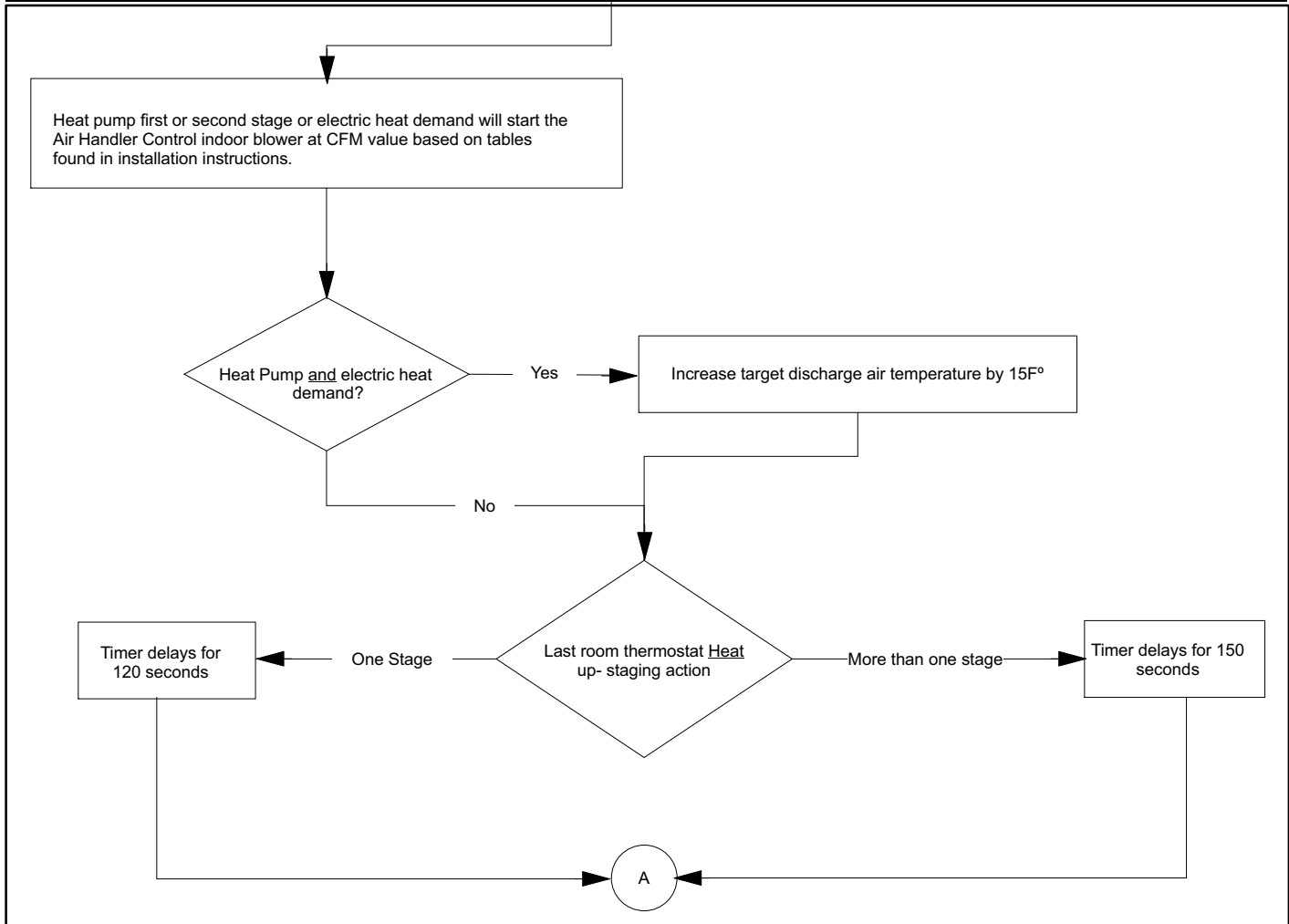
**RECOMMEND** — USE FIGURE 19 AS A REFERENCE FOR SETTING JUMPER CONFIGURATIONS ON THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL.



**Figure 22. Heat Mode Selection**

## EVENHEAT OPERATION

INPUTS	OUTPUTS		
<b>Room Thermostat Demand</b>	<b>Target Discharge Air Temperature Set at 85°F</b>	<b>Target Discharge Air Temperature Set at 100°F</b>	<b>Target Discharge Air Temperature Set at 115°F/130°F</b>
Y1	Heat Pump First Stage	Heat Pump First Stage	Heat Pump First + First Electric Heat Section (H1)
Y1 + Y2	Heat Pump First and Second Stage	Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1)	Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1) + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.
Y1 + W1 and/or W2	Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1)	Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.	Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1) Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.
Y1 and Y2 + W1 and/or W2	Heat Pump First and Second Stage+ First Electric Heat Section (H1)	Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.	Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1) Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.
W1 and/or W2	First Electric Heat Section (H1)	First Electric Heat Section (H1) + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.	First Electric Heat Section (H1) + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.



**Figure 23. EVENHEAT Operation (1 of 2)**

Note 1 Activation delay

- 120 seconds if one heat stage is or deactivated
- 150 seconds if more than one stage is activated or deactivated.

## EVENHEAT Operation

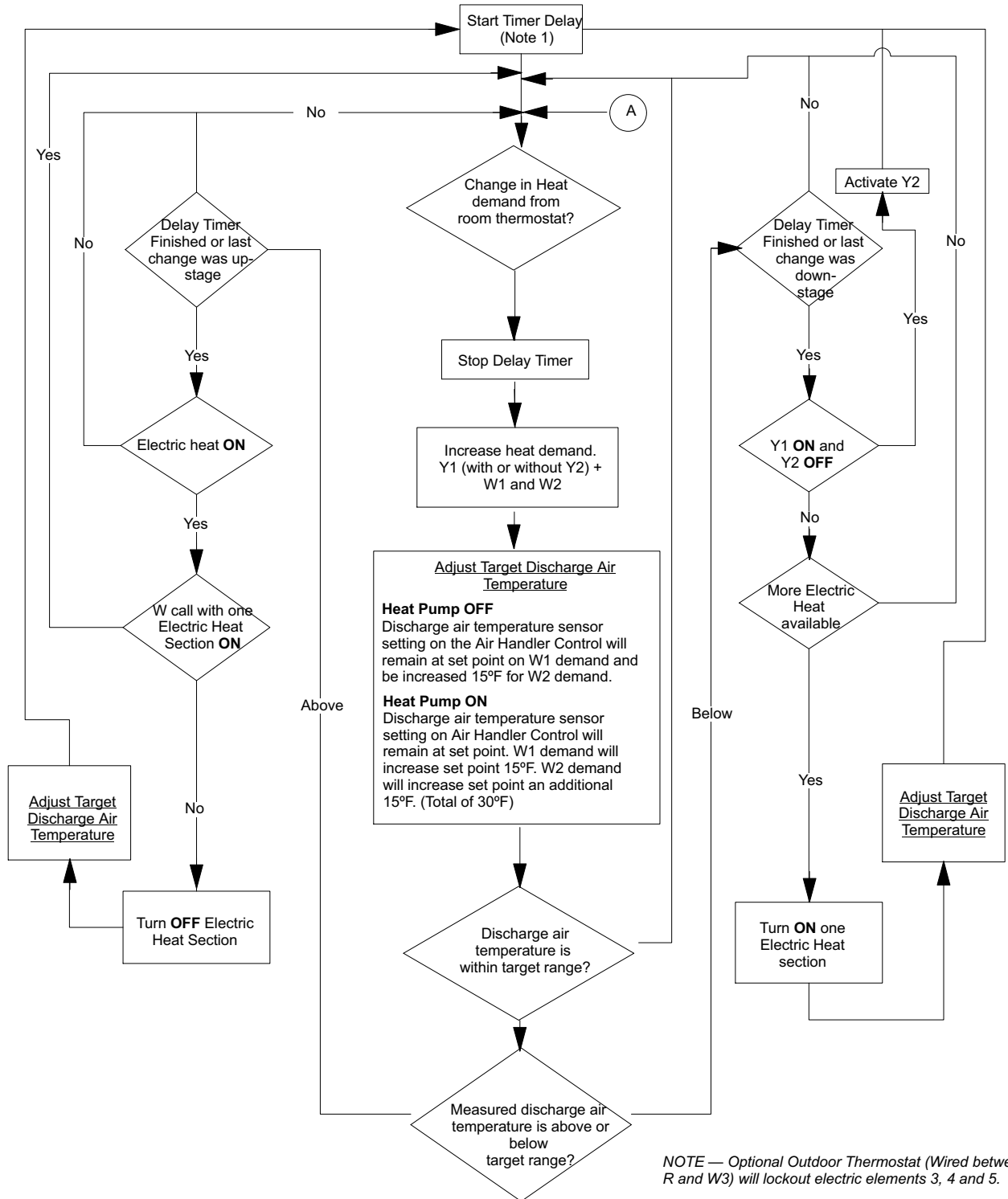


Figure 24. EVENHEAT Operation (2 of 2)



# Heat Pump Operation (Heating and Cooling)

## Air Handler Control Indoor Blower Mode Speed and Profiles settings

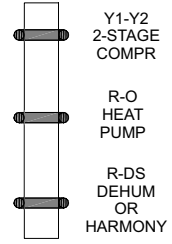
1. Set **Cooling Mode Blower Speed** jumper pin . (Low and high indoor blower CFM settings are identical for cooling and heat pump)
2. Set Blower Adjust Selection jumper pin.
3. Set Cooling Mode Blower Ramping jumper pin (Cooling calls - All ramping profiles are active) (Heating calls - Only ramping profiles 1 and 2 are active. If profiles 3 or 4 are selected, Control will default to profile 1)
  - A Profile 1 does not provide any ramping profiles.
  - B Profile 2 provides a 30 second indoor blower ON delay at the start of a heat pump heating demand. (45 second indoor blower **OFF** delay)
4. Simultaneous Heat Pump and electric heat call: Indoor Blower will operate at the highest CFM requested by the heat pump or the electric heat blower speed selection.

## Single or Two-Stage Unit

1. Control on-board link must be cut between Y1 and Y2 to allow two stage cooling operation.
2. Control on-board link must be cut between R and O to allow heat pump operation.

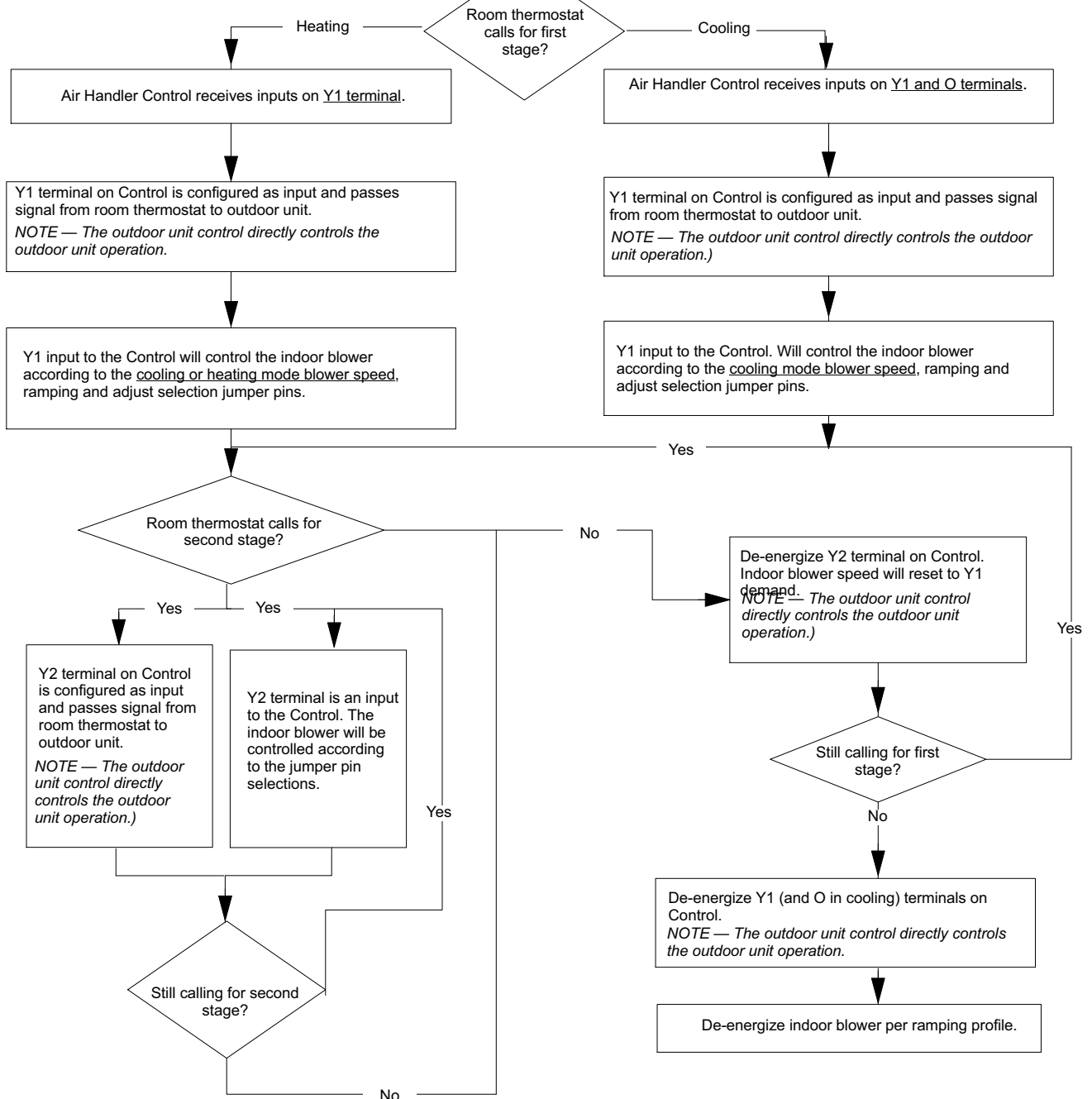
CUT ON-BOARD LINK Y1-Y2 FOR TWO-STAGE A/C

CUT ON-BOARD LINK R -O.



**IMPORTANT** — USE CARE WHEN CUTTING LINKS TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO CONTROL. SEE FIGURE 19, CBX32MV JUMP AND LINK GUIDE FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

**RECOMMEND** — USE FIGURE 19 AS A REFERENCE FOR SETTING JUMPER CONFIGURATIONS ON THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL.



# Cooling Operation

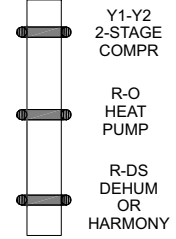
## Air Handler Control Indoor Blower Mode Speed and Profiles settings

1. Set **Cooling Mode Blower Speed** jumper pin.
2. Set **Cooling Mode Blower Ramping** jumper pin.
3. Set Blower Adjust Selection jumper pin.

### Single or Two-Stage Unit

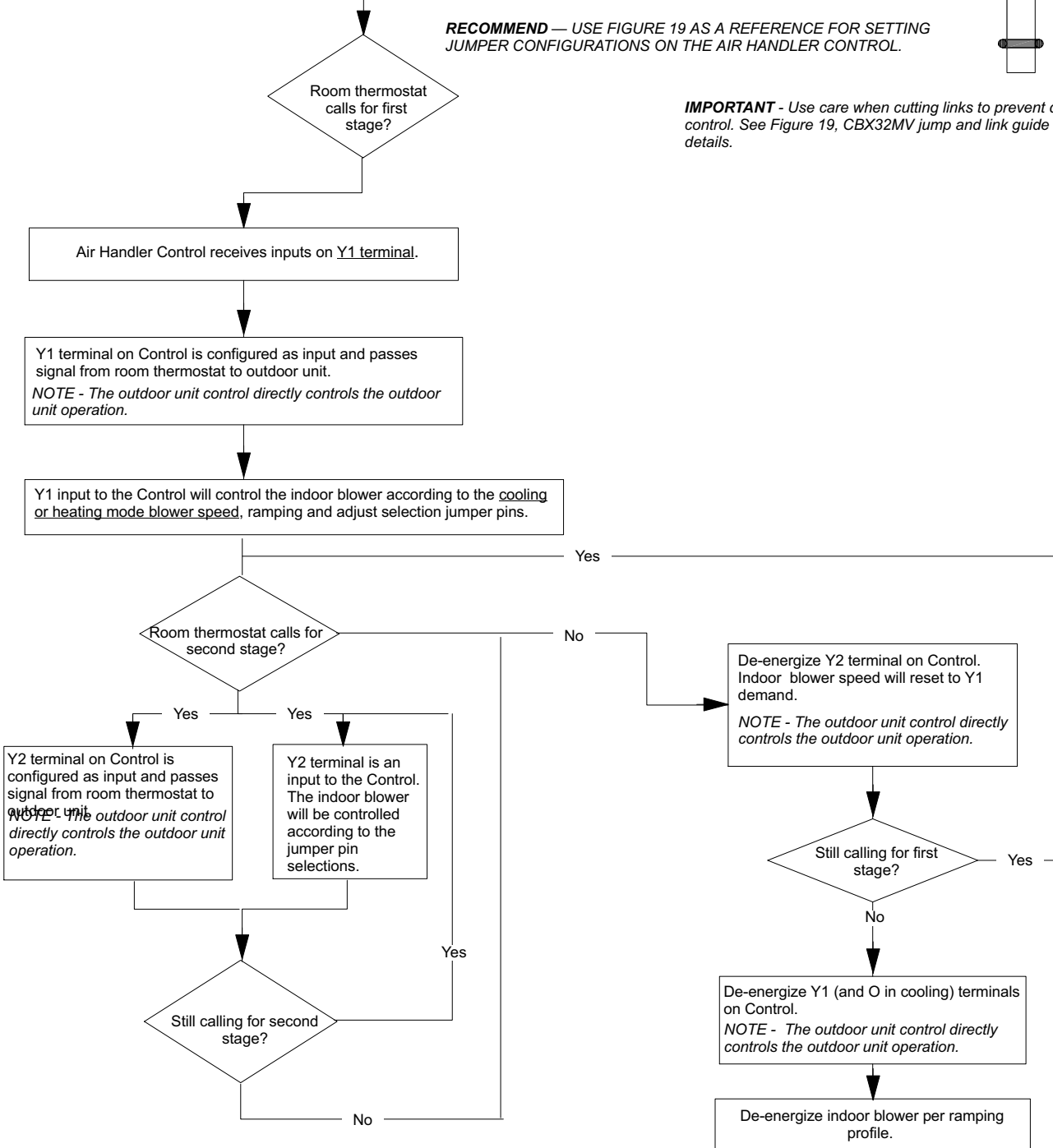
Control on-board link must be cut between Y1 and Y2 to allow 2 stage cooling operation.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK Y1-Y2 FOR TWO-STAGE A/C

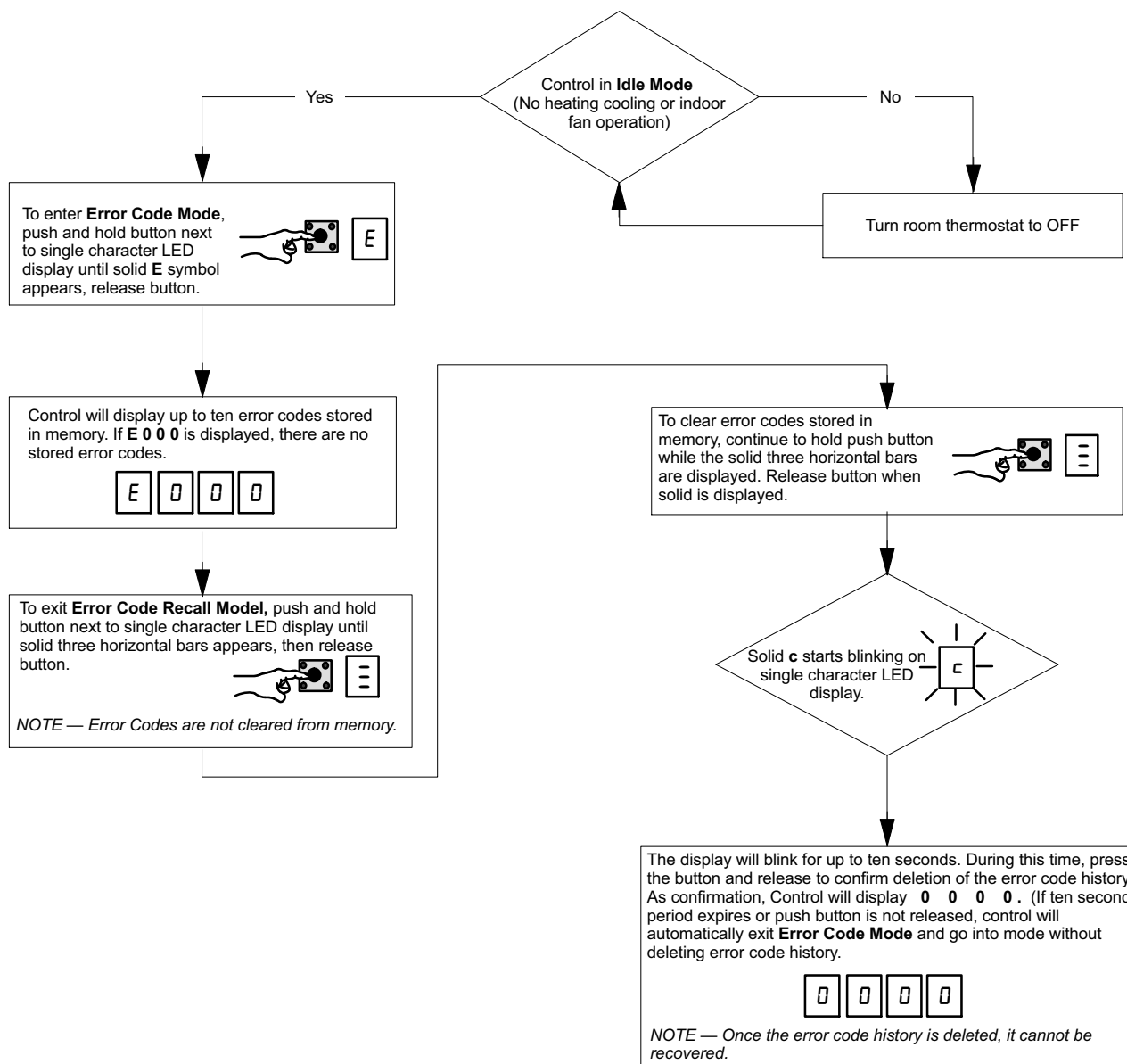


**RECOMMEND** — USE FIGURE 19 AS A REFERENCE FOR SETTING JUMPER CONFIGURATIONS ON THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL.

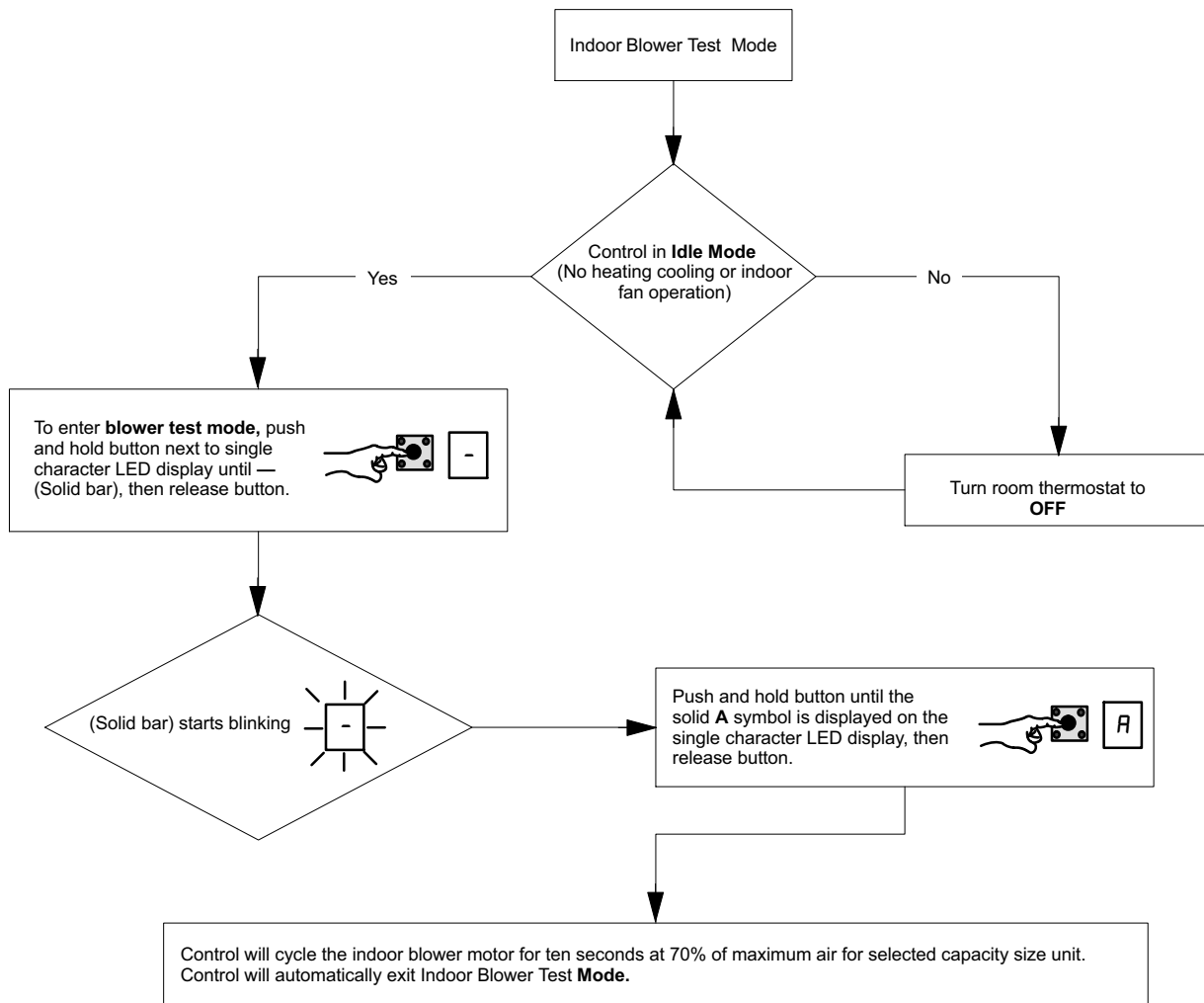
**IMPORTANT** - Use care when cutting links to prevent damage to control. See Figure 19, CBX32MV jump and link guide for further details.



# Error Code / Recall Mode



## Indoor Blower Test



## Checkout Procedures

**NOTE** - Refer to outdoor unit installation instructions for system start-up instructions and refrigerant charging instructions.

### PRE-START-UP CHECKS

- Is the air handler properly and securely installed?
- If horizontally configured, is the unit sloped up to 1/4 inch toward drain lines?
- Will the unit be accessible for servicing?
- Has an auxiliary pan been provided under the unit with separate drain for units installed above a finished ceiling or in any installation where condensate overflow could cause damage?
- Have ALL unused drain pan ports been properly plugged?
- Has the condensate line been properly sized, run, trapped, pitched, and tested?
- Is the duct system correctly sized, run, sealed, and insulated?
- Have all cabinet openings and wiring been sealed?

- Is the indoor coil factory-installed TXV properly sized for the outdoor unit being used?
- Have all unused parts and packaging been disposed of?
- Is the filter clean, in place, and of adequate size?
- Is the wiring neat, correct, and in accordance with the wiring diagram?
- Is the unit properly grounded and protected (fused)?
- Is the thermostat correctly wired and in a good location?
- Are all access panels in place and secure?

### CHECK BLOWER OPERATION

- Set thermostat to FAN ON.
- The indoor blower should come on.

### CHECK COOLING OPERATION

- Set thermostat to force a call for cooling (approximately 5°F lower than the indoor ambient temperature).
- The outdoor unit should come on immediately and the indoor blower should start between 30 - 60 seconds later.
- Check the airflow from a register to confirm that the system is moving cooled air.

- Set the thermostat 5°F higher than the indoor temperature. The indoor blower and outdoor unit should cycle off.

### CHECK ELECTRIC HEATER (IF USED)

- Set thermostat to call for auxiliary heat (approximately 5°F above ambient temperature). The indoor blower and auxiliary heat should come on together. Allow a minimum of 3 minutes for all sequencers to cycle on.
- Set the thermostat so that it does not call for heat. Allow up to 5 minutes for all sequencers to cycle off.

## Operation

### COOLING (COOLING ONLY OR HEAT PUMP)

When the thermostat calls for cooling, 24 volts is put on the blower time-delay relay coil. After a delay, the indoor blower relay energizes. The normally open contacts close, causing the indoor blower motor to operate. The circuit between R and Y is completed, closing the circuit to the contactor in the outdoor unit, starting the compressor and outdoor fan motor.

On heat pumps, circuit R and O energizes the reversing valve, switching the valve to the cooling position. (The reversing valve remains energized as long as the thermostat selector switch is in the COOL position.)

At the completion of the cooling demand and after the relay's time-delay, the compressor and outdoor fan will cycle off.

### HEATING (ELECTRIC HEAT ONLY)

When the thermostat calls for heat, the circuit between R and W is completed, and the heat sequencer is energized. A time delay follows before the heating elements and the indoor blower motor come on. Units with a second heat sequencer can be connected with the first sequencer to W on the thermostat subbase, or they may also be connected to a second stage on the subbase.

### HEATING (HEAT PUMP)

When the thermostat calls for heating, 24 volts is put on the blower time-delay relay coil. After a delay, the normally open contacts close, causing the indoor blower motor to operate. The circuit between R and Y is completed, closing the circuit to the contactor in the outdoor unit, starting the compressor and outdoor fan motor. Circuit R and G energizes the blower relay, starting the indoor blower motor.

If the room temperature should continue to fall, the circuit between R and W1 is completed by the second-stage heat room thermostat. Circuit R-W1 energizes a heat sequencer. The completed circuit will energize supplemental electric heat (if applicable). Units with a second heat sequencer can be connected with the first sequencer to W1 on the thermostat. They may also be connected to a second heating stage W2 on the thermostat subbase.

### EMERGENCY HEAT (HEATING HEAT PUMP)

If the selector switch on the thermostat is set to the emergency heat position, the heat pump will be locked out of the heating circuit, and all heating will be electric heat (if applicable). A jumper should be placed between W2 and E

on the thermostat subbase so that the electric heat control will transfer to the first-stage heat on the thermostat. This will allow the indoor blower to cycle on and off with the electric heat when the fan switch is in the AUTO position.

## Maintenance

### DEALER

## ⚠ WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

## ⚠ WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause personal injury, loss of life, or damage to property.

Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent) or a service agency.

Maintenance and service must be performed by a qualified installer or service agency. At the beginning of each cooling season, the system should be checked as follows:

#### Outdoor Unit

1. Outdoor unit fan motor is pre-lubricated and sealed. No further lubrication is needed.
2. Visually inspect all connecting lines, joints and coils for evidence of oil leaks.
3. Check all wiring for loose connections.
4. Check for correct voltage at unit (unit operating).
5. Check amp draw on outdoor fan motor.

**Motor Nameplate:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Actual:** \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Inspect drain holes in coil compartment base and clean if necessary.

**NOTE** - If insufficient cooling occurs, the unit should be gauged and refrigerant charge should be checked.

#### Outdoor Coil

Clean and inspect outdoor coil (may be flushed with a water hose). Ensure power is off before cleaning.

**NOTE** - It may be necessary to flush the outdoor coil more frequently if it is exposed to substances which are corrosive or which block airflow across the coil (e.g., pet urine, cottonwood seeds, fertilizers, fluids that may contain high levels of corrosive chemicals such as salts)

**Sea Coast** — Moist air in ocean locations can carry salt, which is corrosive to most metal. Units that are located near the ocean require frequent inspections and maintenance. These inspections will determine the necessary need to wash the unit including the outdoor coil. Consult your installing contractor for proper intervals/procedures for your geographic area or service contract.

#### Indoor Unit

1. Clean or change filters.
2. Lennox blower motors are prelubricated and permanently sealed. No more lubrication is needed.

3. Adjust blower speed for cooling. Measure the pressure drop over the coil to determine the correct blower CFM. Refer to the unit information service manual for pressure drop tables and procedure.
4. Belt Drive Blowers - Check belt for wear and proper tension.
5. Check all wiring for loose connections.
6. Check for correct voltage at unit. (blower operating)
7. Check amp draw on blower motor.

**Motor Nameplate:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Actual:** \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Indoor Coil

8. Clean coil if necessary.
9. Check connecting lines, joints and coil for evidence of oil leaks.
10. Check condensate line and clean if necessary.

#### Cabinet Insulation

### ! IMPORTANT

**DAMAGED INSULATION MUST BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED** before the unit is put back into operation. Insulation loses its insulating value when wet, damaged, separated or torn.

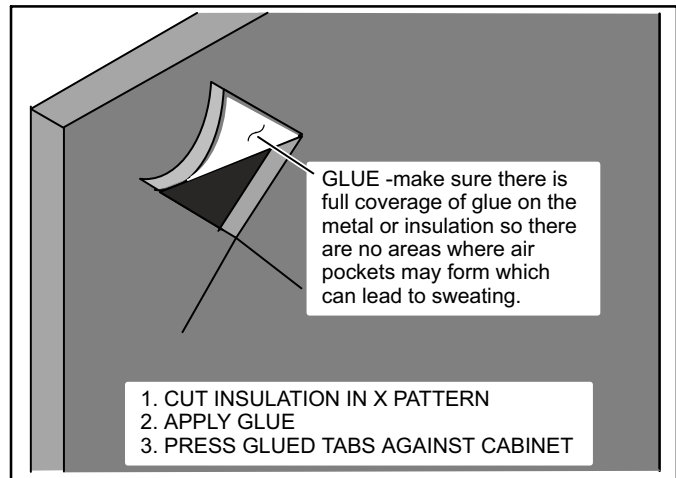
Matt- or foil-faced insulation is installed in indoor equipment to provide a barrier between outside air conditions (surrounding ambient temperature and humidity) and the varying conditions inside the unit. If the insulation barrier is damaged (wet, ripped, torn or separated from the cabinet walls), the surrounding ambient air will affect the inside surface temperature of the cabinet. The

temperature/humidity difference between the inside and outside of the cabinet can cause condensation on the inside or outside of the cabinet which leads to sheet metal corrosion and subsequently, component failure.

#### REPAIRING DAMAGED INSULATION

Areas of condensation on the cabinet surface are an indication that the insulation is in need of repair.

If the insulation in need of repair is otherwise in good condition, the insulation should be cut in an X pattern, peeled open, glued with an appropriate all-purpose glue and placed back against the cabinet surface, being careful to not overly compress the insulation so the insulation can retain its original thickness. If such repair is not possible, replace the insulation. If using foil-faced insulation, any cut, tear, or separations in the insulation surface must be taped with a similar foil-faced tape.



**Figure 25. Repairing Insulation**

# Sequence of Operations

## A CBX32MV - 208/230V SINGLE PHASE

- Line voltage is routed to transformer T1 and blower motor B3.
- T1 supplies 24VAC to terminal strip TB2, which supplies 24VAC to the indoor thermostat and electric heat, if used.

### HEATING

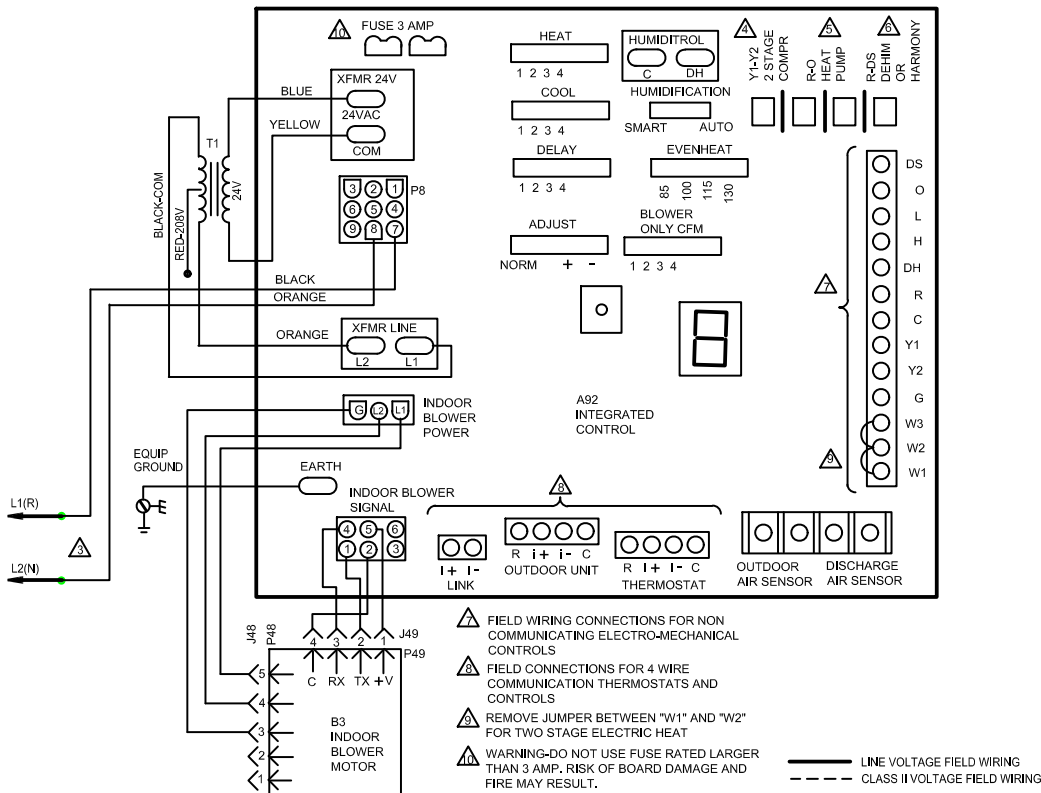
- W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay contained in the ECB40 heat section. (See electric heat diagrams for operation).
- Control energizes blower motor B3 on heating speed.

### COOLING

- See Table 13 for cooling sequence of operation.

KEY	DESCRIPTION
A92	CONTROL-INTEGRATED
B3	MOTOR-BLOWER
J48	JACK-MOTOR, VARIABLE SPEED
J49	JACK-MOTOR, VARIABLE SPEED
P8	PLUG-ELECTRIC HEAT
P48	PLUG-MOTOR, VARIABLE SPEED
P49	PLUG-MOTOR, VARIABLE SPEED
T1	TRANSFORMER-CONTROL

BLOWER COIL	RECOMMENDED BLOWER SPEED TAP SELECTION			
	COOL		HEAT	
	CONDENSING UNIT	HEAT PUMP	CONDENSING UNIT WITH ELECTRIC HEAT ONLY	HEAT PUMP WITH ELECTRIC HEAT
-018				
-024	COOL PIN #3	COOL PIN #3	HEAT PIN #4	HEAT PIN #4
-030				
-036				
-042	COOL PIN #3	COOL PIN #3	HEAT PIN #3	HEAT PIN #3
-048	COOL PIN #2	COOL PIN #2	HEAT PIN #1	HEAT PIN #1
-060	COOL PIN #3	COOL PIN #3	HEAT PIN #1	HEAT PIN #1
-068	COOL PIN #3	COOL PIN #3	HEAT PIN #4	HEAT PIN #4



- REFER TO FACTORY BLOWER SPEED TAP SELECTION CHART ON UNIT FOR BLOWER SPEED INFORMATION.
- NEC/CEC CLASS 2 3VA
- USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
- LINK "Y1" TO "Y2" FOR SINGLE STAGE UNIT. CLIP LINK "Y1" TO "Y2" FOR TWO STAGE UNIT.
- LINK "R" TO "O" IS USED WITH AC UNIT. CLIP LINK "R" TO "O" WHEN HEAT PUMP IS USED.
- REMOVE LINK BETWEEN "R" AND "DS" WHEN DEHUMIDIFICATION CONTROL IS USED.

- FIELD WIRING CONNECTIONS FOR NON COMMUNICATING ELECTRO-MECHANICAL CONTROLS
- FIELD CONNECTIONS FOR 4 WIRE COMMUNICATION THERMOSTATS AND CONTROLS
- REMOVE JUMPER BETWEEN "W1" AND "W2" FOR TWO STAGE ELECTRIC HEAT
- WARNING-DO NOT USE FUSE RATED LARGER THAN 3 AMP. RISK OF BOARD DAMAGE AND FIRE MAY RESULT.

**LENNOX** COILS-BLOWER COIL UNITS

CBX32MV, CBX40UHV

COIL SECTION-

1209 Supersedes

New Form No. 537202-01

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**Table 13. Cooling Operation and Jumper Summary**

<b>CBX32MV COOLING OPERATION AND JUMPER SUMMARY (OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES) WITHOUT ComfortSense® 7000™ WITHOUT HARMONY III™</b>			
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>JUMPERS</b>	<b>THERMOSTAT DEMAND</b>	<b>BLOWER SPEED</b>
Single Speed Condensing Unit	DS to R Y1 to Y2 O to R	Y1	COOL
Two Speed Condensing Unit	DS to R O to R	Y1	70% of COOL
		Y2	COOL
Single Speed Heat Pump	DS to Y1 Y1 to Y2	Y1	COOL
Two Speed Heat Pump	DS to R	Y1	70% of COOL
		Y2	COOL
<b>CBX32MV COOLING OPERATION AND JUMPER SUMMARY (OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES) WITH ComfortSense 7000 WITHOUT HARMONY III</b>			
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>JUMPERS</b>	<b>THERMOSTAT DEMAND and BLOWER SPEED</b>	
Single Speed Condensing Unit	Y1 to Y2 O to R	See table 14	
Two Speed Condensing Unit	O to R	See table 15	
Single Speed Heat Pump	Y1 to Y2	See table 14	
Two Speed Heat Pump	NONE	See table 15	
<b>CBX32MV COOLING OPERATION AND JUMPER SUMMARY (OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES) WITHOUT ComfortSense 7000 WITH HARMONY III</b>			
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>JUMPERS</b>	<b>SEQUENCE OF OPERATION</b>	
Single or Two Speed Condensing Unit	O to R	Harmony controls blower speed according to size of demand, through pulse width modulated signal to DS	
Single or Two Speed Heat Pump	NONE	Harmony controls blower speed according to size of demand, through pulse width modulated signal to DS	

**NOTE** - Continuous fan CFM will be 50% of COOL speed. Blower will run on HEAT speed during Heat operation.



This section details unit operating sequence for non-communicating systems.

**NOTE** - For communicating systems, see the iComfort™ thermostat installation instruction.

**Table 14. CBX32MV with ComfortSense™ 7000 Thermostat and Single-Stage Outdoor Unit Operating Sequence**

Operating Sequence		System Demand								System Response		
System Condition	Step	Thermostat Demand						Relative Humidity		Comp	Air Handler CFM (COOL)	Comments
		Y1	Y2	O	G	W1	W2	Status	D			
<b>NO CALL FOR DEHUMIDIFICATION</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	Compressor and indoor air handler follow thermostat demand
<b>BASIC MODE (Only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	ComfortSense™ 7000 thermostat energizes Y1 and de-energizes D on a call for dehumidification. <i>NOTE - No over cooling.</i>
Dehumidification Call	2	On		On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	
<b>PRECISION MODE (Operates independent of a Y1 thermostat demand)</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	Dehumidification mode begins when humidity is greater than set point
Dehumidification call	2	On		On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	
Dehumidification call ONLY	1	On		On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	ComfortSense™ 7000 will keep outdoor unit energized after cooling temperature setpoint has been reached in order to maintain room humidity setpoint. <i>NOTE - Allow to over cool 2°F from cooling set point.</i>

**Table 15. CBX32MV with ComfortSense™ 7000 Thermostat and Two-Stage Outdoor Unit Operating Sequence**

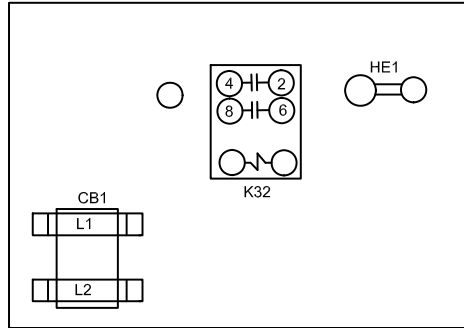
Operating Sequence		System Demand								System Response		
System Condition	Step	Thermostat Demand						Relative Humidity		Compressor	Air Handler CFM (COOL)	Comments
		Y1	Y2	O	G	W1	W2	Status	D			
<b>No Call for Dehumidification</b>												
Normal Operation - Y1	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%	Compressor and indoor air handler follow thermostat demand
Normal Operation - Y2	2	On	On	On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	
<b>Room Thermostat Calls for First-Stage Cooling</b>												
<b>BASIC MODE (Only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%	ComfortSense™ 7000 thermostat energizes Y2 and de-energizes D on a call for dehumidification <i>NOTE - No over cooling.</i>
Dehumidification Call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	
<b>PRECISION MODE (Operates independent of a Y1 thermostat demand)</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%	Dehumidification mode begins when humidity is greater than set point
Dehumidification call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	
Dehumidification call ONLY	1	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	ComfortSense™ 7000 thermostat will keep outdoor unit energized after cooling temperature setpoint has been reached in order to maintain room humidity setpoint. <i>NOTE — Allow to over cool 2°F from cooling set point.</i>

**Table 14. CBX32MV with ComfortSense™ 7000 Thermostat and Two-Stage Outdoor Unit Operating Sequence (continued)**

Operating Sequence		System Demand								System Response		
System Condition	Step	Thermostat Demand						Relative Humidity		Compressor	Air Handler CFM (COOL)	Comments
		Y1	Y2	O	G	W1	W2	Status	D			
<b>Room Thermostat Calls for First- and Second-Stage Cooling</b>												
<b>BASIC MODE (Only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On	On	On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	ComfortSense™ 7000 thermostat energizes Y2 and de-energizes D on a call for dehumidification <i>NOTE — No over cooling.</i>
Dehumidification Call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	
<b>PRECISION MODE (Operates independent of a Y1 thermostat demand)</b>												
Normal Operation	1	On	On	On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	Dehumidification mode begins when humidity is greater than set point
Dehumidification call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	
Dehumidification call ONLY	1	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%	ComfortSense™ 7000 thermostat will keep outdoor unit energized after cooling temperature setpoint has been reached in order to maintain room humidity setpoint. <i>NOTE — Allow to over cool 2°F from cooling set point.</i>

**A ECB40-2.5, 4, 5 and ECB40-4CB, 5CB 208/230V Single Phase**

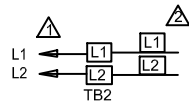
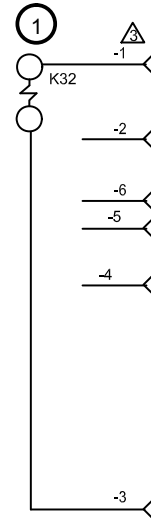
1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay. K32-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE1 is energized.



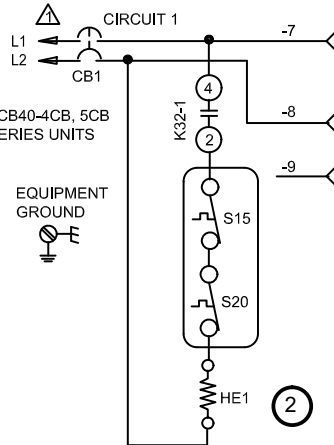
DESCRIPTION	
KEY	COMPONENT
CB1	CIRCUIT BREAKER-ELECT HEAT
HE1	ELEMENT-ELECTRIC HEAT 1
K32,-1	RELAY-ELECTRIC HEAT
S15	SWITCH-LIMIT,PRIMARY,ELECT HEAT
S20	SWITCH-LIMIT,SECONDARY,ELECT HEAT
TB2	TERMINAL STRIP-UNIT

NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY

- ⚠ REFER TO UNIT NAMEPLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
- ⚠ CONNECT POWER WIRES FROM UNIT LABELED L1 AND L2, TO TB2 TERMINAL STRIP ON HEATER PLATE.
- ⚠ CONNECT WIRES 1 THRU 9 TO P8 (9 PIN CONNECTOR) ON AHC CONTROL



ECB40-2.5, 4, 5KW UNITS



ECB40-4CB, 5CB SERIES UNITS

EQUIPMENT GROUND

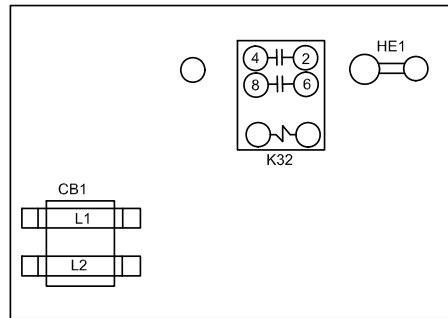
HEATING-ELECTRIC	
ECB40-2.5, 4, 5-P ECB40-4CB, 5CB-P	
1009	Supersedes
New Form No. 537276-01	

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## B ECB40-6 and ECB40-6CB 208/230V Single Phase

1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay. K32-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE1 is energized.

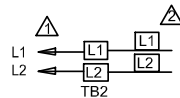
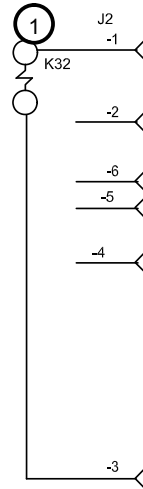


KEY	DESCRIPTION
CB1	CIRCUIT BREAKER-ELECT HEAT
HE1	ELEMENT-ELECTRIC HEAT 1
J2	JACK-ELECTRIC HEAT
K32-1	RELAY-ELECTRIC HEAT
S15	SWITCH-LIMIT, PRIMARY, ELECT HEAT
S20	SWITCH-LIMIT, SECONDARY, ELECT HEAT
TB2	TERMINAL STRIP-UNIT

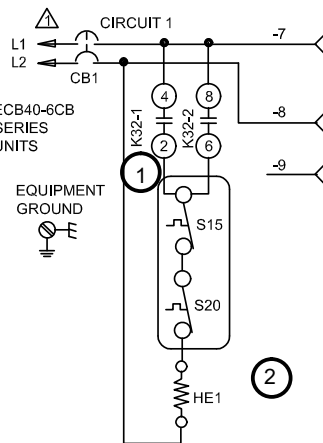
NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY

⚠ REFER TO UNIT NAMEPLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.

⚠ CONNECT POWER WIRES FROM UNIT LABELED L1 AND L2, TO TB2 TERMINAL STRIP ON HEATER PLATE.



ECB40-6KW UNITS



ECB40-6CB SERIES UNITS

EQUIPMENT GROUND

<b>LENNOX</b> ® HEATING-ELECTRIC	
ECB40-6-P ECB40-6CB-P	
0808	Supersedes Form No.
New Form No. 537055-01	

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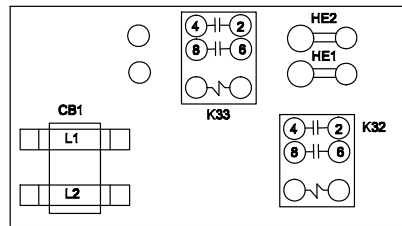
## C ECB40-8 and ECB40-8CB - 208/230V Single Phase

### FIRST-STAGE HEAT

1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay. K32-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE1 is energized.

### SECOND-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W2 and R)

1. When K32-1 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K33 relay.
2. When K33-1 closes, assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE2 is energized.

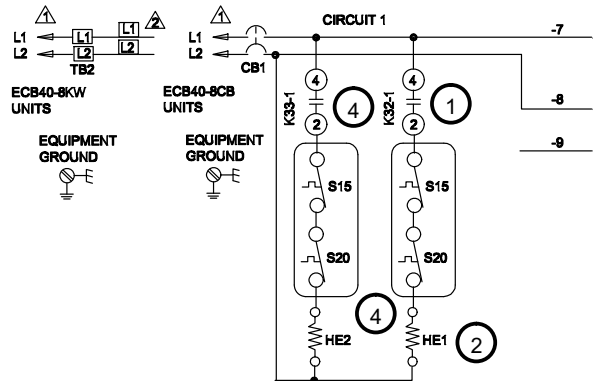


KEY	DESCRIPTION	COMPONENT
CB1	CIRCUIT BREAKER-ELECT HEAT	
HE1	ELEMENT-ELECTRIC HEAT 1	
HE2	ELEMENT-ELECTRIC HEAT 2	
J2	JACK-ELECTRIC HEAT	
K32-1	RELAY-ELECTRIC HEAT	
K33-1	RELAY-ELECTRIC HEAT	
S15	SWITCH-LIMIT, PRIMARY, ELECT HEAT	
S20	SWITCH-LIMIT, SECONDARY, ELECT HEAT	
TB2	TERMINAL STRIP-UNIT	

NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY

⚠ REFER TO UNIT NAMEPLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.

⚠ CONNECT POWER WIRES FROM UNIT LABELED L1 AND L2 TO TB2 TERMINAL STRIP ON HEATER PLATE



<b>LENNOX</b> ® HEATING-ELECTRIC	
ECB40-8-P ECB40-8CB-P	
0808	Supersedes
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537025-01	
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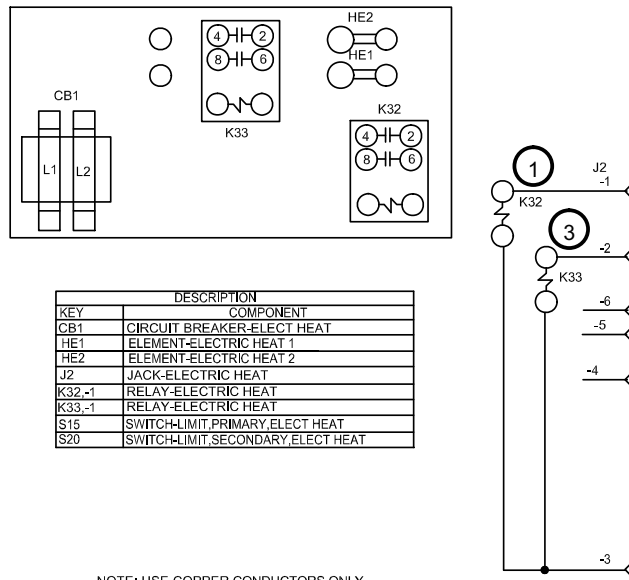
## D ECB40-9CB - 208/230V Single Phase

### FIRST-STAGE HEAT

1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay. K32-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE1 is energized.

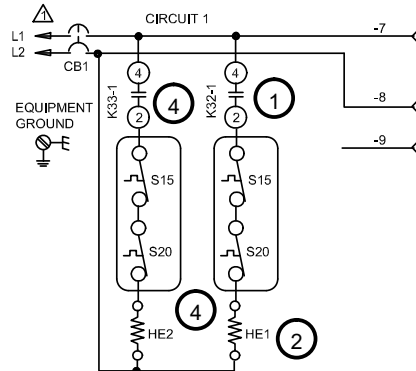
### SECOND-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W2 and R)

1. When K32-1 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K33 relay.
2. When K33-1 closes, assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE2 is energized.



NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY

⚠ REFER TO UNIT NAMEPLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.



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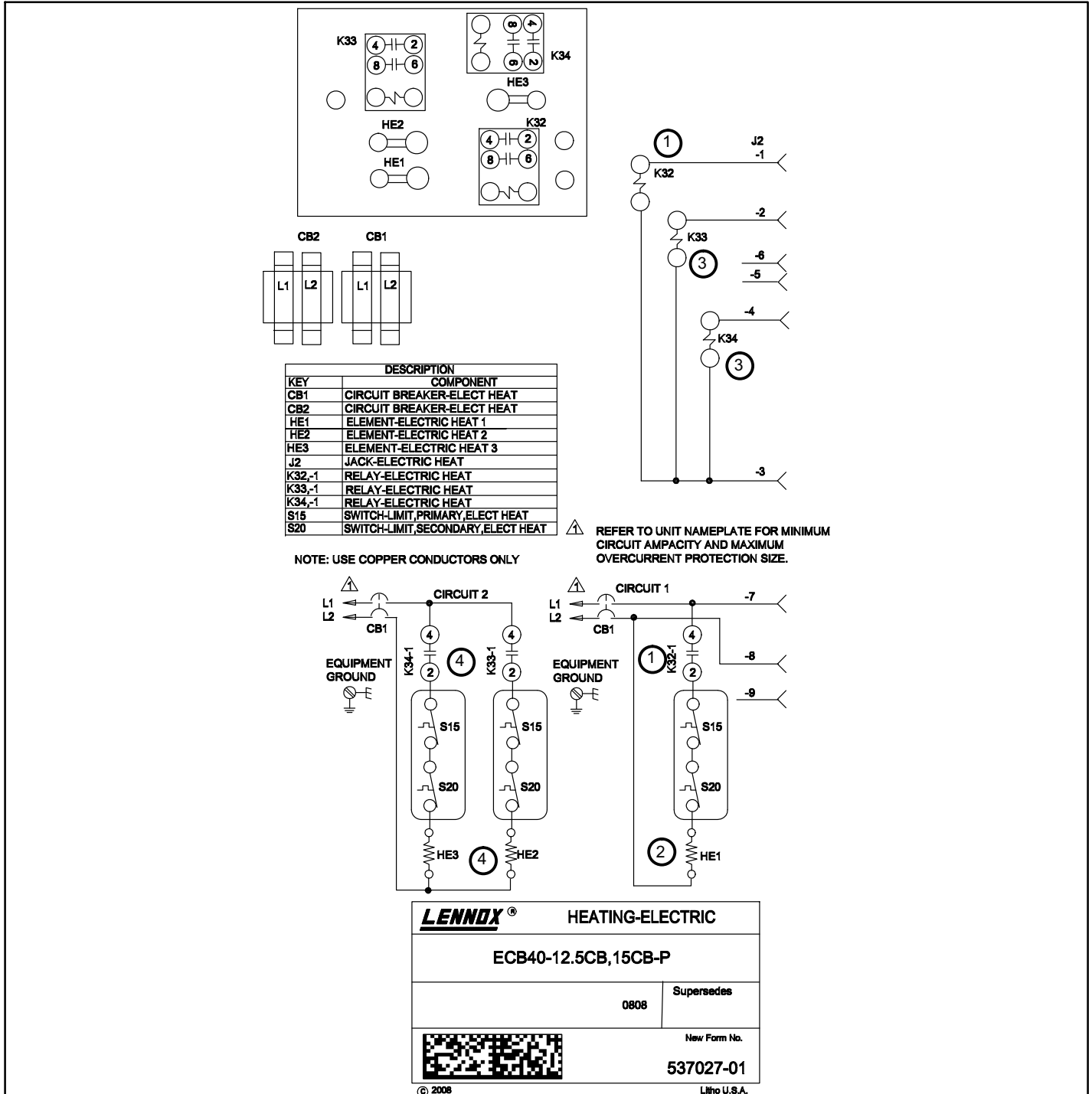
## E ECB40-12.5CB, -15CB - 208/230V Single Phase

### FIRST-STAGE HEAT

1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay. K32-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE1 is energized.

### SECOND-STAGE HEAT(remove jumper between W2 and R)

1. When K32-1 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K33 and K34 relays.
2. When K33-1 and K34-1 close, assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE2 and HE3 are energized.



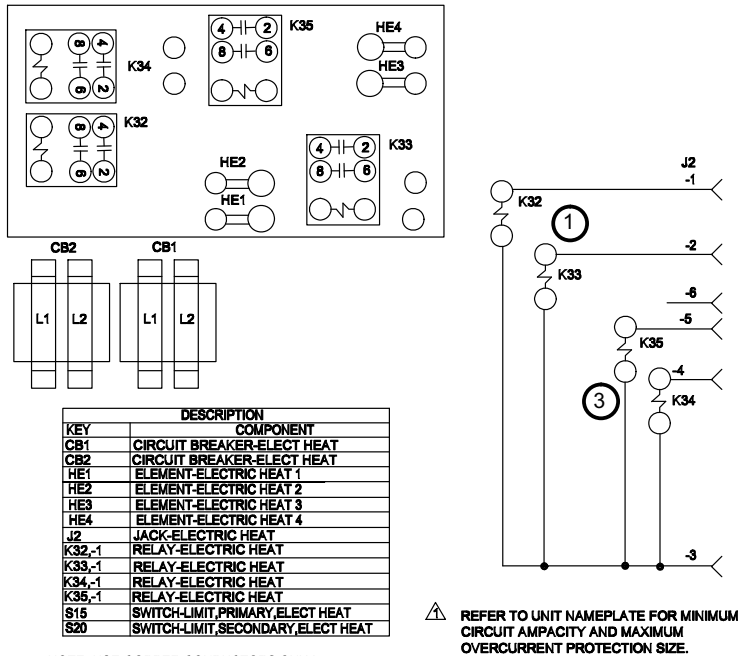
## F ECB40-20CB - 208/230V Single Phase

### FIRST-STAGE HEAT

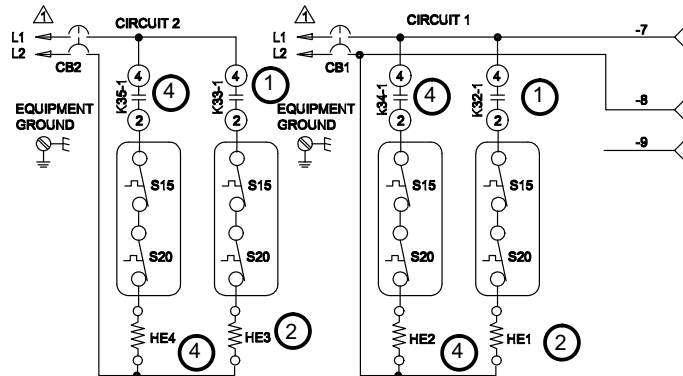
1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 and K33 relays. K32-1 and K33-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE1 and HE3 are energized.

### SECOND-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W2 and R)

1. When K32-1 and K33-1 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K34 and K35 relays.
2. When K34-1 and K35-1 closes, assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE2 and HE4 are energized.



NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY



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## G ECB40-25CB - 208/230V Single Phase

### FIRST-STAGE HEAT

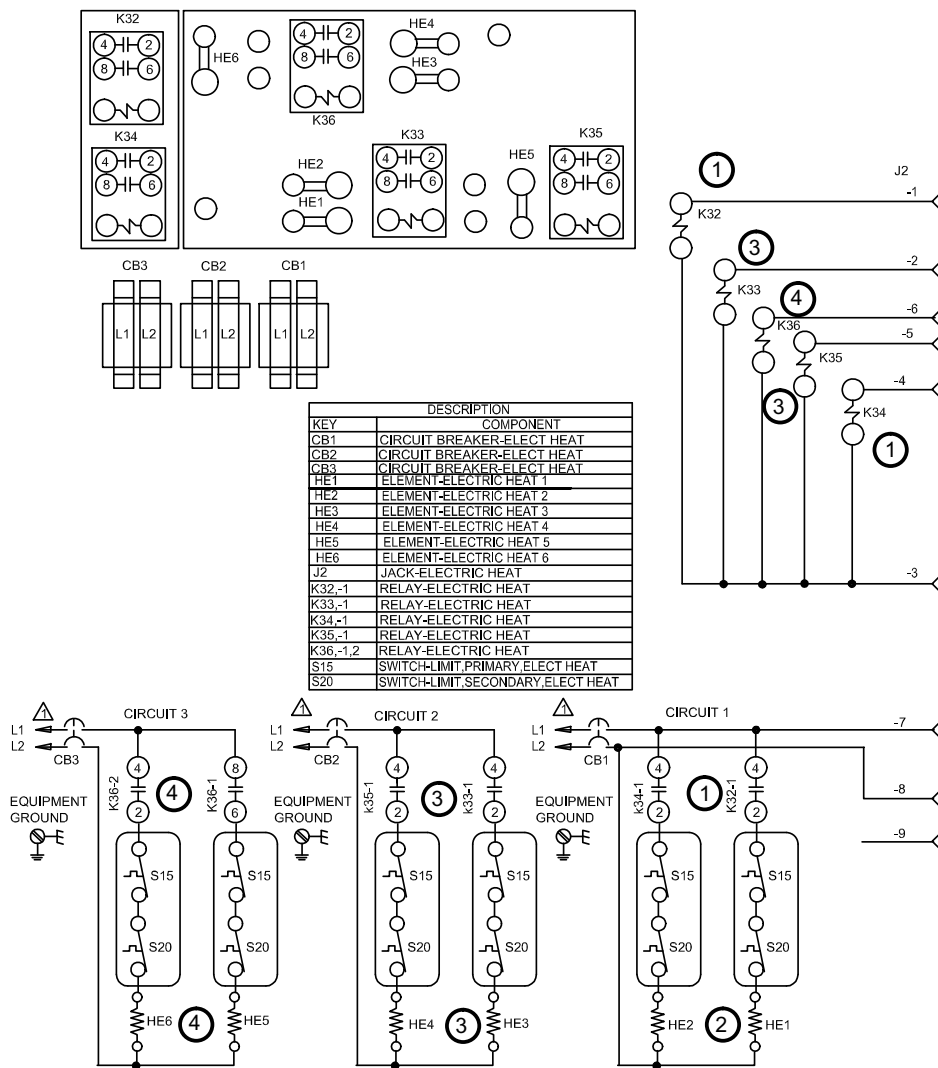
1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 and K34 relays. K32-1 and K34-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE1 and HE2 are energized.

### SECOND-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W2 and R)

1. When K34 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K33 and K35 relays. When K33-1 and K35-1 closes and assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE3 and HE4 are energized.

### THIRD-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W3 and R, if using third stage)

1. When K35 closes, the unit is ready for a third stage heat demand. W3 of the thermostat, if available, provides a W3 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K36 relay. When K36-1 and K36-2 closes and assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE5 and HE6 are energized.



NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY

⚠ REFER TO UNIT NAMEPLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.

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ECB40-25CB-P	
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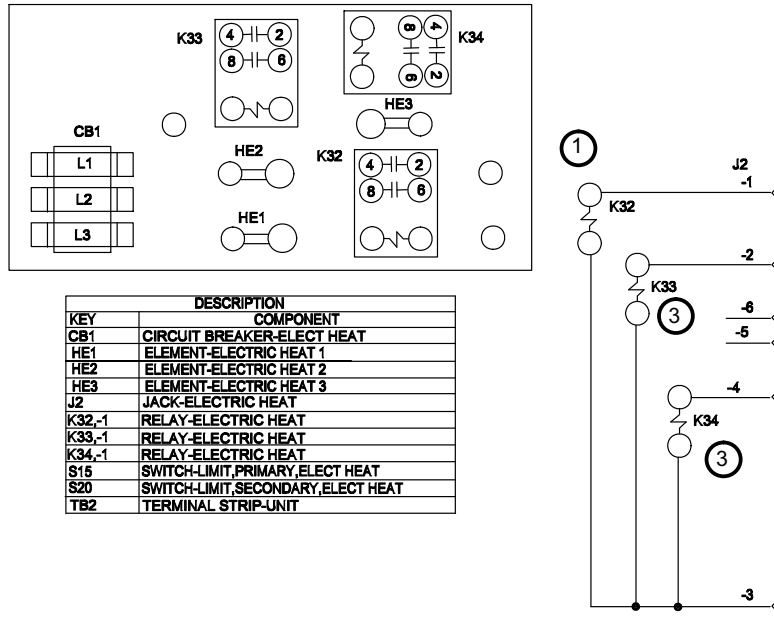
# H ECB40-8, 10 and ECB40-15CB - 208/230V Three Phase

## FIRST-STAGE HEAT

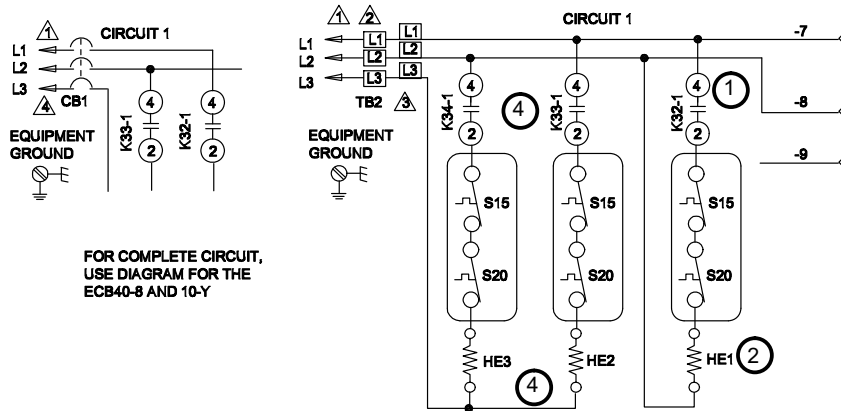
1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 relay. K32-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat element HE1 is energized.

## SECOND-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W2 and R)

1. When K32-1 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K33 and K34 relays.
2. When K33-1 and K34-1 close, assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE2 and HE3 are energized.



NOTE: USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY



FOR COMPLETE CIRCUIT, USE DIAGRAM FOR THE ECB40-8 AND 10-Y

- ⚠ REFER TO UNIT NAMEPLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE.
- ⚠ CONNECT POWER WIRES FROM HEATER, LABELED L1, L2, L3 TO TB2 TERMINAL STRIP INSIDE INDOOR UNIT.
- ⚠ TB2 USED ON 8 AND 10KW HEATERS ONLY
- ⚠ CB1 USED ON 15KW HEATER ONLY

<b>LENNOX® HEATING-ELECTRIC</b>	
ECB40-8,10-Y ECB40-15CB-Y	
0808	Supersedes
New Form No.	
537022-01	

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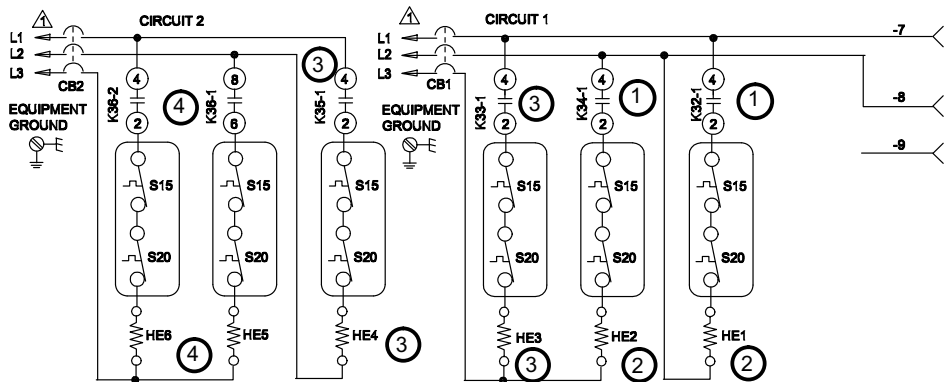
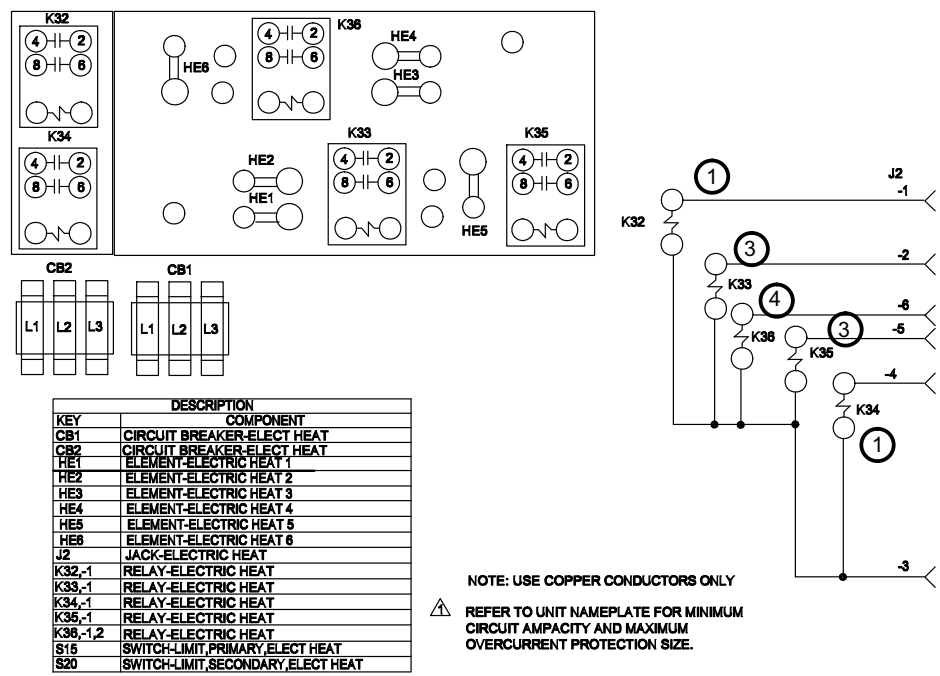
**ECB40-20CB, ECB25CB - 208/230V Three Phase**

**FIRST-STAGE HEAT**

1. W1 of the thermostat provides a W1 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K32 and K34 relays. K32-1 and K34-1 closes.
2. Assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE1 and HE2 are energized.

**SECOND-STAGE HEAT (remove jumper between W2 and R)**

1. When K34 closes, the unit is ready for a second stage heat demand. W2 of the thermostat provides a W2 demand to the Control. The Control outputs a 22VDC signal to the K33 and K35 relays. When K33-1 and K35-1 closes and assuming the N.C. primary (S15) and secondary (S20) limit switches are closed, electric heat elements HE3 and HE4 are energized.



**LENNOX® HEATING-ELECTRIC**

**ECB40-20CB,25CB-Y**

0808 Supersedes

New Form No. 537023-01

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# Unit Components

## DETAIL A

THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL HAS TWO SCREW TERMINALS MARKED DISCHARGE AIR SENSOR. THE SENSOR IS REQUIRED FOR EVENHEAT OPERATION, IS FIELD-INSTALLED AND MUST BE ORDERED SEPARATELY (CATALOG # 88K38).

### DISCHARGE SENSOR (DAT)

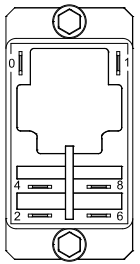
TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE CHART

TEMP °F	RESISTANCE (OHMS)
30	34,566
40	26,106
50	19,904
60	15,313
70	11,884
80	9,298
90	7,332
100	5,826

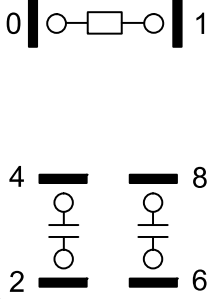
FASTEN THE PROBE BRACKET TO THE PLENUM WITH TWO SELF-TAPPING SHEET METAL SCREWS.

PLENUM

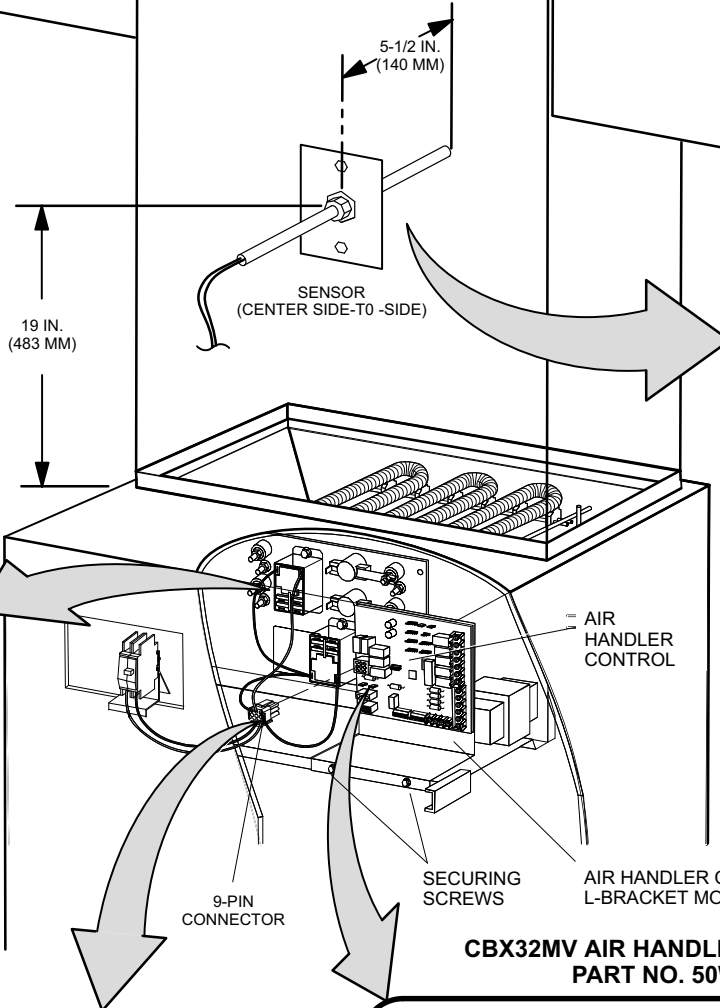
### ELECTRIC HEAT RELAY PART NO. 49W91



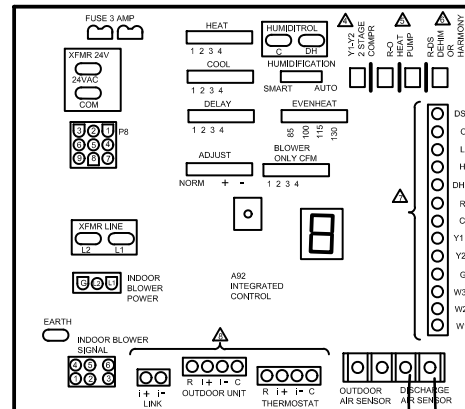
22V DIRECT CURRENT COIL



30 AMP CONTACT RATING

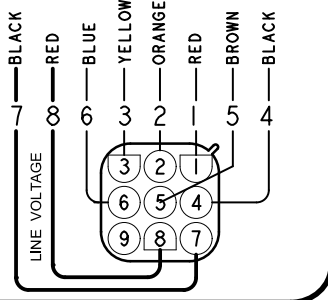


### CBX32MV AIR HANDLER CONTROL PART NO. 50W28



CONNECT WIRES TO DISCHARGE AIR SENSOR TERMINAL ON AIR HANDLER CONTROL.

### 9-PIN CONNECTOR



### DETAIL B

NOTE — EVENHEAT MODE CANNOT BE ENABLED WITH HARMONY III DUE TO EACH CONTROL REQUIRING ITS OWN DISCHARGE AIR SENSOR.

Figure 26. Component Connections

Line voltage and electric heat connections are made in the control box. Optional electric heat fits through an opening located in the center of the control box. When electric heat is not used, knockout plates cover the opening. The electric heat control arrangement is detailed in the electric heat section of this manual.

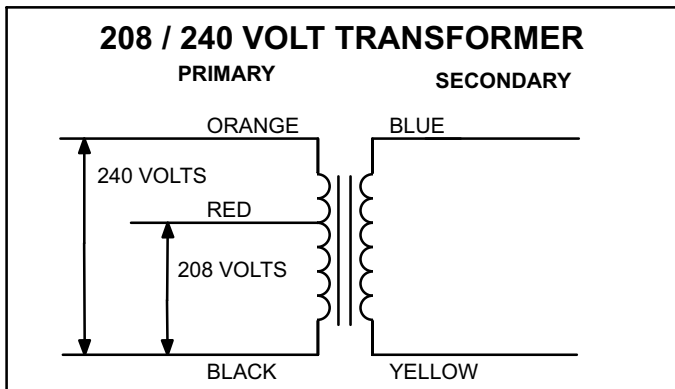
Low voltage connections are made on the air handler control (AHC) also located in the control box. All AHC will have factory installed clippable links connecting DS to R, R to O and Y1 to Y2. These links will have to be removed in certain unit application. See table 16.

**Table 16. Links**

Application	Remove Links
Harmony III™	DS to R
Heat Pump	R to O
Two-Stage Cooling	Y1 to Y2

**A-TRANSFORMER (T1)**

All CBX32MV series units use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted in the control box. The transformer supplies power to the control circuits in the indoor and outdoor unit. Transformers are rated at 70VA. 208/240VAC single-phase transformers use two primary voltage taps.



**Figure 27 Transformer**

**B-PLASTIC DRAIN PANS**

Both up-flow/down-flow and horizontal drain pans are provided and installed on the CBX32MV units. The drain pans are made from fiberglass-filled plastic. The drain hole is used for right-hand air discharge only, and must be plugged when the unit is configured for left-hand air discharge. Each pan has a set of connections, one for a primary drain and one for an auxiliary drain.

**C-COIL**

All CBX32MV series units have dual slab coils arranged in an "A" configuration. Each coil has two or three rows of copper tubes fitted with ripple-edge aluminum fins. A check and expansion valve complete with inlet screen feeds multiple parallel circuits through the coils. The coil is designed to easily slide out of the unit cabinet.

**D-AIR HANDLER CONTROL (AHC)**

The Air Handler Control manages electric heat, indoor blower and accessory controls. The Air Handler Control also provides system configuration and air-flow adjustments plus diagnostic capabilities.

**F-DISCHARGE SENSOR (DAT)**

The Air Handler Control has two screw terminals marked **Discharge Air Sensor**. The sensor is **REQUIRED** for EvenHeater® operation and is field mounted and ordered separately, use Lennox Catalog # 88K38.

In the EvenHeater mode, the discharge air sensor cycles the electric heating elements as needed to maintain the Air Handler control EvenHeater jumper selected discharge setpoint.

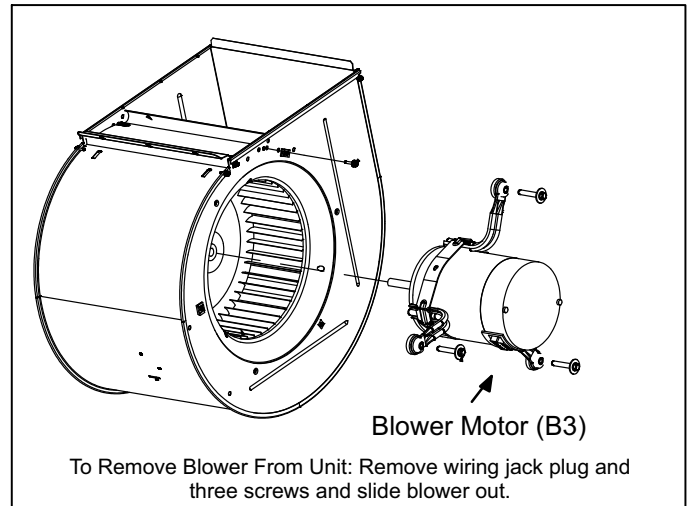
The discharge air sensor should be mounted downstream of the electric heat elements as illustrated in Figure 26, Detail A. It must be placed in a location with unobstructed airflow, where other accessories (such as humidifiers, UV lights, etc.) will not interfere with its accuracy.

Wiring distance between the Air Handler Control and the discharge air sensor should not exceed 10' (3m) when wired with 18-gauge thermostat wire.

**G-OUTDOOR AIR SENSOR**

These terminals are for **FUTURE USE**. (DO NOT USE).

**J-VARIABLE SPEED BLOWER MOTOR (ECM) (B3)**



**Figure 28. Blower Motor (B3)**

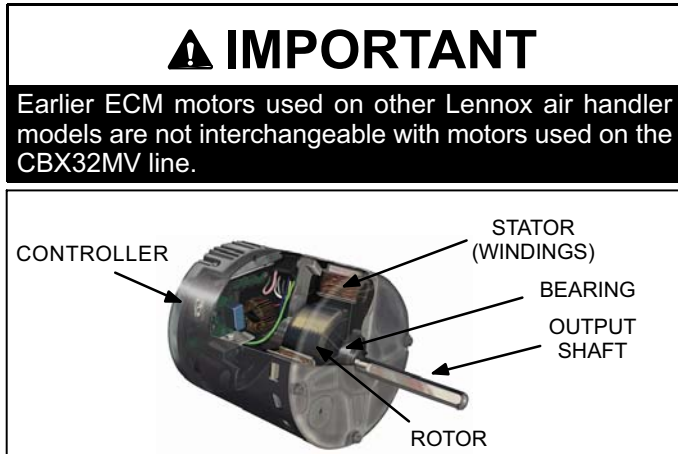
**⚠ WARNING**

**During blower operation, the ECM motor emits energy that may interfere with pacemaker operation. Interference is reduced by both the sheet metal cabinet and distance.**

The ECM (electronically commutated motor) communicates with the air handler control via a 2-way serial connection. The motor receives all necessary functional parameters from the air handler control and does not rely on a factory program like traditional variable speed motors. The wiring harness connects the motor to the air handler control. See wiring diagram regarding wiring harness. A solid-state controller is permanently attached to the motor. The controller is

primarily an AC to DC converter. Converted DC power is used to drive the motor. The controller contains a microprocessor which monitors varying conditions inside the motor (such as motor workload). Because this motor has a permanent magnet rotor it does not need brushes like conventional DC motors.

Internal components are shown in figure 29. The stator windings are split into three poles which are electrically connected to the controller. This arrangement allows motor windings to turn on and off in sequence by the controller.



**Figure 29. Blower Motor Components**

The controller uses sensing devices to sense what position the rotor is in at any given time. By sensing the position of the rotor and then switching the motor windings on and off in sequence, the rotor shaft turns the blower.

All CBX32MV blower motors use single phase power. An external run capacitor is not used. The motor uses permanently lubricated ball-type bearings.

#### Internal Operation

The motor is controlled via serial communication between the integrated control and the controller permanently attached to the motor shell. The messages sent back and forth between the two controls serve to communicate rotational direction, demand, motor size, current draw, torque, and RPM, among other variables.

Motor RPM is continually adjusted internally to maintain constant static pressure against the blower wheel. The controller monitors the static work load on the motor and motor amp-draw to determine the amount of RPM adjustment. Blower RPM may be adjusted any amount in order to maintain a constant cfm as shown in Blower Ratings Tables. The cfm remains relatively stable over a broad range of static pressure. Since the blower constantly adjusts RPM to maintain a specified cfm, motor RPM is not rated. Hence, the terms “cool speed”, “heat speed” or “speed tap” in this manual, on the unit wiring diagram and on blower B3, refer to blower cfm regardless of motor RPM.

#### Initial Power Up


When line voltage is applied to B3, there will be a large inrush of power lasting less than 1/4 second. This inrush charges a bank of DC filter capacitors inside the controller. If the disconnect switch is bounced when the disconnect is closed, the disconnect contacts may become welded. Try not to bounce the disconnect switch when applying power to the unit.

#### Motor Start-Up

When B3 begins start-up, the motor gently vibrates back and forth for a moment. This is normal. During this time the electronic controller is determining the exact position of the rotor. Once the motor begins turning, the controller slowly eases the motor up to speed (this is called “soft-start”). The motor may take as long as 60 seconds to reach full speed. If the motor does not reach 200RPM within 13 seconds, the motor shuts down. Then the motor will immediately attempt a restart. The shutdown feature provides protection in case of a frozen bearing or blocked blower wheel. The motor may attempt to start eight times. If the motor does not start after the eighth try, the controller locks out. Reset controller by momentarily turning off power to unit.

The DC filter capacitors inside the controller are connected electrically to the motor supply wires. The capacitors take approximately 5 minutes to discharge when the disconnect is opened. For this reason it is necessary to wait at least 5 minutes after turning off power to the unit before attempting to service motor.

**⚠ DANGER**



Disconnect power from unit and wait at least five minutes to allow capacitors to discharge before attempting to service motor. Failure to wait may cause personal injury or death.

#### INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR (B3) CONTROL TROUBLESHOOTING (REGAL-BELOIT)

**NOTE** - If the communication channel is disrupted (loss of communication and of 24VAC) to the air handler control, the motor will continue to operate at its current mode. This means, if the motor is currently in idle, it will stay in idle mode; if it is currently running, it will stay running at the current operating point.

To verify motor operation see steps below and figure 30.

#### CHECK POWER TO MOTOR

1. Remove J48 (5-pin power plug) from P48 on the motor.
2. With the power on at the air handler, use a test meter to verify 240V between pins 4 and 5 on J48.
3. Reconnect J48 to P48 on the motor.

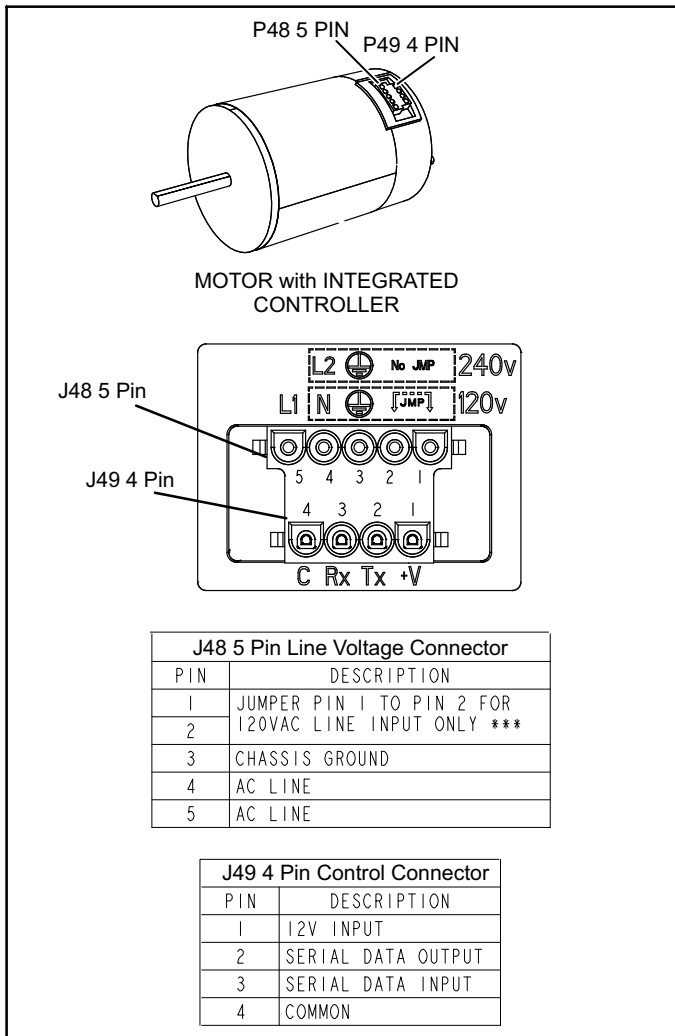
#### APPLY TEST SIGNAL FOR MOTOR OPERATION

1. Remove J49 (4-pin low voltage connector) from P49 on the motor.
2. Using test jumpers, apply 24V to pins 3 and 4 on P49 on the motor.

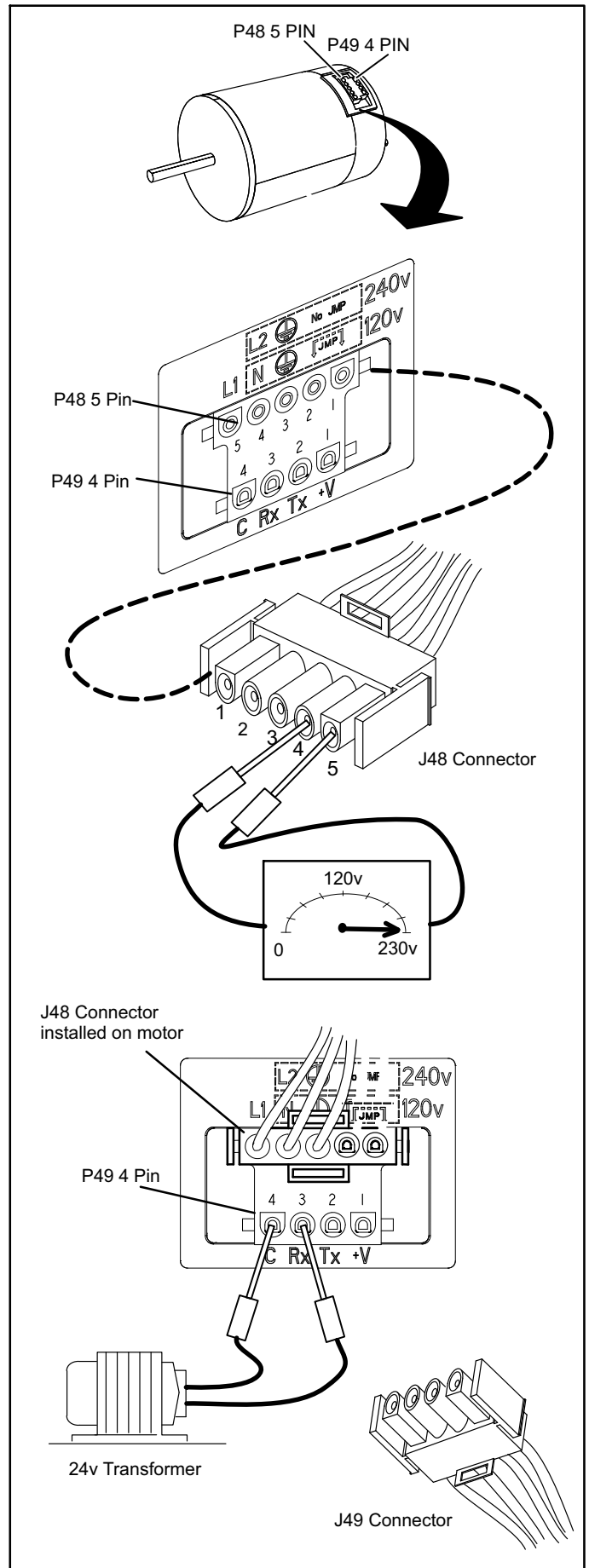
*Note: Do not apply 24V to pins 2 and 4 on P49. Doing so will cause permanent damage to the motor.*

3. Motor should run at 75%.
4. Test is complete. Remove jumpers and reconnect plugs.

Another option is to use the TECMate PRO with the 16 to 4 pin adaptor. The use of the TECMate PRO isolates the motor from the integrated control. Follow the instructions provided with the kit. If the motor runs do not replace.



**Figure 30. Regal-Beloit — Blower B3 Harness Connectors**



**Figure 31. Regal-Beloit / Gemtech 3.0 — Troubleshooting**

## INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR (B3) CONTROL TROUBLESHOOTING (EMERSON)

1. Disconnect three-wire harness from motor control module.
  - A If the plug terminals inside the module are damaged.
  - B If terminals are not damaged, proceed to next step.
2. Inspect the negative temperature coefficient (NTC) thermistor (see figure 33) for any cracks or breakage.
  - A If damaged, replace control.
  - B If no damage is detected, proceed to next step.
3. Check the capacitors for any damage. Inspect for:
  - A Bulging or swelling caps. If caps are bulging or swollen, replace control.
  - B If no damage is detected, proceed to next step.
4. Check resistance between each of the three pins on the control module jack (see figure 33). Resistance between any two terminals should be greater than 100 K ohms.
  - A If resistance is less than 100 K ohms, replace control.
  - B If no damage is detected, proceed to next step.

**NOTE** - If your ohm meter is not an auto-ranging type, please set it to the highest ohm scale (100 K ohms or greater).

Scale	Measurement range in words	ohms
2 M	two megohm-two million ohms	0 - 2,000,000
200 K	two hundred kilo-ohm-two hundred thousand ohms	0 - 200,000
20 K	twenty kilo-ohm-twenty thousand ohms	0 - 20,000
2 K	two kilo-ohm two-thousand ohms	0 - 2,000
200	two hundred ohms	0 - 200

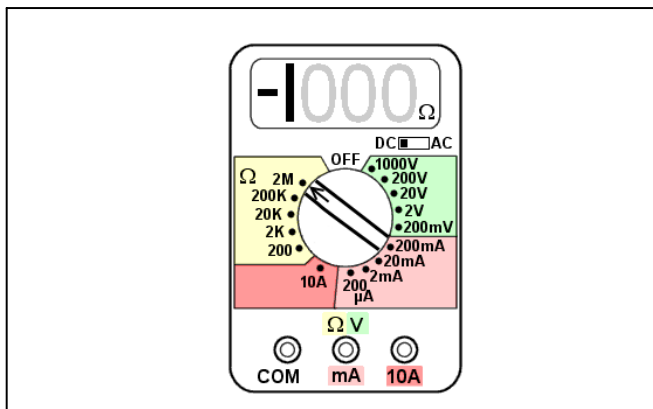


Figure 32. Typical Digital Multimeter

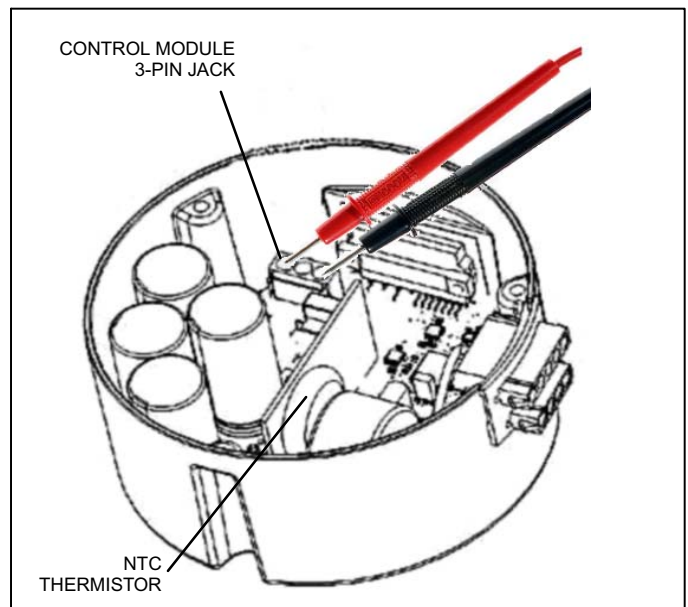


Figure 33. Module Test (Emerson)

### Additional Indoor Blower Motor (B3) Troubleshooting

1. If motor shaft spins freely in both directions, proceed to next step. If not, replace motor.
2. Check the motor to control harness for any damage.
  - A If harness or terminals are damaged replace the motor.
  - B If there is no damage, proceed to next step.
3. Check resistance between each of the three-phase terminals in the motor harness as illustrated in figure 34. Resistance between any two contacts should be equal. If resistance between any two contacts are not equal, or if any resistance shows open or short-circuited, replace the motor.

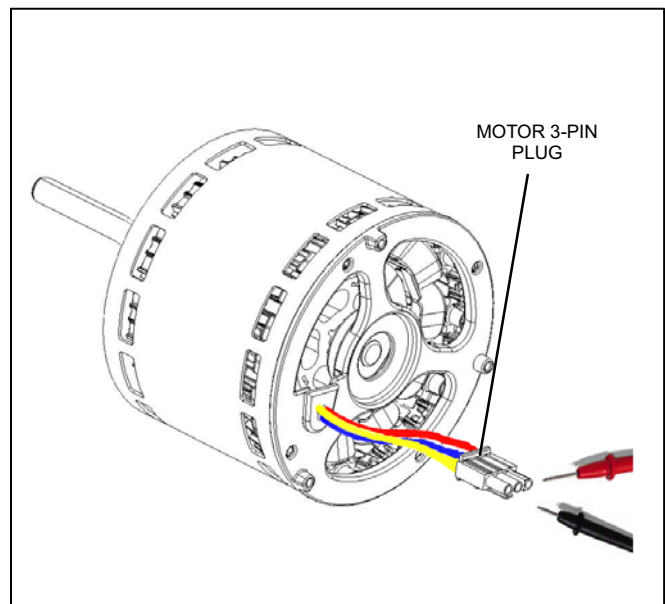
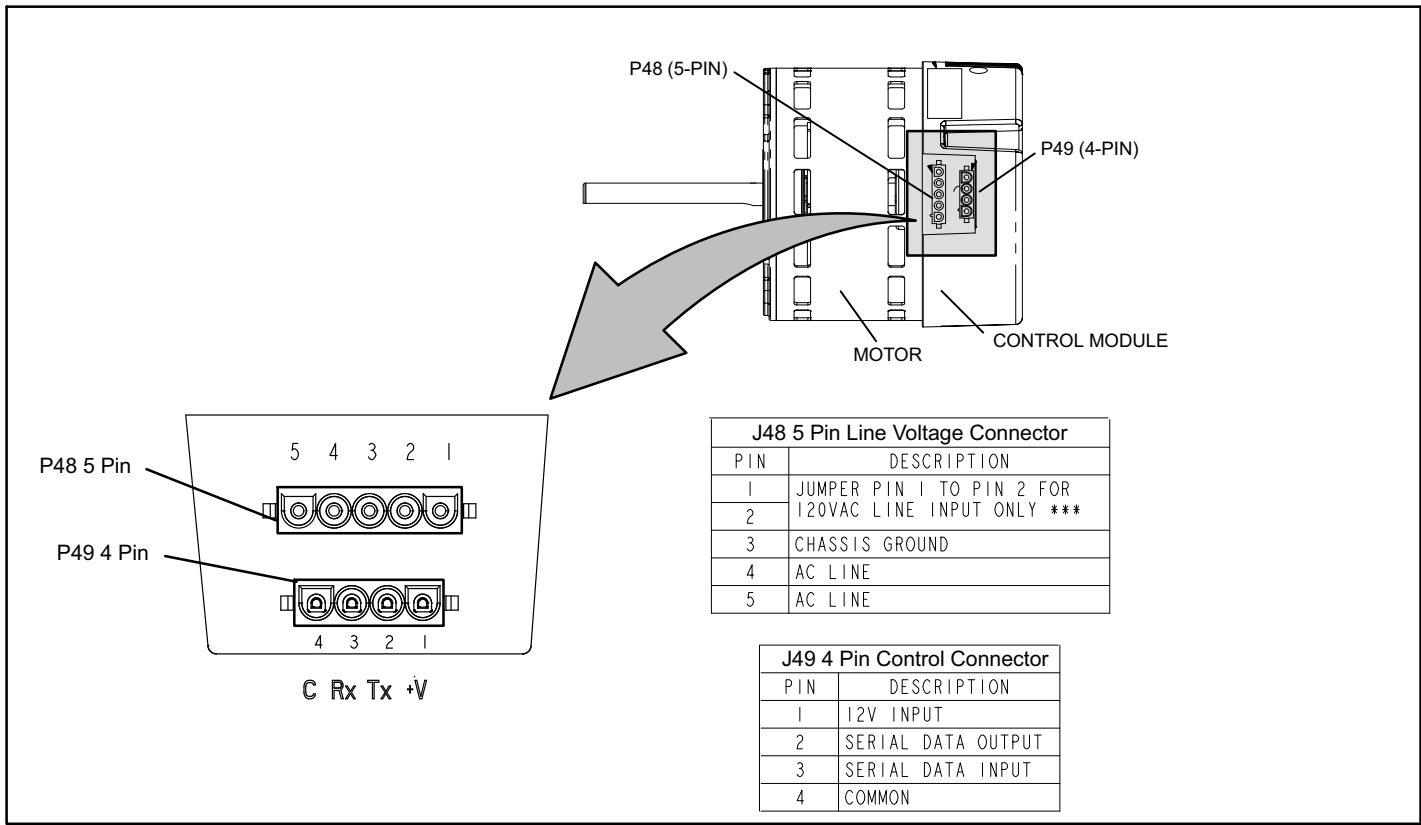
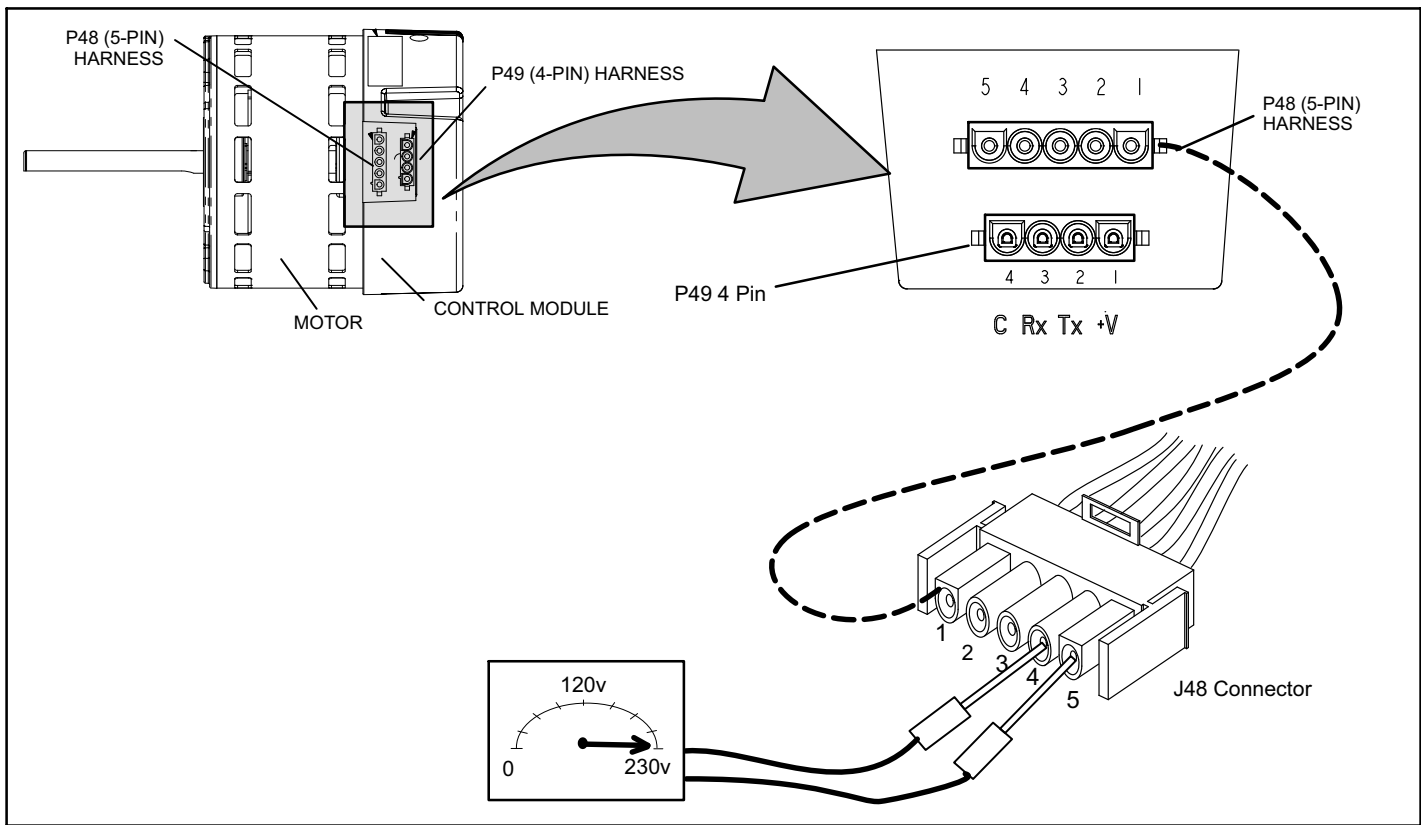


Figure 34. Motor Test (Emerson)





**Figure 35. Indoor Blower Motor (B3) Control Connections (Emerson)**



**Figure 36. J48 Test (Emerson)**

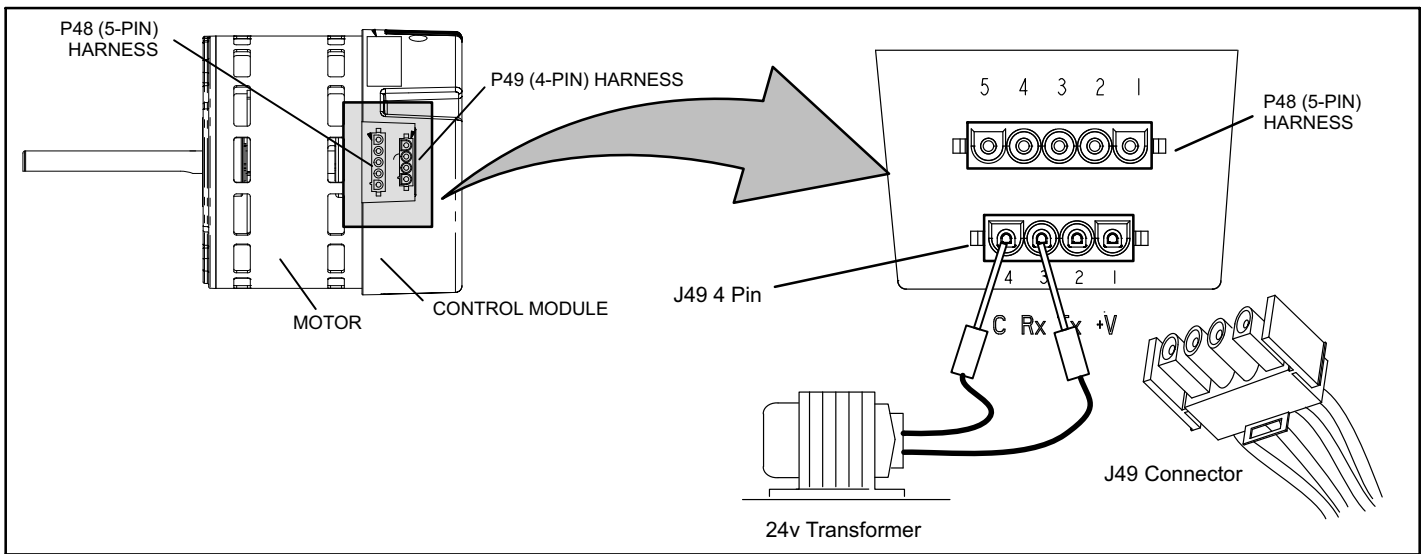


Figure 37. J49 Test (Emerson)

## Optional Electric Heat (ECB40)

### A-MATCHUPS AND RATINGS

The tables on the following pages show all approved CBX32MV to ECB40 matchups and electrical ratings.

### B-ELECTRIC HEAT COMPONENTS

ECB40 parts arrangement is shown in figure 38. All electric heat sections consist of components mounted to the electric heat vestibule panel and electric heating elements exposed directly to the air stream. ECB units are equipped with circuit breakers or a terminal blocks. The circuit breakers are designated by CB in the model number.

#### 1. Primary (S15) and Secondary (S20) Temperature Limits

Each stage of the electric heat is protected by a primary (S15) and secondary (S20) high temperature limit. Both S15 and S20 are located in the same housing. Each stage uses the same style of limits. Both the primary and secondary limits are wired in series with a heat element. When either S15 or S20 opens, the corresponding heat element is de-energized. All other heating elements remain energized. The primary high temperature limit opens on a temperature rise and closes on a temperature fall. The secondary limit opens on a temperature rise but must be replaced. See table 17 for set points.

TABLE 17

Limit	Open°	Close°
S15	150°F ± 5	110 ± 9
S20	333°F ± 10°F	Replace limit

#### 2. Electric Heat Relays (K32, K33, K34, K35 and K36)

Relays K32, K33, K34, K35 and K36 are N.O. relays located on the electric heat vestibule panel and are energized by a 24V heating demand (W1, W2, and W3) via jack/plug 2 (J2), which is used to connect electric heat to the blower coil control circuit. The relays energize different stages of heat, as well as the blower. The blower is always first on and last off.

#### 3. Terminal Strip (TB2)

For the electric heat sections without circuit breakers or fuses, line voltage connections are made to terminal strip TB2. The terminal strip is located in the lower left corner of the electric heat vestibule panel. Single-phase electric heat uses two pole terminal strips; while three-phase electric heat uses three pole terminal strips.

#### 4. Circuit Breaker (CB1, CB2 and CB3)

Line voltage connections are made to circuit breakers CB1, CB2 and CB3 in the electric heat sections with circuit breakers (designated by CB in the model numbers). Tables in the following pages show the amp rating for each circuit breaker used. Single-phase electric heat uses two pole circuit breakers; while three-phase electric heat uses three pole circuit breakers.

**NOTE - Electric Heat Circuit Breakers are sized for 240VAC operation. Electric heaters operating at voltages other than 240VAC may require the factory installed circuit breaker be replaced with a field installed circuit breaker. See Maximum Overcurrent Protection column in the Electric Heat Tables to determine if a circuit breaker change is required.**

**NOTE - Do not remove patch plate or insulation on units without circuit breakers!!**

#### 5. Heating Elements (HE1 through HE6)

Heating elements are composed of helix wound bare nichrome wire exposed directly to the air stream. The elements are supported by insulators mounted to the wire frame. For single phase applications, one element is used per stage. Each stage is energized independently by the corresponding relay located on the electric heat vestibule arranged in a three phase delta. Once energized, heat transfer is instantaneous. High temperature protection is provided by primary and secondary high temperature limits.

ECB40-9CB P VOLTAGE SHOWN

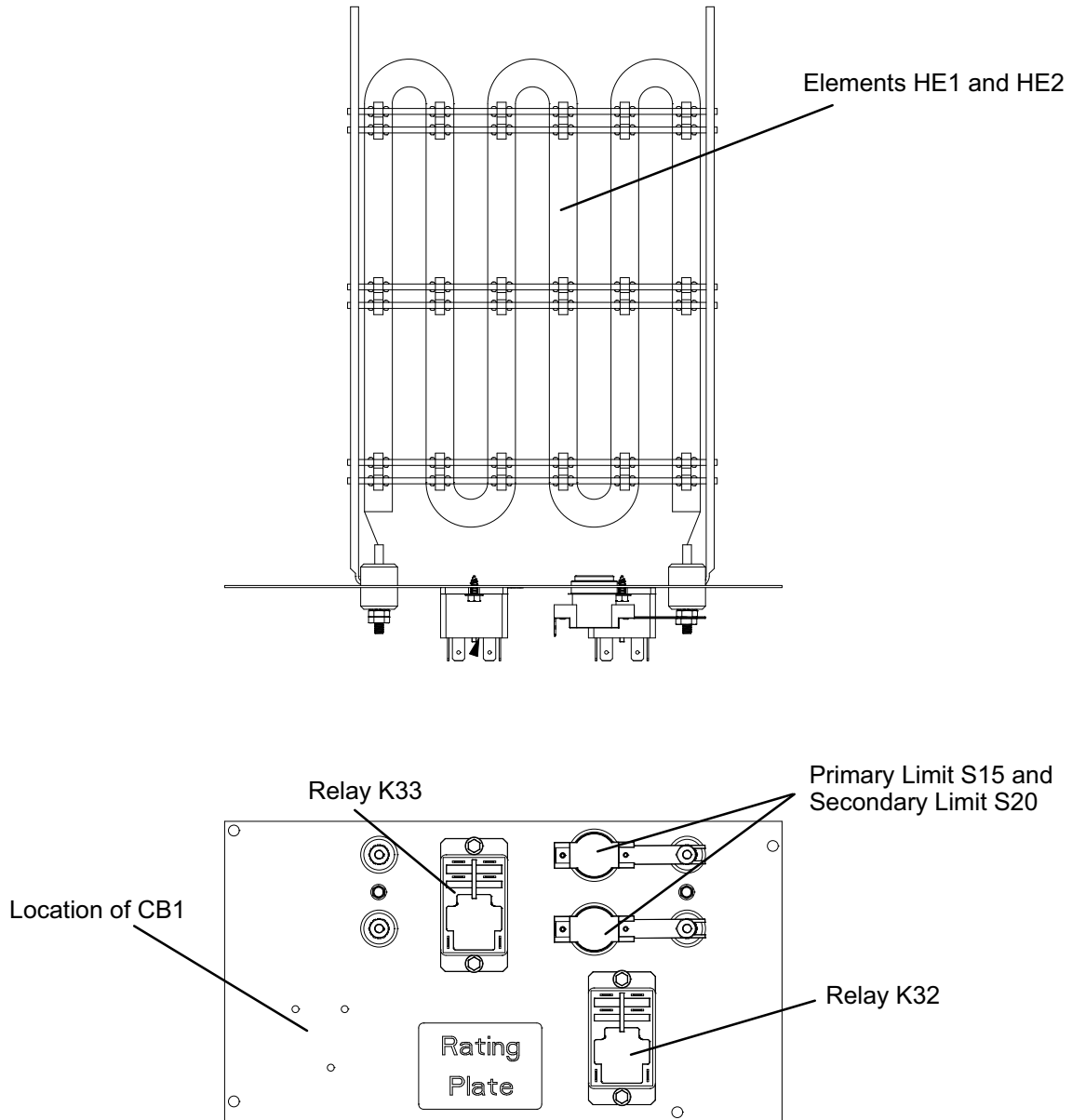


Figure 38. Electric Heat